# STATE OF NEW YORK

#### 9009--В

## IN ASSEMBLY

January 14, 2016

- A BUDGET BILL, submitted by the Governor pursuant to article seven of the Constitution -- read once and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee -- again reported from said committee with amendments, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee
- AN ACT intentionally omitted (Part A); intentionally omitted (Part B); to amend the real property tax law, in relation to making the income verification program mandatory (Part C); to amend the real property tax law, in relation to allowing applications for exemptions to be filed after the taxable status date in certain cases (Part D); to amend the tax law and the administrative code of the city of New York, in relation to establishing a new school tax reduction credit for residents of a city with a population over one million (Part E); to amend the real property tax law, in relation to authorizing the commissioner of taxation and finance to make direct payments of STAR tax savings to property owners in certain cases (Part F); to amend the tax law, in relation to making permanent, provisions relating to mandatory electronic filing of tax documents, improving sales tax compliance and updating tax preparer penalties; to amend chapter 61 of the laws of 2011, amending the real property tax law and other laws relating to establishing standards for electronic tax administration, in relation to the effectiveness thereof; and to repeal certain provisions of the tax law and the administrative code of the city of New York relating thereto (Part G); to amend the public housing law, in relation to extending the credit against income tax for persons or entities investing in low-income housing (Part H); to amend the tax law, in relation to extending the hire a veteran credit for an additional two years (Part I); to amend the tax law, in relation to extending the empire state commercial production tax credit (Part J); to amend the tax law, in relation to the credit for companies who provide transportation to individuals with disabilities; and to amend chapter 604 of the laws of 2011, amending the tax law relating to the credit for companies who provide transportation to people with disabilities, in relation to extending the expiration of such provision (Part K); to amend part I of chapter 58 of the laws of 2006, amending the tax law relating to providing an enhanced earned income tax cred-

EXPLANATION--Matter in <u>italics</u> (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[] is old law to be omitted.

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it, in relation to making the enhanced earned income tax credit permanent (Part L); to amend part N of chapter 61 of the laws of 2005 amending the tax law relating to certain transactions and related information and relating to the voluntary compliance initiative, in relation to permanently extending the disclosure and penalty provisions for transactions that present the potential for tax avoidance (Part M); to amend the tax law, in relation to extending the clean heating fuel credit for three years (Part N); to amend the economic development law and the tax law, in relation to extending the excelsior jobs program for five years (Part O); to amend the tax law and the administrative code of the City of New York, in relation to making corrections to the corporate tax reform provisions (Part P); to amend the tax law and the administrative code of the city of New York, in relation to the time for filing reports (Part Q); to amend the tax law and the administrative code of the city of New York, in relation to the business income base rate and expanding the small business subtraction modification (Part R); intentionally omitted (Part S); to amend the tax law, in relation to establishing a tax credit for New York state thruway tolls for farm vehicles (Part T); to amend chapter 109 of the laws of 2006 amending the tax law and other laws relating to providing exemptions, reimbursements and credits from various taxes for certain alternative fuels, in relation to extending the alternative fuels tax exemptions for five years (Part U); to amend the tax law, in relation to exempting from alcoholic beverage tax certain alcoholic beverages furnished at no charge by certain licensees to customers or prospective customers at a tasting held in accordance with the alcoholic beverage control law, and to expand the beer production credit to include wine, liquor and cider (Part V); to amend the tax law, in relation to authorizing jeopardy assessments on cigarette and tobacco product taxes assessed under article 20 thereof (Part W); to amend the tax law and the administrative code of the city of New York, in relation to allowing room remarketers to purchase occupancies from hotel operators exempt from sales tax under certain circumstances (Part X); to amend the tax law, in relation to charitable contributions and charitable activities being considered in determining domicile for estate tax purposes (Part Y); to amend the state finance law, in relation to creating the aviation purpose account and ensuring that the funds deposited in the aviation purpose account are used for airport improvement projects; to amend the tax law, in relation to provide for the distribution of revenues under section 301-e of such law; to exempt sales of fuel sold for use in commercial aircraft and general aviation aircraft from the prepayment of sales tax imposed pursuant to the authority of section 1102(a) (1) (ii) of such law; and to exclude sales of fuel sold for use in commercial aircraft and general aviation aircraft from the operation of sales and use taxes imposed pursuant to the authority of section 1210(a) of such law (Part Z); intentionally omitted (Part AA); intentionally omitted (Part BB); to amend the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, in relation to the timing of harness track reimbursements and other technical amendments (Part CC); to amend the tax law, in relation to the payment of vendors' fees (Part DD); to amend the tax law, in relation to vendor fees at vendor tracks (Part EE); to amend the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, in relation to licenses for simulcast facilities, sums relating to track simulcast, simulcast of out-of-state thoroughbred races, simulcasting of races run by outof-state harness tracks and distributions of wagers; to amend chapter



breeding

281 of the laws of 1994 amending the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law and other laws relating to simulcasting; to amend chapter 346 of the laws of 1990 amending the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and law and other laws relating to simulcasting and the imposition of certain taxes, in relation to extending certain provisions thereof; and to amend the racing, pari-mutuel and breeding law, in relation to extending certain provisions thereof (Part FF); to amend the tax law, in relation to capital awards to vendor tracks (Part GG); to amend the state finance law, in relation to allocations from the commercial gaming revenue fund; to amend the tax law, in relation to commissions payable to certain vendor racetracks (Part HH); to amend the tax law, in relation to further clarifying disclosure procedures

regarding medical marihuana (Part II); to amend the real property tax law, in relation to STAR recoupment program (Part JJ); to amend the tax law and the state finance law, in relation to the fees associated with a certificate of registration and decal imposed by article 21 of the tax law for certain vehicles operating on public highways in New York state (Part KK); in relation to enacting the empire state apprenticeship program; to amend the labor law, in relation to establishing the empire state apprenticeship tax credit program and granting the commissioner of the department of labor the power to administer such program; and to amend the tax law, in relation to the empire state apprenticeship tax credit (Subpart A); to amend the labor law, in relation to establishing the empire state apprenticeship grant program for small business and not-for-profit corporations (Subpart B) (Part LL); to amend the tax law, in relation to providing a tax credit for universal visitability; and providing for the repeal of such provisions upon the expiration thereof (Part MM); to amend the tax law, in relation to the earned income credit (Subpart A); and to amend tax law, in relation to income tax rates; and to repeal certain the provisions of such law relating thereto (Subpart B) (Part NN); to in relation to QEZE tax reduction credits (Part amend the tax law, 00); to amend the economic development law and the tax law, in relation to tax credits for upstate reinvestment zones (Part PP); to amend the tax law, in relation to establishing a credit for geothermal energy systems (Part QQ); to amend the tax law, in relation to exempting commercial fuel cell electricity generating systems and electricity generated by such equipment from the sales tax imposed by article 28 of the tax law and omitting such exemption from the taxes imposed pursuant to the authority of article 29 of the tax law (Part RR); to amend the tax law, in relation to farm savings accounts (Part SS); to amend the tax law, in relation to the imposition of an occupancy tax in the village of Tuckahoe; and providing for the repeal of such provisions upon expiration thereof (Title A); to amend the tax law, in relation to the imposition of an occupancy tax in the town of North Castle; and providing for the repeal of such provisions upon expiration thereof (Title B); to amend the tax law, in relation to the imposition of an occupancy tax in the village of Harrison; and providing for the repeal of such provisions upon expiration thereof (Title C); amend the tax law, in relation to authorizing the town of Greento burgh to adopt a local law to impose a hotel/motel occupancy tax for hotels not located in a village; authorizing specified villages in the towns of Greenburgh and Mount Pleasant to adopt a local law to impose a hotel/motel occupancy tax in such villages; and providing for the repeal of such provisions upon expiration thereof (Title D); to amend the tax law, in relation to the imposition of a hotel and motel tax in



the town of Woodbury; and providing for the repeal of such provisions upon expiration thereof (Title E); to amend the tax law, in relation to the imposition of an occupancy tax in the village of Mamaroneck; and providing for the repeal of such provisions upon expiration thereof (Title F); and to amend the tax law, in relation to authorizing the imposition of an occupancy tax in the village of Port Chester; and providing for the repeal of such provisions upon expiration thereof (Title G) (Subpart A); and to amend the tax law, in relation to the imposition of hotel and motel taxes in towns and villages (Subpart B) (Part TT); to amend the state finance law and chapter 453 of the laws of 2015 amending the state finance law relating to tax check-off funds, in relation to making technical corrections to language relating to report recipients (Part UU); to amend the real property tax law, in relation to farm waste energy systems (Part VV); to amend part U of chapter 55 of the laws of 2014, amending the real property tax law relating to the tax abatement and exemption for rent regulated and rent controlled property occupied by senior citizens, in relation to extending effectiveness thereof, in relation to extending the reimbursements; and to amend section 4 of chapter 129 of the laws of 2014, amending the real property tax law relating to the tax abatement and exemption for rent regulated and rent controlled property occupied by persons with disabilities, in relation to extending the effectiveness thereof (Part WW); to amend the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, in relation to the New York Jockey Injury Compensation Fund, Inc. (Part XX); to amend the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, in relation to health insurance for jockeys (Part YY); to amend the tax law and the economic development law, in relation to the creation of the empire state music production credit; and to repeal subdivision 11 of section 352 of the economic development law relating thereto (Part ZZ); and to amend the tax law, in relation to sales and compensating use taxes (Part AAA)

### The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. This act enacts into law major components of legislation 2 which are necessary to implement the state fiscal plan for the 2016-2017 state fiscal year. Each component is wholly contained within a Part 3 identified as Parts A through AAA. The effective date for each partic-5 ular provision contained within such Part is set forth in the last section of such Part. Any provision in any section contained within a 6 7 Part, including the effective date of the Part, which makes a reference to a section "of this act", when used in connection with that particular 8 component, shall be deemed to mean and refer to the corresponding 9 10 section of the Part in which it is found. Section three of this act sets 11 forth the general effective date of this act.

 12
 PART A

 13
 Intentionally Omitted

 14
 PART B

 15
 Intentionally Omitted



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Section 1. Subparagraphs (iv), (v) and (vi) of paragraph (b) of subdi-2 vision 4 of section 425 of the real property tax law, subparagraph (iv) 3 as amended by chapter 451 of the laws of 2015, subparagraph (v) as 4 amended by section 10 of part W of chapter 56 of the laws of 2010, 5 subparagraph (vi) as amended by section 3 of part E of chapter 83 of the 6 7 laws of 2002, and clause (E) of subparagraph (vi) as further amended by section 1 of part W of chapter 56 of the laws of 2010, are amended to 8 9 read as follows:

10 (iv) Effective with applications for the enhanced exemption on final 11 assessment rolls to be completed in two thousand [three] seventeen, the 12 application form shall indicate that the owners of the property and any 13 owners' spouses residing on the premises [may] must enroll in the STAR 14 income verification program administered by the department in order for 15 the property to be eligible for an enhanced exemption pursuant to this 16 subdivision. To enroll therein, they must authorize the assessor to have 17 their income eligibility verified annually thereafter by the [state] 18 department [of taxation and finance, in lieu of furnishing copies of the 19 applicable income tax return or returns with the application. If the 20 owners of the property and any owners' spouses residing on the premises 21 elect to participate in this program, which shall be known as the STAR 22 income verification program, they] and must furnish their taxpayer iden-23 tification numbers in order to facilitate matching with records of the 24 department. Thereafter, their income eligibility shall be verified annu-25 ally by the department and the assessor shall not request income 26 documentation from them, unless such department advises the assessor 27 [they do not satisfy the applicable income eligibility requirethat 28 ments, or that] it is unable to determine whether they satisfy those 29 requirements, or unless one or more of the owners or spouses in question 30 were not required to file a New York income tax return for the applicable income tax year and did not do so. All applicants for the enhanced 31 32 STAR exemption and all assessing units shall be required to participate 33 in this program. Once enrolled in the income verification program for a 34 property, applicants shall remain enrolled in the income verification 35 program for the purpose of qualifying for the enhanced STAR exemption in 36 future years on such property, even if they do not satisfy the applica-37 ble income eligibility requirements for one or more years.

38 (v) (A) Except in the case of a city with a population of one million 39 or more, the assessor shall forward to the department, in the time and 40 manner required by the department, information identifying the persons 41 [who have elected to participate in the STAR income verification 42 program] who are enrolled in the STAR income verification program estab-43 lished by this paragraph. After receiving the department's response or 44 responses, the assessing authority shall cause notices to be mailed to 45 participants as provided by paragraph (b) of subdivision five of this 46 section. Information provided to the department identifying such persons, and responses obtained from such department shall be confiden-47 48 tial and shall not be subject to disclosure under article six of the 49 public officers law.

50 (B) In the case of a city of one million or more, the assessor shall 51 forward to the department [of taxation and finance], in the time and 52 manner required by the department, information identifying the persons 53 [who have elected to participate in the STAR income verification 54 program] who are enrolled in the STAR income verification program estab-55 lished by this paragraph. The department shall advise the assessor of



1 its findings in the manner provided by the agreement executed pursuant 2 to section one hundred seventy-one-o of the tax law. After receiving such response or responses, the assessing authority shall cause notices 3 to be mailed to participants as provided by paragraph (b) of subdivision 4 5 five of this section. Information provided to the department identifying such persons, and responses obtained from such department shall be 6 7 confidential and shall not be subject to disclosure under article six of 8 the public officers law.

9 (vi) Notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraphs (iv) and (v) of 10 this paragraph, which establish a STAR income verification program, 11 income documentation must be submitted to the assessor in connection 12 with each of the following:

13 (A) Initial applications for the enhanced STAR exemption;

(B) Renewal applications [submitted by a person or persons who have
not elected to participate in the STAR income verification program]
where one or more of the owners or spouses in question were not required
to file a New York income tax return for the applicable income tax year
and did not do so;

(C) Applications that would allow an enhanced exemption to resume
 after having been discontinued, unless the enhanced exemption was
 discontinued due to the department advising the assessor that the appli cable income eligibility requirements have not been met;

(D) Applications submitted by a person or persons who had previously
 qualified for the enhanced exemption but not in the assessing unit in
 question; and

(E) Applications with respect to which the department [of taxation and finance] has advised the assessor [through the commissioner] that it is unable to determine whether a participant or participants in the STAR income verification program satisfy the income eligibility requirements.
§ 2. Paragraph (c) of subdivision 6 of section 425 of the real property tax law, as amended by chapter 570 of the laws of 1998, is amended to read as follows:

33 (c) Senior citizens exemption. When property is eligible for the senior citizens exemption authorized by section four hundred sixty-seven 34 of this article, it shall also be deemed to be eligible for the enhanced 35 exemption authorized by this section for certain senior citizens, 36 37 provided, where applicable, that the age requirement established by a 38 municipal corporation pursuant to subdivision five of section four hundred sixty-seven of this article is satisfied, and no separate appli-39 40 cation need be filed therefor. Provided however, that beginning with 41 final assessment rolls completed in two thousand seventeen, such proper-42 ty shall not be eligible for such enhanced exemption unless the owners 43 and any owners' spouses residing thereon have enrolled in the income 44 verification program established by subdivision four of this section.

45 § 3. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to the 46 administration of the enhanced STAR exemption authorized by subdivision 47 4 of section 425 of the real property tax law beginning with final 48 assessment rolls to be completed in 2017.

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#### PART D

50 Section 1. Subdivision 6 of section 425 of the real property tax law 51 is amended by adding a new paragraph (a-2) to read as follows:

52	<u>(a-2)</u>	Notwithst	anding	any	provisio	n c	<u>of la</u>	<u>aw to</u>	the o	contra	<u>ry, whe</u>	<u>re a</u>
53	renewal a	applicatio	n for	the	"enhanced"	S	TAR	exe	mption	n aut	horized	by
54	<u>subdivis</u>	ion four	of t	his	section ha	s n	ot k	been :	filed	on or	before	the



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1 taxable status date, and the owner believes that good cause existed for 2 the failure to file the renewal application by that date, the owner may, 3 no later than the last day for paying school taxes without incurring interest or penalty, submit a written request to the commissioner asking 4 5 him or her to extend the filing deadline and grant the exemption. Such 6 request shall contain an explanation of why the deadline was missed, and 7 shall be accompanied by a renewal application, reflecting the facts and 8 circumstances as they existed on the taxable status date. After consult-9 ing with the assessor, the commissioner may extend the filing deadline 10 and grant the exemption if the commissioner is satisfied that (i) good 11 cause existed for the failure to file the renewal application by the 12 taxable status date, and that (ii) the applicant is otherwise entitled 13 to the exemption. The commissioner shall mail notice of his or her 14 determination to such owner and the assessor. If the determination 15 states that the commissioner has granted the exemption, the assessor 16 shall thereupon be authorized and directed to correct the assessment 17 roll accordingly, or, if another person has custody or control of the assessment roll, to direct that person to make the appropriate 18 corrections. If the correction is not made before school taxes are 19 20 levied, the failure to take the exemption into account in the computa-21 tion of the tax shall be deemed a "clerical error" for purposes of title 22 three of article five of this chapter, and shall be corrected according-23 <u>ly.</u> 24 Section 467 of the real property tax law is amended by adding a S 2. 25 new subdivision 8-a to read as follows: 26 8-a. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the local 27 governing body of a municipal corporation that is authorized to adopt a 28 local law pursuant to subdivision eight of this section is further 29 authorized to adopt a local law providing that where a renewal applica-30 tion for the exemption authorized by this section has not been filed on 31 or before the taxable status date, and the owner believes that good cause existed for the failure to file the renewal application by that 32 33 date, the owner may, no later than the last day for paying taxes without 34 incurring interest or penalty, submit a written request to the assessor 35 asking him or her to extend the filing deadline and grant the exemption. Such request shall contain an explanation of why the deadline was 36 37 missed, and shall be accompanied by a renewal application, reflecting 38 the facts and circumstances as they existed on the taxable status date. 39 The assessor may extend the filing deadline and grant the exemption if 40 he or she is satisfied that (i) good cause existed for the failure to 41 file the renewal application by the taxable status date, and that (ii) 42 the applicant is otherwise entitled to the exemption. The assessor shall 43 mail notice of his or her determination to the owner. If the determi-44 nation states that the assessor has granted the exemption, he or she 45 shall thereupon be authorized and directed to correct the assessment 46 roll accordingly, or, if another person has custody or control of the 47 assessment roll, to direct that person to make the appropriate 48 corrections. If the correction is not made before taxes are levied, the 49 failure to take the exemption into account in the computation of the tax 50 shall be deemed a "clerical error" for purposes of title three of arti-51 cle five of this chapter, and shall be corrected accordingly. 52 § 3. This act shall take effect on the sixtieth day after it shall

52 § 3. This act shall take effect on the sixtleth day after it 53 have become a law.

1 Section 1. Section 606 of the tax law is amended by adding a new 2 subsection (eee) to read as follows: 3 (eee) School tax reduction credit for residents of a city with a population over one million. (1) For taxable years beginning after two thou-4 5 sand fifteen, a school tax reduction credit shall be allowed to a resi-6 dent individual of the state who is a resident of a city with a 7 population over one million, as provided below. The credit shall be 8 allowed against the taxes authorized by this article reduced by the credits permitted by this article. If the credit exceeds the tax as so 9 reduced, the excess shall be treated as an overpayment of tax to be 10 credited or refunded in accordance with the provisions of section six 11 12 hundred eighty-six of this article, provided however, that no interest 13 will be paid thereon. For purposes of this subsection, no credit shall 14 be granted to an individual with respect to whom a deduction under 15 subsection (c) of section one hundred fifty-one of the internal revenue 16 code is allowable to another taxpayer for the taxable year. 17 (2) The amount of the credit under this paragraph shall be determined 18 based upon the taxpayer's income as defined in subparagraph (ii) of 19 paragraph (b) of subdivision four of section four hundred twenty-five of the real property tax law. For the purposes of this paragraph, any 20 21 taxpayer under subparagraphs (A) and (B) of this paragraph with income 22 of more than two hundred fifty thousand dollars shall not receive a 23 <u>credit.</u> 24 (A) Married individuals filing joint returns and surviving spouses. In 25 the case of married individuals who make a single return jointly and of a surviving spouse, the credit shall be one hundred twenty-five dollars. 26 27 (B) All others. In the case of an unmarried individual, a head of a 28 household or a married individual filing a separate return, the credit 29 shall be sixty-two dollars and fifty cents. (3) Part-year residents. If a taxpayer changes status during the taxa-30 ble year from resident to nonresident, or from nonresident to resident, 31 the school tax reduction credit authorized by this subsection shall be 32 33 prorated according to the number of months in the period of residence. 34 § 2. Paragraphs 1 and 2 of subsection (e) of section 1310 of the tax 35 law, paragraph 1 as amended by section 3 of part A of chapter 56 of the 36 laws of 1998, paragraph 2 as amended by section 1 of part R of chapter 37 57 of the laws of 2008 and subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph 2 as 38 amended by section 4 of part M of chapter 57 of the laws of 2009, are 39 amended to read as follows: 40 (1) For taxable years beginning after nineteen hundred ninety-seven, 41 and ending before two thousand sixteen, a state school tax reduction 42 credit shall be allowed as provided in the following tables. The credit 43 shall be allowed against the taxes authorized by this article reduced by 44 the credits permitted by this article. If the credit exceeds the tax as 45 so reduced, the taxpayer may receive, and the comptroller, subject to a 46 certificate of the commissioner, shall pay as an overpayment, without 47 interest, the amount of such excess. For purposes of this subsection, no credit shall be granted to an individual with respect to whom a 48 deduction under subsection (c) of section one hundred fifty-one of the 49 50 internal revenue code is allowable to another taxpayer for the taxable 51 year. (2) The amount of the credit under this paragraph shall be determined 52 53 based upon the taxpayer's income as defined in subparagraph (ii) of

53 based upon the taxpayer's income as defined in subparagraph (ii) of 54 paragraph (b) of subdivision four of section four hundred twenty-five of 55 the real property tax law. For the purposes of this paragraph, any 56 taxpayer under subparagraphs (A) and (B) of this paragraph with income



1 of more than two hundred fifty thousand dollars shall not receive a 2 credit. Beginning in the two thousand ten tax year and each tax year thereaft-3 er through two thousand fifteen, the "more than two hundred fifty thou-4 sand dollar" income limitation shall be adjusted by applying the 5 inflation factor set forth herein, and rounding each result to the near-6 est multiple of one hundred dollars. The department shall establish the 7 income limitation to be associated with each subsequent tax year by 8 applying the inflation factor set forth herein to the figures that 9 define the income limitation that were applicable to the preceding tax 10 year, as determined pursuant to this [subdivision] subsection, and 11 12 rounding each result to the nearest multiple of one hundred dollars. 13 Such determination shall be made no later than March first, two thousand 14 ten and each year thereafter. 15 [For purposes of this paragraph, the "inflation factor" shall be 16 determined in accordance with the provisions set forth in subdivision 17 fifteen of section one hundred seventy-eight of this chapter.] 18 (A) Married individuals filing joint returns and surviving spouses. In 19 the case of a husband and wife who make a single return jointly and of a 20 surviving spouse: 21 For taxable years beginning: The credit shall be: 22 in 2001-2005 \$125 in 2006 23 \$230 24 in 2007-2008 \$290 in 2009 [and after] - 2015 25 \$125 26 (B) All others. In the case of an unmarried individual, a head of a 27 household or a married individual filing a separate return: 28 For taxable years beginning: The credit shall be: 29 in 2001-2005 \$62.50 30 in 2006 \$115 31 in 2007-2008 \$145 32 in 2009 [and after] - 2015 \$62.50 § 3. Paragraphs 1 and 2 of subsection (c) of section 11-1706 of the 33 34 administrative code of the city of New York, paragraph 1 as amended by section 6 of part A of chapter 56 of the laws of 1998, paragraph 2 as 35 amended by section 2 of part R of chapter 57 of the laws of 2008 and 36 37 subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph 2 as amended by section 5 of part 38 M of chapter 57 of the laws of 2009, are amended to read as follows: 39 (1) For taxable years beginning after nineteen hundred ninety-seven 40 and ending before two thousand sixteen, a state school tax reduction 41 credit shall be allowed as provided in the following tables. The credit 42 shall be allowed against the taxes authorized by this article reduced by 43 the credits permitted by this article. If the credit exceeds the tax as 44 so reduced, the taxpayer may receive, and the comptroller, subject to a 45 certificate of the commissioner, shall pay as an overpayment, without 46 interest, the amount of such excess. For purposes of this [subdivision] 47 subsection, no credit shall be granted to an individual with respect to whom a deduction under subsection (c) of section one hundred fifty-one 48 49 of the internal revenue code is allowable to another taxpayer for the 50 taxable year. 51 (2) The amount of the credit under this paragraph shall be determined 52 based upon the taxpayer's income as defined in subparagraph (ii) of

52 based upon the taxpayer's income as defined in subparagraph (ii) of 53 paragraph (b) of subdivision four of section four hundred twenty-five of 54 the real property tax law. For purposes of this paragraph, any taxpayer 55 under subparagraphs (A) and (B) of this paragraph with income of more 56 than two hundred fifty thousand dollars shall not receive a credit.



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1 Beginning in the two thousand ten tax year and each tax year thereaft-2 er through two thousand fifteen, the "more than two hundred fifty thousand dollar" income limitation shall be adjusted by applying the 3 inflation factor set forth herein, and rounding each result to the near-4 est multiple of one hundred dollars. The department shall establish the 5 income limitation to be associated with each subsequent tax year by 6 applying the inflation factor set forth herein to the figures that 7 8 define the income limitation that were applicable to the preceding tax year, as determined pursuant to this [subdivision] subsection, and 9 rounding each result to the nearest multiple of one hundred dollars. 10 11 Such determination shall be made no later than March first, two thousand 12 ten and each year thereafter. 13 [For purposes of this paragraph, the "inflation factor" shall be 14 determined in accordance with the provisions set forth in subdivision 15 fifteen of section one hundred seventy-eight of the tax law.] 16 (A) Married individuals filing joint returns and surviving spouses. In 17 the case of a husband and wife who make a single return jointly and of a 18 surviving spouse: 19 For taxable years beginning: The credit shall be: 20 in 2001-2005 \$125 21 in 2006 \$230 in 2007-2008 22 \$290 in 2009 [and after] - 2015 23 \$125 24 (B) All others. In the case of an unmarried individual, a head of a 25 household or a married individual filing a separate return: 26 The credit shall be: For taxable years beginning: 27 in 2001-2005 \$62.50 28 in 2006 \$115 in 2007-2008 29 \$145 in 2009 [and after] - 2015 30 \$62.50 31 § 4. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to taxable 32 years beginning on or after January 1, 2016.

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#### PART F

34 Section 1. Section 425 of the real property tax law is amended by 35 adding a new subdivision 16 to read as follows:

36 (16) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, when the 37 commissioner finds that a property owner was eligible for the STAR 38 exemption authorized by this section on an assessment roll, but the 39 exemption was not taken into account in the calculation of the property 40 owner's school tax bill due to an administrative error, and the property 41 owner or his or her agent paid an excessive amount of school taxes on 42 the property as a result, the commissioner of taxation and finance is 43 authorized to remit directly to the property owner the tax savings that 44 the STAR exemption would have yielded if the STAR exemption had been 45 taken into account in the calculation of that taxpayer's school tax bill. The amounts payable under this section shall be paid from the 46 47 account established for the payment of STAR benefits to late registrants 48 pursuant to subparagraph (iii) of paragraph (a) of subdivision fourteen 49 of this section. Where such a payment has been made, neither the proper-50 ty owner nor his or her agent shall be entitled to a refund of the excessive amount of school taxes paid on account of the administrative 51 52 error.

53 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately.





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2	Section 1. Paragraph 10 of subsection (g) of section 658 of the tax
3	law is REPEALED.
4	§ 2. Paragraph 10 of subdivision (g) of section 11–1758 of the admin-
5	istrative code of the city of New York is REPEALED.
6	§ 3. Paragraph 5 of subsection (u) of section 685 of the tax law is
7	REPEALED.
8	§ 4. Paragraph 5 of subdivision (t) of section 11-1785 of the adminis-
9	trative code of the city of New York is REPEALED.
10	§ 5. Section 23 of part U of chapter 61 of the laws of 2011, amending
11	the real property tax law and other laws relating to establishing stand-
12	ards for electronic tax administration, as amended by section 1 of part
13 14	H of chapter 59 of the laws of 2013, is amended to read as follows:
14 15	§ 23. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however, that: (a) the amendments to section 29 of the tax law made by section thir-
16	(a) the amendments to section 29 of the tax law made by section thir- teen of this act shall apply to tax documents filed or required to be
17	filed on or after the sixtieth day after which this act shall have
18	become a law [and shall expire and be deemed repealed December 31,
19	2016], provided however that the amendments to paragraph 4 of subdivi-
20	sion (a) of section 29 of the tax law and paragraph 2 of subdivision (e)
21	of section 29 of the tax law made by section thirteen of this act with
22	regard to individual taxpayers shall take effect September 15, 2011 but
23	only if the commissioner of taxation and finance has reported in the
24	report required by section seventeen b of this act that the percentage
25	of individual taxpayers electronically filing their 2010 income tax
26	returns is less than eighty-five percent; provided that the commissioner
27	of taxation and finance shall notify the legislative bill drafting
28	commission of the date of the issuance of such report in order that the
29	commission may maintain an accurate and timely effective data base of
30	the official text of the laws of the state of New York in furtherance of
31	effectuating the provisions of section 44 of the legislative law and
32	section 70-b of the public officers law;
33	(b) sections fourteen, fifteen, sixteen and seventeen of this act
34	shall take effect September 15, 2011 but only if the commissioner of
35	taxation and finance has reported in the report required by section
36	seventeen-b of this act that the percentage of individual taxpayers
37	electronically filing their 2010 income tax returns is less than eight-
38 39	y-five percent; <u>and</u> (c) sections fourteen-a and fifteen-a of this act shall take effect
40	September 15, 2011 and expire and be deemed repealed December 31, 2012
41	but shall take effect only if the commissioner of taxation and finance
42	has reported in the report required by section seventeen-b of this act
43	that the percentage of individual taxpayers electronically filing their
44	2010 income tax returns is eighty-five percent or greater[;
45	(d) sections fourteen-b, fifteen-b, sixteen-a and seventeen-a of this
46	act shall take effect January 1, 2017 but only if the commissioner of
47	taxation and finance has reported in the report required by section
48	seventeen-b of this act that the percentage of individual taxpayers
49	electronically filing their 2010 income tax returns is less than eight-
50	y-five percent; and
51	(e) sections twenty-one and twenty-one-a of this act shall expire and
52	be deemed repealed December 31, 2016].
53	§ 6. Subsection (aa) of section 685 of the tax law is REPEALED and a
54	new subsection (aa) is added to read as follows:



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1 (aa) Tax preparer penalty. -- (1) If an income tax preparer takes a 2 position on any return that either understates the tax liability or 3 increases the claim for a refund, and the preparer knew, or reasonably 4 should have known, that said position was not proper, and such position 5 was not adequately disclosed on the return or in a statement attached to 6 the return, such income tax preparer shall pay a penalty of between one 7 hundred and one thousand dollars. 8 (2) If an income tax preparer takes a position on any return that 9 either understates the tax liability or increases the claim for a refund and the understatement of the tax liability or the increased claim for 10 11 refund is due to the preparer's reckless or intentional disregard of the 12 law, rules or regulations, such preparer shall pay a penalty of between 13 five hundred and five thousand dollars. The amount of the penalty paya-14 ble by any person by reason of this paragraph shall be reduced by the 15 amount of the penalty paid by such person by reason of paragraph (1) of 16 this subsection. 17 (3) For purposes of this subsection, the term "understatement of 18 liability" means any understatement of the net amount payable with 19 respect to any tax imposed under this article or any overstatement of the net amount creditable or refundable with respect to any such tax. 20 21 (4) This subsection shall not apply if the penalty under subsection 22 (r) of this section is imposed on the tax return preparer with respect 23 to such understatement. 24 § 7. Subsection (u) of section 685 of the tax law is amended by adding 25 two new paragraphs (1) and (2) to read as follows: 26 (1) Failure to sign return or claim for refund. Any individual who is 27 a tax return preparer but is not subject to the requirements under 28 section thirty-two of this chapter, who is required pursuant to para-29 graph one of subsection (g) of section six hundred fifty-eight of this article to sign a return or claim for refund and who fails to comply 30 31 with such requirement with respect to such return or claim for refund, 32 shall be subject to a penalty of two hundred fifty dollars for each such 33 failure to sign, unless it is shown that such failure is due to reasonable cause and not due to willful neglect. The maximum penalty imposed 34 35 under this paragraph on any tax return preparer with respect to returns filed during any calendar year by the tax return preparer must not 36 37 exceed ten thousand dollars. Provided, however, that if a tax return 38 preparer has been penalized under this paragraph for a preceding calen-39 dar year and again fails to sign his or her name on any return that 40 requires the tax return preparer's signature during a subsequent calen-41 dar year, then the penalty under this paragraph for each failure will be 42 five hundred dollars, and no annual cap will apply. 43 (2) Failure to furnish identifying number. If any identifying number 44 required to be included on any return or claim for refund pursuant to 45 paragraph two of subsection (g) of section six hundred fifty-eight of 46 this article is not so included, the person who is the tax return 47 preparer but it not subject to the requirements under section thirty-two 48 of this chapter with respect to such return or claim for refund, shall 49 be subject to a penalty of one hundred dollars for each such failure, 50 unless it is shown that such failure is due to reasonable cause and not 51 willful neglect. The maximum penalty imposed under this paragraph on any 52 tax return preparer with respect to returns filed during any calendar 53 year must not exceed two thousand five hundred dollars; provided, howev-54 er, that if a tax return preparer has been penalized under this para-55 graph for a preceding calendar year and again fails to include the identifying number on one or more returns during a subsequent calendar year, 56



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1 2	then the penalty under this paragraph for each failure will be two
⊿ 3	hundred fifty dollars, and no annual cap will apply. § 8. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however, that
4	section seven of this act shall apply to taxable years commencing on and
5	after January 1, 2016.
5	arter bandary 1, 2010.
6	PART H
7	Section 1. Subdivision 4 of section 22 of the public housing law, as
8	amended by section 2 of part P of chapter 59 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows:
9 10	4. Statewide limitation. The aggregate dollar amount of credit which
10	the commissioner may allocate to eligible low-income buildings under
12	this article shall be [sixty-four] <u>seventy-two</u> million dollars. The
13	limitation provided by this subdivision applies only to allocation of
14	the aggregate dollar amount of credit by the commissioner, and does not
15	apply to allowance to a taxpayer of the credit with respect to an eligi-
16	ble low-income building for each year of the credit period.
17	§ 2. Subdivision 4 of section 22 of the public housing law, as amended
18	by section one of this act, is amended to read as follows:
19	4. Statewide limitation. The aggregate dollar amount of credit which
20	the commissioner may allocate to eligible low-income buildings under
21	this article shall be [seventy-two] <u>eighty</u> million dollars. The limita-
22	tion provided by this subdivision applies only to allocation of the
23	aggregate dollar amount of credit by the commissioner, and does not
24	apply to allowance to a taxpayer of the credit with respect to an eligi-
25 26	ble low-income building for each year of the credit period. § 3. Subdivision 4 of section 22 of the public housing law as amended
⊿o 27	§ 3. Subdivision 4 of section 22 of the public housing law as amended by section two of this act is amended to read as follows:
28	4. Statewide limitation. The aggregate dollar amount of credit which
29	the commissioner may allocate to eligible low-income buildings under
30	this article shall be [eighty] eighty-eight million dollars. The limita-
31	tion provided by this subdivision applies only to allocation of the
32	aggregate dollar amount of credit by the commissioner, and does not
33	apply to allowance to a taxpayer of the credit with respect to an eligi-
34	ble low-income building for each year of the credit period.
35	§ 4. Subdivision 4 of section 22 of the public housing law, as amended
36	by section three of this act, is amended to read as follows:
37	4. Statewide limitation. The aggregate dollar amount of credit which
38 39	the commissioner may allocate to eligible low-income buildings under this article shall be [eighty-eight] <u>ninety-six</u> million dollars. The
40	limitation provided by this subdivision applies only to allocation of
40 41	the aggregate dollar amount of credit by the commissioner, and does not
42	apply to allowance to a taxpayer of the credit with respect to an eligi-
43	ble low-income building for each year of the credit period.
44	§ 5. Subdivision 4 of section 22 of the public housing law, as amended
45	by section four of this act, is amended to read as follows:
46	4. Statewide limitation. The aggregate dollar amount of credit which
47	the commissioner may allocate to eligible low-income buildings under
48	this article shall be [ninety-six] <u>one hundred four</u> million dollars. The
49	limitation provided by this subdivision applies only to allocation of
50	the aggregate dollar amount of credit by the commissioner, and does not
51 52	apply to allowance to a taxpayer of the credit with respect to an eligi-
52 53	ble low-income building for each year of the credit period. § 6. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however,
53 54	§ 6. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however, section two of this act shall take effect April 1, 2017; section three
54	Section two of this act shart take effect April 1, 2017, Section three



1 of this act shall take effect April 1, 2018; section four of this act 2 shall take effect April 1, 2019 and section five of this act shall take 3 effect April 1, 2020.

4

PART I

5 Section 1. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subdivision 29 of section 210-B 6 of the tax law, as added by section 17 of part A of chapter 59 of the 7 laws of 2014, are amended to read as follows:

(a) Allowance of credit. For taxable years beginning on or after Janu-8 9 ary first, two thousand fifteen and before January first, two thousand 10 [seventeen] <u>nineteen</u>, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit, to be 11 computed as provided in this subdivision, against the tax imposed by 12 this article, for hiring and employing, for not less than one year and 13 for not less than thirty-five hours each week, a qualified veteran with-14 in the state. The taxpayer may claim the credit in the year in which the 15 qualified veteran completes one year of employment by the taxpayer. If the taxpayer claims the credit allowed under this subdivision, the 16 17 taxpayer may not use the hiring of a qualified veteran that is the basis for this credit in the basis of any other credit allowed under this 18 19 article.

20 (b) Qualified veteran. A qualified veteran is an individual:

(1) who served on active duty in the United States army, navy, air force, marine corps, coast guard or the reserves thereof, or who served in active military service of the United States as a member of the army rational guard, air national guard, New York guard or New York naval militia; who was released from active duty by general or honorable discharge after September eleventh, two thousand one;

27 (2) who commences employment by the qualified taxpayer on or after 28 January first, two thousand fourteen, and before January first, two 29 thousand [sixteen] <u>eighteen</u>; and

30 (3) who certifies by signed affidavit, under penalty of perjury, that 31 he or she has not been employed for thirty-five or more hours during any 32 week in the one hundred eighty day period immediately prior to his or 33 her employment by the taxpayer.

34 § 2. Paragraphs 1 and 2 of subsection (a-2) of section 606 of the tax 35 law, as added by section 3 of part AA of chapter 59 of the laws of 2013, 36 are amended to read as follows:

(1) Allowance of credit. For taxable years beginning on or after Janu-37 38 ary first, two thousand fifteen and before January first, two thousand 39 [seventeen] <u>nineteen</u>, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit, to be 40 computed as provided in this subsection, against the tax imposed by this 41 article, for hiring and employing, for not less than one year and for 42 not less than thirty-five hours each week, a qualified veteran within 43 the state. The taxpayer may claim the credit in the year in which the 44 qualified veteran completes one year of employment by the taxpayer. If 45 the taxpayer claims the credit allowed under this subsection, the taxpayer may not use the hiring of a qualified veteran that is the basis 46 47 for this credit in the basis of any other credit allowed under this 48 article.

49 (2) Qualified veteran. A qualified veteran is an individual:

50 (A) who served on active duty in the United States army, navy, air 51 force, marine corps, coast guard or the reserves thereof, or who served 52 in active military service of the United States as a member of the army 53 national guard, air national guard, New York guard or New York naval



1 militia; who was released from active duty by general or honorable
2 discharge after September eleventh, two thousand one;

3 (B) who commences employment by the qualified taxpayer on or after 4 January first, two thousand fourteen, and before January first, two 5 thousand [sixteen] <u>eighteen</u>; and

6 (C) who certifies by signed affidavit, under penalty of perjury, that 7 he or she has not been employed for thirty-five or more hours during any 8 week in the one hundred eighty day period immediately prior to his or 9 her employment by the taxpayer.

10 § 3. Paragraphs 1 and 2 of subdivision (g-1) of section 1511 of the 11 tax law, as added by section 5 of part AA of chapter 59 of the laws of 12 2013, are amended to read as follows:

13 (1) Allowance of credit. For taxable years beginning on or after Janu-14 ary first, two thousand fifteen and before January first, two thousand 15 [seventeen] nineteen, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit, to be 16 computed as provided in this subdivision, against the tax imposed by 17 this article, for hiring and employing, for not less than one year and for not less than thirty-five hours each week, a qualified veteran with-18 19 in the state. The taxpayer may claim the credit in the year in which the qualified veteran completes one year of employment by the taxpayer. If 20 21 the taxpayer claims the credit allowed under this subdivision, the 22 taxpayer may not use the hiring of a qualified veteran that is the basis for this credit in the basis of any other credit allowed under this 23 24 article.

25 (2) Qualified veteran. A qualified veteran is an individual:

(A) who served on active duty in the United States army, navy, air force, marine corps, coast guard or the reserves thereof, or who served in active military service of the United States as a member of the army national guard, air national guard, New York guard or New York naval militia; who was released from active duty by general or honorable discharge after September eleventh, two thousand one;

32 (B) who commences employment by the qualified taxpayer on or after 33 January first, two thousand fourteen, and before January first, two 34 thousand [sixteen] <u>eighteen</u>; and

35 (C) who certifies by signed affidavit, under penalty of perjury, that 36 he or she has not been employed for thirty-five or more hours during any 37 week in the one hundred eighty day period immediately prior to his or 38 her employment by the taxpayer.

39 § 4. This act shall take effect immediately.

40

#### PART J

41 Section 1. Paragraph 1 of subdivision (a) of section 28 of the tax 42 law, as amended by section 1 of part 0 of chapter 59 of the laws of 43 2014, is amended to read as follows:

44 (1) A taxpayer which is a qualified commercial production company, or 45 which is a sole proprietor of a qualified commercial production company, and which is subject to tax under article nine-A or twenty-two of this 46 47 chapter, shall be allowed a credit against such tax, pursuant to the provisions referenced in subdivision (c) of this section, to be computed 48 as provided in this section. Provided, however, to be eligible for such 49 50 credit, at least seventy-five percent of the production costs (excluding post production costs) paid or incurred directly and predominantly in 51 the actual filming or recording of the qualified commercial must be 52 53 costs incurred in New York state. The tax credit allowed pursuant to



1 this section shall apply to taxable years beginning before January 2 first, two thousand [seventeen] <u>nineteen</u>.

3 § 2. Paragraph (c) of subdivision 23 of section 210-B of the tax law, 4 as added by section 17 of part A of chapter 59 of the laws of 2014, is 5 amended to read as follows:

6 (c) Expiration of credit. The credit allowed under this subdivision 7 shall not be applicable to taxable years beginning on or after [December 8 thirty-first] January first, two thousand [seventeen] <u>nineteen</u>.

9 § 3. Paragraph 1 of subsection (jj) of section 606 of the tax law, as 10 amended by section 4 of part 0 of chapter 59 of the laws of 2014, is 11 amended to read as follows:

12 (1) Allowance of credit. A taxpayer that is eligible pursuant to the 13 provisions of section twenty-eight of this chapter shall be allowed a 14 credit to be computed as provided in such section against the tax 15 imposed by this article. The tax credit allowed pursuant to this section 16 shall apply to taxable years beginning before January first, two thou-17 sand [seventeen] <u>nineteen</u>.

18 § 4. This act shall take effect immediately.

#### 19

#### PART K

20 Section 1. Section 5 of chapter 604 of the laws of 2011, amending the 21 tax law relating to the credit for companies who provide transportation 22 to people with disabilities, is amended to read as follows:

23 § 5. This act shall take effect immediately and shall remain in effect 24 until December 31, 2016 when upon such date it shall be deemed repealed; 25 provided that this act shall be deemed to have been in full force and 26 effect on December 31, 2010; [and] provided further that this act shall 27 apply to all tax years commencing on or after January 1, 2011; and provided further that sections one and two of this act shall remain in 28 29 effect until December 31, 2022 when upon such date such sections shall 30 be deemed repealed.

31 § 2. Paragraph (c) of subdivision 38 of section 210-B of the tax law, 32 as added by section 17 of part A of chapter 59 of the laws of 2014, is 33 amended to read as follows:

34 (C) Application of credit. In no event shall the credit allowed under 35 this subdivision for any taxable year reduce the tax due for such year 36 to less than the amount prescribed in paragraph (d) of subdivision one of section two hundred ten of this article. However, if the amount of 37 38 credit allowed under this subdivision for any taxable year reduces the 39 tax to such amount or if the taxpayer otherwise pays tax based on the 40 fixed dollar minimum amount, any amount of credit thus not deductible in 41 such taxable year shall be carried over to the following year or years, 42 and may be deducted from the taxpayer's tax for such year or years. The 43 tax credit allowed pursuant to this subdivision shall not apply to taxa-44 ble years beginning on or after January first, two thousand twenty-45 three.

### 46 47

#### PART L

48 Section 1. Section 2 of part I of chapter 58 of the laws of 2006, 49 relating to providing an enhanced earned income tax credit, as amended 50 by section 1 of part G of chapter 59 of the laws of 2014, is amended to 51 read as follows:

§ 3. This act shall take effect immediately.



1 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to taxable 2 years beginning on or after January 1, 2006 [and before January 1, 3 2017]. § 2. This act shall take effect immediately. 4 5 PART M 6 Section 1. Section 12 of part N of chapter 61 of the laws of 2005, amending the tax law relating to certain transactions and related infor-7 mation and relating to the voluntary compliance initiative, as amended 8 by section 1 of part B of chapter 61 of the laws of 2011, is amended to 9 10 read as follows: 11 § 12. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however, that 12 (i) section one of this act shall apply to all disclosure statements 13 described in paragraph 1 of subdivision (a) of section 25 of the tax 14 law, as added by section one of this act, that were required to be filed 15 with the internal revenue service at any time with respect to "listed 16 transactions" as described in such paragraph 1, and shall apply to all 17 disclosure statements described in paragraph 1 of subdivision (a) of 18 section 25 of the tax law, as added by section one of this act, that 19 were required to be filed with the internal revenue service with respect 20 to "reportable transactions" as described in such paragraph 1, other than "listed transactions", in which a taxpayer participated during any 21 22 taxable year for which the statute of limitations for assessment has not 23 expired as of the date this act shall take effect, and shall apply to returns or statements described in such paragraph 1 required to be filed 24 25 by taxpayers (or persons as described in such paragraph) with the 26 commissioner of taxation and finance on or after the sixtieth day after 27 this act shall have become a law; and 28 (ii) sections two through four and seven through nine of this act 29 shall apply to any tax liability for which the statute of limitations on 30 assessment has not expired as of the date this act shall take effect[; 31 and 32 (iii) provided, further, that the provisions of this act, except section five of this act, shall expire and be deemed repealed July 1, 33 34 2015; provided, that, such expiration and repeal shall not affect any 35 requirement imposed pursuant to this act]. 36 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately and shall be deemed to 37 have been in full force and effect on and after July 1, 2015; provided, 38 however that notwithstanding the provisions of article 5 of the general 39 construction law, the provisions of section 25, paragraph 11 of subsection (c) of section 683, subsections (p), (p-1), (x), (y), (z), 40 41 (aa) and (bb) of section 685, paragraph 11 of subsection (c) of section 42 1083, subsections (k), (k-1), (p), (q), (r), (s) and (t) of section 1085 43 of the tax law, and section 11 of Part N of chapter 61 of the laws of 44 2005, are hereby revived and shall continue in full force and effect as 45 such provisions existed on July 1, 2015. 46 PART N 47 Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 25 of section 210-B of the tax 48 law, as added by section 17 of part A of chapter 59 of the laws of 2014, 49 is amended to read as follows:

50 (a) General. A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax 51 imposed by this article. Such credit, to be computed as hereinafter 52 provided, shall be allowed for bioheat, used for space heating or hot



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water production for residential purposes within this state purchased
 before January first, two thousand [seventeen] twenty. Such credit shall
 be \$0.01 per percent of biodiesel per gallon of bioheat, not to exceed
 twenty cents per gallon, purchased by such taxpayer.

5 § 2. Paragraph 1 of subsection (mm) of section 606 of the tax law, as 6 amended by chapter 193 of the laws of 2012, is amended to read as 7 follows:

8 (1) A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by this article. Such credit, to be computed as hereinafter provided, shall 9 10 be allowed for bioheat, used for space heating or hot water production 11 for residential purposes within this state and purchased on or after 12 July first, two thousand six and before July first, two thousand seven 13 and on or after January first, two thousand eight and before January 14 first, two thousand [seventeen] twenty. Such credit shall be \$0.01 per 15 percent of biodiesel per gallon of bioheat, not to exceed twenty cents 16 per gallon, purchased by such taxpayer.

17 § 3. This act shall take effect immediately.

18

#### PART O

19 Section 1. Section 359 of the economic development law, as amended by 20 section 3 of part C of chapter 68 of the laws of 2013, is amended to 21 read as follows:

§ 359. Cap on tax credit. The total amount of tax credits listed on certificates of tax credit issued by the commissioner for any taxable year may not exceed the limitations set forth in this section. One-half of any amount of tax credits not awarded for a particular taxable year <u>in years two thousand eleven through two thousand twenty-four</u> may be used by the commissioner to award tax credits in another taxable year.

With respect to taxable years beginning in:

28	Credit	con	ponents	in	the	aggregate
29	shall 1	not	exceed:			

30 \$	50 million	2011
31 \$	100 million	2012
32 \$	150 million	2013
33 \$	200 million	2014
34 \$	250 million	2015
35 \$	200 million	2016
36 \$	200 million	2017
37 \$	200 million	2018
38 \$	200 million	2019
39 \$	200 million	2020
40 \$	200 million	2021
41 \$	150 million	2022
42 \$	100 million	2023
43 \$	50 million	2024

Twenty-five percent of tax credits shall be allocated to businesses 44 accepted into the program under subdivision four of section three 45 46 hundred fifty-three of this article and seventy-five percent of tax 47 credits shall be allocated to businesses accepted into the program under subdivision three of section three hundred fifty-three of this article. 48 Provided, however, if by September thirtieth of a calendar year, the 49 50 department has not allocated the full amount of credits available in that year to either: (i) businesses accepted into the program under 51



1 subdivision four of section three hundred fifty-three of this article or 2 (ii) businesses accepted into the program under subdivision three of section three hundred fifty-three of this article, the commissioner may 3 allocate any remaining tax credits to businesses referenced in [para-4 5 graphs (i) and (ii) of this section] this paragraph as needed; provided, 6 however, that under no circumstances may the aggregate statutory cap for 7 all program years be exceeded. One hundred percent of the unawarded 8 amounts remaining at the end of two thousand twenty-four may be allo-9 cated in subsequent years, notwithstanding the fifty percent limitation 10 on any amounts of tax credits not awarded in taxable years two thousand 11 eleven through two thousand twenty-four. Provided, however, no tax cred-12 its may be allowed for taxable years beginning on or after January 13 first, two thousand thirty.

14 § 2. Subdivision 5 of section 354 of the economic development law, as 15 amended by section 2 of part C of chapter 68 of the laws of 2013, is 16 amended to read as follows:

17 5. A participant may claim tax benefits commencing in the first taxa-18 ble year that the business enterprise receives a certificate of tax 19 credit or the first taxable year listed on its preliminary schedule of 20 benefits, whichever is later. A participant may claim such benefits for 21 the next nine consecutive taxable years, provided that the participant 22 demonstrates to the department that it continues to satisfy the eligi-23 bility criteria specified in section three hundred fifty-three of this 24 article and subdivision two of this section in each of those taxable 25 years, and provided that no tax credits may be allowed for taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand thirty. If, in any 26 27 given year, a participant who has satisfied the eligibility criteria 28 specified in section three hundred fifty-three of this article realizes 29 job creation less than the estimated amount, the credit shall be reduced by the proportion of actual job creation to the estimated amount, 30 provided the proportion is at least seventy-five percent of the jobs 31 32 estimated.

33 § 3. Subdivision (b) of section 31 of the tax law, as added by section 34 7 of part G of chapter 61 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as 35 follows:

36 (b) To be eligible for the excelsior jobs program credit, the taxpayer 37 shall have been issued a "certificate of tax credit" by the department 38 of economic development pursuant to subdivision four of section three hundred fifty-four of the economic development law, which certificate 39 40 shall set forth the amount of each credit component that may be claimed 41 for the taxable year. A taxpayer may claim such credit for ten consec-42 utive taxable years commencing in the first taxable year that the 43 taxpayer receives a certificate of tax credit or the first taxable year 44 listed on its preliminary schedule of benefits, whichever is later, 45 provided that no tax credits may be allowed for taxable years beginning 46 on or after January first, two thousand thirty. The taxpayer shall be 47 allowed to claim only the amount listed on the certificate of tax credit 48 for that taxable year. Such certificate must be attached to the taxpay-49 er's return. No cost or expense paid or incurred by the taxpayer shall 50 be the basis for more than one component of this credit or any other tax 51 credit, except as provided in section three hundred fifty-five of the 52 economic development law.

§ 4. This act shall take effect immediately. 53

54



PART P

1 Section 1. Subdivision (c) of section 24 of the tax law, as added by section 1 of part P of chapter 60 of the laws of 2004, is amended to 2 read as follows: 3 (c) Cross-references. For application of the credit provided for in 4 this section, see the following provisions of this chapter: 5 (1) article 9-A: section [210] <u>210-B</u>: subdivision [36] <u>20</u>. 6 (2) article 22: section 606: subsection (gg). 7 § 2. Subdivision (a) and paragraphs 2, 4, and 5 of subdivision (e) 8 of section 38 of the tax law, as added by section 1 of part EE of chapter 9 59 of the laws of 2013, are amended to read as follows: 10 11 (a) A taxpayer that is an eligible employer or an owner of an eligible 12 employer as defined in subdivision (b) of this section shall be eligible 13 for a credit against the tax imposed under article nine, nine-A, twen-14 ty-two, [thirty-two] or thirty-three of this article, pursuant to the 15 provisions referenced in subdivision (e) of this section. 16 (2) Article 9-A: Section [210] <u>210-B</u>, subdivision [46] <u>40</u>. 17 (4) [Article 32: Section 1456, subsection (z). 18 (5)] Article 33: Section 1511, subdivision (cc). 19 § 3. Paragraph (e) of subdivision 1 of section 209 of the tax law, as 20 added by section 5 of part A of chapter 59 of the laws of 2014, is 21 amended to read as follows: 22 (e) At the end of each year, the commissioner shall review the cumula-23 tive percentage change in the consumer price index. The commissioner 24 shall adjust the receipt thresholds set forth in this subdivision if the 25 consumer price index has changed by ten percent or more since January 26 first, two thousand fifteen, or since the date that the thresholds were 27 last adjusted under this subdivision. The thresholds shall be adjusted 28 to reflect that cumulative percentage change in the consumer price 29 index. The adjusted thresholds shall be rounded to the nearest one thousand dollars. As used in this paragraph, "consumer price index" means 30 the consumer price index for all urban consumers (CPI-U) 31 available [form] from the bureau of labor statistics of the United States depart-32 33 ment of labor. Any adjustment shall apply to tax periods that begin 34 after the adjustment is made. 35 4. The opening paragraph of paragraph (a) of subdivision 5 of S 36 section 210-A of the tax law, as amended by section 23 of part T of 37 chapter 59 of the laws of 2015, is amended to read as follows: 38 A financial instrument is a "nonqualified financial instrument" if it 39 is not a qualified financial instrument. A qualified financial instru-40 ment means a financial instrument that is of a type described in any of 41 clauses (A), (B), (C), (D), (G), (H) or (I) of subparagraph two of this 42 paragraph and that has been marked to market in the taxable year by the 43 taxpayer under section 475 or section 1256 of the internal revenue code. 44 Further, if the taxpayer has in the taxable year marked to market a 45 financial instrument of the type described in any of the clauses (A), 46 (B), (C), (D), (G), (H) or (I) of subparagraph two of this paragraph, 47 then any financial instrument within that type described in the above specified clause or clauses that has not been marked to market by the 48 49 taxpayer under section 475 or section 1256 of the internal revenue code 50 is a qualified financial instrument in the taxable year. Notwithstanding 51 the two preceding sentences, (i) a loan secured by real property shall not be a qualified financial instrument, (ii) if the only loans that are 52 marked to market by the taxpayer under section 475 or section 1256 of 53 the internal revenue code are loans secured by real property, then no 54 loans shall be qualified financial instruments, [and] (iii) stock that 55 is investment capital as defined in paragraph (a) of subdivision five of 56



1 section two hundred eight of this article shall not be a qualified 2 financial instrument, and (iv) stock that generates other exempt income 3 as defined in subdivision six-a of section two hundred eight of this article and that is not marked to market under section 475 or section 4 1256 of the internal revenue code shall not constitute a qualified 5 6 financial instrument with respect to the income from that stock that is 7 described in such subdivision six-a. If a corporation is included in a 8 combined report, the definition of qualified financial instrument shall 9 be determined on a combined basis.

10 § 5. Paragraph (c) of subdivision 7 of section 210-B of the tax law, 11 as added by section 17 of part A of chapter 59 of the laws of 2014, is 12 amended to read as follows:

13 (c) Average number of individuals employed full-time. For the purposes 14 of this subdivision, average number of individuals employed full-time 15 shall be computed by adding the number of such individuals employed by 16 the taxpayer at the end of each quarter during each taxable year or 17 other applicable period and dividing the sum so obtained by the number 18 of such quarters occurring within such taxable year or other applicable 19 period; provided however, except that in computing base year employment, 20 there shall be excluded therefrom any employee with respect to whom a 21 credit provided for under subdivision [six of this section is] nineteen 22 of section two hundred ten of this article, as such subdivision was in 23 effect on December thirty-first, two thousand fourteen, was claimed for 24 the taxable year.

25 § 6. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subdivision 9 of section 210-B of the 26 tax law, as added by section 17 of part A of chapter 59 of the laws of 27 2014, are amended to read as follows:

28 (a) Application of credit. A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit, to be 29 credited against the tax imposed by this article, equal to the amount of the special additional mortgage recording tax paid by the taxpayer 30 pursuant to the provisions of subdivision one-a of section two hundred 31 fifty-three of this chapter [or] on mortgages recorded. Provided, howev-32 33 er, no credit shall be allowed with respect to a mortgage of real property principally improved or to be improved by one or more structures 34 containing in the aggregate not more than six residential dwelling 35 36 units, each dwelling unit having its own separate cooking facilities, 37 where the real property is located in one or more of the counties comprising the metropolitan commuter transportation area. Provided 38 39 further, however, no credit shall be allowed with respect to a mortgage 40 of real property principally improved or to be improved by one or more 41 structures containing in the aggregate not more than six residential 42 dwelling units, each dwelling unit having its own separate cooking 43 facilities, where the real property is located in the county of Erie.

44 Carryover. In no event shall the credit herein provided for be (b) 45 allowed in an amount which will reduce the tax payable to less than the 46 fixed dollar minimum amount prescribed in paragraph (d) of subdivision 47 one of section two hundred ten of this article. If, however, the amount of credit allowable under this subdivision for any taxable year, includ-48 49 ing any credit carried over from a prior taxable year, reduces the tax 50 to such amount or if the taxpayer otherwise pays tax based on the fixed 51 dollar minimum amount, any amount of credit not deductible in such taxa-52 ble year may be carried over to the following year or years and may be deducted from the taxpayer's tax for such year or years. 53 <u>For taxable</u> 54 years beginning on or after January first, two thousand fifteen, in lieu 55 of carrying over, to the following year or years, the unused portion of credits attributable to special additional mortgage recording tax with 56



1 respect to such mortgages, which is due and paid in any of such taxable 2 years, the taxpayer may elect to treat such unused portion as an over-3 payment of tax to be credited or refunded in accordance with the provisions of section ten hundred eighty-six of this chapter except that 4 5 no interest shall be paid on such overpayment. § 7. Subdivision 45 of section 210-B of the tax law, as added by 6 section 17 of part A of chapter 59 of the laws of 2014, is amended to 7 8 read as follows: 45. Order of credits. [(a)] Credits allowable under this article which 9 cannot be carried over and which are not refundable shall be deducted 10 11 first. [The credit allowable under subdivision six of this section shall 12 be deducted immediately after the deduction of all credits allowable 13 under this article which cannot be carried over and which are not 14 refundable, whether or not a portion of such credit is refundable.] 15 Credits allowable under this article which can be carried over, and 16 carryovers of such credits, shall be deducted next [after the deduction 17 of the credit allowable under subdivision six of this section], and among such credits, those whose carryover is of limited duration shall 18 19 be deducted before those whose carryover is of unlimited duration. Cred-20 its allowable under this article which are refundable [(other than the 21 credit allowable under subdivision six of this section)] shall be 22 deducted last. 23 § 8. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 3 of section 210-C of the tax law, 24 as added by section 18 of part A of chapter 59 of the laws of 2014, is 25 amended to read as follows: Subject to the provisions of paragraph (c) of subdivision two of 26 (a) 27 this section, a taxpayer may elect to treat as its combined group all 28 corporations that meet the ownership requirements described in paragraph 29 (a) of subdivision two of this section (such corporations collectively referred to in this subdivision as the "commonly owned group"). If that 30 election is made, the commonly owned group shall calculate the combined 31 business income, combined capital, and fixed dollar minimum bases of all 32 members of the group in accordance with [paragraph] subdivision four of 33 this [subdivision] section, whether or not that business income or busi-34 35 ness capital is from a single unitary business. 36 § 9. Paragraph I of subdivision 1 of section 11-604 of the administra-37 tive code of the city of New York, as added by chapter 491 of the laws of 2007, is amended to read as follows: 38 I. Notwithstanding any provision of this subdivision to the contrary, 39 40 for taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand 41 seven for any corporation that: 42 (a) has a business allocation percentage for the taxable year, as 43 determined under paragraph (a) of subdivision three of this section, of 44 one hundred percent; 45 (b) has no investment capital or income at any time during the taxable 46 year; 47 (c) has no subsidiary capital or income at any time during the taxable 48 year; and 49 (d) has gross income, as defined in section sixty-one of the internal revenue code, less than two hundred fifty thousand dollars for the taxa-50 51 ble year: 52 the tax imposed by subdivision one of section 11-603 of this subchap-53 ter shall be the greater of the tax on entire net income computed under clause one of subparagraph (a) of paragraph E of this subdivision and 54 55 the fixed dollar minimum tax specified in clause four of subparagraph (a) of paragraph E of this subdivision. 56



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1 For purposes of this paragraph, for taxable years beginning before 2 January first, two thousand fifteen, any corporation for which an election under subsection (a) of section six hundred sixty of the tax 3 law is not in effect for the taxable year may elect to treat as entire 4 5 net income the sum of: 6 (i) entire net income as determined under section two hundred eight of 7 the tax law; and 8 (ii) any deductions taken for the taxable year in computing federal taxable income for New York city taxes paid or accrued under this chap-9 10 ter. Subdivision 2 of section 11-651 of the administrative code of 11 S 10. 12 the city of New York, as added by section 1 of part D of chapter 60 of 13 the laws of 2015, is amended to read as follows: 14 2. Each reference in the tax law or this code to subchapters two or 15 three of this chapter, or any of the provisions thereof, shall be deemed 16 a reference also to this subchapter, and any of the applicable 17 provisions thereof, where appropriate and with all necessary modifica-18 tions. 19 § 11. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 4 of section 11-652 of the administrative code of the city of New York, as added by section 1 of part D of 20 21 chapter 60 of the laws of 2015, is amended to read as follows: 22 (a) The term "investment capital" means investments in stocks that: 23 satisfy the definition of a capital asset under section 1221 of the (i) 24 internal revenue code at all times the taxpayer owned such stocks during 25 the taxable year; (ii) are held by the taxpayer for investment for more than one year; (iii) the dispositions of which are, or would be, treated 26 27 by the taxpayer as generating long-term capital gains or losses under 28 the internal revenue code; (iv) for stocks acquired on or after January 29 first, two thousand fifteen, at any time after the close of the day in 30 which they are acquired, have never been held for sale to customers in the regular course of business; and (v) before the close of the day on 31 which the stock was acquired, are clearly identified in the taxpayer's 32 33 records as stock held for investment in the same manner as required under section 1236(a)(1) of the internal revenue code for the stock of a 34 dealer in securities to be eligible for capital gain treatment (whether 35 36 or not the taxpayer is a dealer of securities subject to section 1236), 37 provided, however, that for stock acquired prior to October first, two 38 thousand fifteen that was not subject to section 1236(a) of the internal revenue code, such identification in the taxpayer's records must occur 39 40 before October first, two thousand fifteen. Stock in a corporation that 41 is conducting a unitary business with the taxpayer, stock in a corpo-42 ration that is included in a combined report with the taxpayer pursuant to the commonly owned group election in subdivision three of section 43 44 11-654.3 of this subchapter, and stock [used] issued by the taxpayer 45 shall not constitute investment capital. For purposes of this subdivi-46 sion, if the taxpayer owns or controls, directly or indirectly, less 47 than twenty percent of the voting power of the stock of a corporation, that corporation will be presumed to be conducting a business that is 48 49 not unitary with the business of the taxpayer. § 12. Subparagraph 2 of paragraph (a) of subdivision 18 of section 50 51 11-654 of the administrative code of the city of New York, as added by 52 section 1 of part D of chapter 60 of the laws of 2015, is amended to read as follows: 53 (2) The amount determined in this subparagraph is the product of 54 (i)

55 the excess of (A) the tax computed under clause (i) of subparagraph one 56 of paragraph (e) of subdivision one of this section, without allowance



1 of any credits allowed by this section, over (B) the tax so computed, 2 determined as if the corporation had no such distributive share or guar-3 anteed payments with respect to the unincorporated business, and (ii) a fraction, the numerator of which is four and the denominator of which is 4 5 eight and eighty-five one hundredths, [provided however,] except that in 6 the case of a financial corporation as defined in clause (i) of subpara-7 graph one of paragraph (e) of subdivision one of this section, such 8 denominator is nine, and in the case of a taxpayer that is subject to paragraph (j) or (k) of subdivision one of this section, such denomina-9 tor shall be the rate of tax as determined by such paragraph (j) or 10 (k) 11 for the taxable year; [and,] provided[, however,] that the amounts 12 computed in subclauses (A) and (B) of clause (i) of this subparagraph 13 shall be computed with the following modifications:

(A) such amounts shall be computed without taking into account any
15 carryforward or carryback by the partner of a net operating loss or a
16 prior net operation loss conversion subtraction;

(B) if, prior to taking into account any distributive share or guaranteed payments from any unincorporated business or any net operating loss
carryforward or carryback, the entire net income of the partner is less
than zero, such entire net income shall be treated as zero; and

(C) if such partner's net total distributive share of income, gain, loss and deductions of, and guaranteed payments from, any unincorporated business is less than zero, such net total shall be treated as zero. The amount determined in this subparagraph shall not be less than zero.

S 13. Subparagraph 1 of paragraph (b) of subdivision 18 of section 11-654 of the administrative code of the city of New York, as added by section 1 of part D of chapter 60 of the laws of 2015, is amended to read as follows:

29 (1) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in paragraph (a) of this 30 subdivision, in the case of a corporation that, before the application of this subdivision or any other credit allowed by this section, 31 is liable for the tax on business income under clause (i) of subparagraph 32 one of paragraph (e) of subdivision one of this section, the credit or 33 the sum of the credits that may be taken by such corporation for a taxa-34 35 ble year under this subdivision with respect to an unincorporated busi-36 ness or unincorporated businesses in which it is a partner shall not 37 exceed the tax so computed, without allowance of any credits allowed by 38 this section, multiplied by a fraction the numerator of which is four 39 and the denominator of which is eight and eighty-five one-hundredths 40 [provided, however], except that in the case of a financial corporation 41 as defined in clause (i) of subparagraph one of paragraph (e) of subdi-42 vision one of this section, such denominator is nine, and in the case of 43 a taxpayer that is subject to paragraph (j) or (k) of subdivision one of 44 this section, such denominator shall be the rate of tax as determined by 45 such paragraph (j) or (k) for the taxable year. If the credit allowed 46 under this subdivision or the sum of such credits exceeds the product of 47 such tax and such fraction, the amount of the excess may be carried forward, in order, to each of the seven immediately succeeding taxable 48 49 years and, to the extent not previously taken, shall be allowed as a 50 credit in each of such years. In applying the provisions of the preced-51 ing sentence, the credit determined for the taxable year under paragraph 52 (a) of this subdivision shall be taken before taking any credit carry-53 forward pursuant to this paragraph and the credit carryforward attributable to the earliest taxable year shall be taken before taking a credit 54 55 carryforward attributable to a subsequent taxable year.



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1 § 14. Subparagraph 8 of paragraph (a) of subdivision 21 of section 2 11-654 of the administrative code of the city of New York, as added by section 1 of part D of chapter 60 of the laws of 2015, is amended to 3 read as follows: 4 (8) The credit allowed under this subdivision shall only be allowed 5 6 for taxable years beginning before January first, two thousand [sixteen] 7 <u>nineteen</u>. § 15. Paragraph (c) of subdivision 2 of section 11-654.2 of the admin-8 istrative code of the city of New York, as added by section 1 of part D 9 of chapter 60 of the laws of 2015, is amended to read as follows: 10 11 (c) Receipts from sales of tangible personal property and electricity 12 that are traded as commodities as the term "commodity" is defined in 13 section four hundred seventy-five of the internal revenue code, shall be 14 included in the receipts fraction in accordance with clause [(i)] (ix) 15 of subparagraph two of paragraph (a) of subdivision five of this 16 section. 17 The opening paragraph of paragraph (a) of subdivision 5 of § 16. 18 section 11-654.2 of the administrative code of the city of New York, as 19 added by section 1 of part D of chapter 60 of the laws of 2015, is 20 amended to read as follows: 21 A financial instrument is a "nonqualified financial instrument" if it 22 is not a qualified financial instrument. A qualified financial instru-23 ment means a financial instrument that is of a type described in any of 24 clause (i), (ii), (iii), (iv), (vii), (viii) or (ix) of subparagraph two 25 of this paragraph and that has been marked to market in the taxable year by the taxpayer under section 475 or section 1256 of the internal reven-26 27 ue code. Further, if the taxpayer has in the taxable year marked to 28 market a financial instrument of the type described in any of clause 29 (i), (ii), (iii), (iv), (vii), (viii) or (ix) of subparagraph two of this paragraph, then any financial instrument within that type described 30 in the above specified clause or clauses that has not been marked to 31 market by the taxpayer under section 475 or section 1256 of the internal 32 33 revenue code is a qualified financial instrument in the taxable year. Notwithstanding the two preceding sentences, (i) a loan secured by real 34 property shall not be a qualified financial instrument, (ii) if the only 35 36 loans that are marked to market by the taxpayer under section 475 or 37 section 1256 of the internal revenue code are loans secured by real 38 property, then no loans shall be qualified financial instruments, [and] 39 (iii) stock that is investment capital as defined in paragraph (a) of 40 subdivision [4] four of section 11-652 of this subchapter shall not be a 41 qualified financial instrument, and (iv) stock that generates other 42 exempt income as defined in subdivision five-a of section 11-652 of this 43 subchapter and that is not marked to market under section 475 or section 44 1256 of the internal revenue code shall not constitute a qualified 45 financial instrument with respect to the income from that stock that is 46 described in such subdivision five-a. If a corporation is included in a 47 combined report, the definition of qualified financial instrument shall be determined on a combined basis. 48 49 § 17. This act shall take effect immediately; provided however that sections one, two, three, four, five, six, seven and eight of this act 50 51 shall be deemed to have been in full force and effect on the same date 52 and in the same manner as part A of chapter 59 of the laws of 2014, took 53 effect, and sections nine, ten, eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen and sixteen of this act shall be deemed to have been in full 54

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chapter 60 of the laws of 2015, took effect.

force and effect on the same date and in the same manner as part D of

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PART Q

2 Section 1. Subdivision 5 of section 183-a of the tax law, as amended 3 by section 61 of part A of chapter 59 of the laws of 2014, is amended to 4 read as follows:

5 5. The report covering the tax surcharge which must be calculated pursuant to this section based upon the tax reportable on the report due 6 7 by March fifteenth of any year under section one hundred eighty-three of 8 this article, for taxable years beginning before January first, two thousand sixteen, and on the report due by April fifteenth of any year 9 under section one hundred eighty-three of this article, for taxable 10 years beginning on or after January first, two thousand sixteen, shall 11 12 be filed on or before March fifteenth of the year next succeeding such 13 year, for taxable years beginning before January first, two thousand 14 sixteen, and on or before April fifteenth of the year next succeeding 15 such year, for taxable years beginning on or after January first, two 16 thousand sixteen. An extension pursuant to section one hundred ninety-17 three of this article shall be allowed only if a taxpayer files with the 18 commissioner an application for extension in such form as said commis-19 sioner may prescribe by regulation and pays on or before the date of 20 such filing in addition to any other amounts required under this arti-21 either ninety percent of the entire tax surcharge required to be cle, 22 paid under this section for the applicable period, or not less than the 23 tax surcharge shown on the taxpayer's report for the preceding year, if such preceding year consisted of twelve months. The tax surcharge 24 25 imposed by this section shall be payable to the commissioner in full at 26 the time the report is required to be filed, and such tax surcharge or 27 the balance thereof, imposed on any taxpayer which ceases to exercise 28 its franchise or be subject to the tax surcharge imposed by this section 29 shall be payable to the commissioner at the time the report is required 30 to be filed, provided such tax surcharge of a domestic corporation which continues to possess its franchise shall be subject to adjustment as the 31 32 circumstances may require; all other tax surcharges of any such taxpayer, which pursuant to the foregoing provisions of this section would 33 otherwise be payable subsequent to the time such report is required to 34 35 be filed, shall nevertheless be payable at such time. All of the 36 provisions of this article presently applicable to section one hundred 37 eighty-three of this article are applicable to the tax surcharge imposed 38 by this section except for section one hundred ninety-two of this arti-39 cle.

40 § 2. Subdivision 4 of section 186-a of the tax law, as amended by 41 chapter 536 of the laws of 1998, is amended to read as follows:

42 4. Every utility subject to tax hereunder shall file, on or before 43 March fifteenth of each year, a return for the year ended on the preced-44 ing December thirty-first, for taxable years beginning before January 45 first, two thousand sixteen, except that the year ended on December 46 thirty-first, nineteen hundred seventy-six shall be deemed, for the purposes of this subdivision, to have commenced on June first, nineteen 47 48 hundred seventy-six, and shall file, on or before April fifteenth of 49 each year, a return for the year ended on the preceding December thir-50 ty-first, for taxable years beginning on or after January first, two 51 thousand sixteen, including any period for which the tax imposed hereby or by any amendment hereof is effective, each of which returns shall 52 53 state the gross income or gross operating income for the period covered 54 by each such return. Returns shall be filed with the commissioner of taxation and finance on a form to be furnished by the commissioner for 55



1 such purpose and shall contain such other data, information or matter as the commissioner may require to be included therein. Notwithstanding the 2 foregoing provisions of this subdivision, the commissioner may require 3 any utility to file an annual return, which shall contain any data spec-4 5 ified by the commissioner, regardless of whether the utility is subject 6 to tax under this section; and the commissioner may require a landlord 7 selling to a tenant gas, electric, steam, water or refrigeration or 8 furnishing gas, electric, steam, water or refrigerator service, where the same has been subjected to tax under this section on the sale to 9 such landlord, to file, on or before the fifteenth day of March of each 10 11 year, for taxable years beginning before January first, two thousand 12 sixteen, and on or before the fifteenth day of April of each year, for 13 taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand sixteen, 14 an information return for the year ended on the preceding December thir-15 ty-first, covering such year in such form and containing such data as 16 the commissioner may specify. Every return shall have annexed thereto a certification by the head of the utility making the same, or of the 17 18 owner or of a co-partner thereof, or of a principal officer of the 19 corporation, if such business be conducted by a corporation, to the effect that the statements contained therein are true. 20

S 3. Subdivision 6 of section 186-e of the tax law, as added by chapter 2 of the laws of 1995, is amended to read as follows:

23 6. Returns. Every provider of telecommunication services subject to 24 tax under this section shall file, on or before March fifteenth of each 25 year, for taxable years beginning before January first, two thousand sixteen, and on or before April fifteenth of each year, for taxable 26 27 years beginning on or after January first, two thousand sixteen, a 28 return for the year ended on the preceding December thirty-first, and 29 pay the tax due, which return shall state the gross receipts for the period covered by each such return and the resale exclusions during such 30 period. Returns shall be filed with the commissioner on a form to be 31 furnished by the commissioner for such purpose and shall contain such 32 33 other data, information or matter as the commissioner may require to be included therein. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this 34 subdivision, the commissioner may require any provider of telecommuni-35 36 cation services to file an annual return, which shall contain any data 37 specified by the commissioner, regardless of whether such provider is 38 subject to tax under this section. Every return shall have annexed ther-39 eto a certification by the head of the provider of telecommunication 40 services making the same, or of the owner or of a partner or member 41 thereof, or of a principal officer of the corporation, if such business 42 be conducted by a corporation, to the effect that the statements 43 contained therein are true.

44 § 4. Subdivision 1 of section 192 of the tax law, as amended by chap-45 ter 96 of the laws of 1976, is amended to read as follows:

46 1. Corporations paying franchise tax. Every corporation, association 47 or joint-stock company liable to pay a tax under section one hundred eighty-three or one hundred eighty-five of this chapter shall, on or 48 49 before March fifteenth in each year, for taxable years beginning before 50 January first, two thousand sixteen, and on or before April fifteenth in 51 each year, for taxable years beginning on or after January first, two 52 thousand sixteen, make a written report to the [tax commission] commissioner of its condition at the close of its business on the preceding 53 54 December thirty-first, stating the amount of its authorized capital stock, the amount of stock paid in, the date and rate per centum of each 55 dividend paid by it during the year ending with such day, the entire 56



1 amount of the capital of such corporation, and the capital employed by 2 it in this state during such year. § 5. Subdivision 1 of section 192 of the tax law, as amended by 3 section 26 of part S of chapter 59 of the laws of 2014, is amended to 4 5 read as follows: 6 Corporations paying franchise tax. Every corporation, association 1. 7 or joint-stock company liable to pay a tax under section one hundred 8 eighty-three of this chapter shall, on or before March fifteenth in each 9 year, for taxable years beginning before January first, two thousand sixteen, and on or before April fifteenth in each year, for taxable 10 years beginning on or after January first, two thousand sixteen, make a 11 12 written report to the [tax commission] commissioner of its condition at 13 the close of its business on the preceding December thirty-first, stat-14 ing the amount of its authorized capital stock, the amount of stock paid 15 in, the date and rate per centum of each dividend paid by it during the 16 year ending with such day, the entire amount of the capital of such 17 corporation, and the capital employed by it in this state during such 18 year. 19 § 6. Subdivision 2 of section 192 of the tax law, as amended by chap-20 ter 96 of the laws of 1976, is amended to read as follows: 21 2. Transportation and transmission corporations. Every transportation 22 or transmission corporation, joint-stock company or association liable 23 to pay an additional franchise tax under section one hundred eighty-four 24 of this chapter, shall also, on or before March fifteenth of each year, 25 make a written report to the [tax commission] commissioner of the amount 26 of its gross earnings subject to the tax imposed by said section for the 27 year ended on the preceding December thirty-first, for taxable years 28 beginning before January first, two thousand sixteen, except that the 29 year ended on December thirty-first, nineteen hundred seventy-six shall be deemed, for the purposes of this subdivision, to have commenced on 30 July first, nineteen hundred seventy-six, and shall also, on or before 31 32 April fifteenth of each year, make a written report to the commissioner 33 of the amount of its gross earnings subject to the tax imposed by said section for the year ended on the preceding December thirty-first, for 34 taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand sixteen. 35 36 Any such corporation, joint-stock company or association which ceases to 37 be subject to the tax imposed by section one hundred eighty-four of this 38 chapter by reason of a liquidation, dissolution, merger or consolidation 39 with any other corporation, or any other cause, shall, on the date of 40 such cessation or at such other time as the [tax commission] commission-41 er may require, make a written report to the [tax commission] commis-42 sioner of the amount of its gross earnings subject to the tax imposed by 43 section one hundred eighty-four of this chapter for any period for which 44 no report was theretofore filed. Any corporation, joint-stock company or 45 association subject to a tax upon dividends under said section one 46 hundred eighty-four of this chapter shall also include in its report 47 under this subdivision required to be filed a statement of the authorized capital of the company, the amount of capital stock issued, and the 48 49 amount of dividends of every nature paid during the year ended on the 50 preceding December thirty-first. As to tax payers subject to such tax 51 upon dividends under said section one hundred eighty-four of this chap-52 ter, the year ended on December thirty-first, nineteen hundred seventysix shall be deemed, for the purposes of this subdivision, to have 53 commenced on July first, nineteen hundred seventy-six. 54



1 § 7. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 of section 197-b of the tax law, 2 as amended by section 1 of part G-1 of chapter 57 of the laws of 2009, 3 is amended to read as follows:

(a) For taxable years beginning on or after January first, nineteen 4 5 hundred seventy-seven, every taxpayer subject to tax under section one hundred eighty-two, one hundred eighty-two-a, former section one hundred 6 7 eighty-two-b, one hundred eighty-four, one hundred eighty-six-a or one 8 hundred eighty-six-e of this article, must pay in each year an amount equal to (i) twenty-five percent of the tax imposed under each of such 9 sections for the preceding taxable year if the preceding year's tax 10 exceeded one thousand dollars but was equal to or less than one hundred 11 12 thousand dollars, or (ii) forty percent of the tax imposed under any of 13 these sections for the preceding taxable year if the preceding year's 14 tax exceeded one hundred thousand dollars. If the preceding year's tax 15 under section one hundred eighty-four, one hundred eighty-six-a or one 16 hundred eighty-six-e of this article exceeded one thousand dollars and 17 the taxpayer is subject to the tax surcharge imposed by section one 18 hundred eighty-four-a or one hundred eighty-six-c of this article, 19 respectively, the taxpayer must also pay in each such year an amount equal to (i) twenty-five percent of the tax surcharge imposed under such 20 21 section for the preceding taxable year if the preceding year's tax 22 exceeded one thousand dollars but was equal to or less than one hundred 23 thousand dollars, or (ii) forty percent of the tax surcharge imposed under that section for the preceding taxable year if the preceding 24 year's tax exceeded one hundred thousand dollars. The amount or amounts 25 must be paid with the return or report required to be filed with respect 26 27 to the tax or tax surcharge for the preceding taxable year or with an 28 application for extension of the time for filing the return or report, 29 for taxable years beginning before January first, two thousand sixteen, and must be paid on or before the fifteenth day of the third month 30 31 following the close of the taxable year, for taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand sixteen. 32

33 § 8. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 of section 209 of the tax law, as 34 amended by section 5 of part A of chapter 59 of the laws of 2014, is 35 amended to read as follows:

36 (a) For the privilege of exercising its corporate franchise, or of 37 doing business, or of employing capital, or of owning or leasing proper-38 ty in this state in a corporate or organized capacity, or of maintaining 39 an office in this state, or of deriving receipts from activity in this 40 state, for all or any part of each of its fiscal or calendar years, 41 every domestic or foreign corporation, except corporations specified in 42 subdivision four of this section, shall annually pay a franchise tax, 43 upon the basis of its business income base, or upon such other basis as 44 may be applicable as hereinafter provided, for such fiscal or calendar 45 year or part thereof, on a report which shall be filed, except as here-46 inafter provided, on or before the fifteenth day of March next succeed-47 ing the close of each such year, for taxable years beginning before January first, two thousand sixteen, and on or before the fifteenth day 48 49 of April next succeeding the close of each such year, for taxable years 50 beginning on or after January first, two thousand sixteen, or, in the 51 case of a corporation which reports on the basis of a fiscal year, with-52 in two and one-half months after the close of such fiscal year, for 53 taxable years beginning before January first, two thousand sixteen, and on or before the fifteenth day of the fourth month after the close of 54 55 such fiscal year, for taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand sixteen, and shall be paid as hereinafter provided. 56



§ 9. Subdivision 1 of section 211 of the tax law, as amended by chapter 436 of the laws of 1974, the opening paragraph as amended by chapter 3 190 of the laws of 1990 and the second undesignated paragraph as amended 4 by chapter 542 of the laws of 1985, is amended to read as follows:

5 1. Every taxpayer[, as well as every foreign corporation having an 6 employee, including any officer, within the state,] shall annually on or 7 before March fifteenth, for taxable years beginning before January 8 first, two thousand sixteen, and annually on or before April fifteenth, 9 for taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand sixteen, transmit to the [tax commission] commissioner a report in a 10 form prescribed by [it] the commissioner (except that a corporation 11 12 which reports on the basis of a fiscal year shall transmit its report 13 within two and one-half months after the close of its fiscal year, for 14 taxable years beginning before January first, two thousand sixteen, and 15 on or before the fifteenth day of the fourth month after the close of 16 its fiscal year, for taxable years beginning on or after January first, 17 two thousand sixteen, and except, also, that a corporation which is a 18 DISC shall transmit its report on or before the fifteenth day of the 19 ninth month following the close of its calendar or fiscal year), setting 20 forth such information as the [tax commission] commissioner mav 21 prescribe and every taxpayer which ceases to exercise its franchise or 22 to be subject to the tax imposed by this article shall transmit to the 23 [tax commission] commissioner a report on the date of such cessation or 24 at such other time as the [tax commission] commissioner may require 25 covering each year or period for which no report was theretofore filed. In the case of a termination year of an S corporation, the S short year 26 27 and the C short year shall be treated as separate short taxable years, 28 provided, however, the due date of the report for the S short year shall be the same as the due date of the report for the C short year. Every 29 taxpayer shall also transmit such other reports and such facts and 30 information as the [tax commission] commissioner may require in the 31 administration of this article. The [tax commission] commissioner may 32 33 grant a reasonable extension of time for filing reports whenever good 34 cause exists.

An automatic extension of six months for the filing of its annual report shall be allowed any taxpayer if, within the time prescribed by the preceding paragraph, such taxpayer files with the [tax commission] <u>commissioner</u> an application for extension in such form as [said commission] <u>the commissioner</u> may prescribe by regulation and pays on or before the date of such filing the amount properly estimated as its tax.

§ 10. Subdivision (a) of section 213-b of the tax law, as amended by section 2 of part G-1 of chapter 57 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:

44 (a) First installments for certain taxpayers. -- In privilege periods of 45 twelve months ending at any time during the calendar year nineteen 46 hundred seventy and thereafter, every taxpayer subject to the tax 47 imposed by section two hundred nine of this chapter must pay with the report required to be filed for the preceding privilege period, or with 48 49 an application for extension of the time for filing the report, for 50 taxable years beginning before January first, two thousand sixteen, and 51 must pay on or before the fifteenth day of the third month of such priv-52 ilege periods, for taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand sixteen, an amount equal to (i) twenty-five percent of the 53 preceding year's tax if the preceding year's tax exceeded one thousand 54 55 dollars but was equal to or less than one hundred thousand dollars, or (ii) forty percent of the preceding year's tax if the preceding year's 56

1 tax exceeded one hundred thousand dollars. If the preceding year's tax 2 under section two hundred nine of this chapter exceeded one thousand 3 dollars and the taxpayer is subject to the tax surcharge imposed by section two hundred nine-B of this chapter, the taxpayer must also pay 4 with the tax surcharge report required to be filed for the preceding 5 6 privilege period, or with an application for extension of the time for 7 filing the report, for taxable years beginning before January first, two 8 thousand sixteen, and must pay on or before the fifteenth day of the 9 third month of such privilege periods, for taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand sixteen, an amount equal to (i) twen-10 11 ty-five percent of the tax surcharge imposed for the preceding year if 12 the preceding year's tax was equal to or less than one hundred thousand 13 dollars, or (ii) forty percent of the tax surcharge imposed for the 14 preceding year if the preceding year's tax exceeded one hundred thousand 15 dollars.

16 § 11. Subdivision (f) of section 213-b of the tax law, as amended by 17 chapter 613 of the laws of 1976, is amended to read as follows:

18 (f) The preceding year's tax defined.-- As used in this section, "the 19 preceding year's tax" means the tax imposed upon the taxpayer by section two hundred nine of this chapter for the preceding calendar or fiscal 20 21 year, or, for purposes of computing the first installment of estimated 22 tax when either the mandatory first installment is paid pursuant to 23 subdivision (a) of this section or an application has been filed for 24 extension of the time for filing the report required to be filed for 25 such preceding calendar or fiscal year, the amount properly estimated pursuant to section two hundred thirteen of this chapter as the tax 26 27 imposed upon the taxpayer for such calendar or fiscal year.

28 § 12. Paragraph 1 of subsection (c) of section 658 of the tax law, as 29 amended by chapter 760 of the laws of 1992, is amended to read as 30 follows:

31 (1) Partnerships. Every partnership having a resident partner or having any income derived from New York sources, determined in accord-32 33 ance with the applicable rules of section six hundred thirty-one as in the case of a nonresident individual, shall make a return for the taxa-34 ble year setting forth all items of income, gain, loss and deduction and 35 36 such other pertinent information as the commissioner may by regulations 37 and instructions prescribe. Such return shall be filed on or before the 38 fifteenth day of the fourth month following the close of each taxable 39 year, for taxable years beginning before January first, two thousand 40 sixteen, and on or before the fifteenth day of the third month following 41 the close of each taxable year, for taxable years beginning on or after 42 January first, two thousand sixteen, except that the due date for the 43 return of a partnership consisting entirely of nonresident aliens shall 44 be the date prescribed for the filing of its federal partnership return 45 for the taxable year. For purposes of this paragraph, "taxable year" 46 means a year or a period which would be a taxable year of the partner-47 ship if it were subject to tax under this article.

48 § 13. Subparagraph (A) of paragraph 3 of subsection (c) of section 658 49 of the tax law, as amended by section 18 of part U of chapter 61 of the 50 laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:

51 (A) Every subchapter K limited liability company, every limited 52 liability company that is a disregarded entity for federal income tax 53 purposes, and every partnership which has any income derived from New 54 York sources, determined in accordance with the applicable rules of 55 section six hundred thirty-one of this article as in the case of a 56 nonresident individual, shall[, within sixty days after the last day of



1 the taxable year,] on or before the fifteenth day of the third month 2 following the close of each taxable year make a payment of a filing fee. The amount of the filing fee is the amount set forth in subparagraph (B) 3 of this paragraph. The minimum filing fee is twenty-five dollars for 4 taxable years beginning in two thousand eight and thereafter. Limited 5 6 liability companies that are disregarded entities for federal income tax 7 purposes must pay a filing fee of twenty-five dollars for taxable years 8 beginning on or after January first, two thousand eight.

9 § 14. Subsection (i) of section 1087 of the tax law, as added by chap-10 ter 188 of the laws of 1964, is amended to read as follows:

11 (i) Prepaid tax. -- For purposes of this section, any tax paid by the 12 taxpayer before the last day prescribed for its payment (including any 13 amount paid by the taxpayer as estimated tax for a taxable year) shall 14 be deemed to have been paid by it on the fifteenth day of the third 15 month following the close of the taxable year the income of which is the 16 basis for tax under article nine-a, [nine-b or nine-c,] or on the last day prescribed in article nine for the filing of a final return for such 17 taxable year, or portion thereof, determined in all cases without regard 18 19 to any extension of time granted the taxpayer, for taxable years begin-20 ning before January first, two thousand sixteen, and on the fifteenth 21 day of the fourth month following the close of the taxable year the 22 income of which is the basis for tax under article nine-a, or on the 23 last day prescribed in article nine for the filing of a final return for 24 such taxable year, or portion thereof, determined in all cases without 25 regard to any extension of time granted the taxpayer, for taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand sixteen. 26

27 § 15. Paragraph 3 of subdivision (a) of section 1514 of the tax law, 28 as amended by section 89 of part A of chapter 389 of the laws of 1997, 29 is amended to read as follows:

(3) Such amount or amounts described in paragraphs one and two of this 30 subdivision shall be paid with the return required to be filed with 31 respect to such tax or tax surcharge for such preceding taxable year or 32 with an application for extension of the time for filing such return, 33 for taxable years beginning before January first, two thousand sixteen, 34 35 and shall be paid on or before the fifteenth day of the third month of 36 each taxable year, for taxable years beginning on or after January 37 first, two thousand sixteen.

38 § 16. Subdivision (f) of section 1514 of the tax law, as amended by 39 section 26 of part H3 of chapter 62 of the laws of 2003, is amended to 40 read as follows:

41 (f) The preceding year's tax defined. As used in this section, "the 42 preceding year's tax" means, for taxpayers subject to tax under subdivi-43 sion (b) of section fifteen hundred ten of this article, the taxes 44 imposed upon the taxpayer by sections fifteen hundred one and fifteen 45 hundred ten of this article from the preceding taxable year or as other-46 wise determined by subdivision (b) of section fifteen hundred five of 47 article, and for taxpayers subject to tax under section fifteen this hundred two-a of this article, the tax imposed upon the taxpayer by such 48 49 section fifteen hundred two-a of this article from the preceding year, 50 or for purposes of computing the first installment of estimated tax when 51 either the mandatory first installment is paid pursuant to subdivision 52 (a) of this section or an application has been filed for extension of the time for filing the return required to be filed for such preceding 53 taxable year, the amount properly estimated pursuant to paragraph one of 54 55 subdivision (b) of section fifteen hundred sixteen of this article as the tax imposed upon the taxpayer for such taxable year. 56



1 § 17. Subdivision (a) of section 1515 of the tax law, as added by 2 chapter 649 of the laws of 1974 and as further amended by section 104 of part A of chapter 62 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows: 3 (a) Every taxpayer and every other foreign and alien insurance corpo-4 ration having an employee, including any officer, in this state or 5 having an agent or representative in this state, shall annually, on or 6 7 before the fifteenth day of the third month following the close of its 8 taxable year, for taxable years beginning before January first, two 9 thousand sixteen, and on or before the fifteenth day of the fourth month following the close of its taxable year, for taxable years beginning on 10 or after January first, two thousand sixteen, transmit to the [tax 11 12 commission] commissioner a return in a form prescribed by [it] the 13 commissioner setting forth such information as the [tax commission] 14 commissioner may prescribe and every taxpayer which ceases to exercise 15 its franchise or to be subject to the tax imposed by this article shall 16 transmit to the [tax commission] commissioner a return on the date of 17 such cessation or at such other time as the [tax commission] commissioner may require covering each year or period for which no return was 18 19 theretofore filed. A copy of each return required under this subdivision shall also be transmitted to the superintendent of financial services at 20 21 or before the times specified for filing such returns with the [tax 22 commission] commissioner. 23 § 18. Subdivisions (a) and (b) of section 11-514 of the administrative

24 code of the city of New York, subdivision (a) as amended by chapter 183 25 of the laws of 2009, are amended to read as follows:

(a) General. [On or before the fifteenth day of the fourth month 26 27 following the close of a taxable year, an] An unincorporated business 28 income tax return shall be made and filed, and the balance of any tax 29 shown on the face of such return, not previously paid as installments of estimated tax, shall be paid, on or before the fifteenth day of the 30 fourth month following the close of a taxable year for taxable years 31 beginning before January first, two thousand sixteen, and on or before 32 33 the fifteenth day of the third month following the close of a taxable 34 year for taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand 35 sixteen:

(1) by or for every unincorporated business, for taxable years beginning after nineteen hundred eighty-six but before nineteen hundred ninety-seven, having unincorporated business gross income, determined for purposes of this subdivision without any deduction for the cost of goods sold or services performed, of more than ten thousand dollars, or having any amount of unincorporated business taxable income;

42 (2) by or for every partnership, for taxable years beginning after 43 nineteen hundred ninety-six but before two thousand nine, having unin-44 corporated business gross income, determined for purposes of this subdi-45 vision without any deduction for the cost of goods sold or services 46 performed, of more than twenty-five thousand dollars, or having unincor-47 porated business taxable income of more than fifteen thousand dollars;

(3) by or for every unincorporated business other than a partnership, for taxable years beginning after nineteen hundred ninety-six but before two thousand nine, having unincorporated business gross income, determined for purposes of this subdivision without any deduction for the cost of goods sold or services performed, of more than seventy-five thousand dollars, or having unincorporated business taxable income of more than thirty-five thousand dollars; and

55 (4) by or for every unincorporated business, for taxable years begin-56 ning after two thousand eight, having unincorporated business gross





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1 determined for purposes of this subdivision without any income, 2 deduction for the cost of goods sold or services performed, of more than 3 ninety-five thousand dollars. (b) Decedents. The return for any deceased individual shall be made 4 5 and filed by his or her executor, administrator, or other person charged 6 with his or her property. If a final return of a decedent is for a frac-7 tional part of a year, the due date of such return shall be, for taxable 8 years beginning before January first, two thousand sixteen, the 9 fifteenth day of the fourth month following the close of the twelve-10 month period [which] that began with the first day of such fractional 11 part of the year, and, for taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand sixteen, the fifteenth day of the third month 12 13 following the close of the twelve-month period that began with the first 14 day of such fractional part of the year. 15 § 19. Subdivision (i) of section 11-527 of the administrative code of 16 the city of New York is amended to read as follows: 17 (i) Prepaid tax. For purposes of this section, any tax paid by the 18 taxpayer before the last day prescribed for its payment and any amount 19 paid by the taxpayer as estimated tax for a taxable year shall be deemed 20 to have been paid by the taxpayer, for taxable years beginning before 21 January first, two thousand sixteen, on the fifteenth day of the fourth 22 month following the close of his or her taxable year with respect to which such amount constitutes a credit or payment, and, for taxable 23 24 years beginning on or after January first, two thousand sixteen, on the 25 fifteenth day of the third month following the close of his or her taxa-26 ble year with respect to which such amount constitutes a credit or 27 payment. 28 § 20. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 of section 11-653 of the adminis-29 trative code of the city of New York, as added by section 1 of part D of chapter 60 of the laws of 2015, is amended to read as follows: 30 (a) For the privilege of doing business, or of employing capital, or 31 of owning or leasing property in the city in a corporate or organized 32 capacity, or of maintaining an office in the city, for all or any part 33 of each of its fiscal or calendar years, every domestic or foreign 34 35 corporation, except corporations specified in subdivision four of this 36 section, shall annually pay a tax, upon the basis of its business income, or upon such other basis as may be applicable as hereinafter 37 38 provided, for such fiscal or calendar year or part thereof, on a report [which] that shall be filed, except as hereinafter provided, for taxable 39 40 years beginning before January first, two thousand sixteen, on or before 41 the fifteenth day of March next succeeding the close of each such calen-42 dar year, or, in the case of a taxpayer [which] that reports on the 43 basis of a fiscal year, within two and one-half months after the close 44 of each such fiscal year, and for taxable years beginning on or after 45 January first, two thousand sixteen, on or before the fifteenth day of 46 April next succeeding the close of each such calendar year, or, in the 47 case of a taxpayer that reports on the basis of a fiscal year, within 48 three and one-half months after the close of each such fiscal year, and 49 shall be paid as hereinafter provided. § 21. Subdivision 1 of section 11-655 of the administrative code of 50 51 the city of New York, as added by section 1 of part D of chapter 60 of 52 the laws of 2015, is amended to read as follows: 53 1. Every corporation having an officer, agent or representative within 54 the city, shall, annually on or before March fifteenth for taxable years 55 beginning before January first, two thousand sixteen, and annually on or



before April fifteenth for taxable years beginning on or after January

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1 first, two thousand sixteen, transmit to the commissioner of finance a 2 report, in a form prescribed by the commissioner of finance [(except that a corporation which reports on the basis of a fiscal year 3 shall transmit its report within two and one-half months after the close of 4 5 its fiscal year)], setting forth such information as the commissioner of 6 finance may prescribe, [and every] except that a corporation that 7 reports on the basis of a fiscal year shall transmit such report, for 8 taxable years beginning before January first, two thousand sixteen, 9 within two and one-half months after the close of its fiscal year, and, for taxable years beginning after January first, two thousand sixteen, 10 11 within three and one-half months after the close of its fiscal year. Every taxpayer [which] that ceases to do business in the city or to be 12 13 subject to the tax imposed by this subchapter shall transmit to the 14 commissioner of finance a report on the date of such cessation or at 15 such other time as the commissioner of finance may require covering each 16 year or period for which no report was theretofore filed. Every taxpayer 17 shall also transmit such other reports and such facts and information as 18 the commissioner of finance may require in the administration of this 19 subchapter. The commissioner of finance may grant a reasonable extension of time for filing reports whenever good cause exists. 20 21 An automatic extension of six months for the filing of its annual

22 report shall be allowed any taxpayer if, within the time prescribed by 23 the preceding paragraph, whichever is applicable, such taxpayer files 24 with the commissioner of finance an application for extension in such 25 form as the commissioner of finance may prescribe by regulation and pays 26 on or before the date of such filing the amount properly estimated as 27 its tax.

28 § 22. Subdivision 1 of section 11-658 of the administrative code of 29 the city of New York, as added by section 1 of part D of chapter 60 of 30 the laws of 2015, is amended to read as follows:

31 1. [Every] For taxable years beginning before January first, two thou-32 sand sixteen, every taxpayer subject to the tax imposed by section 33 11-653 of this subchapter shall pay with the report required to be filed 34 for the preceding privilege period, if any, or with an application for 35 extension of the time and filing such report, an amount equal to twen-36 ty-five per centum of the preceding year's tax if such preceding year's 37 tax exceeded one thousand dollars. For taxable years beginning on or 38 after January first, two thousand sixteen, such amount shall be paid on 39 or before the fifteenth day of March next succeeding the close of each 40 such calendar year, or, in the case of a taxpayer that reports on the 41 basis of a fiscal year, within two and one-half months after the close 42 of each such fiscal year.

43 § 23. Subdivision 6 of section 11-658 of the administrative code of 44 the city of New York, as added by section 1 of part D of chapter 60 of 45 the laws of 2015, is amended to read as follows:

46 6. As used in this section, "the preceding year's tax" means the tax imposed upon the taxpayer by section 11-653 of this subchapter for the 47 preceding calendar or fiscal year, or, for purposes of computing the 48 first installment of estimated tax when either the mandatory first 49 50 installment is paid pursuant to subdivision one of this section or an 51 application has been filed for extension of the time for filing the 52 report required to be filed for such preceding calendar or fiscal year, the amount properly estimated pursuant to section 11-657 of this 53 subchapter as the tax imposed upon the taxpayer for such calendar or 54 55 fiscal year.

1 § 24. This act shall take effect immediately provided, however, that 2 section five of this act shall take effect on the same date and in the 3 same manner as section 26 of part S of chapter 59 of the laws of 2014, 4 takes effect, and that section five of this act shall apply to taxable 5 years beginning on or after January 1, 2018 and that section thirteen of 6 this act shall apply to taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 7 2016.

8

#### PART R

9 Section 1. Subparagraph (iv) of paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 of 10 section 210 of the tax law, as amended by section 12 of part A of chap-11 ter 59 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows:

12 (iv) (A) for taxable years beginning before January first, two thou-13 sand sixteen, if the business income base is not more than two hundred 14 ninety thousand dollars the amount shall be six and one-half percent of 15 the business income base; if the business income base is more than two 16 hundred ninety thousand dollars but not over three hundred ninety thou-17 sand dollars the amount shall be the sum of (1) eighteen thousand eight 18 hundred fifty dollars, (2) seven and one-tenth percent of the excess of 19 the business income base over two hundred ninety thousand dollars but 20 not over three hundred ninety thousand dollars and (3) four and thirtyfive hundredths percent of the excess of the business income base over 21 22 three hundred fifty thousand dollars but not over three hundred ninety 23 thousand dollars;

24 (B) for taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thou-25 sand seventeen, if the business income base is not more than two hundred 26 ninety thousand dollars the amount shall be four percent of the business 27 income base; if the business income base is more than two hundred ninety 28 thousand dollars but not over three hundred ninety thousand dollars the 29 amount shall be the sum of (1) eleven thousand six hundred dollars, (2) six and one-half percent of the excess of the business income base over 30 31 two hundred ninety thousand dollars but not over three hundred ninety 32 thousand dollars and (3) eighteen and thirteen hundredths percent of the excess of the business income base over three hundred fifty thousand 33 34 dollars but not over three hundred ninety thousand dollars;

35 § 2. Paragraph 39 of subsection (c) of section 612 of the tax law, as 36 added by section 1 of part Y of chapter 59 of the laws of 2013, is 37 amended to read as follows:

38 (39) (A) In the case of a taxpayer who is a small business or a 39 taxpayer who is a member, partner, or shareholder of a limited liability 40 company, partnership, or New York S corporation, respectively, that is a 41 small business, who or which has business income and/or farm income as 42 defined in the laws of the United States, an amount equal to [three] 43 fifteen percent of the net items of income, gain, loss and deduction 44 attributable to such business or farm entering into federal adjusted 45 gross income, but not less than zero[, for taxable years beginning after two thousand thirteen, an amount equal to three and three-quarters 46 47 percent of the net items of income, gain, loss and deduction attributable to such business or farm entering into federal adjusted gross 48 49 income, but not less than zero, for taxable years beginning after two 50 thousand fourteen, and an amount equal to five percent of the net items of income, gain, loss and deduction attributable to such business or 51 farm entering into federal adjusted gross income, but not less than 52 53 zero, for taxable years beginning after two thousand fifteen].



1 (B) (i) For the purposes of this paragraph, the term small business 2 shall mean: (I) a sole proprietor [or a farm business] who employs one 3 or more persons during the taxable year and who has net business income or net farm income of less than two hundred fifty thousand dollars, or 4 5 (II) a limited liability company, partnership or New York S corporation 6 that during the taxable year employs one or more persons and has New 7 York gross business income attributable to a non-farm business that is 8 greater than zero but less than one million five hundred thousand 9 dollars or net farm income attributable to a farm business that is greater than zero but less than two hundred fifty thousand dollars. 10 11 (ii) For purposes of this paragraph, the term New York gross business 12 income shall mean: (I) in the case of a limited liability company or a 13 partnership New York source gross income as defined in subparagraph (B) 14 of paragraph three of subsection (c) of section six hundred fifty-eight 15 of this article, and, (II) in the case of a New York S corporation, New 16 York receipts included in the numerator of the apportionment factor 17 determined under section two hundred ten-A of this chapter for the taxa-18 <u>ble year.</u> 19 (C) To qualify for this modification in relation to a non-farm small 20 business that is a limited liability company, partnership or New York S 21 corporation, the taxpayer's income attributable to the net business 22 income from its ownership interests in non-farm limited liability companies, partnerships or New York S corporations must be less than two 23 24 hundred fifty thousand dollars. § 3. Paragraph 35 of subdivision (c) of section 11-1712 of the admin-25 istrative code of the city of New York, as added by section 2 of part Y 26 27 of chapter 59 of the laws of 2013, is amended to read as follows: 28 (35) (A) In the case of a taxpayer who is a small business or a 29 taxpayer who is a member, partner, or shareholder of a limited liability company, partnership, or New York S corporation, respectively, that is a 30 small business, who or which has business income and/or farm income as 31 defined in the laws of the United States, an amount equal to [three] 32 33 fifteen percent of the net items of income, gain, loss and deduction attributable to such business or farm entering into federal adjusted 34 gross income, but not less than zero[, for taxable years beginning after 35 36 two thousand thirteen, an amount equal to three and three-quarters 37 percent of the net items of income, gain, loss and deduction attribut-38 able to such business or farm entering into federal adjusted gross income, but not less than zero, for taxable years beginning after two 39 40 thousand fourteen, and an amount equal to five percent of the net items 41 of income, gain, loss and deduction attributable to such business or 42 farm entering into federal adjusted gross income, but not less than 43 zero, for taxable years beginning after two thousand fifteen]. 44 (B) (i) For the purposes of this paragraph, the term small business 45 shall mean: (I) a sole proprietor [or a farm business] who employs one 46 or more persons during the taxable year and who has net business income 47 or net farm income of less than two hundred fifty thousand dollars; or 48 (II) a limited liability company, partnership or New York S corporation 49 that during the taxable year employs one or more persons and has New 50 York gross business income attributable to a non-farm business that is 51 greater than zero but less than one million five hundred thousand 52 dollars or net farm income attributable to a farm business that is 53 greater than zero but less than two hundred fifty thousand dollars. (ii) For purposes of this paragraph, the term New York gross business 54 income shall mean: (I) in the case of a limited liability company or a 55 56 partnership, New York source gross income as defined in subparagraph (B)

1	of paragraph three of subsection (c) of section six hundred fifty-eight					
2	of article twenty-two of the tax law, and, (II) in the case of a New					
3	York S corporation, New York receipts included in the numerator of the					
4	apportionment factor determined under section two hundred ten-A of arti-					
5	cle nine-A of the tax law for the taxable year.					
6	(C) To qualify for this modification in relation to a non-farm small					
7	business that is a limited liability company, partnership or New York S					
8	corporation, the taxpayer's income attributable to the net business					
9	income from its ownership interests in non-farm limited liability compa-					
10	nies, partnerships or New York S corporations must be less than two					
11	hundred fifty thousand dollars.					
12	§ 4. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to taxable					
13	years beginning on or after January 1, 2017.					
14	PART S					
15	Intentionally Omitted					
16	PART T					
17	Section 1. Intentionally omitted.					
18	§ 2. Section 210-B of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivi-					
19	sion 49 to read as follows:					
20						
21						
22						
23	account, shall be allowed a credit, as hereinafter provided, against the					
24						
25	January first, two thousand sixteen but before January first, two thou-					
26	sand nineteen. The credit allowed under this subdivision for any taxable					
27	year may not reduce the tax due for that year to less than the amount					
28						
29						
30	subdivision for any taxable year reduces the tax to such amount, or if					
31	the taxpayer otherwise pays tax based on the fixed dollar minimum					
32	amount, any amount of credit thus not deductible in that taxable year					
33	shall be carried forward to the following year or years and may be					
34	deducted from the taxpayer's tax for such year or years.					
35	(b) For purposes of this subdivision, the following definitions shall					
36	apply:					
37	(1) "Motor vehicle" means a vehicle as defined in section one hundred					
38	<u>twenty-five of the vehicle and traffic law.</u>					
39	(2) "Farm vehicle" means a motor vehicle having a gross vehicle weight					
40	rating of not more than twenty-six thousand pounds that is owned by a					
41	person primarily engaged in production by means of (i) the planting,					
42	cultivation and harvesting of agricultural, vegetable and food products					
43	of the soil, including horticultural specialties such as nursery stock,					
44	ornamental shrubs, ornamental trees and flowers, (ii) the raising, feed-					
45	ing and care of livestock, bees, and poultry, or (iii) dairy farming.					
46	Such farm vehicle shall be principally used for the transportation of					
47	agricultural or dairy commodities or supplies, or used in conjunction					
48	with lumbering operations connected with but only incidental to the					
49	operation of a farm.					
50	(3) "E-ZPass business account" means a prepaid E-ZPass account issued					
51	by an authorized entity in a corporation's or commercial enterprise's					
52	name.					



1	(4) "E-ZPass commercial account" means a post-paid E-ZPass account					
2	issued by an authorized entity in a corporation's or commercial enter-					
3	prise's name.					
4	(c) (1) The credit for a taxpayer owning and operating a farm vehicle					
5	and holding an E-ZPass business or commercial account or accounts shall					
6	be in an amount equal to one hundred percent of the sum of all New York					
7	state thruway tolls paid by the taxpayer through such an account or					
8	accounts during the taxable year for that farm vehicle, provided the					
9	qualifying New York state thruway tolls were incurred in connection with					
10	farm operations.					
11	(2) If a taxpayer has more than one E-ZPass transponder on an account					
12	or has more than one account, all the New York state thruway tolls paid					
13	by the taxpayer for all E-ZPass transponders and all accounts shall be					
14	aggregated for purposes of applying the amounts of New York state thru-					
15	way tolls referenced in subparagraph one of this paragraph.					
16	(d) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the amount of any					
17	claim made for a New York state thruway tolls tax credit may be verified					
18	through E-ZPass toll receipt records created and maintained by the enti-					
19	ty authorized to issue the E-ZPass account and made available to, and					
20	upon request by, the department for this purpose.					
21	§ 3. Section 606 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subsection					
22	(ccc) to read as follows:					
23	(ccc) New York state thruway tolls tax credit. (1) A taxpayer that					
24	operates a farm vehicle in connection with farm operations, on the New					
25	York state thruway, and pays New York state thruway tolls through an					
26	E-ZPass account, shall be allowed a credit, as hereinafter provided,					
27	against the tax imposed by this article for taxable years beginning on					
28	or after January first, two thousand sixteen but before January first,					
29	two thousand nineteen. If the amount of credit allowable under this					
30	subsection for any taxable year exceeds the taxpayer's tax for such					
31	year, any amount of credit not deductible in such taxable year shall be					
32	carried forward to the following year or years and may be deducted from					
33	the taxpayer's tax for such year or years.					
34	(2) For purposes of this section, the following definitions shall					
35	<u>apply:</u>					
36	(a) "Motor vehicle" means a vehicle as defined in section one hundred					
37	twenty-five of the vehicle and traffic law.					
38	(b) "Farm vehicle" means a motor vehicle having a gross vehicle weight					
39	rating of not more than twenty-six thousand pounds that is owned by a					
40	person primarily engaged in production by means of (i) the planting,					
41	cultivation and harvesting of agricultural, vegetable and food products					
42	of the soil, including horticultural specialties such as nursery stock,					
43	ornamental shrubs, ornamental trees and flowers, (ii) the raising, feed-					
44	ing and care of livestock, bees, and poultry, or (iii) dairy farming.					
45	Such farm vehicle shall be principally used for the transportation of					
46	agricultural or dairy commodities or supplies, or used in conjunction					
47	with lumbering operations connected with but only incidental to the					
48	operation of a farm.					
49	(c) "E-ZPass business account" means a prepaid E-ZPass account issued					
50	by an authorized entity in a corporation's or commercial enterprise's					
51	name.					
52	(d) "E-ZPass commercial account" means a post-paid E-ZPass account					
53	issued by an authorized entity in a corporation's or commercial enter-					
54	prise's name.					
55	(3) (a) The credit for a taxpayer owning and operating a farm vehicle					
FC	and holding on E-ZDagg buginagg or gommorgial account or accounts shall					

56 and holding an E-ZPass business or commercial account or accounts shall



1	be in an amount equal to one hundred percent of the sum of all New York					
2	state thruway tolls paid by the taxpayer through such an account or					
3	accounts during the taxable year for that farm vehicle, provided the					
4	qualifying New York state thruway tolls were incurred in connection with					
5	farm operations.					
6	(b) If a taxpayer has more than one E-ZPass transponder on an account					
7	or has more than one account, all the New York state thruway tolls paid					
8	by the taxpayer for all E-ZPass transponders and all accounts shall be					
9	aggregated for purposes of applying the amounts of New York state thru-					
10	way tolls referenced in subparagraph (a) of this paragraph.					
11	(4) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the amount of any					
12	claim made for a New York state thruway tolls tax credit may be verified					
13	through E-ZPass toll receipts records created and maintained by the					
14	entity authorized to issue the E-ZPass account and made available to,					
15	and upon request by, the department of taxation and finance for this					
16	purpose.					
17	§ 4. Subparagraph (B) of paragraph 1 of subsection (i) of section 606					
18	of the tax law is amended by adding a new clause (xli) to read as					
19	follows:					
20	(xli) New York state <u>Amount of credit under</u>					
21	thruway tolls tax credit subdivision forty-nine of					
22	under subsection (ccc) section two hundred ten-B					
23	§ 5. Intentionally omitted.					
24	§ 6. Paragraph (b) of subdivision 9 of section 208 of the tax law is					
25	amended by adding a new subparagraph 22 to read as follows:					
26	(22) the amount of any New York state thruway tolls used in the calcu-					
27	lation of any credit allowed under subdivision forty-nine of section two					
28	hundred ten-B of this article.					
29	§ 7. Subsection (b) of section 612 of the tax law is amended by adding					
30	a new paragraph 43 to read as follows:					
31	(43) The amount of any New York state thruway tolls used in the calcu-					
32	lation of any credit allowed under subsection (ccc) of section six					
33	hundred six of this article.					
34	§ 8. Intentionally omitted.					
35	§ 9. This act shall take effect immediately.					
36	PART U					
37	Section 1. Section 19 of Part W-1 of chapter 109 of the laws of 2006					
38	amending the tax law and other laws relating to providing exemptions,					
39	reimbursements and credits from various taxes for certain alternative					
40	fuels, as amended by section 1 of part V of chapter 59 of the laws of					
41	2014, is amended to read as follows:					
42	§ 19. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however, that					
43	sections one through thirteen of this act shall take effect September 1,					
44	2006 and shall be deemed repealed on September 1, [2016] 2021 and such					
45	repeal shall apply in accordance with the applicable transitional					
46	provisions of sections 1106 and 1217 of the tax law, and shall apply to					
47 4 0	sales made, fuel compounded or manufactured, and uses occurring on or after such date, and with respect to sections seven through eleven of					
48						
49	this act, in accordance with applicable transitional provisions of					
49 50	this act, in accordance with applicable transitional provisions of sections 1106 and 1217 of the tax law; provided, however, that the					
49 50 51	this act, in accordance with applicable transitional provisions of sections 1106 and 1217 of the tax law; provided, however, that the commissioner of taxation and finance shall be authorized on and after					
49 50 51 52	this act, in accordance with applicable transitional provisions of sections 1106 and 1217 of the tax law; provided, however, that the commissioner of taxation and finance shall be authorized on and after the date this act shall have become a law to adopt and amend any rules					
49 50 51	this act, in accordance with applicable transitional provisions of sections 1106 and 1217 of the tax law; provided, however, that the commissioner of taxation and finance shall be authorized on and after					



1 sixteen of this act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to 2 taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2006. § 2. This act shall take effect immediately. 3

4

PART V

Section 1. Section 37 of the tax law, as added by chapter 109 of the 5 laws of 2012, subdivision (c) as amended by section 52 of part A of 6 chapter 59 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows: 7

§ 37. [Beer] <u>Alcoholic beverage</u> production credit. (a) General. A 8 9 taxpayer subject to tax under article nine-A or twenty-two of this chap-10 ter, that is registered as a distributor under article eighteen of this 11 chapter, and that produces sixty million or fewer gallons of beer or 12 cider, twenty million or fewer gallons of wine, or eight hundred thou-13 sand or fewer gallons of liquor in this state in the taxable year, shall 14 be allowed a credit against such taxes in the amount specified in subdi-15 vision (b) of this section and pursuant to the provisions referenced in subdivision (c) of this section. Provided, however, that no credit shall 16 17 be allowed for any beer, cider, wine or liquor produced in excess of fifteen million five hundred thousand gallons in the taxable year. If 18 19 the taxpayer is a partner in a partnership or shareholder of a New York 20 S corporation, then the cap imposed by the preceding sentence shall be 21 applied at the entity level, so that the aggregate credit allowed to all 22 the partners or shareholders of each such entity in the taxable year 23 does not exceed that cap.

24 The amount of the credit per taxpayer per taxable year (or pro (b) 25 rata share of earned credit in the case of a partnership) for each 26 gallon of beer, cider, wine or liquor produced in this state [on or 27 after April first, two thousand twelve] shall be determined as follows:

28 (1) for the first five hundred thousand gallons of beer, cider, wine 29 or liquor produced in this state in the taxable year, the credit shall 30 equal fourteen cents per gallon; and

31 (2) for each gallon of beer, cider, wine or liquor produced in this state in the taxable year in excess of five hundred thousand gallons, 32 the credit shall equal four and one-half cents per gallon. 33

34 (c) Cross-references. For application of the credit provided for in 35 this section, see the following provisions of this chapter:

36 (1) Article 9-A: Section 210-B, subdivision 39.

37 (2) Article 22: Section 606, subsections (i) and (uu).

38 § 2. Subdivision 39 of section 210-B of the tax law, as added by 39 section 17 of part A of chapter 59 of the laws of 2014, is amended to 40 read as follows:

41 39. [Beer] <u>Alcoholic beverage</u> production credit. A taxpayer shall be 42 allowed a credit, to be computed as provided in section thirty-seven of 43 this chapter, against the tax imposed by this article. In no event shall 44 the credit allowed under this subdivision for any taxable year reduce 45 the tax due for such year to less than the amount prescribed in paragraph (d) of subdivision one of section two hundred ten of this article. 46 47 However, if the amount of credit allowed under this subdivision for any 48 taxable year reduces the tax to such amount or if the taxpayer otherwise 49 pays tax based on the fixed dollar minimum amount, any amount of credit 50 thus not deductible in such taxable year shall be treated as an overpayment of tax to be credited or refunded in accordance with the provisions 51 of section one thousand eighty-six of this chapter. Provided, however, 52 the provisions of subsection (c) of section one thousand eighty-eight of 53 this chapter notwithstanding, no interest shall be paid thereon. 54



1 2	§ 3. Subdivision 3 of section 420 of the tax law, as amended by chap- ter 94 of the laws of 1934, is amended to read as follows:
3 4	3. "Alcoholic beverages" mean and include <u>ciders</u> , as defined by the <u>alcoholic beverage control law</u> , beers, wines or liquors.
5	§ 4. Section 424 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivision
6	6 to read as follows:
7	6. Notwithstanding any other provision of this article, there shall be
8	exempt from the taxes imposed under this article, alcoholic beverages
9	furnished by a licensed producer of alcoholic beverages at no charge to
10	a customer or prospective customer at a tasting held in accordance with
11	the alcoholic beverage control law for consumption at such tasting.
12	§ 5. Clause (xxxiv) of subparagraph (B) of paragraph 1 of subsection
13	(i) of section 606 of the tax law, as amended by section 68 of part A of
14	chapter 59 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows:
15	(xxxiv) [Beer] <u>Alcoholic beverage</u> Amount of credit
16	production credit under under subdivision thirty-nine of
17	subsection (uu) section two hundred ten-B
18	§ 6. Subsection (uu) of section 606 of the tax law, as added by chap-
19	ter 109 of the laws of 2012, is amended to read as follows:
20	(uu) [Beer] <u>Alcoholic beverage</u> production credit. A taxpayer shall be
21	allowed a credit, to be computed as provided in section thirty-seven of
22	this chapter, against the tax imposed by this article. If the amount of
23	the credit allowed under this subsection for any taxable year shall
24	exceed the taxpayer's tax for such year, the excess shall be treated as
25	an overpayment of tax to be credited or refunded in accordance with the
26	provisions of section six hundred eighty-six of this article, provided,
27	however, that no interest shall be paid thereon. § 7. Subdivision 13 of section 1118 of the tax law, as added by
28 29	§ 7. Subdivision 13 of section 1118 of the tax law, as added by section 2 of part U of chapter 59 of the laws of 2015, is amended to
30	read as follows:
31	(13) In respect to the use of the following items at a tasting held by
32	a licensed [brewery, farm brewery, cider producer, farm cidery, distil-
33	lery or farm distillery] producer of alcoholic beverages in accordance
34	with the alcoholic beverage control law: (i) the alcoholic beverage or
35	beverages authorized by the alcoholic beverage control law to be
36	furnished at no charge to a customer or prospective customer at such
37	tasting for consumption at such tasting; and (ii) bottles, corks, caps
38	and labels used to package such alcoholic beverages.
39	§ 8. This act shall take effect immediately, provided, however, that:
40	sections one, two, five and six of this act shall apply to taxable years
41	beginning on or after January 1, 2016; sections three and four of this
42	act shall apply to taxable periods beginning on or after April 1, 2016;
43	and section seven of this act shall apply to uses occurring on and after
44	June 1, 2016.
45	PART W
46	Section 1. The tax law is amended by adding a new section 478-a to
40 47	read as follows:
48	§ 478-a. Jeopardy assessments. If the commissioner believes that the
49	collection of any tax will be jeopardized by delay, he or she may deter-
50	mine the amount of such tax and assess the same, together with all
51	interest and penalties provided by law, against any person liable there-
52	for prior to the filing of his or her return and prior to the date when
53	his or her return is required to be filed. The amount so determined

54 shall become due and payable to the commissioner by the person against



36

1 whom such a jeopardy assessment is made, as soon as notice thereof is 2 given to him or her. The provisions of section four hundred seventy-3 eight of this article shall apply to any such determination except to the extent that they may be inconsistent with the provisions of this 4 section. The commissioner may abate any jeopardy assessment if he or she 5 6 finds that jeopardy does not exist. The collection of any jeopardy 7 assessment may be stayed by filing with the commissioner a bond issued 8 by a surety company authorized to transact business in this state and 9 approved by the superintendent of financial services as to solvency and 10 responsibility, or such other security acceptable to the commissioner, 11 conditioned upon payment of the amount assessed and interest thereon, or 12 any lesser amount to which such assessment may be reduced by the admin-13 istrative law judge or the tax appeals tribunal or by a proceeding under 14 article seventy-eight of the civil practice law and rules as provided in 15 section four hundred seventy-eight of this article, such payment to be 16 made when the assessment or any such reduction thereof becomes final and 17 not subject to further review. If such a bond is filed and thereafter a 18 proceeding under article seventy-eight of the civil practice law and 19 rules is commenced as provided in section four hundred seventy-eight of this article, deposit of the taxes, penalties and interest assessed 20 21 shall not be required as a condition precedent to the commencement of 22 such proceeding. Where a jeopardy assessment is made, any property 23 seized for the collection of the tax shall not be sold: (1) until expi-24 ration of the time to apply for a hearing as provided in section four 25 hundred seventy-eight of this article, and (2) if such application is 26 timely filed, until the expiration of the time to file an exception to 27 the determination of the administrative law judge or, if an exception is 28 timely filed, until four months after the tax appeals tribunal has given 29 notice of its decision to the person against whom the assessment is made; provided, however, such property may be sold at any time if such 30 person has failed to attend a hearing of which he or she has been duly 31 32 notified, or if he or she consents to the sale, or if the commissioner 33 determines that the expenses of conservation and maintenance will great-34 ly reduce the net proceeds, or if the property is perishable.

35 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

#### PART X

37 Section 1. Paragraph 2 of subdivision (e) of section 1105 of the tax 38 law, as amended by section 1 of part Q of chapter 59 of the laws of 39 2012, is amended to read as follows:

40 (2) Except as provided in subdivision (r) of section eleven hundred 41 eleven of this part, when occupancy is provided, for a single consider-42 ation, with property, services, amusement charges, or any other items, 43 the separate sale of which is not subject to tax under this article, and 44 the rent paid for such occupancy does not qualify for the exemption in 45 subdivision (kk) of section eleven hundred fifteen of this article, the entire consideration shall be treated as rent subject to tax under para-46 graph one of this subdivision; provided, however, that where the amount 47 48 of the rent for occupancy is stated separately from the price of such 49 property, services, amusement charges, or other items, on any sales 50 slip, invoice, receipt, or other statement given the occupant, and such rent is reasonable in relation to the value of such property, services, 51 52 amusement charges or other items, only such separately stated rent will be subject to tax under paragraph one of this subdivision. 53



1 § 2. Section 1115 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivi-2 sion (kk) to read as follows:

3 (kk) Rent paid by a room remarketer to an operator that is not a room remarketer for an occupancy that the room remarketer intends to provide 4 5 to an occupant for rent shall be exempt from the hotel unit fee imposed 6 by section eleven hundred four of this article and the tax imposed by 7 subdivision (e) of section eleven hundred five of this article, provided 8 that such room remarketer furnishes such operator a certificate in such 9 form and containing such information as may be prescribed by the commissioner. The exemption certificate provided for by this subdivision shall 10 11 be administered by the commissioner in conformity with the rules for 12 exemption or resale certificates in subparagraph (i) of paragraph one of 13 subdivision (c) of section eleven hundred thirty-two of this article.

14 § 3. Paragraph 4 of subdivision a of section 11-2502 of the adminis-15 trative code of the city of New York, as amended by section 4 of part Q 16 of chapter 59 of the laws of 2012, is amended to read as follows:

17 (i) When occupancy is provided, for a single consideration, with (4) 18 property, services, amusement charges, or any other items, the separate 19 sale of which is not subject to tax under this chapter, and the rent 20 paid for such occupancy does not qualify for the exemption in subdivi-21 sion 1 of this section, the entire consideration shall be treated as 22 rent subject to tax under paragraph one of this subdivision; provided, 23 however, that where the amount of the rent for occupancy is stated sepa-24 rately from the price of such property, services, amusement charges or 25 other items on any sales slip, invoice, receipt, or other statement given the occupant and such rent is reasonable in relation to the value 26 27 of such property, services, amusement charges, or other items, only such 28 separately stated rent will be subject to tax under this subdivision.

29 (ii) In regard to the collection of tax on occupancies by remarketers, 30 when occupancy is provided, for a single consideration, with property, services, amusement charges, or any other items, whether or not such 31 other items are taxable, the rent portion of the consideration for such 32 33 sale shall be computed as follows: the total consideration for the sale 34 multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which shall be the consideration paid to the hotel for the occupancy and the denominator of which 35 36 shall be the consideration paid to the hotel for the occupancy plus the 37 consideration paid to the providers of the other items being sold, or by 38 any other reasonable method pursuant to which the rent portion of 39 consideration would be no less than the computation of rent portion of 40 consideration under subparagraph (i) of this paragraph. Nothing herein 41 shall be construed to subject to tax or exempt from tax any service or 42 property or amusement charge or other items otherwise subject to tax or 43 exempt from tax under this chapter.

44 § 4. Section 11-2502 of the administrative code of the city of New 45 York is amended by adding a new subdivision 1 to read as follows:

46 1. An occupancy that an operator conveys or furnishes to a room 47 remarketer that the room remarketer intends to convey or furnish, directly or indirectly, to an occupant for rent shall be exempt from the 48 49 taxes imposed by this section, provided that such room remarketer 50 furnishes the operator with a certificate in such form and containing 51 such information as may be prescribed by the commissioner of finance. 52 The operator shall retain such statement and provide it to the commis-53 sioner of finance upon request.

54 § 5. This act shall take effect immediately and apply to rent paid for 55 occupancies on or after June 1, 2016.



1	PART Y						
2	Section 1. The section heading of section 951-a of the tax law, as						
3	added by chapter 190 of the laws of 1990, is amended to read as follows:						
4	[Definitions] <u>General provisions and definitions</u> .						
5	§ 2. Section 951-a of the tax law is amended by adding a new						
6	subsection (f) to read as follows:						
7	(f) Tax treatment of charitable contributions for determining domi-						
8	cile. Notwithstanding any other provision of any other law to the						
9	contrary, the making of a financial contribution, gift, bequest,						
10	donation or any other financial instrument or pledge in any amount or						
11	the donation or loan of any object of any value, or the volunteering,						
12	giving or donation of uncompensated time, or any combination of the						
13	foregoing, considered a charitable contribution under subsection (c) of						
14	section one hundred seventy of the internal revenue code, or to a not-						
15	for-profit organization, as defined in subdivision seven of section one						
16	hundred seventy-nine-q of the state finance law, shall not be used in						
17 18	any manner to determine where an individual is domiciled at the time of his or her death.						
19	§ 3. This act shall take effect immediately.						
20	PART Z						
21	Section 1. Subdivision 2 of section 89-b of the state finance law, as						
22	amended by chapter 56 of the laws of 1993, is amended to read as						
23	follows:						
24 25	2. The dedicated highway and bridge trust fund shall consist of [two] <u>three</u> accounts: (a) the special obligation reserve and payment account;						
25 26	[and] (b) the highway and bridge capital account; and (c) the aviation						
27	purpose account. Moneys in each account shall be kept separate and not						
28	commingled with any other moneys in the custody of the comptroller.						
29	§ 2. Section 89-b of the state finance law is amended by adding a new						
30	subdivision 4-a to read as follows:						
31	4-a. (a) The aviation purpose account shall consist of all moneys						
32	required to be deposited by section three hundred twelve of the tax law						
33	and any other moneys credited or transferred thereto from any other						
34	fund, account or source.						
35	(b) Moneys in the aviation purpose account shall be utilized for						
36 37	airports and aviation facilities and equipment and related projects, including but not limited to the acquisition of real or tangible						
38	personal property, construction, reconstruction, reconditioning, preser-						
39	vation, maintenance or improvement of airport or aviation capital facil-						
40	ities and noise mitigation projects, and any other purpose not prohibit-						
41	ed by federal law.						
42	§ 3. Section 312 of the tax law, as amended by section 32 of part K of						
43	chapter 61 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:						
44	§ 312. Deposit and disposition of revenue (a) Except as otherwise						
45	provided, of all taxes, interest and penalties collected or received on						
46	or after April first, two thousand one, from the taxes imposed by						
47	[sections] <u>section</u> three hundred one-a [and three hundred one-e] of this						
48	article, (i) initially eighty and three-tenths percent shall be deposit-						
49 50	ed, as prescribed by subdivision (d) of section three hundred one-j of this article and (ii) pincteen and seven-tenths persent shall be dependent.						
50 51	this article and (ii) nineteen and seven-tenths percent shall be depos- ited in such mass transportation operating assistance fund to the credit						
51	of the metropolitan mass transportation operating assistance rund to the credit						
53	the public transportation systems operating assistance account thereof						



1 in the manner provided by subdivision eleven of section one hundred eighty-two-a of this chapter. Provided, further that on or before the 2 twenty-fifth day of each month commencing with April, two thousand one, 3 the comptroller shall deduct the amount of six hundred twenty-five thou-4 5 sand dollars prior to any deposit or disposition of the taxes, interest, and penalties collected or received pursuant to such [sections] section 6 7 three hundred one-a [and three hundred one-e] and shall deposit such amount in the dedicated fund accounts pursuant to subdivision (d) of 8 section three hundred one-j of this article. Provided, further, 9 that commencing January fifteenth, nineteen hundred ninety-one, and on or 10 11 before the tenth day of March and the fifteenth day of June and Septem-12 ber of such year, the commissioner shall, based on information supplied 13 by taxpayers and other appropriate sources, estimate the amount of the 14 utility credit authorized by section three hundred one-d of this article 15 which has been accrued to reduce tax liability under section one hundred 16 eighty-six-a of this chapter during the period covered by such estimate 17 and certify to the state comptroller such estimated amount. The comp-18 troller shall forthwith, after receiving such certificate, deduct the 19 amount of such credit so certified by the commissioner prior to any deposit or disposition of the taxes, interest and penalties collected or 20 21 received pursuant to such [sections] section three hundred one-a [and 22 three hundred one-e] and shall pay such amount so certified and deducted 23 into the state treasury to the credit of the general fund. Also, subse-24 quently, during the fiscal year when the commissioner becomes aware of 25 changes or modifications with respect to actual credit usage, the 26 commissioner shall, as soon as practicable, issue a certification 27 setting forth the amount of any required adjustment to the amount of 28 actual credit usage previously certified. After receiving the certif-29 icate of the commissioner with respect to actual credit usage or modification of the same, the comptroller shall forthwith adjust general fund 30 receipts and the revenues to be deposited or disposed of under this 31 article to reflect the difference so certified by the commissioner. 32 The 33 commissioner shall not be liable for any overestimate or underestimate 34 of the amount of the utility credit which has been accrued to reduce tax 35 liability under such section one hundred eighty-six-a. Nor shall the commissioner be liable for any inaccuracy in any certificate with respect to the amount of such credit actually used or any required 36 37 38 adjustment with respect to actual credit usage, but the commissioner 39 shall as soon as practicable after discovery of any error adjust the 40 next certification under this section to reflect any such error.

41 Prior to making deposits as provided in this section, the comptroller 42 shall retain such amount as the commissioner may determine to be neces-43 sary, subject to the approval of the director of the budget, for reason-44 able costs of the department in administering and collecting the taxes 45 deposited pursuant to this section and for refunds and reimbursements 46 with respect to such taxes, out of which the comptroller shall pay any 47 refunds or reimbursements of such taxes to which taxpayers shall be 48 entitled.

(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all taxes, interest, and penalties collected or received on or after December first, two thousand seventeen from the taxes imposed by section three hundred one-e of this article shall be deposited in the aviation purpose account of the dedicated highway and bridge trust fund established by section eighty-nine-b of the state finance law.



1 § 4. Paragraph 1 of subdivision (a) of section 1102 of the tax law, as 2 amended by chapter 261 of the laws of 1988, is amended to read as 3 follows:

(1) Every distributor of motor fuel shall pay, as a prepayment on 4 account of the taxes imposed by this article and pursuant to the author-5 ity of article twenty-nine of this chapter, a tax on each gallon of 6 7 motor fuel (i) which he imports or causes to be imported into this state 8 for use, distribution, storage or sale in the state or produces, refines, manufactures or compounds in this state or (ii) if the tax has 9 not been imposed prior to its sale in this state, which he sells (which 10 11 acts shall in regard to motor fuel hereinafter in this article be encom-12 passed by the phrase "imported, manufactured or sold"), except when 13 imported, manufactured or sold under circumstances which preclude the 14 collection of such tax by reason of the United States constitution and 15 of the laws of the United States enacted pursuant thereto or when 16 imported or manufactured by an organization described in paragraph one 17 or two of subdivision (a) of section eleven hundred sixteen of this 18 article or a hospital included in the organizations described in para-19 graph four of such subdivision for its own use and consumption and except kero-jet fuel when imported by an airline for use in its 20 21 airplanes, and except aviation gasoline sold for use in commercial 22 aircraft and general aviation aircraft.

S 5. Subparagraph (i) of paragraph 1 of subdivision (a) of section 1210 of the tax law, as amended by section 3 of part Z of chapter 59 of the laws of 2015, is amended to read as follows:

(i) Any local law, ordinance or resolution enacted by any city of less 26 27 than one million or by any county or school district, imposing the taxes 28 authorized by this subdivision, shall, notwithstanding any provision of 29 law to the contrary, exclude from the operation of such local taxes all 30 sales of tangible personal property for use or consumption directly and predominantly in the production of tangible personal property, gas, 31 electricity, refrigeration or steam, for sale, by manufacturing, proc-32 33 essing, generating, assembly, refining, mining or extracting; and all sales of tangible personal property for use or consumption predominantly 34 either in the production of tangible personal property, for sale, by 35 36 farming or in a commercial horse boarding operation, or in both; and all 37 sales of fuel sold for use in commercial aircraft and general aviation 38 aircraft; and, unless such city, county or school district elects other-39 wise, shall omit the provision for credit or refund contained in clause 40 six of subdivision (a) or subdivision (d) of section eleven hundred 41 nineteen of this chapter.

42 § 6. Subparagraphs (xii) and (xiii) of paragraph 4 of subdivision (a) 43 of section 1210 of tax law, as amended by section 3 of part Z of chapter 44 59 of the laws of 2015, are amended and a new subparagraph (xiv) is 45 added to read as follows:

46 (xii) shall omit, unless such city elects otherwise, the exemption for 47 residential solar energy systems equipment and electricity provided in subdivision (ee) of section eleven hundred fifteen of this chapter; 48 49 (xiii) shall omit, unless such city elects otherwise, the [and] exemption for commercial solar energy systems equipment and electricity 50 51 provided in subdivision (ii) of section eleven hundred fifteen of this 52 chapter; and (xiv) shall exclude from the operation of such local taxes all sales of fuel sold for use in commercial aircraft and general 53 aviation aircraft. Any reference in this chapter or in any local law, 54 55 ordinance or resolution enacted pursuant to the authority of this article to former subdivisions (n) or (p) of this section shall be deemed to 56



1 be a reference to clauses (xii) or (xiii) of this paragraph, respective-2 ly, and any such local law, ordinance or resolution that provides the 3 exemptions provided in such former subdivisions (n) and/or (p) shall be 4 deemed instead to provide the exemptions provided in clauses (xii) 5 and/or (xiii) of this paragraph.

6 § 7. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the comptroller is here-7 by authorized and directed to transfer from the general fund for deposit 8 into the mass transportation operating assistance fund, pursuant to section 88-a of the state finance law and the dedicated mass transporta-9 tion trust fund, pursuant to section 89-c of the state finance law, upon 10 11 request of the director of the budget, on or before March 31 of each 12 year, an amount equal to the amount of revenue received by the commis-13 sioner of taxation and finance during the state fiscal year from petro-14 leum business taxes imposed pursuant to the authority of section 301-e 15 of the tax law that would have otherwise been directed to such funds 16 pursuant to section 312 of the tax law as such section was in effect on 17 the day before this act became a law.

18 § 8. This act shall take effect immediately, provided that sections 19 one, two and seven of this act shall take effect April 1, 2017; provided further that sections three, four, five and six of this act shall take 20 21 effect December 1, 2017; and provided further that if section 19 of part 22 of chapter 109 of the laws of 2006 shall not have expired on or W1 before such date then section four of this act shall take effect on the 23 24 same date as the reversion of paragraph 1 of subdivision (a) of section 1102 of the tax law, pursuant to such chapter. 25

26

27

PART AA

- Intentionally Omitted
- 28

30

29

PART CC

PART BB

Intentionally Omitted

31 Section 1. Section 308 of the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breed-32 ing law, as amended by section 1 of part Y of chapter 58 of the laws of 33 2012, is amended to read as follows:

34 § 308. Officials at harness horse race meetings. 1. At all harness 35 race meetings licensed by the [state racing and wagering board] gaming 36 commission in accordance with the provisions of sections two hundred 37 twenty-two through seven hundred five of this chapter qualified judges 38 and starters shall be designated by the [state racing and wagering board] gaming commission. Such officials shall enforce the rules and 39 40 regulations of the [state racing and wagering board] gaming commission 41 and shall render regular written reports of the activities and conduct 42 of such race meetings to the [state racing and wagering board] gaming 43 commission.

2. The licensed racing corporations shall reimburse the [state racing and wagering board] <u>gaming commission</u> for the per diem cost to the [board] <u>commission</u> to employ one associate judge and the starter to serve at harness race meetings. The [board] <u>commission</u> shall notify <u>each</u> such licensed racing [corporations] <u>corporation</u> of the per diem cost of the associate judge and the starter [prior to the beginning] <u>at the</u> track of such licensed racing corporation within sixty days of the end



1 of each month. Payment of the reimbursement required by this section 2 shall be made to the [board] commission by each entity required to make such payments [on the last business day of each month] within thirty 3 days of such notification by the commission and shall cover all the 4 costs incurred during that month. A penalty of five percent of payment 5 6 due, and interest at the rate of one percent per month calculated from such [last day of each month] date that payment is due to the date of 7 8 the payment of the per diem cost shall be payable in case any per diem cost imposed by this subdivision is not paid when due. The [board] 9 commission shall promulgate rules and regulations to ensure the proper 10 11 reimbursement of such costs.

12 3. The [board] commission shall pay into the racing regulation 13 account, as defined in section ninety-nine-i of the state finance law, 14 under the joint custody of the comptroller and the [board] commission, 15 the total amount of the reimbursements collected pursuant to this 16 section. With the approval of the director of the budget, monies 17 [utilized] used to pay the costs and expenses of the operations of the 18 [board] commission shall be paid out of such account on the audit and 19 warrant of the comptroller on vouchers, certified and approved by the 20 director of the division of the budget or his or her duly designated 21 official.

4. Any associate judge and starter whose per diem costs are reimbursed by a licensed racing corporation shall remain employees of the [state racing and wagering board] <u>gaming commission</u> and shall retain all the rights and privileges of their current civil service jurisdictional classification and status and collective bargaining unit representation. § 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

28

## PART DD

29 Section 1. Subparagraph (ii) of paragraph 1 of subdivision b of 30 section 1612 of the tax law is amended by adding a new clause (G-2) to 31 read as follows:

32 (G-2) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary, when a vendor 33 track is located within region six of development zone two as defined by 34 section thirteen hundred ten of the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and 35 breeding law and is located within Ontario county, such vendor track 36 shall receive an additional commission at a rate equal to the percentage 37 of revenue wagered at the vendor track after payout for prizes pursuant 38 to this chapter, which percentage shall be one hundred, less the sum of 39 the percentages of net revenue wagered at the vendor track retained by 40 the commission for operation, administration, and procurement purposes; 41 and the vendor's fee, marketing allowance and capital award paid to the 42 vendor track pursuant to this chapter; and the effective tax rate paid 43 on all gross gaming revenue paid by a gaming facility within Seneca or 44 Wayne counties pursuant to section thirteen hundred fifty-one of the 45 racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, provided, however, such additional commission shall be applied to revenue wagered at the vendor 46 47 track after payout for prizes only while a gaming facility in Seneca or 48 Wayne counties is open and operational pursuant to an operation certif-49 icate issued pursuant to section thirteen hundred thirty-one of the 50 racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law. The additional commission 51 set forth in this clause shall be paid to the vendor track within sixty 52 days after the conclusion of the state fiscal year based on the calculated percentage during the previous fiscal year. 53





1 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately and shall be deemed to 2 have been in full force and effect on and after January 1, 2014.

3

## PART EE

4 Section 1. Clause (F) of subparagraph (ii) of paragraph 1 of subdivi-5 sion b of section 1612 of the tax law, as amended by section 1 of part 6 WW of chapter 59 of the laws of 2015, is amended to read as follows:

(F) notwithstanding clauses (A), (B), (C), (D) and (E) of this subpar-7 agraph, when a vendor track, is located in Sullivan county and within 8 9 sixty miles from any gaming facility in a contiguous state such vendor 10 fee shall, for a period of [eight] nine years commencing April first, 11 two thousand eight, be at a rate of forty-one percent of the total 12 revenue wagered at the vendor track after payout for prizes pursuant to 13 this chapter, after which time such rate shall be as for all tracks in 14 clause (C) of this subparagraph.

15 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately and shall be deemed to 16 have been in full force and effect on and after April 1, 2016.

17

### PART FF

18 Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 of section 1003 of the 19 racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, as amended by section 1 20 of part NN of chapter 59 of the laws of 2015, is amended to read as 21 follows:

22 (a) Any racing association or corporation or regional off-track 23 betting corporation, authorized to conduct pari-mutuel wagering under 24 this chapter, desiring to display the simulcast of horse races on which 25 pari-mutuel betting shall be permitted in the manner and subject to the conditions provided for in this article may apply to the commission for 26 27 a license so to do. Applications for licenses shall be in such form as may be prescribed by the commission and shall contain such information 28 29 or other material or evidence as the commission may require. No license shall be issued by the commission authorizing the simulcast transmission 30 of thoroughbred races from a track located in Suffolk county. The fee 31 32 for such licenses shall be five hundred dollars per simulcast facility 33 and for account wagering licensees that do not operate either a simul-34 cast facility that is open to the public within the state of New York or a licensed racetrack within the state, twenty thousand dollars per year 35 36 payable by the licensee to the commission for deposit into the general 37 fund. Except as provided in this section, the commission shall not 38 approve any application to conduct simulcasting into individual or group 39 residences, homes or other areas for the purposes of or in connection 40 with pari-mutuel wagering. The commission may approve simulcasting into 41 residences, homes or other areas to be conducted jointly by one or more 42 regional off-track betting corporations and one or more of the following: 43 a franchised corporation, thoroughbred racing corporation or a harness racing corporation or association; provided (i) the simulcasting 44 45 consists only of those races on which pari-mutuel betting is authorized 46 by this chapter at one or more simulcast facilities for each of the 47 contracting off-track betting corporations which shall include wagers 48 made in accordance with section one thousand fifteen, one thousand sixteen and one thousand seventeen of this article; provided further 49 that the contract provisions or other simulcast arrangements for such 50 51 simulcast facility shall be no less favorable than those in effect on January first, two thousand five; (ii) that each off-track betting 52



1 corporation having within its geographic boundaries such residences, homes or other areas technically capable of receiving the simulcast 2 signal shall be a contracting party; (iii) the distribution of revenues 3 shall be subject to contractual agreement of the parties except that 4 statutory payments to non-contracting parties, if any, may not be 5 6 reduced; provided, however, that nothing herein to the contrary shall 7 prevent a track from televising its races on an irregular basis primari-8 ly for promotional or marketing purposes as found by the commission. For purposes of this paragraph, the provisions of section one thousand thir-9 teen of this article shall not apply. Any agreement authorizing an 10 11 in-home simulcasting experiment commencing prior to May fifteenth, nine-12 teen hundred ninety-five, may, and all its terms, be extended until June 13 thirtieth, two thousand [sixteen] seventeen; provided, however, that any 14 party to such agreement may elect to terminate such agreement upon 15 conveying written notice to all other parties of such agreement at least 16 forty-five days prior to the effective date of the termination, via 17 registered mail. Any party to an agreement receiving such notice of an 18 intent to terminate, may request the commission to mediate between the 19 parties new terms and conditions in a replacement agreement between the parties as will permit continuation of an in-home experiment until June 20 21 thirtieth, two thousand [sixteen] seventeen; and (iv) no in-home simul-22 casting in the thoroughbred special betting district shall occur without 23 the approval of the regional thoroughbred track.

S 2. Subparagraph (iii) of paragraph d of subdivision 3 of section 1007 of the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, as amended by section 2 of part NN of chapter 59 of the laws of 2015, is amended to read as follows:

28 (iii) Of the sums retained by a receiving track located in Westchester 29 county on races received from a franchised corporation, for the period commencing January first, two thousand eight and continuing through June 30 31 thirtieth, two thousand [sixteen] seventeen, the amount used exclusively for purses to be awarded at races conducted by such receiving track 32 33 shall be computed as follows: of the sums so retained, two and one-half percent of the total pools. Such amount shall be increased or decreased 34 in the amount of fifty percent of the difference in total commissions 35 36 determined by comparing the total commissions available after July twen-37 ty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-five to the total commissions that would have been available to such track prior to July twenty-first, 38 39 nineteen hundred ninety-five.

40 § 3. The opening paragraph of subdivision 1 of section 1014 of the 41 racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, as amended by section 3 42 of part NN of chapter 59 of the laws of 2015, is amended to read as 43 follows:

44 The provisions of this section shall govern the simulcasting of races 45 conducted at thoroughbred tracks located in another state or country on 46 any day during which a franchised corporation is conducting a race meet-47 ing in Saratoga county at Saratoga thoroughbred racetrack until June thirtieth, two thousand [sixteen] seventeen and on any day regardless of 48 49 whether or not a franchised corporation is conducting a race meeting in 50 Saratoga county at Saratoga thoroughbred racetrack after June thirtieth, 51 two thousand [sixteen] seventeen. On any day on which a franchised 52 corporation has not scheduled a racing program but a thoroughbred racing corporation located within the state is conducting racing, every off-53 track betting corporation branch office and every simulcasting facility 54 55 licensed in accordance with section one thousand seven (that have entered into a written agreement with such facility's representative 56



1 horsemen's organization, as approved by the commission), one thousand 2 eight, or one thousand nine of this article shall be authorized to 3 accept wagers and display the live simulcast signal from thoroughbred 4 tracks located in another state or foreign country subject to the 5 following provisions:

6 § 4. Subdivision 1 of section 1015 of the racing, pari-mutuel wagering 7 and breeding law, as amended by section 4 of part NN of chapter 59 of 8 the laws of 2015, is amended to read as follows:

9 1. The provisions of this section shall govern the simulcasting of 10 races conducted at harness tracks located in another state or country 11 during the period July first, nineteen hundred ninety-four through June 12 thirtieth, two thousand [sixteen] <u>seventeen</u>. This section shall super-13 sede all inconsistent provisions of this chapter.

14 § 5. The opening paragraph of subdivision 1 of section 1016 of the 15 racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, as amended by section 5 16 of part NN of chapter 59 of the laws of 2015, is amended to read as 17 follows:

18 The provisions of this section shall govern the simulcasting of races 19 conducted at thoroughbred tracks located in another state or country on 20 any day during which a franchised corporation is not conducting a race 21 meeting in Saratoga county at Saratoga thoroughbred racetrack until June 22 thirtieth, two thousand [sixteen] seventeen. Every off-track betting corporation branch office and every simulcasting facility licensed in 23 24 accordance with section one thousand seven that have entered into a 25 written agreement with such facility's representative horsemen's organization as approved by the commission, one thousand eight or one thou-26 27 sand nine of this article shall be authorized to accept wagers and display the live full-card simulcast signal of thoroughbred tracks 28 29 (which may include quarter horse or mixed meetings provided that all such wagering on such races shall be construed to be thoroughbred races) 30 located in another state or foreign country, subject to the following 31 32 provisions; provided, however, no such written agreement shall be 33 required of a franchised corporation licensed in accordance with section 34 one thousand seven of this article:

35 § 6. The opening paragraph of section 1018 of the racing, pari-mutuel 36 wagering and breeding law, as amended by section 6 of part NN of chapter 37 59 of the laws of 2015, is amended to read as follows:

38 Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, for the period 39 July twenty-fifth, two thousand one through September eighth, two thou-40 sand [fifteen] sixteen, when a franchised corporation is conducting a 41 race meeting within the state at Saratoga Race Course, every off-track 42 betting corporation branch office and every simulcasting facility 43 licensed in accordance with section one thousand seven (that has entered 44 into a written agreement with such facility's representative horsemen's 45 organization as approved by the commission), one thousand eight or one 46 thousand nine of this article shall be authorized to accept wagers and 47 display the live simulcast signal from thoroughbred tracks located in another state, provided that such facility shall accept wagers on races 48 49 run at all in-state thoroughbred tracks which are conducting racing 50 programs subject to the following provisions; provided, however, no such 51 written agreement shall be required of a franchised corporation licensed 52 in accordance with section one thousand seven of this article.

53 § 7. Section 32 of chapter 281 of the laws of 1994, amending the 54 racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law and other laws relating 55 to simulcasting, as amended by section 7 of part NN of chapter 59 of the 56 laws of 2015, is amended to read as follows:



1 § 32. This act shall take effect immediately and the pari-mutuel tax 2 reductions in section six of this act shall expire and be deemed repealed on July 1, [2016] 2017; provided, however, that nothing 3 contained herein shall be deemed to affect the application, qualifica-4 tion, expiration, or repeal of any provision of law amended by any 5 section of this act, and such provisions shall be applied or qualified 6 shall expire or be deemed repealed in the same manner, to the same 7 or extent and on the same date as the case may be as otherwise provided by 8 law; provided further, however, that sections twenty-three and twenty-9 five of this act shall remain in full force and effect only until May 1, 10 11 1997 and at such time shall be deemed to be repealed.

12 § 8. Section 54 of chapter 346 of the laws of 1990, amending the 13 racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law and other laws relating to 14 simulcasting and the imposition of certain taxes, as amended by section 15 8 of part NN of chapter 59 of the laws of 2015, is amended to read as 16 follows:

17 § 54. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however, 18 sections three through twelve of this act shall take effect on January 19 1, 1991, and section 1013 of the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, as added by section thirty-eight of this act, shall expire and 20 21 be deemed repealed on July 1, [2016] 2017; and section eighteen of this 22 act shall take effect on July 1, 2008 and sections fifty-one and fifty-23 two of this act shall take effect as of the same date as chapter 772 of 24 the laws of 1989 took effect.

25 § 9. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 of section 238 of the racing, 26 pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, as amended by section 9 of part 27 NN of chapter 59 of the laws of 2015, is amended to read as follows:

28 The franchised corporation authorized under this chapter to (a) 29 conduct pari-mutuel betting at a race meeting or races run thereat shall 30 distribute all sums deposited in any pari-mutuel pool to the holders of winning tickets therein, provided such tickets be presented for payment 31 before April first of the year following the year of their purchase, 32 33 less an amount which shall be established and retained by such franchised corporation of between twelve to seventeen per centum of the 34 total deposits in pools resulting from on-track regular bets, and four-35 36 teen to twenty-one per centum of the total deposits in pools resulting 37 from on-track multiple bets and fifteen to twenty-five per centum of the 38 total deposits in pools resulting from on-track exotic bets and fifteen 39 to thirty-six per centum of the total deposits in pools resulting from 40 on-track super exotic bets, plus the breaks. The retention rate to be 41 established is subject to the prior approval of the gaming commission. 42 Such rate may not be changed more than once per calendar quarter to be 43 effective on the first day of the calendar quarter. "Exotic bets" and 44 "multiple bets" shall have the meanings set forth in section five 45 hundred nineteen of this chapter. "Super exotic bets" shall have the 46 meaning set forth in section three hundred one of this chapter. For 47 purposes of this section, a "pick six bet" shall mean a single bet or wager on the outcomes of six races. The breaks are hereby defined as the 48 49 odd cents over any multiple of five for payoffs greater than one dollar five cents but less than five dollars, over any multiple of ten for 50 51 payoffs greater than five dollars but less than twenty-five dollars, 52 over any multiple of twenty-five for payoffs greater than twenty-five dollars but less than two hundred fifty dollars, or over any multiple of 53 fifty for payoffs over two hundred fifty dollars. Out of the amount so 54 retained there shall be paid by such franchised corporation to the 55 commissioner of taxation and finance, as a reasonable tax by the state 56



1 for the privilege of conducting pari-mutuel betting on the races run at the race meetings held by such franchised corporation, the following 2 percentages of the total pool for regular and multiple bets five per 3 centum of regular bets and four per centum of multiple bets plus twenty 4 per centum of the breaks; for exotic wagers seven and one-half per 5 centum plus twenty per centum of the breaks, and for super exotic bets 6 7 seven and one-half per centum plus fifty per centum of the breaks. For the period June first, nineteen hundred ninety-five through September 8 ninth, nineteen hundred ninety-nine, such tax on regular wagers shall be 9 three per centum and such tax on multiple wagers shall be two and one-10 11 half per centum, plus twenty per centum of the breaks. For the period 12 September tenth, nineteen hundred ninety-nine through March thirty-13 first, two thousand one, such tax on all wagers shall be two and six-14 tenths per centum and for the period April first, two thousand one 15 through December thirty-first, two thousand [sixteen] seventeen, such 16 tax on all wagers shall be one and six-tenths per centum, plus, in each 17 such period, twenty per centum of the breaks. Payment to the New York 18 state thoroughbred breeding and development fund by such franchised 19 corporation shall be one-half of one per centum of total daily on-track pari-mutuel pools resulting from regular, multiple and exotic bets and 20 21 three per centum of super exotic bets provided, however, that for the 22 period September tenth, nineteen hundred ninety-nine through March thir-23 ty-first, two thousand one, such payment shall be six-tenths of one per 24 centum of regular, multiple and exotic pools and for the period April first, two thousand one through December thirty-first, 25 two thousand [sixteen] seventeen, such payment shall be seven-tenths of one per 26 27 centum of such pools.

29

28

# PART GG

§ 10. This act shall take effect immediately.

30 Section 1. Clause (H) of subparagraph (ii) of paragraph 1 of subdivi-31 sion b of section 1612 of the tax law, as amended by section 1 of part 32 MM of chapter 59 of the laws of 2015, is amended to read as follows: 33 (H) notwithstanding clauses (A), (B), (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G) of 34 this subparagraph, the track operator of a vendor track shall be eligi-35 ble for a vendor's capital award of up to four percent of the total 36 revenue wagered at the vendor track after payout for prizes pursuant to 37 this chapter, which shall be used exclusively for capital project 38 investments to improve the facilities of the vendor track which promote 39 or encourage increased attendance at the video lottery gaming facility 40 including, but not limited to hotels, other lodging facilities, enter-41 tainment facilities, retail facilities, dining facilities, events 42 arenas, parking garages and other improvements that enhance facility 43 amenities; provided that such capital investments shall be approved by 44 the division, in consultation with the state racing and wagering board, 45 and that such vendor track demonstrates that such capital expenditures will increase patronage at such vendor track's facilities and increase 46 47 the amount of revenue generated to support state education programs. The annual amount of such vendor's capital awards that a vendor track shall 48 be eligible to receive shall be limited to two million five hundred 49 50 thousand dollars, except for Aqueduct racetrack, for which there shall be no vendor's capital awards. Except for tracks having less than one 51 52 thousand one hundred video gaming machines, and except for a vendor track located west of State Route 14 from Sodus Point to the Pennsylva-53 nia border within New York, each track operator shall be required to 54



1 co-invest an amount of capital expenditure equal to its cumulative 2 vendor's capital award. For all tracks, except for Aqueduct racetrack, the amount of any vendor's capital award that is not used during any one 3 year period may be carried over into subsequent years ending before 4 5 April first, two thousand [sixteen] seventeen. Any amount attributable a capital expenditure approved prior to April first, two thousand 6 to [sixteen] seventeen and completed before April first, two thousand 7 8 [eighteen] nineteen; or approved prior to April first, two thousand [twenty] twenty-one and completed before April first, two thousand 9 [twenty-two] twenty-three for a vendor track located west of State Route 10 11 14 from Sodus Point to the Pennsylvania border within New York, shall be 12 eligible to receive the vendor's capital award. In the event that a 13 vendor track's capital expenditures, approved by the division prior to 14 April first, two thousand [sixteen] seventeen and completed prior to 15 April first, two thousand [eighteen] <u>nineteen</u>, exceed the vendor track's 16 cumulative capital award during the five year period ending April first, 17 two thousand [sixteen] seventeen, the vendor shall continue to receive 18 the capital award after April first, two thousand [sixteen] seventeen 19 until such approved capital expenditures are paid to the vendor track subject to any required co-investment. In no event shall any vendor 20 21 track that receives a vendor fee pursuant to clause (F) or (G) of this 22 subparagraph be eligible for a vendor's capital award under this section. Any operator of a vendor track which has received a vendor's 23 24 capital award, choosing to divest the capital improvement toward which 25 the award was applied, prior to the full depreciation of the capital improvement in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, 26 27 shall reimburse the state in amounts equal to the total of any such 28 awards. Any capital award not approved for a capital expenditure at a 29 video lottery gaming facility by April first, two thousand [sixteen] seventeen shall be deposited into the state lottery fund for education 30 31 aid; and

32 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

33

## PART HH

34 Section 1. Paragraph b of subdivision 3 of section 97-nnnn of the 35 state finance law, as added by chapter 174 of the laws of 2013, is 36 amended to read as follows:

b. ten percent of the moneys in such fund, as attributable to a specific licensed gaming facility, shall be appropriated or transferred from the commercial gaming revenue fund equally between the host municipality and host county of such facility.

41 § 2. Clause (G) of subparagraph (ii) of paragraph 1 of subdivision b 42 of section 1612 of the tax law, as added by chapter 174 of the laws of 43 2013, is amended to read as follows:

44 (G) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary, when a vendor track 45 is located within regions one, two, or five of development zone two as defined by section thirteen hundred ten of the racing, pari-mutuel 46 47 wagering and breeding law, such vendor track shall receive an additional 48 commission at a rate equal to the percentage of revenue wagered at the 49 vendor track after payout for prizes pursuant to this chapter, which 50 percentage shall be one hundred, less [ten percent] the sum of the percentages of net revenue wagered at the vendor track retained by the 51 52 commission for operation, administration, and procurement purposes; and 53 [payment of] the vendor's fee, marketing allowance[,] and capital award paid to the vendor track pursuant to this chapter; and the effective tax 54



1 rate paid on all gross gaming revenue paid by a gaming facility within 2 the same region pursuant to section thirteen hundred fifty-one of the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, provided, however, such 3 additional commission shall be applied to revenue wagered at the vendor 4 track after payout for prizes only while a gaming facility in the same 5 6 region is open and operational pursuant to an operation certificate issued pursuant to section thirteen hundred thirty-one of the racing, 7 8 pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law. The additional commission set forth in this clause shall be paid to the vendor track within sixty days 9 after the conclusion of the state fiscal year based on the calculated 10 11 percentage during the previous fiscal year.

12 § 3. This act shall take effect immediately and shall be deemed to 13 have been in full force and effect on and after January 1, 2014.

#### 14

## PART II

15 Section 1. Subdivision 1 of section 491 of the tax law, as added by 16 chapter 90 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows:

17 1. Except in accordance with proper judicial order or as in this section or otherwise provided by law, it shall be unlawful for the 18 commissioner, any officer or employee of the department, or any officer 19 20 or person who, pursuant to this section, is permitted to inspect any 21 return or report or to whom a copy, an abstract or a portion of any 22 return or report is furnished, or to whom any information contained in 23 any return or report is furnished, or any person engaged or retained by 24 such department on an independent contract basis or any person who in 25 any manner may acquire knowledge of the contents of a return or report 26 filed pursuant to this article to divulge or make known in any manner 27 the contents or any other information relating to the business of a 28 distributor, owner or other person contained in any return or report 29 required under this article. The officers charged with the custody of 30 such returns or reports shall not be required to produce any of them or 31 evidence of anything contained in them in any action or proceeding in any court, except on behalf of the state, the state department of 32 health, or the commissioner in an action or proceeding under the 33 34 provisions of this chapter or on behalf of the state or the commissioner 35 in any other action or proceeding involving the collection of a tax due 36 under this chapter to which the state or the commissioner is a party or 37 a claimant or on behalf of any party to any action or proceeding under 38 the provisions of this article, when the returns or the reports or the 39 facts shown thereby are directly involved in such action or proceeding, 40 or in an action or proceeding relating to the regulation or taxation of 41 medical marihuana on behalf of officers to whom information shall have 42 been supplied as provided in subdivision two of this section, in any of which events the court may require the production of, and may admit in 43 44 evidence so much of said returns or reports or of the facts shown there-45 by as are pertinent to the action or proceeding and no more. Nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit the commissioner, in his or her 46 47 discretion, from allowing the inspection or delivery of a certified copy any return or report filed under this article or of any information 48 of 49 contained in any such return or report by or to a duly authorized offi-50 cer or employee of the state department of health; or by or to the attorney general or other legal representatives of the state when an 51 action shall have been recommended or commenced pursuant to this chapter 52 53 in which such returns or reports or the facts shown thereby are directly involved; or the inspection of the returns or reports required under 54



1 this article by the comptroller or duly designated officer or employee 2 of the state department of audit and control, for purposes of the audit 3 of a refund of any tax paid by a registered organization or other person under this article; nor to prohibit the delivery to a registered organ-4 ization, or a duly authorized representative of such registered organ-5 a certified copy of any return or report filed by such regis-6 ization, 7 tered organization pursuant to this article, nor to prohibit the 8 publication of statistics so classified as to prevent the identification of particular returns or reports and the items thereof. This section 9 shall also not be construed to prohibit the disclosure, for tax adminis-10 11 tration purposes, to the division of the budget and the office of the 12 state comptroller, of information aggregated from the returns filed by 13 all the registered organizations making sales of, or manufacturing, 14 medical marihuana in a specified county, whether the number of such 15 registered organizations is one or more. Provided further that, notwith-16 standing the provisions of this subdivision, the commissioner may, in 17 his or her discretion, permit the proper officer of any county entitled 18 to receive an allocation, following appropriation by the legislature, 19 pursuant to this article and section eighty-nine-h of the state finance 20 law, or the authorized representative of such officer, to inspect any 21 return filed under this article, or may furnish to such officer or the 22 officer's authorized representative an abstract of any such return or 23 supply such officer or such representative with information concerning 24 an item contained in any such return, or disclosed by any investigation 25 of tax liability under this article.

26 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however, that 27 the amendments to subdivision 1 of section 491 of the tax law made by 28 section one of this act shall be deemed to have been in full force and 29 effect on and after January 1, 2016, and shall not affect the repeal of 30 such section and shall be deemed to be repealed therewith.

31

## PART JJ

32 Section 1. Subdivision 15 of section 425 of the real property tax law, 33 as added by section 1 of part E of chapter 59 of the laws of 2015, is 34 amended to read as follows:

35 15. Recoupment of exemptions by commissioner. (a) Generally. If the 36 commissioner should determine, based upon data collected under the STAR 37 registration program, that property improperly received the basic STAR 38 exemption [on] in the current school year or one or more of the three 39 preceding [assessment rolls] school years, the commissioner shall treat 40 the exemption as an improperly granted exemption and proceed in the 41 manner provided by this subdivision; provided that final assessment 42 rolls that were filed prior to April first, two thousand eleven shall 43 not be subject to the provisions of this subdivision.

44 (b) Procedure. The tax savings attributable to each such improperly 45 granted exemption shall be collected from the owners whose property improperly received the exemption for the applicable year, together with 46 47 interest as specified in this subdivision, by utilizing any of the procedures for collection, levy, and lien of personal income tax set 48 forth in article twenty-two of the tax law, any other relevant proce-49 50 dures referenced within the provisions of that article, and any other 51 law as may be applicable, so far as practicable when recouping the exemption amount pursuant to this subdivision, except that: 52

53 (i) <u>in order for the recoupment procedure to be considered timely, the</u> 54 <u>notice required by subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph must be mailed no</u>





44

later than three years after the conclusion of the school year for which
 the exemption in question was granted, or in the case of an exemption
 that was granted for the two thousand twelve--two thousand thirteen
 school year, no later than September thirtieth, two thousand sixteen;

5 (ii) prior to directing that an improperly granted exemption be recouped pursuant to this subdivision, the commissioner shall provide 6 7 the owners with notice and an opportunity to show the commissioner that 8 the exemption was properly granted. If the owners fail to respond to such notice within forty-five days from the mailing thereof, or if their 9 response does not show to the commissioner's satisfaction that the 10 eligibility requirements were in fact satisfied, the commissioner shall 11 12 proceed with the recoupment of the improperly granted exemption in 13 accordance with the provisions of this subdivision; and

14 [(ii)] (iii) notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (b) of subdi-15 vision six of this section, neither an assessor nor a board of assess-16 ment review has the authority to consider an objection to the recoupment 17 of an exemption pursuant to this subdivision, nor may such an action be 18 reviewed in a proceeding to review an assessment pursuant to title one 19 or one-A of article seven of this chapter. Such an action may only be challenged before the department. If an owner is dissatisfied with the 20 21 department's final determination, the owner may appeal that determi-22 nation to the board in a form and manner to be prescribed by the commis-23 sioner. Such appeal shall be filed within forty-five days from the issu-24 ance of the department's final determination. If dissatisfied with the 25 board's determination, the owner may seek judicial review thereof pursuant to article seventy-eight of the civil practice law and rules. 26 The 27 owner shall otherwise have no right to challenge such final determi-28 nation in a court action, administrative proceeding, including but not 29 limited to an administrative proceeding pursuant to article forty of the tax law, or any other form of legal recourse against the commissioner, 30 the department, the board, the assessor, or any other person, state 31 32 agency, or local government.

(c) The amount to be recouped for each improperly received exemption shall have interest added at the rate prescribed by section nine hundred twenty-four-a of this chapter or such other law as may be applicable for each month or portion thereof since the levy of school taxes upon such assessment roll.

(d) In the event that a revocation of prior exemption pursuant to subdivision twelve of this section or a voluntary renunciation of the STAR exemption pursuant to section four hundred ninety-six of this [chapter] <u>article</u> has occurred, the provisions of this subdivision shall not be applicable to the exemptions so revoked or voluntarily renounced. § 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

#### PART KK

45 Section 1. Paragraphs a and b of subdivision 1 of section 502 of the 46 tax law, paragraph a as amended by section 1 of part E of chapter 60 of 47 the laws of 2007, and paragraph b as amended by section 1 of part T-1 of 48 chapter 57 of the laws of 2009, are amended to read as follows:

49 a. Each carrier shall apply to the commissioner for a certificate of 50 registration for each motor vehicle operated or to be operated by [him] 51 <u>such carrier</u> on the public highways in this state. Application shall be 52 made upon a form prescribed by such commissioner and shall set forth the 53 gross and unloaded weight of each motor vehicle, license plate informa-54 tion for each motor vehicle and such other information as the commis-



1 sioner may require. Such weights shall be subject to audit and approval 2 by the commissioner. [The application shall be accompanied by a fee of fifteen dollars for each motor vehicle listed in the application.] The 3 commissioner shall issue [without further charge] a certificate of 4 registration for each motor vehicle or a consolidated certificate of 5 registration for all or any portion of such vehicles of such carrier 6 which shall contain such information and be in such form as the commis-7 8 sioner shall prescribe. In the case of the loss, mutilation or destruction of a certificate of registration, the commissioner shall 9 issue a duplicate thereof [upon payment of a fee of two dollars]. 10 Any such certificate of registration shall not be transferable, except as 11 hereinafter provided, and shall be valid until revoked, suspended or 12 13 surrendered. Such certificate of registration shall be maintained in the 14 carrier's regular place of business. In the event of an increase in the 15 gross or unloaded weight of any motor vehicle subject to this article, 16 application for a corrected certificate of registration shall be made 17 upon a form prescribed by such commissioner setting forth the previous gross or unloaded weight, the new gross or unloaded weight and such 18 19 other information as the commissioner may require. In the event of a decrease in the gross or unloaded weight of any motor vehicle subject to 20 21 this article, application may be made for a corrected certificate of 22 registration in a similar manner, provided that any such application on 23 the basis of a decrease in the gross or unloaded weight of any motor 24 vehicle may be made only during the month of January. In the event of a 25 decrease in the gross or unloaded weight of any motor vehicle subject to this article, an application to cancel a certificate of registration on 26 27 the basis of such decrease may be made during any month. The corrected 28 gross or unloaded weight shall be subject to audit and approval by the 29 commissioner. In the event of a change to the license plate information of any motor vehicle subject to this article, an application for a 30 corrected certificate of registration shall be made upon a form 31 prescribed by the commissioner setting forth the previous license plate 32 33 information, the new license plate information and such other informa-34 tion as the commissioner may require. Upon surrendering the certificate 35 of registration previously issued, the commissioner shall[, without 36 further charge,] issue a corrected certificate of registration. 37 b. Every automotive fuel carrier shall apply to the commissioner for a

38 special certificate of registration, in place of the certificate of 39 registration described in paragraph a of this subdivision, for each 40 motor vehicle operated or to be operated by [him] such carrier on the 41 public highways in this state to transport automotive fuel. Provided, 42 however, a special certificate of registration shall not be required 43 under this paragraph for a tractor or other self-propelled device which, 44 except with respect to the fuel in the ordinary fuel tank intended for 45 its propulsion, transports automotive fuel solely by means of a trailer, 46 dolly or other device drawn by such tractor or other self-propelled 47 device if a certificate of registration prescribed by paragraph a of this subdivision has been issued for the self-propelled device. Applica-48 49 tion shall be made upon an application form prescribed by the commis-[The application shall be accompanied by a fee of fifteen 50 sioner. 51 dollars for each trailer, semi-trailer, dolly or other device listed in the application.] The commissioner shall issue [without further charge] 52 such special certificate of registration for each motor vehicle listed 53 in the application or a consolidated certificate of registration for all 54 55 or any portion of such vehicles of such carrier. All of the provisions of this article with respect to certificates of registration shall be 56



1 applicable to the special certificates of registration issued to automotive fuel carriers under this paragraph as if those provisions had been 2 3 set forth in full in this paragraph and expressly referred to the special certificates of registration required by this paragraph except 4 to the extent that any such provision is either inconsistent with a 5 provision of this paragraph or not relevant to the certificates of 6 7 registration required by this paragraph. Any certificate of registration 8 shall not be transferable, and shall be valid until revoked, suspended surrendered. Such special certificate of registration shall be main-9 or tained in the carrier's regular place of business. Nothing contained in 10 11 this paragraph shall in any way exempt an automotive fuel carrier from 12 payment of the taxes imposed pursuant to this article.

13 § 2. Paragraphs a and b of subdivision 6 of section 502 of the tax 14 law, as added by section 1 of part K-1 of chapter 57 of the laws of 15 2009, are amended to read as follows:

16 a. The commissioner may require the use of decals as evidence that a 17 carrier has a valid certificate of registration for each motor vehicle operated or to be operated on the public highways of this state as 18 19 required by paragraph a of subdivision one of this section. If the commissioner requires the use of decals, the commissioner shall issue 20 21 for each motor vehicle with a valid certificate of registration a decal 22 that shall be of a size and design and containing such information as 23 the commissioner prescribes. [The fee for any decal issued pursuant to 24 this paragraph is four dollars.] In the case of the loss, mutilation, or 25 destruction of a decal, the commissioner shall issue a new decal upon proof of the facts [and payment of four dollars]. The decal shall be 26 27 firmly and conspicuously affixed upon the motor vehicle for which it is 28 issued as closely as practical to the registration or license plates and 29 at all times be visible and legible. No decal is transferable. A decal 30 shall be valid until it expires or is revoked, suspended, or surren-31 dered.

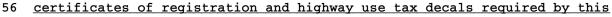
32 The commissioner may require the use of special decals as evidence b. 33 that an automotive fuel carrier has a valid special certificate of 34 registration for each motor vehicle operated or to be operated on the public highways of this state to transport automotive fuel as required 35 36 by paragraph b of subdivision one of this section. If the commissioner 37 requires the use of special decals, the commissioner shall issue for 38 each motor vehicle with a valid special certificate of registration a 39 special decal that shall be distinctively colored and of a size and 40 design and containing such information as the commissioner prescribes. 41 [The fee for any special decal issued pursuant to this paragraph is four 42 dollars.] In the case of the loss, mutilation, or destruction of a special decal, the commissioner shall issue a new special decal upon proof of the facts [and payment of four dollars]. The special decal 43 44 45 shall be firmly and conspicuously affixed upon the motor vehicle for 46 which it is issued pursuant to the rules and regulations prescribed by 47 the commissioner to enable the easy identification of the automotive fuel carrier certificate of registration number and at all times be 48 49 visible and legible. No special decal is transferable and shall be valid until it expires or is revoked, suspended, or surrendered. 50

51 § 3. The tax law is amended by adding a new section 502-a to read as 52 follows:

53 § 502-a. Certificate of registration and decal fees. The application 54 for a certificate of registration and decal described in paragraph a of 55 subdivision one and paragraph a of subdivision six of section five 56 hundred two of this article, or a special certificate of registration



1 and special decal as described in paragraph b of subdivision one and paragraph b of subdivision six of such section, shall be accompanied by 2 3 a fee of one dollar and fifty cents. In the case of the loss, mutilation or destruction of any such documents, the commissioner shall issue 4 a duplicate set thereof upon payment of a fee of one dollar and fifty 5 cents. Provided, however, there shall be no additional charge for the 6 7 issuance of a corrected certificate of registration pursuant to para-8 graph a of subdivision one of section five hundred two of this article. § 4. Subdivision 8 of section 509 of the tax law, as separately 9 amended by section 3 of part K-1 and section 2 of part T-1 of chapter 57 10 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows: 11 12 8. To issue replacement certificates of registration or decals at such 13 times as the commissioner may deem necessary for the proper and effi-14 cient enforcement of the provisions of this article, but not more often 15 than once every year and to require the surrender of the then outstand-16 ing certificates of registration and decals. All of the provisions of 17 this article with respect to certificates of registration and decals 18 shall be applicable to replacement certificates of registration and 19 decals issued hereunder, except that the replacement certificate of registration or decal shall be issued upon payment of a fee of [fifteen 20 21 dollars] one dollar and fifty cents for each motor vehicle and for any 22 trailer, semi-trailer, dolly or other device drawn thereby for which a certificate of registration or decal is required to be issued under this 23 24 article; 25 § 5. Section 515 of the tax law, as added by chapter 329 of the laws 26 of 1991, is amended to read as follows: 27 § 515. Disposition of revenues. All taxes, interest, penalties and 28 fees collected or received pursuant to this article shall be deposited 29 daily in one account with such responsible banks, banking houses or 30 trust companies as may be designated by the comptroller, and to the credit of the comptroller on account of the dedicated highway and bridge 31 trust fund established pursuant to section eighty-nine-b of the state 32 33 finance law. Such an account may be established in one or more of such depositories and such deposits shall be kept separate and apart from all 34 other moneys in the possession of the comptroller. The comptroller shall 35 36 require adequate security from all such depositories. the revenues so deposited, the comptroller shall retain in his 37 Of 38 hands such amount as the commissioner of taxation and finance may deter-39 mine to be necessary for refunds or reimbursements of the taxes 40 collected or received pursuant to this article to which taxpayers shall 41 be entitled under the provisions of this article, out of which amount 42 the comptroller shall pay any refunds or reimbursements of the taxes 43 collected or received pursuant to this article to which taxpayers shall 44 be entitled under such provisions. The comptroller, after reserving the 45 amount to pay such refunds or reimbursements, shall, on or before the 46 last day of each month, pay the balance of the revenue so deposited 47 during such month into the dedicated highway and bridge trust fund established pursuant to section eighty-nine-b of the state finance law. 48 49 Notwithstanding the foregoing or any other law to the contrary, the 50 comptroller shall deposit all monies collected on account of the regis-51 tration fees imposed pursuant to section five hundred two-a and subdivi-52 sion eight of section five hundred nine of this article into the highway 53 use tax administration account established pursuant to section ninety-54 nine-y of the state finance law. The monies deposited in such account 55 shall be available to the commissioner for the costs of issuing the





1	article and for any other costs of administering the provisions of					
2	sections five hundred two, five hundred two-a and five hundred nine of					
3	this article. Any moneys not used in a given year shall be returned to					
4	such account and be added to the total funds available for disbursement					
5	in the succeeding year.					
6	§ 6. The state finance law is amended by adding a new section 99-y to					
7	read as follows:					
8	<u>§ 99-y. Highway use tax administration account. 1. There is hereby</u>					
9	established in the joint custody of the state comptroller and the					
10	commissioner of the department of taxation and finance a special account					
11	to be known as the "highway use tax administration account".					
12	2. The highway use tax administration account shall consist of all					
13	monies collected from the highway use tax registration and decal fees					
14	collected pursuant to sections five hundred two-a and five hundred nine					
15	of the tax law, and any other monies deposited into the account pursuant					
16	<u>to law.</u>					
17	3. Monies of the account, following appropriation by the legislature,					
18	shall be used for the costs of the commissioner of taxation and finance					
19	in administering sections five hundred two, five hundred two-a and five					
20	hundred nine of the tax law, and expended for the purposes set forth in					
21	section five hundred fifteen of the tax law.					
22	§ 7. This act shall take effect immediately.					
23	PART LL					
24	Section 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "empire					
25	state apprenticeship program".					
26	§ 2. This act enacts into law components of legislation relating to					
27	the empire state apprenticeship program. Each component is wholly					
28	contained within a Subpart identified as Subparts A through B. The					
29	effective date for each particular provision contained within such					
30	Subpart is set forth in the last section of such Subpart. Any provision					
31	in any section contained within a Subpart, including the effective date					
32	of the Subpart, which makes reference to a section "of this act", when					
33	used in connection with that particular component, shall be deemed to					
34	mean and refer to the corresponding section of the Subpart in which it					
35	is found. Section four of this act sets forth the general effective date					
36	of this act.					
37	SUBPART A					
~ ~						
38	Section 1. The labor law is amended by adding a new section 25-c to					
39	read as follows:					
40	§ 25-c. Power to administer the empire state apprenticeship tax credit					
41	program. (a) The commissioner is authorized to establish and administer					
42	the empire state apprenticeship tax credit program to provide tax incen-					
43	tives to qualified and certified employers for employing qualified					
44	apprentices pursuant to an apprenticeship agreement registered with the					
45	department pursuant to paragraph (d) of subdivision one of section eight					
46	hundred eleven of this chapter. The commissioner is authorized to					
47 40	provide tax credits to be allocated up to ten million dollars of tax					
48 49	credits annually, beginning taxable year two thousand sixteen and ending					
49 50	before taxable year two thousand twenty. Any unused allocation of the					
50 51	credit shall be made available in each of the subsequent taxable years					
51 52	for all eligible years of the apprenticeship allowed under subdivision (c) of this section.					
54						

52 (c) of this section.



1	(b) Definitions. (1) The term "apprenticeship agreement" means the
2	agreement as defined by section eight hundred sixteen of this chapter.
3	(2) The term "qualified employer" means an employer that has entered
4	into a registered apprenticeship agreement. For the purposes of this
5	section a "qualified employer" shall not include an employer that is a
6	contractor or subcontractor who is a partnership, firm, corporation,
7	limited liability company, association or other legal entity permitted
8	by law to do business within the state who engages in construction as
9	defined in this section and whose apprenticeship agreement includes
10	skills related to the construction industry.
11	(3) For purposes of this section, the term "construction" means
12	constructing, reconstructing, altering, maintaining, moving, rehabili-
13	tating, repairing, renovating, fabricating, servicing, or demolition of
14	any building, structure, or improvement, or component, or relating to
15	the excavation of or other development or improvement to land.
16	(4) The term "certified employer" means a qualified employer that has
17	been certified as eligible by the commissioner to participate in the
18	empire state apprenticeship tax credit program established in this
19	section.
20	(5) The term "qualified apprentice" means an individual employed in a
21	full time position for at least six months of a taxable year and who has
22	entered into an agreement with a qualified employer pursuant to section
23	eight hundred sixteen of this chapter.
24	(6) The term "mentor" means an individual who provides instruction,
25 26	guidance, and support to the apprentice on a regular basis throughout
20 27	their apprenticeship until the completion of their apprenticeship and for the year after they complete their apprenticeship as the apprentice
28	seeks employment in the field or industry of their apprenticeship. The
29	goal of the mentor is to help train the apprentice in his or her trade
30	and to help the apprentice successfully complete the apprenticeship and
31	to secure and retain employment.
32	(c) (1) A certified employer shall be entitled to a tax credit against
33	income tax for each qualified apprentice for tax year equal to: (A) the
34	lesser of two thousand dollars or the total amount of wages paid for the
35	first year of the apprenticeship; (B) the lesser of three thousand
36	dollars or the total amount of wages paid for the second year of the
37	apprenticeship; and (C) the lesser of four thousand dollars or the total
38	amount of wages paid for each of the third, fourth, and fifth years of
39	the apprenticeship.
40	(2) A certified employer shall be entitled to an enhanced tax credit
41	if the employer can show that the apprentice for which the employer
42	received the tax credit pursuant to this subdivision is being trained in
43	his or her trade by a mentor as defined in this section. The enhanced
44	credit shall be an additional five hundred dollars for each year of the
45	apprenticeship in addition to the base tax credit described in paragraph
46	one of this subdivision.
47	(d) To participate in the program established under this section, a
48	qualified employer must submit an application (in a form prescribed by
49	the commissioner) to the commissioner after January first, but no later
50	than November thirtieth of each year during taxable years the credit is
51	allocated. The qualified apprentices must start their employment on or
52	after January first but no later than December thirty-first, of the year
53 54	for which the qualified employer seeks the tax credit.
54 55	(e) As part of such application, each qualified employer must: (1) Agree to allow the department of taxation and finance to share its
55 56	(1) Agree to allow the department of taxation and finance to share its tax information with the department. However, any information shared as
50	tax information with the department. However, any information shared as



<ul> <li>2 inspection under the state freedom of information law.</li> <li>(2) Allow the department and its agents access to any and all books and records the department may require to monitor compliance.</li> <li>(f) The commissioner shall establish quidelines, and criteria that specify requirements for qualified employers to participate in the program including criteria for certifying qualified apprentices. Any requirements that the commissioner determines are necessary and are consistent with the purpose of this article may be adopted on an emer- gency basis notwithstanding any provisions to the contrary in the state administrative procedure act. The commissioner may give preference to qualified employers that are engaged in demand occupations or indus: tries, or in regional growth sectors, including those identified by the department, such as clean energy, health care, advanced manufacturing and comperation.</li> <li>(g) (i) If, after reviewing the application submitted by a qualified employer, the commissioner determines that such qualified employer is eligible to participate in the program established under this section, the commissioner shall issue the qualified moleyer as a certified employer. The certificate of eligibility shall specify the maximum amount of tax credit that the certified employer will be allowed to claim.</li> <li>(ii) For each subsequent application submitted by a qualified employer who was certified by the commissioner in a prior tax year, the commis- sioner may consider the following factors when determining if the quali- fied employer should be re-certified:</li> <li>(b) how many apprentices have graduated from the apprenticeship program to which the qualified apprentice spine the maloyer has entered into;</li> <li>(b) how many apprentices in the first, second, third, fourth, or fifth year of an apprenticeship program the qualified apprentice spine that any apprenticeship arcement as defined by section eight hundred sixteen of this article that requires the apprentice to be taught</li></ul>	1	a result of this agreement shall not be available for disclosure or				
<ul> <li>4 and records the department may require to monitor compliance.</li> <li>(f) The commissioner shall establish guidelines and criteria that</li> <li>specify requirements for qualified employers to participate in the</li> <li>program including criteria for certifying qualified apprentices. Any</li> <li>a regulations that the commissioner determines are necessary and are</li> <li>consistent with the purpose of this article may be adopted on an emer-</li> <li>gency basis notwithstanding any provisions to the contrary in the state</li> <li>administrative procedure act. The commissioner may give preference to</li> <li>qualified employers that are engaged in demand occupations or indus-</li> <li>tries, or in regional growth sectors, including those identified by the</li> <li>department, such as clean energy, health care, advanced manufacturing</li> <li>(d) (i) If, after reviewing the application submitted by a qualified</li> <li>employer, the commissioner determines that such qualified employer is</li> <li>elidible to participate in the program established under this section,</li> <li>the commissioner shall issue the qualified employer as a certified employer. The certificate of eligibility shall</li> <li>specify the maximum amount of tax credit that the certified employer</li> <li>will be allowed to claim.</li> <li>(i) For each subsequent application submitted by a qualified employer has</li> <li>entered into;</li> <li>(b) how many apprentices have graduated from the apprenticeship</li> <li>program to which the qualified apprentice multipate and criteria that</li> <li>(b) how many apprentices have graduated from the apprenticeship and</li> <li>(c) how many apprentices in the first, second, third, fourth, or fifth</li> <li>year of an apprenticeship program the qualified apprentice by under day and</li> <li>(d) how many apprentices in the first, second, third, fourth, or fifth</li> <li>year of an apprenticeship program the qualified apprentice pursuant to</li> <li>an apprenticeship agreement as defined by sect</li></ul>	2	inspection under the state freedom of information law.				
<ul> <li>(f) The commissioner shall establish guidelines and criteria that specify requirements for qualified employers to participates in the program including criteria for certifying qualified apprentices. Any regulations that the commissioner determines are necessary and are consistent with the purpose of this article may be adopted on an emer- gency basis notwithstanding any provisions to the contrary in the state administrative procedure act. The commissioner may give preference to qualified employers that are engaged in demand occupations or indus- tries, or in regional growth sectors, including those identified by the department, such as clean energy, health care, advanced manufacturing and conservation.</li> <li>(g) (i) If, after reviewing the application submitted by a qualified employer, the commissioner determines that such qualified employer is eligible to participate in the program established under this section, the commissioner shall issue the qualified employer a certificate within ninety days of application of eligibility that establishes the qualified employer as a certified employer. The certificate of eligibility shall specify the maximum amount of tax credit that the certified employer will be allowed to claim.</li> <li>(ii) For each subsequent application submitted by a qualified employer wo as certified by the commissioner in a prior tax year, the commis- sioner may consider the following factors when determining if the quali- fied employer should be re-certified:</li> <li>(b) how many apprentices have graduated from the apprenticeship program to which the qualified apprentice employed by the employer belongs;</li> <li>(c) how many apprentices in the first, second, third, fourth, or fifth year of an apprenticeship agreement as defined by section crift an apprenticeship agreement as defined by section crift hundred sixteen of this article that nequires the apprentice to be taught trade or craft divisions by more than one employer such apprentice is employed by each such employer if the tot</li></ul>	3	(2) Allow the department and its agents access to any and all books				
<ul> <li>specify requirements for qualified employers to participate in the</li> <li>program including criteria for certifying qualified apprentices. Any</li> <li>requilations that the commissioner determines are necessary and are</li> <li>consistent with the purpose of this article may be adopted on an emer-</li> <li>gency basis notwithstanding any provisions to the contrary in the state</li> <li>administrative procedure act. The commissioner may give preference to</li> <li>qualified employers that are encaged in demand occupations or indus:</li> <li>tries, or in regional growth sectors, including those identified by the</li> <li>department, such as clean energy, health care, advanced manufacturing</li> <li>(d) (i) If, after reviewing the application submitted by a qualified</li> <li>employer, the commissioner determines that such qualified employer is</li> <li>eligible to participate in the program established under this section.</li> <li>the commissioner shall issue the qualified employer a certificate within</li> <li>ninety days of application of eligibility that establishes the qualified</li> <li>employer as a certified employer. The certificate of eligibility shall</li> <li>specify the maximum amount of tax credit that the certified employer</li> <li>will be allowed to claim.</li> <li>(ii) For each subsequent application submitted by a qualified employer</li> <li>was certified by the commissioner in a prior tax year, the commis.</li> <li>fied employer should be re-certified.</li> <li>(A) the length of the apprenticeship agreement the employer has</li> <li>entered into:</li> <li>(b) how many apprentices have graduated from the apprenticeship</li> <li>program to which the qualified apprentice demolover has the determined pursuant to</li> <li>an other factors the commissioner deems relevant.</li> <li>(h) Certified employers that employ a qualified apprentice by each</li> <li>d) any other factors the commissioner deems relevant.</li> <li>(h) certified employers that employ a cualified apprentice by each</li></ul>						
<ul> <li>7 program including criteria for certifying qualified apprentices. Any</li> <li>8 regulations that the commissioner determines are necessary and are</li> <li>9 consistent with the purpose of this article may be adopted on an emer-</li> <li>10 gency basis notwithstanding any provisions to the contrary in the state</li> <li>9 administrative procedure act. The commissioner may give preference to</li> <li>10 qualified employers that are engaged in demand occupations or indus-</li> <li>11 tries, or in regional growth sectors, including those identified by the</li> <li>12 department, such as clean energy, health care, advanced manufacturing</li> <li>13 and conservation.</li> <li>14 (d) 11 ff, after reviewing the application submitted by a qualified</li> <li>17 employer, the commissioner determines that such qualified employer is</li> <li>18 eligible to participate in the program established under this section,</li> <li>19 the commissioner shall issue the qualified employer. a certificate within</li> <li>10 ninety days of application of eligibility that establishes the qualified</li> <li>11 employer as a certified employer. The certificate of eligibility shall</li> <li>12 specify the maximum amount of tax credit that the certified employer</li> <li>13 will be allowed to claim.</li> <li>14 (i) For each subsequent application submitted by a qualified employer</li> <li>15 who was certified by the commissioner in a prior tax year, the commis-</li> <li>16 on may consider the following factors when determining if the quali-</li> <li>17 fied employer should be re-certified:</li> <li>10 (b) how many apprentices have graduated from the apprenticeship</li> <li>11 program to which the qualified apprentice employee the shout, fourth, or fifth</li> <li>17 year of an apprentices in the first, second, third, fourth, or fifth</li> <li>18 year of an apprentices that enploy a gualified apprentice ship under para-</li> <li>19 (b) how many apprentices the apprentice to be taught trade or craft</li> <li>10 any other factors the c</li></ul>						
<ul> <li>8 regulations that the commissioner determines are necessary and are consistent with the purpose of this article may be adopted on an emergency basis notwithstanding any provisions to the contrary in the state administrative procedure act. The commissioner may give preference to qualified employers that are encaged in demand occupations or industries, or in regional growth sectors, including those identified by the department, such as clean energy, health care, advanced manufacturing and conservation.</li> <li>(d) (i) If, after reviewing the application submitted by a qualified employer, the commissioner determines that such qualified employer is eligible to participate in the program established under this section, the commissioner shall issue the qualified employer as a certified employer. The certificate of eligibility shall specify the maximum amount of tax credit that the certified employer will be allowed to claim.</li> <li>(i) For each subsequent application submitted by a qualified employer who was certified by the commissioner in a prior tax year, the commissioner may consider the following factors when determining if the qualified encover should be re-certified:</li> <li>(a) the length of the apprenticeship agreement the employer has entered into;</li> <li>(b) how many apprentices in the first, second, third, fourth, or fifth year of an apprenticeship program to which the qualified apprentice to be taught hundred sixteem of the sprentices the apprentice to be taught hundred sixteem of the sprentices the apprentice to seed the minum number of hours required to be a qualified apprentice by each the determined purpose is an apprenticeship agreement as defined by section eight hundred sixteem of the sprentices of the department.</li> <li>(i) The commissioner shall annually publish a report within on an emproyer shall be eligible for the orredit for the cordit induced to required to be a qualified apprentices by under paration sprenticeship tay creates of any certified employer issued a certificat</li></ul>						
<ul> <li>9 consistent with the purpose of this article may be adopted on an emeri- dency basis notwithstanding any provisions to the contrary in the state administrative procedure act. The commissioner may give preference to qualified employers that are engaged in demand occupations or indus- tries, or in regional growth sectors, including those identified by the department, such as clean energy, health care, advanced manufacturing and conservation.</li> <li>(q) (i) If, after reviewing the application submitted by a qualified mployer, the commissioner determines that such qualified employer is eligible to participate in the program established under this section, the commissioner shall issue the qualified employer a certificate within ninety days of application of eligibility that establishes the qualified employer as a certified employer. The certificate of eligibility shall specify the maximum amount of tax credit that the certified employer will be allowed to claim.</li> <li>(ii) For each subsequent application submitted by a qualified employer who was certified by the commissioner in a prior tax year, the commis- sioner may consider the following factors when determining if the quali- fied employer should be re-certified: (A) the length of the apprenticeship agreement the employer has entered into:</li> <li>(B) how many apprentices have graduated from the apprenticeship program to which the qualified apprentice employed by the employer belongs;</li> <li>(C) how many apprentices in the first, second, third, fourth, or fifth year of an apprenticeship program the qualified apprentice pursuant to an apprenticeship program the qualified apprentice pursuant to an apprenticeship program the apprentice to be taught trade or craft divisions by more than one employer shall be eligible for the credit such employer if the total number of hours semployed exceeds the minimum a number of hours required to be a qualified apprenticeship under para- graph five of subdivision (b) of this section, as determined pursuant to req</li></ul>						
10 gency basis notwithstanding any provisions to the contrary in the state 11 administrative procedure act. The commissioner may give preference to 17 gualified employers that are engaged in demand occupations or indus- 18 tries, or in regional growth sectors, including those identified by the 19 department, such as clean energy, health care, advanced manufacturing 19 and conservation. 10 (g) (i) If, after reviewing the application submitted by a qualified 19 employer, the commissioner determines that such qualified employer is 18 eligible to participate in the program established under this section, 19 the commissioner shall issue the qualified employer a certificate within 10 ninety days of application of eligibility that establishes the qualified 10 specify the maximum amount of tax credit that the certified employer 13 will be allowed to claim. 14 (ii) For each subsequent application submitted by a qualified employer 15 who was certified by the commissioner in a prior tax year, the commis- 16 sioner may consider the following factors when determining if the quali- 17 fied employer should be re-certified: 10 (b) how many apprentices have graduated from the apprenticeship 11 program to which the qualified apprentice employed by the employer 12 belongs: 13 (C) how many apprentices in the first, second, third, fourth, or fifth 14 year of an apprentices in the first, second, third, fourth, or fifth 19 upotter factors the commissioner deems relevant. 10 (h) Certified employers that employ a qualified apprentice pursuant to 11 an apprenticeship program the qualified apprentice to be taught trade sixteen 11 of hours prequired to be a qualified apprentice to refait 13 divisions by more than one employer shall be eligible for the credit 14 based on the total number of hours such apprentice to main turde sixteen 15 file article that requires the apprentice to be taught trade or craft 16 divisions by more than one employer shall be eligible for the credit 17 such employer if the total number of hours employed exceed						
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<ul> <li>(A) the length of the apprenticeship agreement the employer has</li> <li>entered into;</li> <li>(B) how many apprentices have graduated from the apprenticeship</li> <li>program to which the qualified apprentice employed by the employer</li> <li>belongs;</li> <li>(C) how many apprentices in the first, second, third, fourth, or fifth</li> <li>year of an apprenticeship program the qualified employer has hired; and</li> <li>(D) any other factors the commissioner deems relevant.</li> <li>(h) Certified employers that employ a qualified apprentice pursuant to</li> <li>an apprenticeship agreement as defined by section eight hundred sixteen</li> <li>of this article that requires the apprentice to be taught trade or craft</li> <li>divisions by more than one employer shall be eligible for the credit</li> <li>based on the total number of hours such apprentices the minimum</li> <li>number of hours required to be a qualified apprenticeship under para-</li> <li>graph five of subdivision (b) of this section, as determined pursuant to</li> <li>regulations of the department.</li> <li>(i) The commissioner shall annually publish a report within one</li> <li>hundred eighty days of the close of the tax year. Such report must</li> <li>contain the names and addresses of any certified employer issued a</li> <li>certificate of eligibility under this section, and the maximum amount of</li> <li>empire state apprenticeship tax credit allowed to the certified employer</li> <li>as specified on such certificate of eligibility. The commissioner shall</li> <li>include in such report recommendations for legislative or other action</li> <li>to further the intent and purpose of the empire state apprenticeship tax</li> <li>(j) The commissioner shall promote, publish and disseminate informa-</li> </ul>	26	sioner may consider the following factors when determining if the quali-				
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54 (j) The commissioner shall promote, publish and disseminate informa-						
	55	tion concerning the empire state apprenticeship tax credit and other				



1	available funding, particularly targeting industries and fields of busi-						
2	ness not currently taking advantage of apprenticeships.						
3	§ 2. Section 210-B of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivi-						
4	sion 49 to read as follows:						
5	49. Empire state apprenticeship tax credit. (a) A taxpayer that has						
6	been certified by the commissioner of labor as a certified employer						
7	pursuant to section twenty-five-c of the labor law shall be allowed a						
8	credit against the tax imposed by this article, for each qualified						
9	apprentice, up to (i) two thousand five hundred dollars for the first						
10	year of the apprenticeship; (ii) three thousand five hundred dollars for						
11	the second year of the apprenticeship; (iii) four thousand five hundred						
12	dollars for the third year of the apprenticeship; (iv) four thousand						
13	five hundred dollars for the fourth year of the apprenticeship; and (v)						
14	four thousand five hundred dollars for the fifth year of the apprentice-						
15	ship. For purposes of this subdivision, the term "qualified apprentice"						
16	shall have the same meaning as set forth in subdivision (b) of section						
17	twenty-five-c of the labor law. The portion of the credit described in						
18	subparagraphs (i) through (v) of this paragraph shall be allowed for the						
19	taxable years in which the wages are paid to the qualified apprentice.						
20	(b) The credit allowed under this subdivision for any taxable year may						
21	not reduce the tax due for that year to less than the amount prescribed						
22	in paragraph (d) of subdivision one of section two hundred ten of this						
23	article. However, if the amount of the credit allowed under this subdi-						
24	vision for any taxable year reduces the tax to that amount or if the						
25	taxpayer otherwise pays tax based on the fixed dollar minimum amount,						
26	any amount of credit not deductible in that taxable year will be treated						
27	as an overpayment of tax to be credited or refunded in accordance with						
28	the provisions of section one thousand eighty-six of this chapter.						
29	Provided, however, no interest will be paid thereon.						
30	(c) The taxpayer shall be required to attach to its tax return its						
31	certificate of eligibility issued by the commissioner of labor pursuant						
32	to section twenty-five-c of the labor law. In no event shall the taxpay-						
33	er be allowed a credit greater than the amount of the credit listed on						
34	the certificate of eligibility. Notwithstanding any provision of this						
35	chapter to the contrary, the commissioner and the commissioner's desig-						
36	nees shall release the names and addresses of any taxpayer claiming this						
37	credit and the amount of the credit earned by the taxpayer. Provided,						
38	however, if a taxpayer claims this credit because it is a member of a						
39	limited liability company or a partner in a partnership, only the amount						
40	of credit earned by the entity and not the amount of credit claimed by						
41	the taxpayer may be released.						
	§ 3. Section 606 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subsection						
42 42							
43	(vvv) to read as follows:						
44	(vvv) Empire state apprenticeship tax credit. (1) (A) A taxpayer that						
45	has been certified by the commissioner of labor as a certified employer						
46	pursuant to section twenty-five-c of the labor law shall be allowed a						
47	credit against the tax imposed by this article, for each qualified						
48	apprentice, up to (i) two thousand five hundred dollars for the first						
49	year of the apprenticeship; (ii) three thousand five hundred dollars for						
50	the second year of the apprenticeship; (iii) four thousand five hundred						
51	dollars for the third year of the apprenticeship; (iv) four thousand						
52	five hundred dollars for the fourth year of the apprenticeship; and (v)						
53	four thousand five hundred dollars for the fifth year of the apprentice-						
54	ship.						
55	(B) A taxpayer that is a partner in a partnership, member of a limited						
56	liability company or shareholder in an S corporation that has been						



1	certified by the commissioner of labor as a certified employer pursuant					
2	to section twenty-five-c of the labor law shall be allowed its pro rata					
3	share of the credit earned by the partnership, limited liability company					
4	or S corporation.					
5	(C) For purposes of this subsection, the term "qualified apprentice"					
6	shall have the same meaning as set forth in subdivision (b) of section					
7	twenty-five-c of the labor law. The portion of the credit described in					
8	clause (i) through (v) of subparagraph (A) of this paragraph shall be					
9	allowed for the taxable years in which the wages are paid to the quali-					
10	fied apprentice.					
11	(2) If the amount of the credit allowed under this subsection exceeds					
12	the taxpayer's tax for the taxable year, any amount of credit not deduc-					
13	tible in that taxable year will be treated as an overpayment of tax to					
14	be credited or refunded in accordance with the provisions of section six					
15	hundred eighty-six of this article. Provided, however, no interest will					
16	<u>be paid thereon.</u>					
17	(3) The taxpayer shall be required to attach to its tax return its					
18	certificate of eligibility issued by the commissioner of labor pursuant					
19	to section twenty-five-c of the labor law. In no event shall the taxpay-					
20	er be allowed a credit greater than the amount of the credit listed on					
21	the certificate of eligibility. Notwithstanding any provision of this					
22	chapter to the contrary, the commissioner and the commissioner's desig-					
23	nees shall release the names and addresses of any taxpayer claiming this					
24	credit and the amount of the credit earned by the taxpayer. Provided,					
25 26	however, if a taxpayer claims this credit because it is a member of a					
20 27	limited liability company, a partner in a partnership, or a shareholder					
28	in a subchapter S corporation, only the amount of credit earned by the					
29	entity and not the amount of credit claimed by the taxpayer may be released.					
30	§ 4. Subparagraph (B) of paragraph 1 of subsection (i) of section 606					
31	of the tax law is amended by adding a new clause (xliii) to read as					
32	follows:					
33	(xliii) Empire state apprenticeship Amount of credit under					
34	tax credit under subsection subdivision forty-nine of					
35	(vvv) section two hundred ten-B					
36	§ 5. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to taxable					
37	years commencing on or after January 1, 2016.					
38	SUBPART B					
39	Section 1. The labor law is amended by adding a new article 23-D to					
40	read as follows:					
41	ARTICLE 23-D					
42	EMPIRE STATE APPRENTICESHIP GRANT PROGRAM FOR SMALL					
43	BUSINESS AND NOT-FOR-PROFIT CORPORATIONS					
44	Section 833. Empire state apprenticeship grant program for small busi-					
45	ness and not-for-profit corporations.					
46	§ 833. Empire state apprenticeship grant program for small business					
47 1 0	and not-for-profit corporations. 1. The department shall establish a					
48 49	grant program designed to encourage the adoption of apprenticeships administered by small businesses and not-for-profit corporations. The					
49 50	department shall provide grants within available appropriations, on a					
50 51	competitive basis, in response to a request for proposal from eligible					
52	entities. The program shall provide one to one state matching funds to					
53	eligible entities not to exceed fifty thousand dollars annually. An					
54	eligible entity shall include a business employing and/or training an					
51						



1 apprentice pursuant to an apprenticeship agreement registered with the 2 department pursuant to paragraph (d) of subdivision one of section eight 3 hundred eleven of this chapter which is resident in this state, independently owned and operated, and employs twenty-five or less persons, 4 5 or a not-for-profit organization employing and/or training an apprentice 6 pursuant to an apprenticeship agreement as defined by section eight 7 hundred sixteen of this chapter and registered with the department. An 8 eligible entity shall not include an employer who is a contractor or 9 subcontractor who is a partnership, firm, corporation, limited liability company, association or other legal entity permitted by law to do busi-10 11 ness within the state who engages in construction. For purposes of this section, the term "construction" means constructing, reconstructing, 12 13 altering, maintaining, moving, rehabilitating, repairing, renovating, 14 fabricating, servicing, or demolition of any building, structure, or 15 improvement, or component, or relating to the excavation of or other 16 development or improvement to land. The department may use grant funds 17 only for costs related to apprenticeship programs for capital and/or 18 operating expenses, and to support dedicated mentors for apprentices. 19 The commissioner is directed to establish guidelines and an application 20 process. Total statewide expenditures for the grant program shall not 21 exceed two million five hundred thousand dollars per year.

22 2. The state apprenticeship and training council shall review requests
 23 for proposals and will recommend project applications deemed to meet the
 24 intent of the program to the department.

25 3. The department shall report on or before October first, two thou-26 sand seventeen and annually thereafter to the governor, temporary presi-27 dent of the senate, speaker of the assembly, and chairs of the assembly 28 committee on labor and the legislative commission on skills development and career education on activities and progress of the grant. Such 29 report shall contain the names, addresses and descriptions of any eligi-30 ble entity issued a grant under this section, the amount of the grant 31 allowed to the employer, for what purposes, the number of apprentices 32 33 and their trade or trades, and whether each apprenticeship is a new job 34 created after being issued a grant pursuant to this program.

35 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

36 § 3. Severability clause. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivi-37 sion, section or part of this act shall be adjudged by any court of 38 competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment shall not affect, 39 impair, or invalidate the remainder thereof, but shall be confined in 40 its operation to the clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section 41 or part thereof directly involved in the controversy in which such judg-42 ment shall have been rendered. It is hereby declared to be the intent of 43 the legislature that this act would have been enacted even if such 44 invalid provisions had not been included herein.

45 § 4. This act shall take effect immediately provided, however, that 46 the applicable effective date of Subparts A through B of this part shall 47 be as specifically set forth in the last section of such Subparts.

48

#### PART MM

49 Section 1. Section 606 of the tax law is amended by adding a new 50 subsection (ccc) to read as follows:

51	(ccc) Univ	ersal	visita	bility	tax	credit.	1. For	taxabl	le yea	rs be	gin-
52	ning on or af	ter Ja	nuary f	irst, t	two t	housand	sevent	een, ι	until	Dece	mber
	thirty-first,										
- 4		1			1		1				1 1

54 <u>credit against the tax imposed by this article for a portion of the</u>



1 total purchase price paid by such taxpayer for a principal residence 2 attributable to universal visitability or the total amount expended by a 3 taxpayer to retrofit an existing principal residence to achieve universal visitability provided that the principal residence or the 4 retrofitting of the existing principal residence is located within this 5 6 state and designed to provide universal visitability as defined through 7 the eligibility requirements established by guidelines developed by the 8 division of code enforcement and administration within the department of 9 state. For the purpose of this subsection, principal residence shall 10 mean such residence pursuant to section one hundred twenty-one of the 11 internal revenue code. 12 2. The credit shall be allowed for the taxable year in which the resi-13 dence has been purchased or constructed, or the retrofitting or reno-14 vation of the residence or residential unit has been completed. The 15 credit allowed under this section shall not exceed (i) twenty-seven 16 hundred fifty dollars for the purchase of a new residence, or (ii) fifty 17 percent of the total amount expended, but not to exceed twenty-seven hundred fifty dollars for the retrofitting or renovation of each exist-18 19 ing residence or unit. 20 3. No credit shall be allowed under this section for the purchase, 21 retrofitting or renovation of residential rental property. 22 4. If the amount of the credit allowable under this subsection shall 23 exceed the taxpayer's tax for such year, the excess may be carried over 24 to the following year or years and may be deducted from the taxpayer's 25 tax for such year or years. 26 5. Eligible taxpayers shall apply for the credit by making application 27 to the division of code enforcement and administration within the 28 department of state. The division of code enforcement and administration 29 within the department of state shall issue a certification for an approved application to the taxpayer. The taxpayer shall submit the 30 31 certification together with their personal income return. 6. (A) The aggregate amount of tax credits allowed pursuant to the 32 33 authority of this subsection shall be one million dollars each year 34 during the period two thousand seventeen through two thousand twentyone. Such aggregate amounts of credits shall be allocated by the depart-35 36 ment of state among taxpayers in order of priority based upon the date 37 of filing an application for allocation of credit with the division of 38 code enforcement and administration. If the total amount of allocated credits applied for in any particular year exceeds the aggregate amount 39 40 of tax credits allowed for such year under this section, such excess 41 shall be treated as having been applied for on the first day of the 42 subsequent year. 43 (B) The secretary of state, after consulting with the commissioner, 44 shall promulgate regulations by October thirty-first, two thousand 45 sixteen to establish procedures for the allocation of tax credits as 46 required by this subparagraph. Such rules and regulations shall include 47 provisions describing the application process, the due days for such applications, the standards which shall be used to evaluate the applica-48 49 tions, the documentation that will be provided to taxpayers to substan-50 tiate to the department the amount of tax credits allocated to such 51 taxpayers, and such other provisions as deemed necessary and appropri-52 ate. Notwithstanding any other provisions to the contrary in the state 53 administrative procedure act, such rules and regulations may be adopted on an emergency basis if necessary to meet such October thirty-first, 54 two thousand sixteen deadline. 55

68



1 7. The department of state shall submit to the governor, the temporary president of the senate, and the speaker of the assembly, an annual 2 report to be submitted by February first of each year evaluating the 3 effectiveness of the universal visitability tax credit provided by this 4 section. Such report shall be based on data available from the applica-5 tion filed with the division of code enforcement and administration for 6 7 universal visitability credits. Notwithstanding any provision of law to 8 the contrary, the information contained in the report shall be public 9 information. The report may also include any recommendations of changes 10 in the calculation or administration of the credit, and any other recom-11 mendation of the commissioner of the department of state or the division 12 of code enforcement and administration regarding continuing modifica-13 tion, repeal of such act, and such other information regarding the act 14 as the division may feel useful and appropriate.

15 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately and shall expire and be 16 deemed repealed December 31, 2021.

#### 17

28

## PART NN

18 Section 1. This act enacts into law major components of legislation 19 relating to income tax. Each component is wholly contained within a Subpart identified as Subparts A through B. The effective date for each 20 21 particular provision contained within such Subpart is set forth in the 22 last section of such Subpart. Any provision in any section contained 23 within a Subpart, including the effective date of the Subpart, which 24 makes a reference to a section "of this act", when used in connection 25 with that particular component, shall be deemed to mean and refer to the 26 corresponding section of the Subpart in which it is found. Section three 27 of this act sets forth the general effective date of this act.

#### SUBPART A

29 Section 1. Paragraph 1 of subsection (d) of section 606 of the tax 30 law, as amended by section 1 of part Q of chapter 63 of the laws of 31 2000, is amended to read as follows:

(1) General. A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit as provided herein equal to (i) the applicable percentage of the earned income credit allowed under section thirty-two of the internal revenue code for the same taxable year, (ii) reduced by the credit permitted under subsection (b) of this section.

37 The applicable percentage shall be (i) seven and one-half percent for 38 taxable years beginning in nineteen hundred ninety-four, (ii) ten percent for taxable years beginning in nineteen hundred ninety-five, 39 40 (iii) twenty percent for taxable years beginning after nineteen hundred 41 ninety-five and before two thousand, (iv) twenty-two and one-half 42 percent for taxable years beginning in two thousand, (v) twenty-five 43 percent for taxable years beginning in two thousand one, (vi) twentyseven and one-half percent for taxable years beginning in two thousand 44 45 two, and (vii) thirty percent for taxable years beginning in two thou-46 sand three, and (viii) thirty-two and one-half percent for the taxable 47 year beginning in two thousand eighteen, and (ix) thirty-five percent 48 for taxable years beginning in two thousand nineteen and thereafter. Provided, however, that if the reversion event, as defined in this para-49 graph, occurs, the applicable percentage shall be twenty percent for 50 taxable years ending on or after the date on which the reversion event 51 occurred. The reversion event shall be deemed to have occurred on the 52



1 date on which federal action, including but not limited to, administrative, statutory or regulatory changes, materially reduces or eliminates 2 New York state's allocation of the federal temporary assistance for 3 needy families block grant, or materially reduces the ability of the 4 5 state to spend federal temporary assistance for needy families block grant funds for the earned income credit or to apply state general fund 6 spending on the earned income credit toward the temporary assistance for 7 8 needy families block grant maintenance of effort requirement, and the commissioner of the office of temporary and disability assistance shall 9 10 certify the date of such event to the commissioner of taxation and 11 finance, the director of the division of the budget, the speaker of the assembly and the temporary president of the senate. 12

13 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to taxable 14 years beginning on or after 2018.

15

## SUBPART B

Section 1. Paragraph 1 of subsection (a) of section 601 of the tax 17 law, as amended by section 1 of part FF of chapter 59 of the laws of 2013, is amended to read as follows: (1) (A) For taxable years beginning after two thousand seventeen, the

20 <u>following brackets and dollar amounts shall apply, as adjusted by the</u> 21 <u>cost of living adjustment prescribed in section six hundred one-a of</u> 22 <u>this part for taxable years two thousand thirteen and thereafter:</u>

23	If the New York taxable income is:	The tax is:
24	<u>Not over \$16,000</u>	<u>4% of taxable income</u>
25	<u>Over \$16,000 but not over \$22,000</u>	\$640 plus 4.5% of excess over
26		<u>\$16,000</u>
27	<u>Over \$22,000 but not over \$26,000</u>	\$910 plus 5.25% of excess over
28		<u>\$22,000</u>
29	<u>Over \$26,000 but not over \$40,000</u>	\$1,120 plus 5.90% of excess over
30		<u>\$26,000</u>
31	<u>Over \$40,000 but not over \$150,000</u>	\$1,946 plus 6.25% of excess over
32		<u>\$40,000</u>
33	<u>Over \$150,000 but not over \$300,000</u>	\$8,821 plus 6.65% of excess over
34		<u>\$150,000</u>
35	<u>Over \$300,000 but not over \$1,000,000</u>	\$18,796 plus 6.85% of excess over
36		<u>\$300,000</u>
37	<u>Over \$1,000,000 but not over</u>	\$66,746 plus 8.82% of excess over
38	<u>\$5,000,000</u>	<u>\$1,000,000</u>
39	<u>Over \$5,000,000 but not over</u>	\$419,546 plus 9.32% of excess over
40	<u>\$10,000,000</u>	<u>\$5,000,000</u>
41	<u>Over \$10,000,000</u>	\$885,546 plus 9.82% of excess over
42		<u>\$10,000,000</u>

43 (B) For taxable years beginning after two thousand eleven and before two 44 thousand eighteen:

45	If the New York taxable income is:	The tax is:
46	Not over \$16,000	4% of taxable income
47	Over \$16,000 but not over \$22,000	\$640 plus 4.5% of excess over
48		\$16,000
49	Over \$22,000 but not over \$26,000	\$910 plus 5.25% of excess over
50		\$22,000
51	Over \$26,000 but not over \$40,000	\$1,120 plus 5.90% of excess over



1 \$26,000 2 Over \$40,000 but not over \$150,000 \$1,946 plus 6.45% of excess over 3 \$40,000 Over \$150,000 but not over \$300,000 4 \$9,041 plus 6.65% of excess over 5 \$150,000 Over \$300,000 but not over \$2,000,000 \$19,016 plus 6.85% of excess over 6 \$300,000 7 8 Over \$2,000,000 \$135,466 plus 8.82% of excess over 9 \$2,000,000 For taxable years beginning after two thousand seventeen, the 10 [(B) 11 following brackets and dollar amounts shall apply, as adjusted by the 12 cost of living adjustment prescribed in section six hundred one-a of 13 this part for tax years two thousand thirteen through two thousand 14 seventeen: 15 If the New York taxable income is: The tax is: Not over \$16,000 4% of taxable income 16 17 Over \$16,000 but not over \$22,000 \$640 plus 4.5% of excess over \$16,000 18 19 Over \$22,000 but not over \$26,000 \$910 plus 5.25% of excess over 20 \$22,000 21 Over \$26,000 but not over \$40,000 \$1,120 plus 5.90% of excess over 22 \$26,000 Over \$40,000 23 \$1,946 plus 6.85% of excess over 24 \$40,000] 25 § 2. Paragraph 1 of subsection (b) of section 601 of the tax law, as 26 amended by section 2 of part FF of chapter 59 of the laws of 2013, is 27 amended to read as follows: (A) For taxable years beginning after two thousand seventeen, the 28 (1)29 following brackets and dollar amounts shall apply, as adjusted by the 30 cost of living adjustment prescribed in section six hundred one-a of this part for taxable years two thousand thirteen and thereafter: 31 32 If the New York taxable income is: The tax is: 33 <u>4% of taxable income</u> <u>Not over \$12,000</u> 34 <u>Over \$12,000 but not over \$16,500</u> \$480 plus 4.5% of excess over 35 \$12,000 36 Over \$16,500 but not over \$19,500 \$683 plus 5.25% of excess over 37 \$16,500 38 Over \$19,500 but not over \$30,000 \$840 plus 5.90% of excess over 39 \$19,500 40 <u>Over \$30,000 but not over \$100,000</u> \$1,460 plus 6.25% of excess over 41 \$30,000 42 Over \$100,000 but not over \$250,000 \$5,835 plus 6.65% of excess over 43 \$100,000 44 Over \$250,000 but not over \$1,000,000 \$15,810 plus 6.85% of excess over 45 \$250,000 46 <u>Over \$1,000,000 but not over</u> <u>\$67,185 plus 8.82% of excess over</u> 47 \$5,000,000 \$1,000,000 Over \$5,000,000 but not over 48 \$419,985 plus 9.32% of excess over 49 \$10,000,000 \$5,000,000 Over \$10,000,000 50 <u>\$885,985 plus 9.82% of excess over</u> 51 \$10,000,000



71

72

1 (B) For taxable years beginning after two thousand eleven and before two 2 thousand eighteen:

3 If the New York taxable income is: The tax is: 4% of taxable income 4 Not over \$12,000 Over \$12,000 but not over \$16,500 \$480 plus 4.5% of excess over 5 6 \$12,000 \$683 plus 5.25% of excess over 7 Over \$16,500 but not over \$19,500 8 \$16,500 Over \$19,500 but not over \$30,000 9 \$840 plus 5.90% of excess over 10 \$19,500 11 Over \$30,000 but not over \$100,000 \$1,460 plus 6.45% of excess over 12 \$30,000 13 Over \$100,000 but not over \$250,000 \$5,975 plus 6.65% of excess over 14 \$100,000 15 Over \$250,000 but not over \$1,500,000 \$15,950 plus 6.85% of excess over 16 \$250,000 17 Over \$1,500,000 \$101,575 plus 8.82% of excess over 18 \$1,500,000

19 [(B) For taxable years beginning after two thousand seventeen, the 20 following brackets and dollars amounts shall apply, as adjusted by the 21 cost of living adjustment prescribed in section six hundred one-a of 22 this part for tax years two thousand thirteen through two thousand 23 seventeen:

```
24
   If the New York taxable income is:
                                           The tax is:
25
   Not over $12,000
                                           4% of taxable income
26
   Over $12,000 but not over $16,500
                                           $480 plus 4.5% of excess over
27
                                           $12,000
28
   Over $16,500 but not over $19,500
                                           $683 plus 5.25% of excess over
29
                                           $16,500
                                           $840 plus 5.90% of excess over
30
   Over $19,500 but not over $30,000
31
                                           $19,500
32
   Over $30,000
                                           $1,460 plus 6.85% of excess over
33
                                           $30,000]
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34 § 3. Paragraph 1 of subsection (c) of section 601 of the tax law, as 35 amended by section 3 of part FF of chapter 59 of the laws of 2013, is 36 amended to read as follows: 37 (A) For taxable years beginning after two thousand seventeen, the (1) 38 following brackets and dollar amounts shall apply, as adjusted by the 39 cost of living adjustment prescribed in section six hundred one-a of this part for taxable years two thousand thirteen and thereafter: 40

41	If the New York taxable income is:	<u>The tax is:</u>
42	<u>Not over \$8,000</u>	<u>4% of taxable income</u>
43	<u>Over \$8,000 but not over \$11,000</u>	<u>\$320 plus 4.5% of excess over</u>
44		<u>\$8,000</u>
45	<u>Over \$11,000 but not over \$13,000</u>	<u>\$455 plus 5.25% of excess over</u>
46		<u>\$11,000</u>
47	<u>Over \$13,000 but not over \$20,000</u>	<u>\$560 plus 5.90% of excess over</u>
48		<u>\$13,000</u>
49	<u>Over \$20,000 but not over \$75,000</u>	\$973 plus 6.25% of excess over



1

2 Over \$75,000 but not over \$200,000 \$4,411 plus 6.65% of excess over 3 \$75,000 Over \$200,000 but not over \$1,000,000 \$12,723 plus 6.85% of excess over 4 5 \$200,000 6 <u>Over \$1,000,000 but not over</u> <u>\$67,523 plus 8.82% of excess over</u> 7 \$5,000,000 \$1,000,000 8 <u>Over \$5,000,000 but not over</u> \$420,323 plus 9.32% of excess over 9 \$10,000,000 \$5,000,000 Over \$10,000,000 10 \$886,323 plus 9.82% of excess over 11 <u>\$10,000,000</u> 12 (B) For taxable years beginning after two thousand eleven and before 13 two thousand eighteen: 14 If the New York taxable income is: The tax is: 15 Not over \$8,000 4% of taxable income Over \$8,000 but not over \$11,000 \$320 plus 4.5% of excess over 16 17 \$8,000 18 Over \$11,000 but not over \$13,000 \$455 plus 5.25% of excess over 19 \$11,000 Over \$13,000 but not over \$20,000 20 \$560 plus 5.90% of excess over 21 \$13,000 22 Over \$20,000 but not over \$75,000 \$973 plus 6.45% of excess over 23 \$20,000 24 Over \$75,000 but not over \$200,000 \$4,521 plus 6.65% of excess over 25 \$75,000 26 Over \$200,000 but not over \$1,000,000 \$12,833 plus 6.85% of excess over 27 \$200,000 28 Over \$1,000,000 \$67,633 plus 8.82% of excess over 29 \$1,000,000 30 [(B) For taxable years beginning after two thousand seventeen, the following brackets and dollars amounts shall apply, as adjusted by the 31 cost of living adjustment prescribed in section six hundred one-a of 32 33 this part for tax years two thousand thirteen through two thousand 34 seventeen: 35 If the New York taxable income is: The tax is: 36 Not over \$8,000 4% of taxable income 37 Over \$8,000 but not over \$11,000 \$320 plus 4.5% of excess over 38 \$8,000 39 Over \$11,000 but not over \$13,000 \$455 plus 5.25% of excess over 40 \$11,000 41 Over \$13,000 but not over \$20,000 \$560 plus 5.90% of excess over 42 \$13,000 Over \$20,000 43 \$973 plus 6.85% of excess over 44 \$20,000] § 4. Subsection (a) of section 601-a of the tax law, as amended by 45 section 10 of part FF of chapter 59 of the laws of 2013, is amended to 46 47 read as follows: (a) For tax year two thousand thirteen, the commissioner, not later 48 than September first, two thousand twelve, shall multiply the amounts 49 specified in subsection (b) of this section for tax year two thousand 50 51 twelve by one plus the cost of living adjustment described in subsection



\$20,000

54

1 (c) of this section. For tax year two thousand fourteen, the commission-2 er, not later than September first, two thousand thirteen, shall multi-3 ply the amounts specified in subsection (b) of this section for tax year two thousand thirteen by one plus the cost of living adjustment. For 4 each succeeding tax year after tax year two thousand fourteen and 5 [before tax year two thousand eighteen] thereafter, the commissioner, 6 7 not later than September first of such tax year, shall multiply the 8 amounts specified in subsection (b) of this section for such tax year by 9 one plus the cost of living adjustment described in subsection (c) of 10 this section for such tax year. 11 § 5. Subsection (d-2) of section 601 of the tax law is REPEALED and a 12 new subsection (d-2) is added to read as follows: 13 (d-2) Alternative tax table benefit recapture. Notwithstanding the 14 provisions of subsections (d) and (d-1) of this section, for taxable 15 years beginning after two thousand seventeen and thereafter, there is 16 hereby imposed a supplemental tax in addition to the tax imposed under subsections (a), (b) and (c) of this section for the purpose of recap-17 turing the benefit of the tax tables contained in such subsections. 18 During these taxable years, any reference in this chapter to subsection 19 20 (d) of this section shall be read as a reference to this subsection. 21 (1) For resident married individuals filing joint returns and resident 22 surviving spouses, the supplemental tax shall be an amount equal to the 23 sum of the tax table benefits described in subparagraphs (A), (B), (C), 24 (D), (E) and (F) of this paragraph multiplied by their respective frac-25 tions in such subparagraphs. 26 (A) The tax table benefit is the difference between (i) the amount of 27 taxable income set forth in the tax table in paragraph one of subsection 28 (a) of this section not subject to the 6.25 percent rate of tax for the 29 taxable year multiplied by such rate and (ii) the dollar denominated tax for such amount of taxable income set forth in the tax table applicable 30 31 to the taxable year in paragraph one of subsection (a) of this section. 32 The fraction for this subparagraph is computed as follows: the numerator is the lesser of fifty thousand dollars or the excess of New York 33 34 adjusted gross income for the taxable year over one hundred thousand 35 dollars and the denominator is fifty thousand dollars. 36 (B) The tax table benefit is the difference between (i) the amount of 37 taxable income set forth in the tax table in paragraph one of subsection 38 (a) of this section not subject to the 6.65 percent rate of tax for the 39 taxable year multiplied by such rate and (ii) the dollar denominated tax 40 for such amount of taxable income set forth in the tax table applicable 41 to the taxable year in paragraph one of subsection (a) of this section 42 less the tax table benefit in subparagraph (A) of this paragraph. The 43 fraction for this subparagraph is computed as follows: the numerator is 44 the lesser of fifty thousand dollars or the excess of New York adjusted 45 gross income for the taxable year over one hundred fifty thousand 46 dollars and the denominator is fifty thousand dollars. Provided, howev-47 er, this subparagraph shall not apply to taxpayers who are not subject 48 to the 6.65 percent tax rate. (C) The tax table benefit is the difference between (i) the amount of 49 50 taxable income set forth in the tax table in paragraph one of subsection 51 (a) of this section not subject to the 6.85 percent rate of tax for the 52 taxable year multiplied by such rate and (ii) the dollar denominated tax 53 for such amount of taxable income set forth in the tax table applicable

55 <u>less the sum of the tax table benefit in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of</u> 56 <u>this paragraph. The fraction for this subparagraph is computed as</u>



to the taxable year in paragraph one of subsection (a) of this section

1 follows: the numerator is the lesser of fifty thousand dollars or the 2 excess of New York adjusted gross income for the taxable year over three 3 hundred thousand dollars and the denominator is fifty thousand dollars. Provided, however, this subparagraph shall not apply to taxpayers who 4 are not subject to the 6.85 percent tax rate. 5 6 (D) The tax table benefit is the difference between (i) the amount of 7 taxable income set forth in the tax table in paragraph one of subsection 8 of this section not subject to the 8.82 percent rate of tax for the 9 taxable year multiplied by such rate and (ii) the dollar denominated tax 10 for such amount of taxable income set forth in the tax table applicable 11 to the taxable year in paragraph one of subsection (a) of this section 12 less the sum of the tax table benefits in subparagraphs (A), (B) and (C) 13 of this paragraph. The fraction for this subparagraph is computed as 14 follows: the numerator is the lesser of fifty thousand dollars or the 15 excess of New York adjusted gross income for the taxable year over one 16 million dollars and the denominator is fifty thousand dollars. 17 (E) The tax table benefit is the difference between (i) the amount of taxable income set forth in the tax table in paragraph one of subsection 18 19 (a) of this section not subject to the 9.32 percent rate of tax for the 20 taxable year multiplied by such rate and (ii) the dollar denominated tax 21 for such amount of taxable income set forth in the tax table applicable 22 to the taxable year in paragraph one of subsection (a) of this section less the sum of the tax table benefits in subparagraphs (A), (B), (C) 23 24 and (D) of this paragraph. The fraction for this subparagraph is 25 computed as follows: the numerator is the lesser of fifty thousand dollars or the excess of New York adjusted gross income for the taxable 26 27 year over five million dollars and the denominator is fifty thousand 28 dollars. 29 (F) The tax table benefit is the difference between (i) the amount of taxable income set forth in the tax table in paragraph one of subsection 30 31 (a) of this section not subject to the 9.82 percent rate of tax for the 32 taxable year multiplied by such rate and (ii) the dollar denominated tax 33 for such amount of taxable income set forth in the tax table applicable 34 to the taxable year in paragraph one of subsection (a) of this section 35 less the sum of the tax table benefits in subparagraphs (A), (B), (C), 36 (D) and (E) of this paragraph. The fraction for this subparagraph is 37 computed as follows: the numerator is the lesser of fifty thousand 38 dollars or the excess of New York adjusted gross income for the taxable 39 year over ten million dollars and the denominator is fifty thousand 40 dollars. 41 (G) Provided, however, the total tax prior to the application of any 42 tax credits shall not exceed the highest rate of tax set forth in the 43 tax tables in subsection (a) of this section multiplied by the taxpay-44 er's taxable income. 45 (2) For resident heads of households, the supplemental tax shall be an 46 amount equal to the sum of the tax table benefits described in subpara-47 graphs (A), (B), (C), (D) and (E) of this paragraph multiplied by their 48 respective fractions in such subparagraphs. 49 (A) The tax table benefit is the difference between (i) the amount of 50 taxable income set forth in the tax table in paragraph one of subsection 51 (b) of this section not subject to the 6.65 percent rate of tax for the 52 taxable year multiplied by such rate and (ii) the dollar denominated tax 53 for such amount of taxable income set forth in the tax table applicable 54 to the taxable year in paragraph one of subsection (b) of this section. 55 The fraction for this subparagraph is computed as follows: the numerator is the lesser of fifty thousand dollars or the excess of New York 56



1 adjusted gross income for the taxable year over one hundred thousand 2 dollars and the denominator is fifty thousand dollars. 3 (B) The tax table benefit is the difference between (i) the amount of taxable income set forth in the tax table in paragraph one of subsection 4 (b) of this section not subject to the 6.85 percent rate of tax for the 5 6 taxable year multiplied by such rate and (ii) the dollar denominated tax 7 for such amount of taxable income set forth in the tax table applicable 8 to the taxable year in paragraph one of subsection (b) of this section 9 less the tax table benefit in subparagraph (A) of this paragraph. The 10 fraction for this subparagraph is computed as follows: the numerator is 11 the lesser of fifty thousand dollars or the excess of New York adjusted 12 gross income for the taxable year over two hundred fifty thousand 13 dollars and the denominator is fifty thousand dollars. Provided, howev-14 er, this subparagraph shall not apply to taxpayers who are not subject 15 to the 6.85 percent tax rate. 16 (C) The tax table benefit is the difference between (i) the amount of 17 taxable income set forth in the tax table in paragraph one of subsection (b) of this section not subject to the 8.82 percent rate of tax for the 18 taxable year multiplied by such rate and (ii) the dollar denominated tax 19 for such amount of taxable income set forth in the tax table applicable 20 21 to the taxable year in paragraph one of subsection (b) of this section 22 less the sum of the tax table benefits in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of this paragraph. The fraction for this subparagraph is computed as 23 24 follows: the numerator is the lesser of fifty thousand dollars or the 25 excess of New York adjusted gross income for the taxable year over one million dollars and the denominator is fifty thousand dollars. 26 27 (D) The tax table benefit is the difference between (i) the amount of 28 taxable income set forth in the tax table in paragraph one of subsection 29 (b) of this section not subject to the 9.32 percent rate of tax for the taxable year multiplied by such rate and (ii) the dollar denominated tax 30 for such amount of taxable income set forth in the tax table applicable 31 to the taxable year in paragraph one of subsection (b) of this section 32 less the sum of the tax table benefits in subparagraphs (A), (B) and (C) 33 34 of this paragraph. The fraction for this subparagraph is computed as 35 follows: the numerator is the lesser of fifty thousand dollars or the 36 excess of New York adjusted gross income for the taxable year over five 37 million dollars and the denominator is fifty thousand dollars. 38 (E) The tax table benefit is the difference between (i) the amount of 39 taxable income set forth in the tax table in paragraph one of subsection 40 (b) of this section not subject to the 9.82 percent rate of tax for the 41 taxable year multiplied by such rate and (ii) the dollar denominated tax 42 for such amount of taxable income set forth in the tax table applicable 43 to the taxable year in paragraph one of subsection (b) of this section 44 less the sum of the tax table benefits in subparagraphs (A), (B), (C) 45 and (D) of this paragraph. The fraction for this subparagraph is 46 computed as follows: the numerator is the lesser of fifty thousand 47 dollars or the excess of New York adjusted gross income for the taxable year over ten million dollars and the denominator is fifty thousand 48 49 dollars. 50 (F) Provided, however, the total tax prior to the application of any 51 tax credits shall not exceed the highest rate of tax set forth in the 52 tax tables in subsection (b) of this section multiplied by the taxpay-53 er's taxable income. 54 (3) For resident unmarried individuals, resident married individuals 55 filing separate returns and resident estates and trusts, the supplemental tax shall be an amount equal to the sum of the tax table benefits 56



1 described in subparagraphs (A), (B), (C), (D) and (E) of this paragraph 2 multiplied by their respective fractions in such subparagraphs. 3 (A) The tax table benefit is the difference between (i) the amount of taxable income set forth in the tax table in paragraph one of subsection 4 (c) of this section not subject to the 6.65 percent rate of tax for the 5 taxable year multiplied by such rate and (ii) the dollar denominated tax 6 7 for such amount of taxable income set forth in the tax table applicable 8 to the taxable year in paragraph one of subsection (c) of this section. 9 The fraction is computed as follows: the numerator is the lesser of fifty thousand dollars or the excess of New York adjusted gross income 10 for the taxable year over one hundred thousand dollars and the denomina-11 12 tor is fifty thousand dollars. 13 (B) The tax table benefit is the difference between (i) the amount of 14 taxable income set forth in the tax table in paragraph one of subsection 15 (c) of this section not subject to the 6.85 percent rate of tax for the 16 taxable year multiplied by such rate and (ii) the dollar denominated tax 17 for such amount of taxable income set forth in the tax table applicable 18 to the taxable year in paragraph one of subsection (c) of this section less the tax table benefit in subparagraph (A) of this paragraph. The 19 20 fraction for this subparagraph is computed as follows: the numerator is 21 the lesser of fifty thousand dollars or the excess of New York adjusted 22 gross income for the taxable year over two hundred thousand dollars and the denominator is fifty thousand dollars. Provided, however, this 23 24 subparagraph shall not apply to taxpayers who are not subject to the 25 6.85 percent tax rate. 26 (C) The tax table benefit is the difference between (i) the amount of 27 taxable income set forth in the tax table in paragraph one of subsection 28 (c) of this section not subject to the 8.82 percent rate of tax for the 29 taxable year multiplied by such rate and (ii) the dollar denominated tax for such amount of taxable income set forth in the tax table applicable 30 to the taxable year in paragraph one of subsection (c) of this section 31 less the sum of the tax table benefits in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of 32 this paragraph. The fraction for this subparagraph is computed as 33 34 follows: the numerator is the lesser of fifty thousand dollars or the 35 excess of New York adjusted gross income for the taxable year over one 36 million dollars and the denominator is fifty thousand dollars. 37 (D) The tax table benefit is the difference between (i) the amount of 38 taxable income set forth in the tax table in paragraph one of subsection 39 (c) of this section not subject to the 9.32 percent rate of tax for the 40 taxable year multiplied by such rate and (ii) the dollar denominated tax 41 for such amount of taxable income set forth in the tax table applicable 42 to the taxable year in paragraph one of subsection (c) of this section 43 less the sum of the tax table benefits in subparagraphs (A), (B) and (C) 44 this paragraph. The fraction for this subparagraph is computed as 45 follows: the numerator is the lesser of fifty thousand dollars or the 46 excess of New York adjusted gross income for the taxable year over five 47 million dollars and the denominator is fifty thousand dollars. 48 (E) The tax table benefit is the difference between (i) the amount of 49 taxable income set forth in the tax table in paragraph one of subsection 50 (c) of this section not subject to the 9.82 percent rate of tax for the 51 taxable year multiplied by such rate and (ii) the dollar denominated tax 52 for such amount of taxable income set forth in the tax table applicable 53 to the taxable year in paragraph one of subsection (c) of this section less the sum of the tax table benefits in subparagraphs (A), (B), (C) 54 and (D) of this paragraph. The fraction for this subparagraph is 55 computed as follows: the numerator is the lesser of fifty thousand 56



1 dollars or the excess of New York adjusted gross income for the taxable 2 year over ten million dollars and the denominator is fifty thousand 3 dollars. 4 (F) Provided, however, the total tax prior to the application of any tax credits shall not exceed the highest rate of tax set forth in the 5 6 tax tables in subsection (c) of this section multiplied by the taxpay-7 er's taxable income. § 6. Subsection (f) of section 614 of the tax law, as amended by 8 section 11 of part FF of chapter 59 of the laws of 2013, is amended to 9 10 read as follows: (f) Adjusted standard deduction. For taxable years beginning after two 11 12 thousand seventeen, the standard deductions set forth in this section 13 shall be the amounts set forth in this section adjusted by the cost of 14 living adjustment prescribed in section six hundred one-a of this part 15 for tax years two thousand thirteen [through two thousand seventeen] and 16 thereafter. 17 § 7. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the method 18 of determining the amount to be deducted and withheld from wages on 19 account of taxes imposed by or pursuant to the authority of article 22 of the tax law in connection with the implementation of the provisions 20 21 of this act shall be prescribed by regulations of the commissioner of 22 taxation and finance with due consideration to the effect such withhold-23 ing tables and methods would have on the receipt and amount of revenue. 24 The commissioner of taxation and finance shall adjust such withholding tables and methods in regard to taxable years beginning in 2018 and 25 after in such manner as to result, so far as practicable, in withholding 26 27 from an employee's wages an amount substantially equivalent to the tax 28 reasonably estimated to be due for such taxable years as a result of the 29 provisions of this act. Any such regulations to implement a change in withholding tables and methods for tax year 2018 shall be adopted and 30 effective as soon as practicable and the commissioner of taxation and 31 finance may adopt such regulations on an emergency basis notwithstanding 32 33 anything to the contrary in section 202 of the state administrative procedure act. The commissioner of taxation and finance, in carrying out 34 the duties and responsibilities under this section, may accompany such a 35 36 rule making procedure with a similar procedure with respect to the taxes 37 required to be deducted and withheld by local laws imposing taxes pursu-38 ant to the authority of articles 30, 30-A and 30-B of the tax law, the 39 provisions of any other law in relation to such a procedure to the 40 contrary notwithstanding. 41 § 8. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to taxable 42 years beginning on or after January 1, 2018. 43 § 2. Severability clause. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivi-44 sion, section or part of this act shall be adjudged by any court of 45 competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment shall not affect, 46 impair, or invalidate the remainder thereof, but shall be confined in 47 its operation to the clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section or part thereof directly involved in the controversy in which such judg-48 49 ment shall have been rendered. It is hereby declared to be the intent of the legislature that this act would have been enacted even if 50 such 51 invalid provisions had not been included herein.

52 § 3. This act shall take effect immediately provided, however, that 53 the applicable effective date of Subparts A through B of this act shall 54 be as specifically set forth in the last section of such Subparts.

PART OO



1 Section 1. Paragraph 1 of subdivision (f) of section 16 of the tax 2 law, as amended by section 34 of part A of chapter 59 of the laws of 3 2014, is amended to read as follows:

(1) General. The tax factor shall be, in the case of article nine-A of 4 this chapter, the amount of tax determined for the taxable year under 5 paragraph (a) of subdivision one of section two hundred ten of 6 such article. The tax factor shall be, in the case of article twenty-two of 7 8 this chapter, the tax determined for the taxable year under subsections through (d) of section six hundred one of such article. Provided 9 (a) however, taxpayers filing under article twenty-two of this chapter shall 10 include for the purposes of the tax factor all business income attribut-11 able to a QEZE business which is taxable under article twenty-two of 12 13 this chapter. The tax factor shall be, in the case of article thirty-14 three of this chapter, the larger of the amounts of tax determined for 15 the taxable year under paragraphs one and three of subdivision (a) of 16 section fifteen hundred two of such article.

17 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

## 18

#### PART PP

ARTICLE 23

19 Section 1. The economic development law is amended by adding a new 20 article 23 to read as follows:

## 21 22

UPSTATE REINVESTMENT ZONES

23 <u>Section 460. Power to administer the upstate reinvestment zones tax</u> 24 <u>credit.</u>

25 § 460. Power to administer the upstate reinvestment zones tax credit. 26 (a) The commissioner is authorized to administer the upstate reinvest-27 ment zones tax credit program to provide tax incentives to businesses for the qualified purchase of a building or buildings or qualified reha-28 bilitation expenditures in such zone. The commissioner is authorized to 29 allocate up to ten million dollars of tax credits under this program per 30 31 year. The amount of credit shall be twenty percent of the qualified 32 purchase and qualified rehabilitation expenditures of buildings and rehabilitations, as such amount is computed pursuant to section forty-33 34 two of the tax law.

(b) Definitions. (1) The term "upstate reinvestment zone" shall mean 35 36 an area: (i) that, according to the most recent American community 37 survey by the United States census bureau, lies within a census tract 38 with a poverty rate equal to or greater than twenty percent or an unem-39 ployment rate that is equal to or greater than one and one-half times 40 the national average unemployment rate and (ii) is within the incorpo-41 rated boundaries of a village, town or city having a population of less 42 than one million.

43 (2) The term "qualified purchase" shall mean the cost or other basis 44 for federal income tax purposes of acquisition cost of any building for 45 which depreciation is allowed under section one hundred sixty-seven of 46 the internal revenue code and is acquired by purchase as defined in 47 section one hundred seventy-nine (d) (2) of the internal revenue code.

(3) The term "qualified rehabilitation expenditures" shall mean qualified expenditures as defined in paragraph (2) of subsection (c) of
section forty-seven of the internal revenue code other than the qualified purchase made in paragraph two of this subdivision.



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1 commissioner among taxpayers in the order in which applications are 2 received. If the total amount of allocated credits applied for in any 3 particular year exceeds the aggregate amount of tax credits allowed for such year under this section, such excess shall be treated as having 4 been applied for on the first day of the subsequent year. 5 6 (2) The commissioner shall promulgate regulations by December thirty-7 first, two thousand sixteen to establish procedures for the allocation 8 of tax credits as required. Such rules and regulations shall include 9 provisions describing the application process, the due dates for such 10 applications, the standards which shall be used to evaluate the applica-11 tions, the documentation that will be provided to taxpayers to substan-12 tiate to the commissioner the amount of tax credits allocated to such 13 taxpayers, and such other provisions as deemed necessary and appropri-14 ate. Notwithstanding any other provisions to the contrary in the state 15 administrative procedure act, such rules and regulations may be adopted 16 on an emergency basis if necessary to meet such December thirty-first, 17 two thousand sixteen deadline. 18 (d) In order to be eligible for the tax credits, a taxpayer must 19 submit an application (in a form prescribed by the commissioner) to the 20 commissioner. The commissioner shall establish guidelines and criteria 21 for a designation of upstate reinvestment zones. 22 (e) If, after reviewing the application submitted by the taxpayer, the 23 commissioner determines that such qualified purchase of the building or 24 qualified rehabilitation expenditures were made in an upstate reinvest-25 ment zone, then the commissioner shall issue the taxpayer a certificate of eligibility that establishes the taxpayer as a qualified taxpayer. 26 27 § 2. The tax law is amended by adding a new section 42 to read as 28 follows: 29 § 42. Upstate reinvestment zones tax credit. (a) A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit, to be computed as hereinafter provided, against the 30 31 tax imposed by articles nine-A and twenty-two of this chapter for the 32 development to upstate reinvestment zones including, but not limited to, 33 the qualified purchase of buildings and qualified rehabilitation expend-34 itures of buildings in such zones where at least fifty percent of the 35 square footage of such buildings, at the time of purchase or rehabili-36 tation, is vacant or otherwise unused. The amount of the credit shall be 37 twenty percent of the qualified purchase and qualified rehabilitation 38 expenditures of buildings and rehabilitations in such zones with such credit subject to restrictions set forth in subdivision (d) of this 39 40 section. This credit will not be allowed if the qualified purchase of 41 buildings and qualified rehabilitation expenditures of buildings that 42 are the basis for this credit are included in the calculation of another 43 credit claimed by the taxpayer under this chapter. 44 (b) For the purpose of this section, the term "qualified purchase" 45 shall mean the cost or other basis for federal income tax purposes of 46 acquisition cost of any building for which depreciation is allowed under 47 section one hundred sixty-seven of the internal revenue code and is acquired by purchase as defined in section one hundred seventy-nine 48 (d) (2) of the internal revenue code. The term "qualified rehabilitation 49 50 expenditures shall mean qualified expenditures as defined in paragraph 51 (2) of subsection (c) of section forty-seven of the internal revenue <u>code.</u> 52 53 (c) For the purpose of this section, the term "upstate reinvestment zones" shall mean an area: (i) that, according to the most recent Amer-54 55 ican community survey by the United States census bureau, lies within a



census tract with a poverty rate equal to or greater than twenty percent

1 or an unemployment rate that is equal to or greater than one and one-2 half times the national average unemployment rate and (ii) is within the 3 incorporated boundaries of a village, town or city having a population 4 of less than one million. 5 (d) The sum of all tax credits granted pursuant to the provisions of 6 this section shall not exceed five hundred thousand dollars for any one 7 taxpayer including such party's affiliates and related entities for a 8 taxable year. If the taxpayer is a partner in a partnership, member of 9 limited liability company or shareholder of a New York S corporation, а 10 then the annual limit by the preceding sentence shall be applied at the 11 entity level, so that the aggregate credit allowed to all the partners, 12 members or shareholders of each such entity in the taxable year does not 13 exceed the five hundred thousand dollar annual limit. 14 (e) (1) The aggregate amount of tax credits allowed under this 15 section, in any taxable year shall be ten million dollars. Such aggre-16 gate amount of credits shall be allocated by the commissioner of economic development among taxpayers in the order in which applications are 17 received. If the total amount of allocated credits applied for in any 18 19 particular year exceeds the aggregate amount of tax credits allowed for 20 such year under this section, such excess shall be treated as having 21 been applied for on the first day of the subsequent year. 22 (2) The commissioner of the department of economic development shall 23 promulgate regulations by December thirty-first, two thousand sixteen to establish procedures for the allocation of tax credits as required 24 25 pursuant to section four hundred sixty of the economic development law. 26 Such rules and regulations shall include provisions describing the 27 application process, the due dates for such applications, the standards 28 which shall be used to evaluate the applications, the documentation that will be provided to taxpayers to substantiate to the department the 29 amount of tax credits allocated to such taxpayers, and such other 30 31 provisions as deemed necessary and appropriate. 32 (f) The credit allowed under this section for any taxable year shall 33 not reduce the tax due for such year to less than the amount prescribed 34 in paragraph (d) of subdivision one of section two hundred ten of this chapter. Provided, however, that if the amount of the credit allowable 35 36 under this section for any taxable year reduces the tax to such amount, 37 the excess shall be treated as an overpayment of tax to be credited or 38 refunded in accordance with the provisions of section one thousand 39 <u>eighty-six of this chapter. Provided further, the provisions</u> of 40 subsection (c) of section one thousand eighty-eight of this chapter 41 notwithstanding, no interest shall be paid thereon. 42 (g) The taxpayer may be required to attach to its tax return its 43 certificate of eligibility issued by the commissioner of economic devel-44 opment pursuant to section four hundred sixty of the economic develop-45 <u>ment law.</u> 46 (h) Cross-references. For application of the credit provided for in 47 this section, see the following provisions of this chapter: 48 (1) Article 9A: section 210-B, subdivision 51. 49 (2) Article 22: section 606, subsection (i), paragraph (1), subpara-50 graph (B), clause (xli). 51 (3) Article 22: section 606, subsection (ccc). 52 § 3. Section 210-B of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivi-53 sion 51 to read as follows: 54 51. Upstate reinvestment zones tax credit. (a) Allowance of credit. A

55 taxpayer shall be allowed a credit, to be computed as provided in



1 section forty-two of this chapter, against the tax imposed by this arti-2 <u>cle.</u> (b) Application of credit. The credit allowed under this subdivision 3 for any taxable year may not reduce the tax due for such year to less 4 than the amount prescribed in paragraph (d) of subdivision one of 5 section two hundred ten of this article. However, if the amount of cred-6 7 it allowed under this subdivision for any taxable year reduces the tax 8 to such amount, any amount of credit thus not deductible in such taxable 9 year will be treated as an overpayment of tax to be credited or refunded 10 in accordance with the provisions of section one thousand eighty-six of 11 this chapter. Provided, however, the provisions of subsection (c) of 12 section one thousand eighty-six of this chapter notwithstanding, no 13 interest will be paid thereon. 14 § 4. Paragraph (b) of subdivision 9 of section 208 of the tax law is 15 amended by adding a new subparagraph 22 to read as follows: 16 (22) The amount of any federal deductions for qualified purchase and 17 qualified expenditure to the extent such deductions are used as the basis of the calculation of the upstate reinvestment zones tax credit 18 19 under subdivision fifty-one of section two hundred ten-B of this arti-20 <u>cle.</u> 21 5. Section 606 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subsection S 22 (ccc) to read as follows: 23 (ccc) Upstate reinvestment zones tax credit. (a) Allowance of credit. 24 taxpayer shall be allowed a credit, to be computed as provided in Α 25 section forty-two of this chapter, against the tax imposed by this arti-26 cle. 27 (b) Application of credit. If the amount of the credit allowed under 28 this subsection exceeds the taxpayer's tax for the taxable year, any amount of credit not deductible in that taxable year will be treated as 29 an overpayment of tax to be credited or refunded in accordance with the 30 provisions of section six hundred eighty-six of this article. Provided, 31 32 however, no interest will be paid thereon. 6. Subparagraph (B) of paragraph 1 of subsection (i) of section 606 33 S of the tax law is amended by adding a new clause (xli) to read as 34 35 follows: 36 (xli) Upstate reinvestment Amount of the credit under 37 zones tax credit under subdivision fifty-one of section 38 subsection (ccc) two hundred ten-B § 7. Subsection (b) of section 612 of the tax law is amended by adding 39 40 a new paragraph 43 to read as follows: 41 (43) The amount of any federal deductions for qualified purchase and 42 qualified expenditures to the extent such deductions are used as the 43 basis of the calculation of the upstate reinvestment zones tax credit 44 under subsection (ccc) of section six hundred six of this article. 45 § 8. This act shall take effect immediately and apply to taxable years 46 beginning on or after January 1, 2017. The commissioner of taxation and 47 finance is authorized to issue regulations and guidance necessary to 48 implement this act on or before such effective date. 49 PART QQ Section 1. Section 606 of the tax law is amended by adding a new 50 51 subsection (g-3) to read as follows: 52 (g-3) Geothermal energy systems credit. (1) General. An individual 53 taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by this article equal to twenty-five percent of qualified geothermal energy system 54



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1	expenditures, except as provided in subparagraph (D) of paragraph two of
2	this subsection. This credit shall not exceed five thousand dollars for
3	a qualified geothermal energy system placed in service on or after Janu-
4	ary first, two thousand sixteen.
5	(2) Qualified geothermal energy systems expenditures. (A) The term
6	"qualified geothermal energy system expenditures" means expenditures
7 8	<u>for:</u> (i) the purchase of geothermal energy system equipment which is
9	installed in connection with residential property which is (I) located
10	in this state and (II) which is used by the taxpayer as his or her prin-
11	cipal residence at the time the geothermal energy system equipment is
12	placed in service;
13	(ii) the lease of geothermal energy system equipment under a written
14	agreement that spans at least ten years where such equipment owned by a
15	person other than the taxpayer is installed in connection with residen-
16	tial property which is (I) located in this state and (II) which is used
17	by the taxpayer as his or her principal residence at the time the geoth-
18	ermal energy system equipment is placed in service; or
19	(iii) the purchase of power under a written agreement that spans at
20	least ten years whereunder the power purchased is generated by geother-
21	mal energy system equipment owned by a person other than the taxpayer
22 23	which is installed in connection with residential property which is (I)
23 24	located in this state and (II) used by the taxpayer as his or her prin- cipal residence at the time the geothermal energy system equipment is
25	placed in service.
26	(B) Such qualified expenditures shall include expenditures for materi-
27	als, labor costs properly allocable to on-site preparation, assembly and
28	original installation, architectural and engineering services, and
29	designs and plans directly related to the construction or installation
30	of the geothermal energy system equipment.
31	(C) Such qualified expenditures for the purchase of geothermal energy
32	system equipment shall not include interest or other finance charges.
33	(D) Such qualified expenditures for the lease of geothermal energy
34	system equipment or the purchase of power under an agreement described
35	in clause (ii) or (iii) of subparagraph (A) of this paragraph shall
36 37	include an amount equal to all payments made during the taxable year under such agreement. Provided, however, such credits shall only be
38	allowed for fourteen years after the first taxable year in which such
39	credit is allowed. Provided further, however, the twenty-five percent
40	limitation in paragraph one of this subsection shall only apply to the
41	total aggregate amount of all payments to be made pursuant to an agree-
42	ment referenced in clause (ii) or (iii) of subparagraph (A) of this
43	paragraph, and shall not apply to individual payments made during a
44	taxable year under such agreement except to the extent such limitation
45	<u>on an aggregate basis has been reached.</u>
46	(3) Geothermal energy system equipment. The term "geothermal energy
47	system equipment" shall mean a system whose original use begins with the
48	taxpayer; which meets the eligibility criteria, if any, prescribed by
49 50	the department; and which is a ground coupled solar thermal system that
50 51	utilizes the solar thermal energy stored in the ground or in bodies of water to produce heat, and which is commonly known as or referred to as
51	a ground source heat pump system.
53	(4) Multiple taxpayers. Where geothermal energy system equipment is
54	purchased and installed in a principal residence shared by two or more
55	taxpayers, the amount of the credit allowable under this subsection for
56	each such taxpayer shall be prorated according to the percentage of the



1	total expenditure for such geothermal energy system equipment contrib-
2	uted by each taxpayer.
3	(5) Proportionate share. Where geothermal energy system equipment is
4	purchased and installed by a condominium management association or a
5	cooperative housing corporation, a taxpayer who is a member of the
6	condominium management association or who is a tenant-stockholder in the
7	cooperative housing corporation may for the purpose of this subsection
8	claim a proportionate share of the total expense as the expenditure for
9	the purposes of the credit attributable to his principal residence.
10	(6) Grants. For purposes of determining the amount of the expenditure
11	incurred in purchasing and installing geothermal energy system equip-
12	ment, the amount of any federal, state or local grant received by the
13	taxpayer, which was used for the purchase and/or installation of such
14 15	equipment and which was not included in the federal gross income of the
15	taxpayer, shall not be included in the amount of such expenditures. (7) When credit allowed. The credit provided for herein shall be
17	allowed with respect to the taxable year, commencing after two thousand
18	sixteen, in which the geothermal energy system equipment is placed in
19	service.
20	(8) Carryover of credit. If the amount of the credit, and carryovers
20 21	of such credit, allowable under this subsection for any taxable year
22	shall exceed the taxpayer's tax for such year, such excess amount may be
23	carried over to the five taxable years next following the taxable year
24 24	with respect to which the credit is allowed and may be deducted from the
25	taxpayer's tax for such year or years.
26	§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to taxable
27	years commencing on and after January 1, 2016.
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28	PART RR
28	PART RR
28 29	PART RR Section 1. Section 1115 of the tax law is amended by adding a new
29	Section 1. Section 1115 of the tax law is amended by adding a new
29 30	Section 1. Section 1115 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivision (kk) to read as follows: (kk) The following shall be exempt from tax under this article: (1) Receipts from the retail sale of, and consideration given or contracted
29 30 31	Section 1. Section 1115 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivision (kk) to read as follows: (kk) The following shall be exempt from tax under this article: (1)
29 30 31 32	Section 1. Section 1115 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivision (kk) to read as follows: (kk) The following shall be exempt from tax under this article: (1) Receipts from the retail sale of, and consideration given or contracted
29 30 31 32 33	Section 1. Section 1115 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivision (kk) to read as follows: (kk) The following shall be exempt from tax under this article: (1) Receipts from the retail sale of, and consideration given or contracted to be given for, or for the use of, commercial fuel cell electricity
29 30 31 32 33 34	Section 1. Section 1115 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivision (kk) to read as follows: (kk) The following shall be exempt from tax under this article: (1) Receipts from the retail sale of, and consideration given or contracted to be given for, or for the use of, commercial fuel cell electricity generating systems equipment and the service of installing such systems.
29 30 31 32 33 34 35	Section 1. Section 1115 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivision (kk) to read as follows: (kk) The following shall be exempt from tax under this article: (1) Receipts from the retail sale of, and consideration given or contracted to be given for, or for the use of, commercial fuel cell electricity generating systems equipment and the service of installing such systems. For the purposes of this subdivision, "fuel cell electricity generating
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	Section 1. Section 1115 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivision (kk) to read as follows: (kk) The following shall be exempt from tax under this article: (1) Receipts from the retail sale of, and consideration given or contracted to be given for, or for the use of, commercial fuel cell electricity generating systems equipment and the service of installing such systems. For the purposes of this subdivision, "fuel cell electricity generating systems equipment" shall mean an electricity generating arrangement or combination of components installed upon non-residential premises that utilize a solid oxide, molten carbonate, proton exchange membrane or
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	Section 1. Section 1115 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivision (kk) to read as follows: (kk) The following shall be exempt from tax under this article: (1) Receipts from the retail sale of, and consideration given or contracted to be given for, or for the use of, commercial fuel cell electricity generating systems equipment and the service of installing such systems. For the purposes of this subdivision, "fuel cell electricity generating systems equipment or combination of components installed upon non-residential premises that utilize a solid oxide, molten carbonate, proton exchange membrane or phosphoric acid fuel cell or linear generator that is manufactured,
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	Section 1. Section 1115 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivision (kk) to read as follows: (kk) The following shall be exempt from tax under this article: (1) Receipts from the retail sale of, and consideration given or contracted to be given for, or for the use of, commercial fuel cell electricity generating systems equipment and the service of installing such systems. For the purposes of this subdivision, "fuel cell electricity generating systems equipment" shall mean an electricity generating arrangement or combination of components installed upon non-residential premises that utilize a solid oxide, molten carbonate, proton exchange membrane or phosphoric acid fuel cell or linear generator that is manufactured, installed, operated and located in this state. Such arrangement or
29 30 31 32 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41	Section 1. Section 1115 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivision (kk) to read as follows: (kk) The following shall be exempt from tax under this article: (1) Receipts from the retail sale of, and consideration given or contracted to be given for, or for the use of, commercial fuel cell electricity generating systems equipment and the service of installing such systems. For the purposes of this subdivision, "fuel cell electricity generating systems equipment" shall mean an electricity generating arrangement or combination of components installed upon non-residential premises that utilize a solid oxide, molten carbonate, proton exchange membrane or phosphoric acid fuel cell or linear generator that is manufactured, installed, operated and located in this state. Such arrangement or components shall not include equipment that is part of a non-fuel cell
29 30 31 32 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42	Section 1. Section 1115 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivision (kk) to read as follows: (kk) The following shall be exempt from tax under this article: (1) Receipts from the retail sale of, and consideration given or contracted to be given for, or for the use of, commercial fuel cell electricity generating systems equipment and the service of installing such systems. For the purposes of this subdivision, "fuel cell electricity generating systems equipment" shall mean an electricity generating arrangement or combination of components installed upon non-residential premises that utilize a solid oxide, molten carbonate, proton exchange membrane or phosphoric acid fuel cell or linear generator that is manufactured, installed, operated and located in this state. Such arrangement or components shall not include equipment that is part of a non-fuel cell energy system.
29 30 31 32 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	Section 1. Section 1115 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivision (kk) to read as follows: (kk) The following shall be exempt from tax under this article: (1) Receipts from the retail sale of, and consideration given or contracted to be given for, or for the use of, commercial fuel cell electricity generating systems equipment and the service of installing such systems. For the purposes of this subdivision, "fuel cell electricity generating systems equipment" shall mean an electricity generating arrangement or combination of components installed upon non-residential premises that utilize a solid oxide, molten carbonate, proton exchange membrane or phosphoric acid fuel cell or linear generator that is manufactured, installed, operated and located in this state. Such arrangement or components shall not include equipment that is part of a non-fuel cell energy system. (2) Receipts from the sale of electricity by a person primarily
29 30 31 32 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44	Section 1. Section 1115 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivision (kk) to read as follows: (kk) The following shall be exempt from tax under this article: (1) Receipts from the retail sale of, and consideration given or contracted to be given for, or for the use of, commercial fuel cell electricity generating systems equipment and the service of installing such systems. For the purposes of this subdivision, "fuel cell electricity generating systems equipment" shall mean an electricity generating arrangement or combination of components installed upon non-residential premises that utilize a solid oxide, molten carbonate, proton exchange membrane or phosphoric acid fuel cell or linear generator that is manufactured, installed, operated and located in this state. Such arrangement or components shall not include equipment that is part of a non-fuel cell energy system. (2) Receipts from the sale of electricity generating system equipment
29 30 31 32 34 35 37 39 412 423 445 445	<pre>Section 1. Section 1115 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivision (kk) to read as follows: (kk) The following shall be exempt from tax under this article: (1) Receipts from the retail sale of, and consideration given or contracted to be given for, or for the use of, commercial fuel cell electricity generating systems equipment and the service of installing such systems. For the purposes of this subdivision, "fuel cell electricity generating systems equipment" shall mean an electricity generating arrangement or combination of components installed upon non-residential premises that utilize a solid oxide, molten carbonate, proton exchange membrane or phosphoric acid fuel cell or linear generator that is manufactured, installed, operated and located in this state. Such arrangement or components shall not include equipment that is part of a non-fuel cell energy system. (2) Receipts from the sale of electricity by a person primarily engaged in the sale of fuel cell electricity generating system equipment and/or electricity generated by such equipment pursuant to a written</pre>
29 30 312 33 35 3733 39 412 434 45 45 46	<pre>Section 1. Section 1115 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivision (kk) to read as follows: (kk) The following shall be exempt from tax under this article: (1) Receipts from the retail sale of, and consideration given or contracted to be given for, or for the use of, commercial fuel cell electricity generating systems equipment and the service of installing such systems. For the purposes of this subdivision, "fuel cell electricity generating systems equipment" shall mean an electricity generating arrangement or combination of components installed upon non-residential premises that utilize a solid oxide, molten carbonate, proton exchange membrane or phosphoric acid fuel cell or linear generator that is manufactured, installed, operated and located in this state. Such arrangement or components shall not include equipment that is part of a non-fuel cell energy system. (2) Receipts from the sale of electricity by a person primarily engaged in the sale of fuel cell electricity generating system equipment and/or electricity generated by such equipment pursuant to a written agreement under which the electricity is generated by commercial fuel</pre>
$\begin{array}{c} 29\\ 30\\ 32\\ 33\\ 34\\ 35\\ 36\\ 37\\ 39\\ 40\\ 42\\ 43\\ 445\\ 46\\ 47\end{array}$	<pre>Section 1. Section 1115 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivision (kk) to read as follows: (kk) The following shall be exempt from tax under this article: (1) Receipts from the retail sale of, and consideration given or contracted to be given for, or for the use of, commercial fuel cell electricity generating systems equipment and the service of installing such systems. For the purposes of this subdivision, "fuel cell electricity generating systems equipment" shall mean an electricity generating arrangement or combination of components installed upon non-residential premises that utilize a solid oxide, molten carbonate, proton exchange membrane or phosphoric acid fuel cell or linear generator that is manufactured, installed, operated and located in this state. Such arrangement or components shall not include equipment that is part of a non-fuel cell energy system. (2) Receipts from the sale of electricity generating system equipment and/or electricity generated by such equipment pursuant to a written agreement under which the electricity is generated by commercial fuel cell electricity generating system equipment that is: (A) owned by a</pre>
$\begin{array}{c} 29\\ 301\\ 323\\ 34\\ 356\\ 378\\ 39\\ 41\\ 423\\ 445\\ 467\\ 48\end{array}$	<pre>Section 1. Section 1115 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivision (kk) to read as follows: (kk) The following shall be exempt from tax under this article: (1) Receipts from the retail sale of, and consideration given or contracted to be given for, or for the use of, commercial fuel cell electricity generating systems equipment and the service of installing such systems. For the purposes of this subdivision, "fuel cell electricity generating systems equipment" shall mean an electricity generating arrangement or combination of components installed upon non-residential premises that utilize a solid oxide, molten carbonate, proton exchange membrane or phosphoric acid fuel cell or linear generator that is manufactured, installed, operated and located in this state. Such arrangement or components shall not include equipment that is part of a non-fuel cell energy system. (2) Receipts from the sale of electricity by a person primarily engaged in the sale of fuel cell electricity is generating system equipment and/or electricity generated by such equipment pursuant to a written agreement under which the electricity is generated by commercial fuel cell electricity generating system equipment that is: (A) owned by a person other than the purchaser of such electricity; (B) installed on</pre>
$\begin{array}{c} 29\\ 301\\ 323\\ 34\\ 356\\ 378\\ 39\\ 41\\ 423\\ 445\\ 467\\ 48\\ 49\end{array}$	<pre>Section 1. Section 1115 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivision (kk) to read as follows: (kk) The following shall be exempt from tax under this article: (1) Receipts from the retail sale of, and consideration given or contracted to be given for, or for the use of, commercial fuel cell electricity generating systems equipment and the service of installing such systems. For the purposes of this subdivision, "fuel cell electricity generating systems equipment" shall mean an electricity generating arrangement or combination of components installed upon non-residential premises that utilize a solid oxide, molten carbonate, proton exchange membrane or phosphoric acid fuel cell or linear generator that is manufactured, installed, operated and located in this state. Such arrangement or components shall not include equipment that is part of a non-fuel cell energy system. (2) Receipts from the sale of electricity generating system equipment and/or electricity generated by such equipment pursuant to a written agreement under which the electricity is generated by commercial fuel cell electricity generating system equipment that is: (A) owned by a person other than the purchaser of such electricity; (C)</pre>
$\begin{array}{c} 29\\ 30\\ 32\\ 33\\ 3\\ 3\\ 3\\ 3\\ 3\\ 3\\ 3\\ 4\\ 4\\ 4\\ 4\\ 4\\ 4\\ 4\\ 4\\ 4\\ 4\\ 5\\ 0\end{array}$	Section 1. Section 1115 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivision (kk) to read as follows: (kk) The following shall be exempt from tax under this article: (1) Receipts from the retail sale of, and consideration given or contracted to be given for, or for the use of, commercial fuel cell electricity generating systems equipment and the service of installing such systems. For the purposes of this subdivision, "fuel cell electricity generating systems equipment" shall mean an electricity generating arrangement or combination of components installed upon non-residential premises that utilize a solid oxide, molten carbonate, proton exchange membrane or phosphoric acid fuel cell or linear generator that is manufactured, installed, operated and located in this state. Such arrangement or components shall not include equipment that is part of a non-fuel cell energy system. (2) Receipts from the sale of electricity generating system equipment and/or electricity generated by such equipment pursuant to a written agreement under which the electricity is generated by commercial fuel cell electricity generating system equipment that is: (A) owned by a person other than the purchaser of such electricity; (B) installed on the non-residential premises of the purchaser of such electricity; (C) placed in service; and (D) located in this state to provide heating,
$\begin{array}{c} 29\\ 301\\ 323\\ 345\\ 378\\ 901\\ 423\\ 445\\ 478\\ 49\\ 51\end{array}$	Section 1. Section 1115 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivision (kk) to read as follows: (kk) The following shall be exempt from tax under this article: (1) Receipts from the retail sale of, and consideration given or contracted to be given for, or for the use of, commercial fuel cell electricity generating systems equipment and the service of installing such systems. For the purposes of this subdivision, "fuel cell electricity generating systems equipment" shall mean an electricity generating arrangement or combination of components installed upon non-residential premises that utilize a solid oxide, molten carbonate, proton exchange membrane or phosphoric acid fuel cell or linear generator that is manufactured, installed, operated and located in this state. Such arrangement or components shall not include equipment that is part of a non-fuel cell energy system. (2) Receipts from the sale of electricity by a person primarily engaged in the sale of fuel cell electricity is generated by commercial fuel cell electricity generating system equipment and/or electricity generating system equipment that is: (A) owned by a person other than the purchaser of such electricity; (B) installed on the non-residential premises of the purchaser of such electricity; (C) placed in service; and (D) located in this state to provide heating, cooling, hot water or electricity to such premises.
$\begin{array}{c} 29\\ 30\\ 32\\ 33\\ 3\\ 3\\ 3\\ 3\\ 3\\ 3\\ 3\\ 3\\ 4\\ 4\\ 4\\ 4\\ 4\\ 4\\ 4\\ 4\\ 4\\ 5\\ 5\\ 5\\ 5\\ 5\\ \end{array}$	<pre>Section 1. Section 1115 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivision (kk) to read as follows: (kk) The following shall be exempt from tax under this article: (1) Receipts from the retail sale of, and consideration given or contracted to be given for, or for the use of, commercial fuel cell electricity generating systems equipment and the service of installing such systems. For the purposes of this subdivision, "fuel cell electricity generating systems equipment" shall mean an electricity generating arrangement or combination of components installed upon non-residential premises that utilize a solid oxide, molten carbonate, proton exchange membrane or phosphoric acid fuel cell or linear generator that is manufactured, installed, operated and located in this state. Such arrangement or components shall not include equipment that is part of a non-fuel cell energy system. (2) Receipts from the sale of electricity generating system equipment and/or electricity generated by such equipment pursuant to a written agreement under which the electricity is generated by commercial fuel cell electricity generating system equipment that is: (A) owned by a person other than the purchaser of such electricity; (B) installed on the non-residential premises of the purchaser of such electricity; (C) placed in service; and (D) located in this state to provide heating, cooling, hot water or electricity to such premises. § 2. Paragraphs 1 and 4 of subdivision (a) of section 1210 of the tax</pre>
$\begin{array}{c} 29\\ 301\\ 323\\ 345\\ 378\\ 901\\ 423\\ 445\\ 478\\ 49\\ 51\end{array}$	Section 1. Section 1115 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivision (kk) to read as follows: (kk) The following shall be exempt from tax under this article: (1) Receipts from the retail sale of, and consideration given or contracted to be given for, or for the use of, commercial fuel cell electricity generating systems equipment and the service of installing such systems. For the purposes of this subdivision, "fuel cell electricity generating systems equipment" shall mean an electricity generating arrangement or combination of components installed upon non-residential premises that utilize a solid oxide, molten carbonate, proton exchange membrane or phosphoric acid fuel cell or linear generator that is manufactured, installed, operated and located in this state. Such arrangement or components shall not include equipment that is part of a non-fuel cell energy system. (2) Receipts from the sale of electricity by a person primarily engaged in the sale of fuel cell electricity is generated by commercial fuel cell electricity generating system equipment and/or electricity generating system equipment that is: (A) owned by a person other than the purchaser of such electricity; (B) installed on the non-residential premises of the purchaser of such electricity; (C) placed in service; and (D) located in this state to provide heating, cooling, hot water or electricity to such premises.



1 (1) Either, all of the taxes described in article twenty-eight of this 2 chapter, at the same uniform rate, as to which taxes all provisions of the local laws, ordinances or resolutions imposing such taxes shall be 3 identical, except as to rate and except as otherwise provided, with the 4 corresponding provisions in such article twenty-eight, including the 5 definition and exemption provisions of such article, so far as the 6 provisions of such article twenty-eight can be made applicable to the 7 8 taxes imposed by such city or county and with such limitations and special provisions as are set forth in this article. The taxes author-9 ized under this subdivision may not be imposed by a city or county 10 11 unless the local law, ordinance or resolution imposes such taxes so as 12 to include all portions and all types of receipts, charges or rents, 13 subject to state tax under sections eleven hundred five and eleven 14 hundred ten of this chapter, except as otherwise provided. (i) Any local 15 law, ordinance or resolution enacted by any city of less than one 16 million or by any county or school district, imposing the taxes author-17 ized by this subdivision, shall, notwithstanding any provision of law to 18 the contrary, exclude from the operation of such local taxes all sales 19 of tangible personal property for use or consumption directly and predominantly in the production of tangible personal property, gas, 20 21 electricity, refrigeration or steam, for sale, by manufacturing, proc-22 essing, generating, assembly, refining, mining or extracting; and all 23 sales of tangible personal property for use or consumption predominantly 24 either in the production of tangible personal property, for sale, by 25 farming or in a commercial horse boarding operation, or in both; and, unless such city, county or school district elects otherwise, shall omit 26 27 the provision for credit or refund contained in clause six of subdivi-28 sion (a) or subdivision (d) of section eleven hundred nineteen of this chapter. (ii) Any local law, ordinance or resolution enacted by any 29 city, county or school district, imposing the taxes authorized by this 30 subdivision, shall omit the residential solar energy systems equipment 31 and electricity exemption provided for in subdivision (ee), the commer-32 33 cial solar energy systems equipment and electricity exemption provided for in subdivision (ii), the commercial fuel cell electricity generating 34 35 systems equipment and electricity generated by such equipment exemption 36 provided for in subdivision (kk) and the clothing and footwear exemption 37 provided for in paragraph thirty of subdivision (a) of section eleven 38 hundred fifteen of this chapter, unless such city, county or school 39 district elects otherwise as to [either] such residential solar energy 40 systems equipment and electricity exemption, such commercial solar ener-41 gy systems equipment and electricity exemption, commercial fuel cell 42 electricity generating systems equipment and electricity generated by 43 such equipment exemption or such clothing and footwear exemption.

44 (4) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, anv 45 local law enacted by any city of one million or more that imposes the 46 taxes authorized by this subdivision (i) may omit the exception provided 47 in subparagraph (ii) of paragraph three of subdivision (c) of section 48 eleven hundred five of this chapter for receipts from laundering, dry-49 cleaning, tailoring, weaving, pressing, shoe repairing and shoe shining; (ii) may impose the tax described in paragraph six of subdivision (c) of 50 51 section eleven hundred five of this chapter at a rate in addition to the 52 rate prescribed by this section not to exceed two percent in multiples of one-half of one percent; (iii) shall provide that the tax described 53 in paragraph six of subdivision (c) of section eleven hundred five of 54 55 this chapter does not apply to facilities owned and operated by the city or an agency or instrumentality of the city or a public corporation the 56



86 1 majority of whose members are appointed by the chief executive officer

2 of the city or the legislative body of the city or both of them; (iv) shall not include any tax on receipts from, or the use of, the services 3 described in paragraph seven of subdivision (c) of section eleven 4 hundred five of this chapter; (v) shall provide that, for purposes of 5 the tax described in subdivision (e) of section eleven hundred five of 6 this chapter, "permanent resident" means any occupant of any room or 7 8 rooms in a hotel for at least one hundred eighty consecutive days with regard to the period of such occupancy; (vi) may omit the exception 9 provided in paragraph one of subdivision (f) of section eleven hundred 10 11 five of this chapter for charges to a patron for admission to, or use of, facilities for sporting activities in which the patron is to be a 12 13 participant, such as bowling alleys and swimming pools; (vii) may 14 provide the clothing and footwear exemption in paragraph thirty of 15 subdivision (a) of section eleven hundred fifteen of this chapter, and, 16 notwithstanding any provision of subdivision (d) of this section to the 17 contrary, any local law providing for such exemption or repealing such 18 exemption, may go into effect on any one of the following dates: March 19 first, June first, September first or December first; (viii) shall omit the exemption provided in paragraph forty-one of subdivision (a) of 20 21 section eleven hundred fifteen of this chapter; (ix) shall omit the exemption provided in subdivision (c) of section eleven hundred fifteen 22 23 of this chapter insofar as it applies to fuel, gas, electricity, refrigeration and steam, and gas, electric, refrigeration and steam service of 24 25 whatever nature for use or consumption directly and exclusively in the production of gas, electricity, refrigeration or steam; (x) shall omit, 26 27 unless such city elects otherwise, the provision for refund or credit 28 contained in clause six of subdivision (a) or in subdivision (d) of 29 section eleven hundred nineteen of this chapter; (xi) shall provide that section eleven hundred five-C of this chapter does not apply to such 30 taxes, and shall tax receipts from every sale, other than sales for 31 resale, of gas service or electric service of whatever nature, including 32 33 the transportation, transmission or distribution of gas or electricity, 34 even if sold separately, at the rate set forth in clause one of subpara-35 graph (i) of the opening paragraph of this section; (xii) shall omit, 36 unless such city elects otherwise, the exemption for residential solar 37 energy systems equipment and electricity provided in subdivision (ee) of 38 section eleven hundred fifteen of this chapter; [and] (xiii) shall omit, 39 unless such city elects otherwise, the exemption for commercial solar 40 energy systems equipment and electricity provided in subdivision (ii) of 41 section eleven hundred fifteen of this chapter; and (xiv) shall omit, 42 unless such city elects otherwise, the exemption for commercial fuel 43 cell electricity generating systems equipment and electricity generated 44 by such equipment provided in subdivision (kk) of section eleven hundred 45 fifteen of this chapter. Any reference in this chapter or in any local 46 law, ordinance or resolution enacted pursuant to the authority of this 47 article to former subdivisions (n) or (p) of this section shall be 48 deemed to be a reference to clauses (xii) [or], (xiii) or (xiv) of this 49 paragraph, respectively, and any such local law, ordinance or resolution 50 that provides the exemptions provided in such former subdivisions (n) 51 and/or (p) shall be deemed instead to provide the exemptions provided in 52 clauses (xii) [and/or], (xiii) and/or (xiv) of this paragraph. 53 § 3. Paragraph 1 of subdivision (b) of section 1210 of the tax law, as 54 amended by section 4 of part Z of chapter 59 of the laws of 2015, is

55 amended to read as follows:



1 (1) Or, one or more of the taxes described in subdivisions (b), (d), 2 (e) and (f) of section eleven hundred five of this chapter, at the same including the transitional provisions in section eleven 3 uniform rate, hundred six of this chapter covering such taxes, but not the taxes 4 described in subdivisions (a) and (c) of section eleven hundred five of 5 this chapter. Provided, further, that where the tax described in subdi-6 vision (b) of section eleven hundred five of this chapter is imposed, 7 the compensating use taxes described in clauses (E), (G) and (H) of 8 subdivision (a) of section eleven hundred ten of this chapter shall also 9 be imposed. Provided, further, that where the taxes described in subdi-10 11 vision (b) of section eleven hundred five are imposed, such taxes shall 12 omit: (A) the provision for refund or credit contained in subdivision 13 (d) of section eleven hundred nineteen of this chapter with respect to 14 such taxes described in such subdivision (b) of section eleven hundred 15 five unless such city or county elects to provide such provision or, if 16 so elected, to repeal such provision; (B) the exemption provided in 17 paragraph two of subdivision (ee) of section eleven hundred fifteen of this chapter unless such county or city elects otherwise; [and] (C) the 18 19 exemption provided in paragraph two of subdivision (ii) of section elev-20 en hundred fifteen of this chapter, unless such county or city elects 21 otherwise; and (D) the exemption provided in paragraph two of subdivi-22 sion (kk) of section eleven hundred fifteen of this chapter, unless such 23 county or city elects otherwise.

24 § 4. Subdivision (d) of section 1210 of the tax law, as amended by 25 section 4-a of part Z of chapter 59 of the laws of 2015, is amended to 26 read as follows:

27 (d) A local law, ordinance or resolution imposing any tax pursuant to 28 this section, increasing or decreasing the rate of such tax, repealing 29 or suspending such tax, exempting from such tax the energy sources and 30 services described in paragraph three of subdivision (a) or of subdivision (b) of this section or changing the rate of tax imposed on such 31 energy sources and services or providing for the credit or refund 32 33 described in clause six of subdivision (a) of section eleven hundred nineteen of this chapter, or electing or repealing the exemption for 34 residential solar equipment and electricity in subdivision (ee) 35 of 36 section eleven hundred fifteen of this article, or the exemption for 37 commercial solar equipment and electricity in subdivision (ii) of 38 section eleven hundred fifteen of this article, or electing or repealing 39 the exemption for commercial fuel cell electricity generating systems 40 equipment and electricity generated by such equipment in subdivision 41 (kk) of section eleven hundred fifteen of this article must go into 42 effect only on one of the following dates: March first, June first, 43 September first or December first; provided, that a local law, ordinance 44 or resolution providing for the exemption described in paragraph thirty 45 of subdivision (a) of section eleven hundred fifteen of this chapter or 46 repealing any such exemption or a local law, ordinance or resolution 47 providing for a refund or credit described in subdivision (d) of section eleven hundred nineteen of this chapter or repealing such provision so 48 49 provided must go into effect only on March first. No such local law, ordinance or resolution shall be effective unless a certified copy of 50 51 such law, ordinance or resolution is mailed by registered or certified 52 mail to the commissioner at the commissioner's office in Albany at least ninety days prior to the date it is to become effective. However, the 53 commissioner may waive and reduce such ninety-day minimum notice 54 55 requirement to a mailing of such certified copy by registered or certified mail within a period of not less than thirty days prior to such 56



1 effective date if the commissioner deems such action to be consistent 2 with the commissioner's duties under section twelve hundred fifty of 3 this article and the commissioner acts by resolution. Where the restriction provided for in section twelve hundred twenty-three of this 4 article as to the effective date of a tax and the notice requirement 5 provided for therein are applicable and have not been waived, the 6 restriction and notice requirement in section twelve hundred twenty-7 8 three of this article shall also apply.

9 § 5. Subdivision (a) of section 1212 of the tax law, as amended by 10 section 6 of part Z of chapter 59 of the laws of 2015, is amended to 11 read as follows:

12 (a) Any school district which is coterminous with, partly within or 13 wholly within a city having a population of less than one hundred twen-14 ty-five thousand, is hereby authorized and empowered, by majority vote 15 of the whole number of its school authorities, to impose for school 16 district purposes, within the territorial limits of such school district 17 and without discrimination between residents and nonresidents thereof, 18 the taxes described in subdivision (b) of section eleven hundred five 19 (but excluding the tax on prepaid telephone calling services) and the 20 taxes described in clauses (E) and (H) of subdivision (a) of section 21 eleven hundred ten, including the transitional provisions in subdivision 22 of section eleven hundred six of this chapter, so far as such (b) 23 provisions can be made applicable to the taxes imposed by such school district and with such limitations and special provisions as are set 24 25 forth in this article, such taxes to be imposed at the rate of one-half, 26 one, one and one-half, two, two and one-half or three percent which rate 27 shall be uniform for all portions and all types of receipts and uses 28 subject to such taxes. In respect to such taxes, all provisions of the 29 resolution imposing them, except as to rate and except as otherwise provided herein, shall be identical with the corresponding provisions in 30 such article twenty-eight of this chapter, including the applicable 31 definition and exemption provisions of such article, so far as the 32 33 provisions of such article twenty-eight of this chapter can be made applicable to the taxes imposed by such school district and with such 34 limitations and special provisions as are set forth in this article. The 35 36 taxes described in subdivision (b) of section eleven hundred five (but 37 excluding the tax on prepaid telephone calling service) and clauses (E) 38 and (H) of subdivision (a) of section eleven hundred ten, including the 39 transitional provision in subdivision (b) of such section eleven hundred 40 six of this chapter, may not be imposed by such school district unless 41 the resolution imposes such taxes so as to include all portions and all 42 types of receipts and uses subject to tax under such subdivision (but 43 excluding the tax on prepaid telephone calling service) and clauses. 44 Provided, however, that, where a school district imposes such taxes, 45 such taxes shall omit the provision for refund or credit contained in 46 subdivision (d) of section eleven hundred nineteen of this chapter with 47 respect to such taxes described in such subdivision (b) of section eleven hundred five unless such school district elects to provide such 48 49 provision or, if so elected, to repeal such provision, and shall omit 50 the exemptions provided in paragraph two of subdivision (ee) and para-51 graph two of subdivision (ii) of section eleven hundred fifteen of this 52 chapter unless such school district elects otherwise, and shall omit the 53 exemption provided in paragraph two of subdivision (kk) of section eleven hundred fifteen of this chapter unless such school district elects 54 55 otherwise.



1	5.6 Contion 1004 of the top low is sponded by adding a new subdivi
1 2	§ 6. Section 1224 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivi-
⊿ 3	sion (c-2) to read as follows: (c-2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law: (1) Where a county
4	containing one or more cities with a population of less than one million
5	has elected the exemption for commercial fuel cell electricity generat-
	ing systems equipment and electricity generated by such equipment
6 7	provided in subdivision (kk) of such section eleven hundred fifteen, a
8 9	city within such county shall have the prior right to impose tax on such
9 10	exempt equipment and/or electricity to the extent of one half of the
11	maximum rates authorized under subdivision (a) of section twelve hundred
	ten of this article;
12	(2) Where a city of less than one million has elected the exemption
13	for commercial fuel cell electricity generating systems equipment and
14	electricity generated by such equipment provided in subdivision (kk) of
15	such section eleven hundred fifteen, the county in which such city is
16	located shall have the prior right to impose tax on such exempt equip-
17	ment and/or electricity to the extent of one half of the maximum rates
18	authorized under subdivision (a) of section twelve hundred ten of this
19	article.
20	§ 7. This act shall take effect June 1, 2016; and this act shall apply
21	in accordance with the applicable transitional provisions in sections
22	1106 and 1217 of the tax law.
<u></u>	
23	PART SS
<b>0</b> 4	Conting 1 who have loss is sweeplad by adding a new section 40 to wood
24	Section 1. The tax law is amended by adding a new section 42 to read
25	as follows:
26	§ 42. Farm savings accounts. 1. Definitions. (a) Qualified farmer. For
27	purposes of this section, the term "qualified farmer" means, with
28	respect to any taxable year, a taxpayer who, during such year, primarily
29	engages in and derives income from a farm business.
30	(b) Farm savings account. A farm savings account may be created by a
31	taxpayer. For purposes of this section, the term "farm savings account"
32	means a trust created or organized in the United States as a farm
33	savings account exclusively for the purpose of making qualified distrib-
34	utions for purposes of farm sustainability, but only if the written
35	governing instrument creating the trust meets the following require-
36 37	<u>ments:</u>
	(i) No contribution will be accepted unless it is in cash;
38	(ii) The trustee is a bank, credit union or other appropriate institu- tion that demonstrates administration of the trust in a manner that is
39	consistent with the requirements of this section;
40 41	
41	(iii) The assets of the trust will not be commingled with other prop-
42	erty except in a common trust fund or common investment fund;
43	(iv) The interest of an individual in the balance in his or her
44	account is non-forfeitable; and
45	(v) Such account is a resident trust as defined in paragraph three of
46	subsection (b) of section six hundred five of this chapter.
47	(c) Qualified distribution. The term "qualified distribution" means
48 40	any amount paid from a farm savings account to the account beneficiary
49 50	exclusively for purposes of farm sustainability to the extent it is
50 51	allowed under this section.
51 52	(d) Account beneficiary. The term "account beneficiary" means the
52	taxpayer or farm business on whose behalf the farm savings account is
53	established.



1	(e) Non-qualified distribution. The term "non-qualified distribution"
2	means any distributions and any other conditions set forth in paragraphs
3	(c) and (d) of this subdivision other than the qualified distribution.
4	2. Program description. (a) Deductions allowed. In the case of a qual-
5	ified farmer, there shall be allowed as a deduction for the taxable year
6	an amount equal to the aggregate amount paid in cash during such taxable
7	year by or on behalf of such account beneficiary to a farm savings
8	account of such beneficiary.
9	(b) Contribution requirement. There shall be a maximum contribution
10	limit of eleven thousand dollars per taxable year and such amount shall
11	be limited at a tax entity level. In addition, such annual contributions
12	may not exceed New York gross farm income attributable to farming during
13	the taxable year.
14	(c) Tax treatment of accounts. A farm savings account shall be subject
15	to taxation under this chapter if such account has ceased to be a farm
16	savings account.
17	(d) Termination of accounts. If the account beneficiary ceases to
18	engage in farm business, the farm savings account of such beneficiary
19	shall cease to be such account and the balance of such account shall be
20	treated as (i) distributed to such beneficiary and (ii) not paid in a
21	qualified distribution.
22	(e) Tax treatment of distributions. (i) General. In general, any qual-
23	ified distributions from a farm savings account shall be included in
24 24	taxable income.
24 25	(ii) Additional tax on non-qualified distributions. (1) In addition to
	any other tax imposed by this chapter, any non-qualified distribution
26 27	from a farm savings account shall be subject to a fifteen percent
28	surcharge on the amount of such non-qualified distribution.
29 30	(2) Clause one of this subparagraph shall not apply if the payment or distribution is made after the account beneficiary becomes disabled or
31	distribution is made after the account beneficiary becomes disabled of dies. For purposes of this clause "disabled" shall have the same meaning
32	as set forth in section 223(d) (1) of the Social Security Act.
33	(iii) Rollover contributions. For purposes of this section, any amount
34	paid or distributed from a farm savings account to the account benefici-
35	ary shall be treated as a qualified distribution to the extent the
	amount received is paid into a farm savings account for the benefit of
36	
37	such beneficiary not later than the sixtieth day after the day on which
38	the beneficiary receives the payment or distribution.
39	(iv) Transfer of account incident to divorce. The transfer of an indi-
40	vidual's interest in a farm savings account to an individual's spouse or
41	former spouse under a divorce or separation instrument shall not be
42	considered a taxable transfer made by such individual notwithstanding
43	any other provision of this section, and such interest shall, after such
44	transfer, be treated as a farm savings account with respect to which
45	such spouse is the account beneficiary.
46	(v) Treatment after death of account beneficiary. (1) Treatment if
47	designated beneficiary is spouse. If the account beneficiary's surviving
48	spouse acquires such beneficiary's interest in a farm savings account by
49	reason of being the designated beneficiary of such account at the death
50 51	of the account beneficiary, such farm savings account shall be treated
51	as if the spouse were the account beneficiary.
52	(vi) Other cases. If, by reason of the death of the account benefici-
53 54	ary, any person acquires the account beneficiary's interest in a farm
54	savings account in a case to which clause one of this subparagraph does
55	not apply:



1	(A) such account shall cease to be a farm savings account as of the
2	date of death, and
3	(B) an amount equal to the fair market value of the assets in such
4	account on such date shall be included in such person's taxable income
5	for the taxable year which includes such date if such person is not the
6	estate of such beneficiary; or if such person is the estate of such
7	beneficiary, in such beneficiary's gross income for the last taxable
8	year of such beneficiary.
9	§ 2. Subsection (b) of section 612 of the tax law is amended by adding
10	a new paragraph 43 to read as follows:
11	(43) Any qualified distributions and non-qualified distributions made
12	from a farm savings account under section forty-two of this chapter to
13	the extent such distributions and non-distributions are taxable under
14	section forty-two of this chapter.
15	§ 2-a. Paragraph (b) of subdivision 9 of section 208 of the tax law is
16	amended by adding a new subparagraph 22 to read as follows:
17	(22) Any qualified distributions and non-qualified distributions made
18	from a farm savings account under section forty-two of this chapter to
19	the extent such distributions and non-distributions are taxable under
20	section forty-two of this chapter.
21	§ 3. Subsection (c) of section 612 of the tax law is amended by adding
22	a new paragraph 44 to read as follows:
23	(44) An amount equal to any qualified contribution to a farm savings
24	account established pursuant to section forty-two of this chapter.
25	§ 4. Subdivision 4 of section 209 of the tax law, as separately
26	amended by section 2 of part FF-1 of chapter 57 of the laws of 2008 and
27	section 5 of part A of chapter 59 of the laws of 2014, is amended to
28	read as follows:
29	4. Corporations liable to tax under sections one hundred eighty-three
30	to one hundred eighty-five, inclusive, corporations taxable under arti-
21	
31	cle thirty-three of this chapter, any trust company organized under a
32	cle thirty-three of this chapter, any trust company organized under a law of this state all of the stock of which is owned by not less than
32 33	cle thirty-three of this chapter, any trust company organized under a law of this state all of the stock of which is owned by not less than twenty savings banks organized under a law of this state, a captive REIT
32 33 34	cle thirty-three of this chapter, any trust company organized under a law of this state all of the stock of which is owned by not less than twenty savings banks organized under a law of this state, a captive REIT or a captive RIC filing a combined return under subdivision (f) of
32 33 34 35	cle thirty-three of this chapter, any trust company organized under a law of this state all of the stock of which is owned by not less than twenty savings banks organized under a law of this state, a captive REIT or a captive RIC filing a combined return under subdivision (f) of section fifteen hundred fifteen of this chapter, and housing companies
32 33 34 35 36	cle thirty-three of this chapter, any trust company organized under a law of this state all of the stock of which is owned by not less than twenty savings banks organized under a law of this state, a captive REIT or a captive RIC filing a combined return under subdivision (f) of section fifteen hundred fifteen of this chapter, and housing companies organized and operating pursuant to the provisions of article two or
32 33 34 35 36 37	cle thirty-three of this chapter, any trust company organized under a law of this state all of the stock of which is owned by not less than twenty savings banks organized under a law of this state, a captive REIT or a captive RIC filing a combined return under subdivision (f) of section fifteen hundred fifteen of this chapter, and housing companies organized and operating pursuant to the provisions of article two or article five of the private housing finance law and housing development
32 33 34 35 36 37 38	cle thirty-three of this chapter, any trust company organized under a law of this state all of the stock of which is owned by not less than twenty savings banks organized under a law of this state, a captive REIT or a captive RIC filing a combined return under subdivision (f) of section fifteen hundred fifteen of this chapter, and housing companies organized and operating pursuant to the provisions of article two or article five of the private housing finance law and housing development fund companies organized pursuant to the provisions of article eleven of
32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	cle thirty-three of this chapter, any trust company organized under a law of this state all of the stock of which is owned by not less than twenty savings banks organized under a law of this state, a captive REIT or a captive RIC filing a combined return under subdivision (f) of section fifteen hundred fifteen of this chapter, and housing companies organized and operating pursuant to the provisions of article two or article five of the private housing finance law and housing development fund companies organized pursuant to the provisions of article eleven of the private housing finance law, and a farm savings account properly
32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	cle thirty-three of this chapter, any trust company organized under a law of this state all of the stock of which is owned by not less than twenty savings banks organized under a law of this state, a captive REIT or a captive RIC filing a combined return under subdivision (f) of section fifteen hundred fifteen of this chapter, and housing companies organized and operating pursuant to the provisions of article two or article five of the private housing finance law and housing development fund companies organized pursuant to the provisions of article eleven of the private housing finance law, and a farm savings account properly established under section forty-two of this chapter to the extent such
32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41	cle thirty-three of this chapter, any trust company organized under a law of this state all of the stock of which is owned by not less than twenty savings banks organized under a law of this state, a captive REIT or a captive RIC filing a combined return under subdivision (f) of section fifteen hundred fifteen of this chapter, and housing companies organized and operating pursuant to the provisions of article two or article five of the private housing finance law and housing development fund companies organized pursuant to the provisions of article eleven of the private housing finance law, and a farm savings account properly established under section forty-two of this chapter to the extent such account meets the conditions set forth in such section, shall not be
32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42	cle thirty-three of this chapter, any trust company organized under a law of this state all of the stock of which is owned by not less than twenty savings banks organized under a law of this state, a captive REIT or a captive RIC filing a combined return under subdivision (f) of section fifteen hundred fifteen of this chapter, and housing companies organized and operating pursuant to the provisions of article two or article five of the private housing finance law and housing development fund companies organized pursuant to the provisions of article eleven of the private housing finance law, and a farm savings account properly established under section forty-two of this chapter to the extent such account meets the conditions set forth in such section, shall not be subject to tax under this article.
32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	cle thirty-three of this chapter, any trust company organized under a law of this state all of the stock of which is owned by not less than twenty savings banks organized under a law of this state, a captive REIT or a captive RIC filing a combined return under subdivision (f) of section fifteen hundred fifteen of this chapter, and housing companies organized and operating pursuant to the provisions of article two or article five of the private housing finance law and housing development fund companies organized pursuant to the provisions of article eleven of the private housing finance law, and a farm savings account properly established under section forty-two of this chapter to the extent such account meets the conditions set forth in such section, shall not be subject to tax under this article. § 5. Subdivision 4 of section 209 of the tax law, as amended by
32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44	cle thirty-three of this chapter, any trust company organized under a law of this state all of the stock of which is owned by not less than twenty savings banks organized under a law of this state, a captive REIT or a captive RIC filing a combined return under subdivision (f) of section fifteen hundred fifteen of this chapter, and housing companies organized and operating pursuant to the provisions of article two or article five of the private housing finance law and housing development fund companies organized pursuant to the provisions of article eleven of the private housing finance law, and a farm savings account properly established under section forty-two of this chapter to the extent such account meets the conditions set forth in such section, shall not be subject to tax under this article. § 5. Subdivision 4 of section 209 of the tax law, as amended by section 5 of part A of chapter 59 of the laws of 2014, is amended to
32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45	cle thirty-three of this chapter, any trust company organized under a law of this state all of the stock of which is owned by not less than twenty savings banks organized under a law of this state, a captive REIT or a captive RIC filing a combined return under subdivision (f) of section fifteen hundred fifteen of this chapter, and housing companies organized and operating pursuant to the provisions of article two or article five of the private housing finance law and housing development fund companies organized pursuant to the provisions of article eleven of the private housing finance law, and a farm savings account properly established under section forty-two of this chapter to the extent such account meets the conditions set forth in such section, shall not be subject to tax under this article. § 5. Subdivision 4 of section 209 of the tax law, as amended by section 5 of part A of chapter 59 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows:
32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46	cle thirty-three of this chapter, any trust company organized under a law of this state all of the stock of which is owned by not less than twenty savings banks organized under a law of this state, a captive REIT or a captive RIC filing a combined return under subdivision (f) of section fifteen hundred fifteen of this chapter, and housing companies organized and operating pursuant to the provisions of article two or article five of the private housing finance law and housing development fund companies organized pursuant to the provisions of article eleven of the private housing finance law, and a farm savings account properly established under section forty-two of this chapter to the extent such account meets the conditions set forth in such section, shall not be subject to tax under this article. § 5. Subdivision 4 of section 209 of the tax law, as amended by section 5 of part A of chapter 59 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows: 4. Corporations liable to tax under sections one hundred eighty-three
32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 423 445 46 47	cle thirty-three of this chapter, any trust company organized under a law of this state all of the stock of which is owned by not less than twenty savings banks organized under a law of this state, a captive REIT or a captive RIC filing a combined return under subdivision (f) of section fifteen hundred fifteen of this chapter, and housing companies organized and operating pursuant to the provisions of article two or article five of the private housing finance law and housing development fund companies organized pursuant to the provisions of article eleven of the private housing finance law, and a farm savings account properly established under section forty-two of this chapter to the extent such account meets the conditions set forth in such section, shall not be subject to tax under this article. § 5. Subdivision 4 of section 209 of the tax law, as amended by section 5 of part A of chapter 59 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows: 4. Corporations liable to tax under sections one hundred eighty-three to one hundred eighty-four-a, inclusive, corporations taxable under
32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 445 456 45 456	<pre>cle thirty-three of this chapter, any trust company organized under a law of this state all of the stock of which is owned by not less than twenty savings banks organized under a law of this state, a captive REIT or a captive RIC filing a combined return under subdivision (f) of section fifteen hundred fifteen of this chapter, and housing companies organized and operating pursuant to the provisions of article two or article five of the private housing finance law and housing development fund companies organized pursuant to the provisions of article eleven of the private housing finance law, and a farm savings account properly established under section forty-two of this chapter to the extent such account meets the conditions set forth in such section, shall not be subject to tax under this article. § 5. Subdivision 4 of section 209 of the tax law, as amended by section 5 of part A of chapter 59 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows: 4. Corporations liable to tax under sections one hundred eighty-three to one hundred eighty-four-a, inclusive, corporations taxable under article thirty-three of this chapter, any trust company organized under</pre>
32 33 34 35 36 37 38 40 41 42 43 445 456 457 456 456 457 456	<pre>cle thirty-three of this chapter, any trust company organized under a law of this state all of the stock of which is owned by not less than twenty savings banks organized under a law of this state, a captive REIT or a captive RIC filing a combined return under subdivision (f) of section fifteen hundred fifteen of this chapter, and housing companies organized and operating pursuant to the provisions of article two or article five of the private housing finance law and housing development fund companies organized pursuant to the provisions of article eleven of the private housing finance law, and a farm savings account properly established under section forty-two of this chapter to the extent such account meets the conditions set forth in such section, shall not be subject to tax under this article. § 5. Subdivision 4 of section 209 of the tax law, as amended by section 5 of part A of chapter 59 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows: 4. Corporations liable to tax under sections one hundred eighty-three to one hundred eighty-four-a, inclusive, corporations taxable under article thirty-three of this chapter, any trust company organized under a law of this state all of the stock of which is owned by not less than</pre>
32 33 34 35 36 37 38 40 42 43 445 467 489 50	cle thirty-three of this chapter, any trust company organized under a law of this state all of the stock of which is owned by not less than twenty savings banks organized under a law of this state, a captive REIT or a captive RIC filing a combined return under subdivision (f) of section fifteen hundred fifteen of this chapter, and housing companies organized and operating pursuant to the provisions of article two or article five of the private housing finance law and housing development fund companies organized pursuant to the provisions of article eleven of the private housing finance law, and a farm savings account properly established under section forty-two of this chapter to the extent such account meets the conditions set forth in such section, shall not be subject to tax under this article. § 5. Subdivision 4 of section 209 of the tax law, as amended by section 5 of part A of chapter 59 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows: 4. Corporations liable to tax under sections one hundred eighty-three to one hundred eighty-four-a, inclusive, corporations taxable under article thirty-three of this chapter, any trust company organized under a law of this state all of the stock of which is owned by not less than twenty savings banks organized under a law of this state, a captive REIT
32 334 35 36 37 39 412 43 445 467 490 51	cle thirty-three of this chapter, any trust company organized under a law of this state all of the stock of which is owned by not less than twenty savings banks organized under a law of this state, a captive REIT or a captive RIC filing a combined return under subdivision (f) of section fifteen hundred fifteen of this chapter, and housing companies organized and operating pursuant to the provisions of article two or article five of the private housing finance law and housing development fund companies organized pursuant to the provisions of article eleven of the private housing finance law, and a farm savings account properly established under section forty-two of this chapter to the extent such account meets the conditions set forth in such section, shall not be subject to tax under this article. § 5. Subdivision 4 of section 209 of the tax law, as amended by section 5 of part A of chapter 59 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows: 4. Corporations liable to tax under sections one hundred eighty-three to one hundred eighty-four-a, inclusive, corporations taxable under article thirty-three of this chapter, any trust company organized under a law of this state all of the stock of which is owned by not less than twenty savings banks organized under a law of this state, a captive REIT or a captive RIC filing a combined return under subdivision (f) of
32 33 34 35 37 39 412 43 45 47 489 51 52	cle thirty-three of this chapter, any trust company organized under a law of this state all of the stock of which is owned by not less than twenty savings banks organized under a law of this state, a captive REIT or a captive RIC filing a combined return under subdivision (f) of section fifteen hundred fifteen of this chapter, and housing companies organized and operating pursuant to the provisions of article two or article five of the private housing finance law and housing development fund companies organized pursuant to the provisions of article eleven of the private housing finance law, and a farm savings account properly established under section forty-two of this chapter to the extent such account meets the conditions set forth in such section, shall not be subject to tax under this article. § 5. Subdivision 4 of section 209 of the tax law, as amended by section 5 of part A of chapter 59 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows: 4. Corporations liable to tax under sections one hundred eighty-three to one hundred eighty-four-a, inclusive, corporations taxable under article thirty-three of this chapter, any trust company organized under a law of this state all of the stock of which is owned by not less than twenty savings banks organized under a law of this state, a captive REIT or a captive RIC filing a combined return under subdivision (f) of section fifteen hundred fifteen of this chapter, and housing companies
32 33 34 35 37 39 412 445 467 490 512 53	cle thirty-three of this chapter, any trust company organized under a law of this state all of the stock of which is owned by not less than twenty savings banks organized under a law of this state, a captive REIT or a captive RIC filing a combined return under subdivision (f) of section fifteen hundred fifteen of this chapter, and housing companies organized and operating pursuant to the provisions of article two or article five of the private housing finance law and housing development fund companies organized pursuant to the provisions of article eleven of the private housing finance law, and a farm savings account properly established under section forty-two of this chapter to the extent such account meets the conditions set forth in such section, shall not be subject to tax under this article. § 5. Subdivision 4 of section 209 of the tax law, as amended by section 5 of part A of chapter 59 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows: 4. Corporations liable to tax under sections one hundred eighty-three to one hundred eighty-four-a, inclusive, corporations taxable under article thirty-three of this chapter, any trust company organized under a law of this state all of the stock of which is owned by not less than twenty savings banks organized under a law of this state, a captive REIT or a captive RIC filing a combined return under subdivision (f) of section fifteen hundred fifteen of this chapter, and housing companies organized and operating pursuant to the provisions of article two or
32 334 35 367 390 4123445678901233 5123554	cle thirty-three of this chapter, any trust company organized under a law of this state all of the stock of which is owned by not less than twenty savings banks organized under a law of this state, a captive REIT or a captive RIC filing a combined return under subdivision (f) of section fifteen hundred fifteen of this chapter, and housing companies organized and operating pursuant to the provisions of article two or article five of the private housing finance law and housing development fund companies organized pursuant to the provisions of article eleven of the private housing finance law, and a farm savings account properly established under section forty-two of this chapter to the extent such account meets the conditions set forth in such section, shall not be subject to tax under this article. § 5. Subdivision 4 of section 209 of the tax law, as amended by section 5 of part A of chapter 59 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows: 4. Corporations liable to tax under sections one hundred eighty-three to one hundred eighty-four-a, inclusive, corporations taxable under article thirty-three of this chapter, any trust company organized under a law of this state all of the stock of which is owned by not less than twenty savings banks organized under a law of this state, a captive REIT or a captive RIC filing a combined return under subdivision (f) of section fifteen hundred fifteen of this chapter, and housing companies organized and operating pursuant to the provisions of article two or article five of the private housing finance law and housing development
32 33 34 35 37 39 412 445 467 490 512 53	cle thirty-three of this chapter, any trust company organized under a law of this state all of the stock of which is owned by not less than twenty savings banks organized under a law of this state, a captive REIT or a captive RIC filing a combined return under subdivision (f) of section fifteen hundred fifteen of this chapter, and housing companies organized and operating pursuant to the provisions of article two or article five of the private housing finance law and housing development fund companies organized pursuant to the provisions of article eleven of the private housing finance law, and a farm savings account properly established under section forty-two of this chapter to the extent such account meets the conditions set forth in such section, shall not be subject to tax under this article. § 5. Subdivision 4 of section 209 of the tax law, as amended by section 5 of part A of chapter 59 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows: 4. Corporations liable to tax under sections one hundred eighty-three to one hundred eighty-four-a, inclusive, corporations taxable under article thirty-three of this chapter, any trust company organized under a law of this state all of the stock of which is owned by not less than twenty savings banks organized under a law of this state, a captive REIT or a captive RIC filing a combined return under subdivision (f) of section fifteen hundred fifteen of this chapter, and housing companies organized and operating pursuant to the provisions of article two or



1	established under section forty-two of this chapter to the extent such
2	account meets the conditions set forth in such section, shall not be
3	subject to tax under this article.
4	§ 6. Section 601 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subsection
5	(g-1) to read as follows:
6	(g-1) Farm savings account. A farm savings account properly estab-
7	lished under section forty-two of this chapter shall not be subject to
8	tax under this article to the extent such account meets the conditions
9	<u>set forth in such section.</u>
10	§ 7. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to taxable
11	years commencing on and after January 1, 2016; provided, however, that
12	section five of this act shall take effect on the same date and in the
13	same manner as section 27 of part S of chapter 59 of the laws of 2014.

13 same manner as section 27 of part S of chapter 59 of the laws of 2014, 14 takes effect. Effective immediately, the commissioner of taxation and 15 finance may add, amend, or repeal any rule or regulation necessary to 16 timely implement the provisions of this act on its effective date.

17

## PART TT

18 Section 1. This act enacts into law major components of legislation 19 which are necessary to implement legislation relating to the imposition 20 of hotel and motel occupancy taxes in towns and villages. Each component 21 is wholly contained within a Subpart identified as Subparts A through B. 22 The effective date for each particular provision contained within such 23 Subparts is set forth in the last section of each Subpart. Any provision 24 in any section contained within a Subpart, including the effective date 25 of the Subpart, which makes a reference to a section "of this act", when 26 used in connection with that particular component, shall be deemed to 27 mean and refer to the corresponding section of the Subpart in which it is found. Section three of this act sets forth the general effective 28 29 date of this act.

30

## SUBPART A

31 Section 1. This act enacts into law major components of legislation 32 which are necessary to implement legislation relating to the imposition 33 of hotel and motel occupancy taxes in certain towns and villages. Each 34 component is wholly contained within a Title identified as Titles A through G. The effective date for each particular provision contained 35 36 within such Titles is set forth in the last section of such Title. Any 37 provision in any section contained within a Title, including the effec-38 tive date of the Title, which makes a reference to a section "of this 39 act", when used in connection with that particular component, shall be 40 deemed to mean and refer to the corresponding section of the Title in 41 which it is found. Section three of this subpart sets forth the general 42 effective date of this subpart.

43

#### TITLE A

44 Section 1. The tax law is amended by adding a new section 1202-z-1 to 45 read as follows:

46	<u>§ 1202-z-1. Occupancy tax in the village of Tuckahoe. (1) Notwith-</u>
47	standing any other provision of law to the contrary, the village of
48	Tuckahoe, in the county of Westchester, is hereby authorized and
49	empowered to adopt and amend local laws imposing in such village a tax,
50	in addition to any other tax authorized and imposed pursuant to this



article, such as the legislature has or would have the power and author-1 2 ity to impose upon persons occupying any room for hire in any hotel. For the purposes of this section, the term "hotel" shall mean a building or 3 portion of it which is regularly used and kept open as such for the 4 lodging of guests. The term "hotel" includes an apartment hotel, a motel 5 6 or a boarding house, whether or not meals are served. The rate of such 7 tax shall not exceed three percent of the per diem rental rate for each 8 room whether such room is rented on a daily or longer basis.

9 (2) Such taxes may be collected and administered by the chief fiscal 10 officer of the village of Tuckahoe by such means and in such manner as 11 other taxes which are now collected and administered by such officer or 12 as otherwise may be provided by such local law.

13 (3) Such local laws may provide that any taxes imposed shall be paid 14 by the person liable therefor to the owner of the room for hire in the 15 tourist home, inn, club, hotel, motel or other similar place of public 16 accommodation occupied or to the person entitled to be paid the rent or 17 charge for the room for hire in the tourist home, inn, club, hotel, 18 motel or other similar place of public accommodation occupied for and on account of the village of Tuckahoe imposing the tax and that such owner 19 20 or person entitled to be paid the rent or charge shall be liable for the 21 collection and payment of the tax; and that such owner or person enti-22 tled to be paid the rent or charge shall have the same right in respect 23 to collecting the tax from the person occupying the room for hire in the 24 tourist home, inn, club, hotel, motel or other similar place of public 25 accommodation, or in respect to nonpayment of the tax by the person occupying the room for hire in the tourist home, inn, club, hotel, motel 26 27 or similar place of public accommodation, as if the taxes were a part of 28 the rent or charge and payable at the same time as the rent or charge; 29 provided, however, that the chief fiscal officer of the village, specified in such local laws, shall be joined as a party in any action or 30 31 proceeding brought to collect the tax by the owner or by the person 32 entitled to be paid the rent or charge.

33 (4) Such local laws may provide for the filing of returns and the
 34 payment of the taxes on a monthly basis or on the basis of any longer or
 35 shorter period of time.

36 (5) This section shall not authorize the imposition of such tax upon 37 any of the following:

a. The state of New York, or any public corporation (including a
public corporation created pursuant to agreement or compact with another
state or the dominion of Canada), improvement district or other political subdivision of the state;

42 <u>b. The United States of America, insofar as it is immune from taxa-</u> 43 <u>tion; or</u>

44 c. Any corporation or association, or trust, or community chest, fund 45 or foundation organized and operated exclusively for religious, charitable or educational purposes, or for the prevention of cruelty to chil-46 47 dren or animals, and no part of the net earnings of which inures to the 48 benefit of any private shareholder or individual and no substantial part 49 of the activities of which is carrying on propaganda, or otherwise 50 attempting to influence legislation; provided, however, that nothing in 51 this paragraph shall include an organization operated for the primary 52 purpose of carrying on a trade or business for profit, whether or not 53 all of its profits are payable to one or more organizations described 54 in this paragraph.

55 <u>d. A permanent resident of a hotel or motel. For the purposes of this</u> 56 <u>section, the term "permanent resident" shall mean a natural person occu-</u>



1	pying any room or rooms in a hotel or motel for at least thirty consec-
2	utive days.
3	(6) Any final determination of the amount of any tax payable hereunder
4	shall be reviewable for error, illegality or unconstitutionality or any
5	other reason whatsoever by a proceeding under article seventy-eight of
6	the civil practice law and rules if application therefor is made to the
7	supreme court within thirty days after the giving of notice of such
8	final determination, provided, however, that any such proceeding under
9	article seventy-eight of the civil practice law and rules shall not be
10	instituted unless:
11	a. The amount of any tax sought to be reviewed, with such interest and
12	penalties thereon as may be provided for by local laws or regulations
13	shall be first deposited and there shall be filed an undertaking, issued
14	by a surety company authorized to transact business in this state and
15	approved by the superintendent of financial services of this state as to
16	solvency and responsibility, in such amount as a justice of the supreme
17	court shall approve to the effect that if such proceeding be dismissed
18	or the tax confirmed the petitioner will pay all costs and charges which
19	may accrue in the prosecution of such proceeding; or
20	b. At the option of the petitioner, such undertaking may be in a sum
21 22	sufficient to cover the taxes, interests and penalties stated in such determination plus the costs and charges which may accrue against it in
23	the prosecution of the proceeding, in which event the petitioner shall
24 24	not be required to pay such taxes, interest or penalties as a condition
25	precedent to the application.
26	(7) Where any taxes imposed hereunder shall have been erroneously,
27	illegally or unconstitutionally collected and application for the refund
28	therefor duly made to the proper fiscal officer or officers, and such
29	officer or officers shall have made a determination denying such refund,
30	such determination shall be reviewable by a proceeding under article
31	seventy-eight of the civil practice law and rules, provided, however,
32	that such proceeding is instituted within thirty days after the giving
33	of the notice of such denial, that a final determination of tax due was
34	not previously made, and that an undertaking is filed with the proper
35	fiscal officer or officers in such amount and with such sureties as a
36	justice of the supreme court shall approve to the effect that if such
37	proceeding be dismissed or the taxes confirmed, the petitioner will pay
38	all costs and charges which may accrue in the prosecution of such
39	proceeding.
40	(8) Except in the case of a willfully false or fraudulent return with
41	intent to evade the tax, no assessment of additional tax shall be made
42 43	after the expiration of more than three years from the date of the filing of a return, provided, however, that where no return has been
43 44	filed as provided by law the tax may be assessed at any time.
44 45	(9) All revenues resulting from the imposition of the tax under the
46	local laws shall be paid into the treasury of the village of Tuckahoe
47	and shall be credited to and deposited in the general fund of the
48	village. Such revenues may be used for any lawful purpose.
49	(10) Each enactment of such a local law may provide for the imposition
50	of a hotel or motel tax for a period of time no longer than three years
51	from the date of its enactment. Nothing in this section shall prohibit
52	the adoption and enactment of local laws, pursuant to the provisions of
53	this section, upon the expiration of any other local law adopted pursu-
54	ant to this section.
55	(11) If any provision of this section or the application thereof to
56	any person or circumstance shall be held invalid, the remainder of this



1	section and the application of such provision to other persons or
2	circumstances shall not be affected thereby.
3	§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately and shall expire and be
4	deemed repealed September 1, 2019.
5	TITLE B
6	Section 1. The tax law is amended by adding a new section 1202-z-2 to
7	read as follows:
8	§ 1202-z-2. Occupancy tax in the town of North Castle. (1) Notwith-
9	standing any other provision of law to the contrary, the town of North
10	Castle, in the county of Westchester, is hereby authorized and empowered
11	to adopt and amend local laws imposing in such town a tax, in addition
12	to any other tax authorized and imposed pursuant to this article, such
13	as the legislature has or would have the power and authority to impose
14	upon persons occupying any room for hire in any hotel. For the purposes
15	of this section, the term "hotel" shall mean a building or portion of it
16 17	which is regularly used and kept open as such for the lodging of guests.
18	The term "hotel" includes an apartment hotel, a motel or a boarding house, whether or not meals are served. The rate of such tax shall not
19	exceed three percent of the per diem rental rate for each room whether
20	such room is rented on a daily or longer basis.
21	(2) Such taxes may be collected and administered by the chief fiscal
22	officer of the town of North Castle by such means and in such manner as
23	other taxes which are now collected and administered by such officer or
24	as otherwise may be provided by such local law.
25	(3) Such local laws may provide that any taxes imposed shall be paid
26	by the person liable therefor to the owner of the room for hire in the
27	tourist home, inn, club, hotel, motel or other similar place of public
28	accommodation occupied or to the person entitled to be paid the rent or
29	charge for the room for hire in the tourist home, inn, club, hotel,
30	motel or other similar place of public accommodation occupied for and on
31	account of the town of North Castle imposing the tax and that such owner
32	or person entitled to be paid the rent or charge shall be liable for the
33	collection and payment of the tax; and that such owner or person enti-
34	tled to be paid the rent or charge shall have the same right in respect
35	to collecting the tax from the person occupying the room for hire in the
36	tourist home, inn, club, hotel, motel or other similar place of public
37	accommodation, or in respect to nonpayment of the tax by the person
38	occupying the room for hire in the tourist home, inn, club, hotel, motel
39	or similar place of public accommodation, as if the taxes were a part of
40	the rent or charge and payable at the same time as the rent or charge;
41	provided, however, that the chief fiscal officer of the town, specified
42	in such local laws, shall be joined as a party in any action or proceed-
43	ing brought to collect the tax by the owner or by the person entitled to
44 45	<u>be paid the rent or charge.</u> (4) Such local laws may provide for the filing of returns and the
45 46	payment of the taxes on a monthly basis or on the basis of any longer or
40 47	shorter period of time.
48	(5) This section shall not authorize the imposition of such tax upon
49	any of the following:
50	<u>a. The state of New York, or any public corporation (including a</u>
51	public corporation created pursuant to agreement or compact with another
52	state or the dominion of Canada), improvement district or other poli-
53	tical subdivision of the state;



1	b. The United States of America, insofar as it is immune from taxa-
2	tion; or
3	<u>c. Any corporation or association, or trust, or community chest, fund</u>
4	or foundation organized and operated exclusively for religious, charita-
5	ble or educational purposes, or for the prevention of cruelty to chil-
6	dren or animals, and no part of the net earnings of which inures to the
7	benefit of any private shareholder or individual and no substantial part
8	of the activities of which is carrying on propaganda, or otherwise
9	attempting to influence legislation; provided, however, that nothing in
10	this paragraph shall include an organization operated for the primary
11	purpose of carrying on a trade or business for profit, whether or not
12	all of its profits are payable to one or more organizations described in
13	this paragraph.
14	d. A permanent resident of a hotel or motel. For the purposes of this
15	section, the term "permanent resident" shall mean a natural person occu-
16	pying any room or rooms in a hotel or motel for at least thirty consec-
17 10	<u>utive days.</u>
18 19	(6) Any final determination of the amount of any tax payable hereunder shall be reviewable for error, illegality or unconstitutionality or any
20	other reason whatsoever by a proceeding under article seventy-eight of
20	the civil practice law and rules if application therefor is made to the
22	supreme court within thirty days after the giving of notice of such
23	final determination, provided, however, that any such proceeding under
24	article seventy-eight of the civil practice law and rules shall not be
25	instituted unless:
26	a. The amount of any tax sought to be reviewed, with such interest and
27	penalties thereon as may be provided for by local laws or regulations
28	shall be first deposited and there shall be filed an undertaking, issued
29	by a surety company authorized to transact business in this state and
30	approved by the superintendent of financial services of this state as to
31	solvency and responsibility, in such amount as a justice of the supreme
32	court shall approve to the effect that if such proceeding be dismissed
33	or the tax confirmed the petitioner will pay all costs and charges which
34	may accrue in the prosecution of such proceeding; or
35	<u>b. At the option of the petitioner, such undertaking may be in a sum</u>
36	sufficient to cover the taxes, interests and penalties stated in such
37	determination plus the costs and charges which may accrue against it in
38	the prosecution of the proceeding, in which event the petitioner shall
39	not be required to pay such taxes, interest or penalties as a condition
40	precedent to the application.
41	(7) Where any taxes imposed hereunder shall have been erroneously,
42	illegally or unconstitutionally collected and application for the refund
43	therefor duly made to the proper fiscal officer or officers, and such
44 45	officer or officers shall have made a determination denying such refund, such determination shall be reviewable by a proceeding under article
45 46	seventy-eight of the civil practice law and rules, provided, however,
40 47	that such proceeding is instituted within thirty days after the giving
48	of the notice of such denial, that a final determination of tax due was
49	not previously made, and that an undertaking is filed with the proper
50	fiscal officer or officers in such amount and with such sureties as a
51	justice of the supreme court shall approve to the effect that if such
52	proceeding be dismissed or the taxes confirmed, the petitioner will pay
53	all costs and charges which may accrue in the prosecution of such
54	proceeding.
55	(8) Except in the case of a willfully false or fraudulent return with
56	intent to evade the tax, no assessment of additional tax shall be made



after the expiration of more than three years from the date of the 1 2 filing of a return, provided, however, that where no return has been 3 filed as provided by law the tax may be assessed at any time. (9) All revenues resulting from the imposition of the tax under the 4 local laws shall be paid into the treasury of the town of North Castle 5 6 and shall be credited to and deposited in the general fund of the town. 7 Such revenues may be used for any lawful purpose. 8 (10) Each enactment of such a local law may provide for the imposition 9 of a hotel or motel tax for a period of time no longer than three years 10 from the date of its enactment. Nothing in this section shall prohibit 11 the adoption and enactment of local laws, pursuant to the provisions of 12 this section, upon the expiration of any other local law adopted pursu-13 ant to this section. 14 (11) If any provision of this section or the application thereof to 15 any person or circumstance shall be held invalid, the remainder of this 16 section and the application of such provision to other persons or 17 circumstances shall not be affected thereby. 18 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately and shall expire and be 19 deemed repealed September 1, 2019. 20 TITLE C 21 Section 1. The tax law is amended by adding a new section 1202-z-3 to 22 read as follows: 23 <u>§ 1202-z-3. Occupancy tax in the village of Harrison. (1) Notwith-</u> 24 standing any other provision of law to the contrary, the village of 25 Harrison, in the county of Westchester, is hereby authorized and 26 empowered to adopt and amend local laws imposing in such village a tax, 27 in addition to any other tax authorized and imposed pursuant to this article, such as the legislature has or would have the power and author-28 29 ity to impose upon persons occupying any room for hire in any hotel. For the purposes of this section, the term "hotel" shall mean a building or 30 31 portion of it which is regularly used and kept open as such for the lodging of guests. The term "hotel" includes an apartment hotel, a motel 32 33 or a boarding house, whether or not meals are served. The rate of such 34 tax shall not exceed three percent of the per diem rental rate for each 35 room whether such room is rented on a daily or longer basis. 36 (2) Such taxes may be collected and administered by the chief fiscal 37 officer of the village of Harrison by such means and in such manner as 38 other taxes which are now collected and administered by such officer or 39 as otherwise may be provided by such local law. 40 (3) Such local laws may provide that any taxes imposed shall be paid 41 by the person liable therefor to the owner of the room for hire in the 42 tourist home, inn, club, hotel, motel or other similar place of public 43 accommodation occupied or to the person entitled to be paid the rent or charge for the room for hire in the tourist home, inn, club, hotel, 44 45 motel or other similar place of public accommodation occupied for and on 46 account of the village of Harrison imposing the tax and that such owner 47 or person entitled to be paid the rent or charge shall be liable for the 48 collection and payment of the tax; and that such owner or person enti-49 tled to be paid the rent or charge shall have the same right in respect 50 to collecting the tax from the person occupying the room for hire in the 51 tourist home, inn, club, hotel, motel or other similar place of public accommodation, or in respect to nonpayment of the tax by the person 52 occupying the room for hire in the tourist home, inn, club, hotel, motel 53 54 or similar place of public accommodation, as if the taxes were a part of



1	the rent or charge and payable at the same time as the rent or charge;
2	provided, however, that the chief fiscal officer of the village, speci-
3	fied in such local laws, shall be joined as a party in any action or
4	proceeding brought to collect the tax by the owner or by the person
5	entitled to be paid the rent or charge.
6	(4) Such local laws may provide for the filing of returns and the
7	payment of the taxes on a monthly basis or on the basis of any longer or
8	shorter period of time.
9	(5) This section shall not authorize the imposition of such tax upon
10	any of the following:
11	a. The state of New York, or any public corporation (including a
12	public corporation created pursuant to agreement or compact with another
13	state or the dominion of Canada), improvement district or other poli-
14	tical subdivision of the state;
15	b. The United States of America, insofar as it is immune from taxa-
16	tion; or
17	c. Any corporation or association, or trust, or community chest, fund
18	or foundation organized and operated exclusively for religious, charita-
19	ble or educational purposes, or for the prevention of cruelty to chil-
20	dren or animals, and no part of the net earnings of which inures to the
21	benefit of any private shareholder or individual and no substantial part
22	of the activities of which is carrying on propaganda, or otherwise
23	attempting to influence legislation; provided, however, that nothing in
24	this paragraph shall include an organization operated for the primary
25	purpose of carrying on a trade or business for profit, whether or not
26	all of its profits are payable to one or more organizations described in
27	this paragraph.
28	d. A permanent resident of a hotel or motel. For the purposes of this
29	section, the term "permanent resident" shall mean a natural person occu-
30 31	pying any room or rooms in a hotel or motel for at least thirty consec-
32	<u>utive days.</u> (6) Any final determination of the amount of any tax payable hereunder
33	shall be reviewable for error, illegality or unconstitutionality or any
34	other reason whatsoever by a proceeding under article seventy-eight of
35	the civil practice law and rules if application therefor is made to the
36	supreme court within thirty days after the giving of notice of such
37	final determination, provided, however, that any such proceeding under
38	article seventy-eight of the civil practice law and rules shall not be
39	instituted unless:
40	<u>a. The amount of any tax sought to be reviewed, with such interest and</u>
41	penalties thereon as may be provided for by local laws or regulations
42	shall be first deposited and there shall be filed an undertaking, issued
43	by a surety company authorized to transact business in this state and
44	approved by the superintendent of financial services of this state as to
45	solvency and responsibility, in such amount as a justice of the supreme
46	court shall approve to the effect that if such proceeding be dismissed
47	or the tax confirmed the petitioner will pay all costs and charges which
48	may accrue in the prosecution of such proceeding; or
49	b. At the option of the petitioner, such undertaking may be in a sum
50	sufficient to cover the taxes, interests and penalties stated in such
51	determination plus the costs and charges which may accrue against it in
52	the prosecution of the proceeding, in which event the petitioner shall
53	not be required to pay such taxes, interest or penalties as a condition
54	precedent to the application.
55	(7) Where any taxes imposed hereunder shall have been erroneously,
56	illegally or unconstitutionally collected and application for the refund



1 therefor duly made to the proper fiscal officer or officers, and such 2 officer or officers shall have made a determination denying such refund, 3 such determination shall be reviewable by a proceeding under article seventy-eight of the civil practice law and rules, provided, however, 4 that such proceeding is instituted within thirty days after the giving 5 6 of the notice of such denial, that a final determination of tax due was 7 not previously made, and that an undertaking is filed with the proper 8 fiscal officer or officers in such amount and with such sureties as a 9 justice of the supreme court shall approve to the effect that if such 10 proceeding be dismissed or the taxes confirmed, the petitioner will pay 11 all costs and charges which may accrue in the prosecution of such 12 proceeding. 13 (8) Except in the case of a willfully false or fraudulent return with 14 intent to evade the tax, no assessment of additional tax shall be made 15 after the expiration of more than three years from the date of the 16 filing of a return, provided, however, that where no return has been 17 filed as provided by law the tax may be assessed at any time. 18 (9) All revenues resulting from the imposition of the tax under the 19 local laws shall be paid into the treasury of the village of Harrison 20 and shall be credited to and deposited in the general fund of the 21 village. Such revenues may be used for any lawful purpose. 22 (10) Each enactment of such a local law may provide for the imposition 23 of a hotel or motel tax for a period of time no longer than three years 24 from the date of its enactment. Nothing in this section shall prohibit 25 the adoption and enactment of local laws, pursuant to the provisions of this section, upon the expiration of any other local law adopted pursu-26 27 ant to this section. 28 (11) If any provision of this section or the application thereof to any person or circumstance shall be held invalid, the remainder of this 29 section and the application of such provision to other persons or 30 circumstances shall not be affected thereby. 31 32 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately and shall expire and be 33 deemed repealed September 1, 2019. 34 TITLE D 35 Section 1. The tax law is amended by adding a new section 1202-dd to 36 read as follows: § 1202-dd. Hotel or motel taxes in the town of Greenburgh and speci-37 38 fied villages therein and in the town of Mount Pleasant. (1) Notwith-39 standing any other provisions of law to the contrary, the town of Green-40 burgh, Westchester county, is hereby authorized and empowered to adopt 41 and amend local laws imposing in those portions of such town not located 42 within a village, and the villages of Tarrytown, Irvington, Ardsley, 43 Elmsford, Dobbs Ferry, Hastings-on-Hudson and Sleepy Hollow in the towns 44 of Greenburgh and Mount Pleasant, Westchester county are hereby author-45 ized and empowered to adopt and amend local laws imposing in such villages a tax, in addition to any other tax authorized and imposed 46 pursuant to this article, as the legislature has or would have the power 47 48 and authority to impose upon persons occupying rooms in hotels or motels 49 in such towns or villages therein. For the purposes of this section, the 50 term "hotel" shall mean a building or portion of it which is regularly 51 used and kept open as such for the lodging of guests. The term "hotel" 52 includes an apartment hotel, a motel or a boarding house, whether or not

53 meals are served. The rate of such tax shall not exceed three percent of



1	the per diem rental rate for each room whether such room is rented on a
2	daily or longer basis.
3	(2) Such tax may be collected and administered by the commissioner of
_	finance or other fiscal officer of the town of Greenburgh or of any
4	specified village therein or in the town of Mount Pleasant, as the case
5	
6	may be, by such means and in such manner as other taxes which are now
7	collected and administered by such officers in accordance with the town
8	or village charter or as otherwise may be provided by such local law.
9	(3) Such local laws may provide that any tax imposed shall be paid by
10	the person liable therefor to the owner of the hotel or motel room occu-
11	pied or to the person entitled to be paid the rent or charge for the
12	hotel or motel room occupied for and on account of the town of Green-
13	burgh or of any specified village therein or in the town of Mount Pleas-
14	ant imposing the tax, and that such owner or person entitled to be paid
15	the rent or charge shall be liable for the collection and payment of the
16	tax; and that such owner or person entitled to be paid the rent or
17	charge shall have the same right in respect to collecting the tax from
18	the person occupying the hotel or motel room, or in respect to nonpay-
19	ment of the tax by the person occupying the hotel or motel room, as if
20	the tax were a part of the rent or charge and payable at the same time
21	as the rent or charge; provided, however, that the commissioner of
22	finance or other fiscal officers of such towns or villages, specified in
23	such local law, shall be joined as a party in any action or proceeding
24	brought to collect the tax by the owner or by the person entitled to be
25	paid the rent or charge.
26	(4) Such local laws may provide for the filing of returns and the
27	payment of the tax on a monthly basis or on the basis of any longer or
28	shorter period of time.
29	(5) This section shall not authorize the imposition of such tax upon
30	the following:
31	a. The state of New York, or any public corporation, including a
32	public corporation created pursuant to agreement or compact with another
33	state or the dominion of Canada, improvement district or other political
34	subdivision of the state;
35	b. The United States of America, insofar as it is immune from taxa-
36	tion;
37	c. Any corporation or association, or trust, or community chest, fund
38	or foundation organized and operated exclusively for religious, charita-
39	ble or educational purposes, or for the prevention of cruelty to chil-
40	dren or animals, and no part of the net earnings of which inures to the
41	benefit of any private shareholder or individual and no substantial part
42	of the activities of which is carrying on propaganda, or otherwise
43	attempting to influence legislation; provided, however, that nothing in
44	this paragraph shall include an organization operated for the primary
45	purpose of carrying on a trade or business for profit, whether or not
46	all of its profits are payable to one or more organizations described in
47	this paragraph; and
48	d. A permanent resident of a hotel or motel. For the purposes of this
49	section, the term "permanent resident" shall mean a natural person occu-
50	pying any room or rooms in a hotel or motel for at least thirty consec-
51	utive days.
52	(6) Any final determination of the amount of any tax payable hereunder
53	shall be reviewable for error, illegality or unconstitutionality or any
54	other reason whatsoever by a proceeding under article seventy-eight of
55	the civil practice law and rules if application therefor is made to the
56	supreme court within thirty days after giving of the notice of such



1 final determination, provided, however, that any such proceeding under article seventy-eight of the civil practice law and rules shall not be instituted unless: A. The amount of any tax sought to be reviewed, with such interest and penalties thereon as may be provided for by local law or rerulation surety company authorized to transact business in this state and surety company authorized to transact business in this state and surety company authorized to transact business in this state and a surety company authorized to transact business in this state and a surety company authorized to transact business in this state and a approved by the superintendent of insurance of this state as to solvency and responsibility, in such amount as a justice of the supreme court shall approve to the effect that if such proceeding be dismissed or the tax confirmed the petitioner will pay all costs and charces which may accrue in the prosecution of such proceeding, or b. At the option of the petitioner such undertaking may be in a sum sufficient to cover taxes, interest and penalties stated in such deter- mination plus the costs and charces which may accrue against it in the prosecution of the proceeding, in which event the petitioner shall not be required to pay such taxes, interest or penalties as a condition precedent to the application. (7) Where any tax imposed hereunder shall have been erroneously, ille- dify or unconstitutionally collected and application for the refund. such determination shall be reviewable by a proceeding under article seventy-eight of the civil practice law and rules, provided, however, that such proceeding is instituted within thirty days after the giving of the notice of such denial, that a final determination of such proceed- ing. (8) Except in the case of a willfully false or fraudulent return with itent to evade the tax, no assessment of additional tax shall be made after the expiration of more than three years from the date of the filed as provided by law the tax may be assessed at any time.		
<ul> <li>instituted unless: <ul> <li>a. The amount of any tax sought to be reviewed, with such interest and</li> <li>penalties thereon as may be provided for by local law or regulation</li> <li>shall be first deposited and there is filed an undertaking, issued by a</li> <li>surety company authorized to transact business in this state and</li> <li>approved by the superintendent of insurance of this state as to solvency</li> <li>and responsibility, in such amount as a justice of the supreme court</li> <li>shall approve to the effect that if such proceeding be dismissed or the</li> <li>tax confirmed the petitioner will pay all costs and charges which may</li> <li>accrue in the prosecution of such proceeding.</li> <li>b. At the option of the petitioner such undertaking may be in a sum</li> <li>sufficient to cover taxes, interest and penalties stated in such determination plus the costs and charges which may accrue against it in the</li> <li>prosecution of the proceeding, in which event the petitioner shall not</li> <li>be required to pay such taxes, interest or penalties as a condition</li> <li>precedent to the application.</li> <li>(7) Where any tax imposed hereunder shall have been erroneously, illegrally or unconstitutionally collected and application for the refund</li> <li>the termination shall be reviewable by a proceeding under article</li> <li>seventy-eight of the civil practice law and rules, provided, however,</li> <li>that such proceeding is instituted within thirty days after the giving</li> <li>of the notice of such denial, that a final determination of tax due was</li> <li>not previously made, and that an undertaking is filed with the proceding in dismissed or the tax confirmed, the petitioner will pay</li> <li>all costs and charges which accrue in the prosecution of such proceeding</li> <li>file as provided, however, that where no return has been</li> <li>file as provided, budy the tax may be assessed at any time.</li> <li>getter of the supreme court shall approve to the effect that if such</li> <li></li></ul></li></ul>		
<ul> <li>a. The amount of any tax sought to be reviewed, with such interest and penalties thereon as may be provided for by local law or regulation shall be first deposited and there is filed an undertaking, issued by a surety company authorized to transact business in this state and approved by the superintendent of insurance of this state as to solvency and responsibility, in such amount as a justice of the supreme court shall approve to the effect that if such proceeding be dismissed or the tax confirmed the petitioner will pay all costs and charges which may accrue in the prosecution of such proceeding, or</li> <li>b. At the option of the petitioner such undertaking may be in a sum sufficient to cover taxes, interest and penalties stated in such deter- mination plus the costs and charges which may accrue against it in the prosecution of the proceeding, in which event the petitioner shall not precedent to the application.</li> <li>(7) Where any tax imposed hereunder shall have been erroneously, ille- gally or unconstitutionally collected and application for the refund thereof duly made to the proper fiscal officer or officers, and such officer or officers shall have made a determination denying such refund.</li> <li>such determination shall be reviewable by a proceeding under article seventy-eight of the civil practice law and rules, provided, however, that such proceeding is instituted within thirty days after the giving of the notice of such denial, that a final determination of such proceed- ing.</li> <li>(8) Except in the case of a willfully false or fraudulent return with intent to evade the tax, no assessment of additional tax shall be made after the expiration of more than three years from the date of the filing of a return, provided, however, that where no return has been file as provided by law the tax may be assessed at any time.</li> <li>(9) Revenues resulting from the imposition of tax authorized by this section shall be paid into the treasary of the down of fuenphytich section shall be paid into</li></ul>		
5 penalties thereon as may be provided for by local law or regulation shall be first deposited and there is filed an undertaking, issued by a surety company authorized to transact business in this state and approved by the superintendent of insurance of this state as to solvency and responsibility, in such amount as a justice of the supreme court ball approve to the effect that if such proceeding be dismissed or the tax confirmed the petitioner will pay all costs and charges which may accrue in the prosecution of such proceeding; or b. At the option of the petitioner such undertaking may be in a sum sufficient to cover taxes, interest and penalties stated in such deter- mination plus the costs and charges which may accrue against it in the prosecution of the proceeding, in which event the petitioner shall not be required to pay such taxes, interest or penalties as a condition precedent to the application. (7) Where any tax imposed hereunder shall have been erroneously, ille- gally or unconstitutionally collected and application for the refund thereof duly made to the proper fiscal officer or officers, and such officer or officers shall have made a determination denving such refund, such determination shall be reviewable by a proceeding under article fiscal officer or officers instituted within thirty days after the giving of the notice of such denial, that a final determination of tax due was not previously made, and that an undertaking is filed with the proper fiscal officer or officers in such amount and with such sureties as a justice of the supreme court shall approve to the effect that if such proceeding be dismissed or that tax confirmed, the petitioner will pay all costs and charges which accrue in the prosecution of such proceed- ing. (8) Except in the case of a willfully false or fraudulent return with intent to evade the tax, no assessment of additional tax shall be made after the expiration of more than three years from the date of the filing of a return, provided, however, that where no return ha	3	
<ul> <li>6 shall be first deposited and there is filed an undertaking, issued by a surety company authorized to transact business in this state and approved by the superintendent of insurance of this state as to solvency and responsibility, in such amount as a justice of the supreme court shall approve to the effect that if such proceeding, or</li> <li>a b. At the option of the petitioner such undertaking may be in a sum sufficient to cover taxes, interest and penalties stated in such deterimination plus the costs and charges which may accrue against it in the prosecution of the proceeding, or</li> <li>b. At the option of the petitioner such undertaking may be in a sum sufficient to cover taxes, interest and penalties stated in such deterimination plus the costs and charges which may accrue against it in the prosecution of the proceeding, in which event the petitioner shall not be required to pay such taxes, interest or penalties as a condition precedent to the application.</li> <li>(7) Where any tax imposed hereunder shall have been erroneously, illegally or unconstitutionally collected and application for the refund thereof duly made to the proper fiscal officer or officers, and such officer or officers shall have made a determination denying such refund.</li> <li>such determination shall be reviewable by a proceeding under article second the such proceeding is instituted within thirty days after the giving of the notice of such denial, that a final determination of tax due was not previously made, and that an undertaking is filed with the proper fiscal officer or officers in such amount and with such sureties as a justice of the supreme court is hall approve to the effect that if such proceeding be dismissed or the tax confirmed, the petitioner will pay all costs and charges which accrue in the prosecution of such proceeding is section of ficers or file section of file tow of freenburgh or of vilages provided, however, that where no return has been filed as provided by law the tax may be assessed at any time</li></ul>		
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53 any person or circumstance shall be held invalid, the remainder of this 54 section and the application of such provision to other persons or		
54 section and the application of such provision to other persons or		
	55	circumstances shall not be affected thereby.



1 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately and shall expire and be 2 deemed repealed three years after such date.

# 3

## TITLE E

4 Section 1. The tax law is amended by adding a new section 1202-ee to 5 read as follows:

6 § 1202-ee. Hotel or motel taxes in the town of Woodbury. (1) Notwith-7 standing any other provisions of law to the contrary, the town of Woodbury, in the county of Orange, is hereby authorized and empowered to 8 9 adopt and amend local laws imposing in such town a tax, in addition to 10 any other tax authorized and imposed pursuant to this article such as 11 the legislature has or would have the power and authority to impose upon 12 persons occupying hotel or motel rooms in such town. For the purposes of 13 this section, the term "hotel" or "motel" shall mean and include any 14 facility consisting of rentable units and providing lodging on an overnight basis and shall include those facilities designated and commonly 15 known as "bed and breakfast" and "tourist" facilities. The rates of such 16 17 tax shall not exceed five percent of the per diem rental rate for each 18 room, provided however, that such tax shall not be applicable to a 19 permanent resident of a hotel or motel. For the purposes of this section 20 the term "permanent resident" shall mean a person occupying any room or 21 rooms in a hotel or motel for at least ninety consecutive days.

(2) Such tax may be collected and administered by the chief fiscal
 officer of the town of Woodbury by such means and in such manner as
 other taxes which are now collected and administered by such officer or
 as otherwise may be provided by such local law.

26 (3) Such local laws may provide that any tax imposed shall be paid by 27 the person liable therefor to the owner of the hotel or motel room occu-28 pied or to the person entitled to be paid the rent or charge for the 29 hotel or motel room occupied for and on account of the town of Woodbury 30 imposing the tax and that such owner or person entitled to be paid the 31 rent or charge shall be liable for the collection and payment of the 32 tax; and that such owner or person entitled to be paid the rent or 33 charge shall have the same right in respect to collecting the tax from 34 the person occupying the hotel or motel room, or in respect to nonpay-35 ment of the tax by the person occupying the hotel or motel room, as if 36 the tax were a part of the rent or charge and payable at the same time 37 as the rent or charge; provided, however, that the chief fiscal officer 38 of the town, specified in such local law, shall be joined as a party in 39 any action or proceeding brought to collect the tax by the owner or by 40 the person entitled to be paid the rent or charge.

41 (4) Such local laws may provide for the filing of returns and the
42 payment of the tax on a monthly basis or on the basis of any longer or
43 shorter period of time.

(5) This section shall not authorize the imposition of such tax upon
 any transaction, by or with any of the following in accordance with
 section twelve hundred thirty of this chapter:

47 a. The state of New York, or any public corporation (including a
48 public corporation created pursuant to agreement or compact with another
49 state or the Dominion of Canada), improvement district or other poli50 tical subdivision of the state;

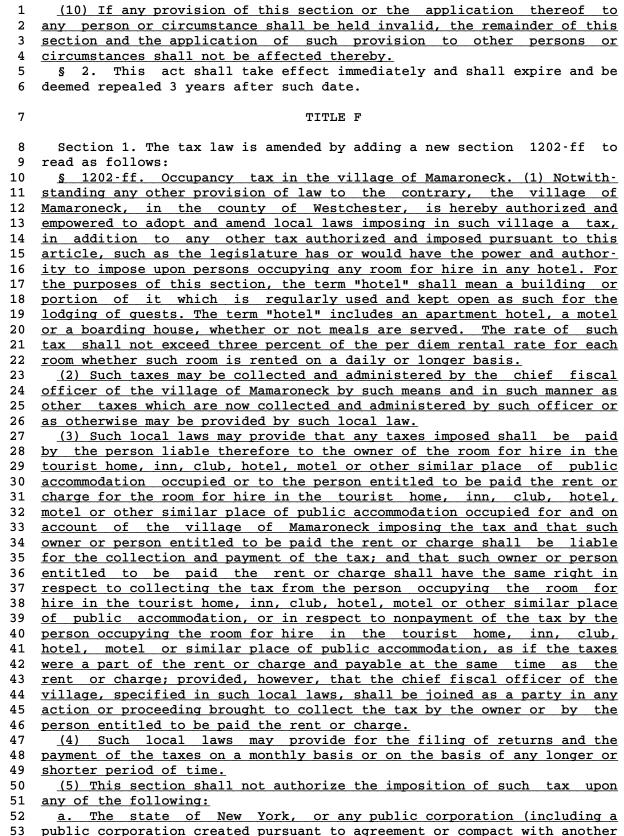
51 <u>b. The United States of America, insofar as it is immune from taxa-</u> 52 <u>tion;</u>

53 <u>c. Any corporation or association, or trust, or community chest, fund</u> 54 <u>or foundation organized and operated exclusively for religious, charita-</u>



1 ble or educational purposes, or for the prevention of cruelty to chil-2 dren or animals, and no part of the net earnings of which inures to the 3 benefit of any private shareholder or individual and no substantial part of the activities of which is carrying on propaganda, or otherwise 4 attempting to influence legislation; provided, however, that nothing in 5 6 this paragraph shall include an organization operated for the primary 7 purpose of carrying on a trade or business for profit, whether or not 8 all of its profits are payable to one or more organizations described in 9 this paragraph. (6) Any final determination of the amount of any tax payable hereunder 10 11 shall be reviewable for error, illegality or unconstitutionality or any 12 other reason whatsoever by a proceeding under article seventy-eight of 13 the civil practice law and rules if application therefor is made to the 14 supreme court within thirty days after the giving of the notice of such 15 final determination, provided, however, that any such proceeding under 16 article seventy-eight of the civil practice law and rules shall not be 17 instituted unless: 18 a. The amount of any tax sought to be reviewed, with such interest and 19 penalties thereon as may be provided for by local law shall be first 20 deposited and there is filed an undertaking, issued by a surety company 21 authorized to transact business in this state and approved by the super-22 intendent of insurance of this state as to solvency and responsibility, 23 in such amount as a justice of the supreme court shall approve to the 24 effect that if such proceeding be dismissed or the tax confirmed the 25 petitioner will pay all costs and charges which may accrue in the prosecution of such proceeding; or 26 27 b. At the option of the petitioner such undertaking may be in a sum 28 sufficient to cover the taxes, interests and penalties stated in such 29 determination plus the costs and charges which may accrue against it in 30 the prosecution of the proceeding, in which event the petitioner shall not be required to pay such taxes, interest or penalties as a condition 31 32 precedent to the application. 33 (7) Where any tax imposed hereunder shall have been erroneously, illegally or unconstitutionally collected and application for the refund 34 thereof duly made to the proper fiscal officer or officers, and such 35 36 officer or officers shall have made a determination denying such refund, 37 such determination shall be reviewable by a proceeding under article 38 seventy-eight of the civil practice law and rules, provided, however, that such proceeding is instituted within thirty days after the giving 39 40 of the notice of such denial, that a final determination of tax due was 41 not previously made, and that an undertaking is filed with the proper 42 fiscal officer or officers in such amount and with such sureties as a 43 justice of the supreme court shall approve to the effect that if such 44 proceeding be dismissed or the tax confirmed, the petitioner will pay 45 all costs and charges which may accrue in the prosecution of such 46 proceeding. 47 (8) Except in the case of a wilfully false or fraudulent return with 48 intent to evade the tax, no assessment of additional tax shall be made 49 after the expiration of more than three years from the date of the 50 filing of a return, provided, however, that where no return has been 51 filed as provided by law the tax may be assessed at any time. 52 (9) All revenues resulting from the imposition of the tax under the 53 local laws shall be paid into the treasury of the town of Woodbury and 54 shall be credited to and deposited in the general fund of the town. Such revenues may be used for any lawful purpose. 55





53 public corporation created pursuant to agreement or compact with another



1	state or the dominion of Canada), improvement district or other poli-
2	tical subdivision of the state;
3	b. The United States of America, insofar as it is immune from taxa-
4	tion; or
5	c. Any corporation or association, or trust, or community chest, fund
6	or foundation organized and operated exclusively for religious, charita-
7	ble or educational purposes, or for the prevention of cruelty to chil-
8	dren or animals, and no part of the net earnings of which inures to the
9	benefit of any private shareholder or individual and no substantial part
10	of the activities of which is carrying on propaganda, or otherwise
11	attempting to influence legislation; provided, however, that nothing in
12	this paragraph shall include an organization operated for the primary
13	purpose of carrying on a trade or business for profit, whether or not
14	all of its profits are payable to one or more organizations described in
15	this paragraph.
16	d. A permanent resident of a hotel or motel. For the purposes of this
17	section, the term "permanent resident" shall mean a natural person occu-
18	pying any room or rooms in a hotel or motel for at least thirty consec-
19	utive days.
20	(6) Any final determination of the amount of any tax payable hereunder
21	shall be reviewable for error, illegality or unconstitutionality or any
22 23	other reason whatsoever by a proceeding under article seventy-eight of the civil practice law and rules if application therefor is made to the
24 24	supreme court within thirty days after the giving of notice of such
25	final determination, provided, however, that any such proceeding under
26	article seventy-eight of the civil practice law and rules shall not be
27	instituted unless:
28	<u>a. The amount of any tax sought to be reviewed, with such interest and</u>
29	penalties thereon as may be provided for by local laws or regulations
30	shall be first deposited and there shall be filed an undertaking, issued
31	by a surety company authorized to transact business in this state and
32	approved by the superintendent of financial services of this state as to
33	solvency and responsibility, in such amount as a justice of the supreme
34	court shall approve to the effect that if such proceeding be dismissed
35	or the tax confirmed the petitioner will pay all costs and charges which
36	may accrue in the prosecution of such proceeding; or
37	b. At the option of the petitioner, such undertaking may be in a sum
38	sufficient to cover the taxes, interests and penalties stated in such
39	
40	the prosecution of the proceeding, in which event the petitioner shall
41	not be required to pay such taxes, interest or penalties as a condition
42 43	precedent to the application. (7) Where any taxes imposed hereunder shall have been erroneously,
43 44	illegally or unconstitutionally collected and application for the refund
44	therefor duly made to the proper fiscal officer or officers, and such
45 46	officer or officers shall have made a determination denying such refund,
47	such determination shall be reviewable by a proceeding under article
48	seventy-eight of the civil practice law and rules, provided, however,
49	that such proceeding is instituted within thirty days after the giving
50	of the notice of such denial, that a final determination of tax due was
51	not previously made, and that an undertaking is filed with the proper
52	fiscal officer or officers in such amount and with such sureties as a
53	justice of the supreme court shall approve to the effect that if such
54	proceeding be dismissed or the taxes confirmed, the petitioner will pay
55	all costs and charges which may accrue in the prosecution of such
56	proceeding.



1 (8) Except in the case of a willfully false or fraudulent return with 2 intent to evade the tax, no assessment of additional tax shall be made 3 after the expiration of more than three years from the date of the filing of a return, provided, however, that where no return has been 4 5 filed as provided by law the tax may be assessed at any time. 6 (9) All revenues resulting from the imposition of the tax under the 7 local laws shall be paid into the treasury of the village of Mamaroneck 8 and shall be credited to and deposited in the general fund of the 9 village. Such revenues may be used for any lawful purpose. (10) Each enactment of such a local law may provide for the imposition 10 11 of a hotel or motel tax for a period of time no longer than three years 12 from the date of its enactment. Nothing in this section shall prohibit 13 the adoption and enactment of local laws, pursuant to the provisions of 14 this section, upon the expiration of any other local law adopted pursu-15 ant to this section. 16 (11) If any provision of this section or the application thereof to 17 any person or circumstance shall be held invalid, the remainder of this 18 section and the application of such provision to other persons or 19 circumstances shall not be affected thereby. 20 2. This act shall take effect immediately and shall expire and be S 21 deemed repealed three years after such date. 22 TITLE G 23 Section 1. The tax law is amended by adding a new section 1202-gg to read as follows: 24 25 § 1202-gg. Occupancy tax in the village of Port Chester. (1) Notwith-26 standing any other provision of law to the contrary, the village of Port Chester, in the county of Westchester, is hereby authorized and 27 empowered to adopt and amend local laws imposing in such village a tax, 28 29 in addition to any other tax authorized and imposed pursuant to this 30 article, such as the legislature has or would have the power and author-31 ity to impose upon persons occupying any room for hire in any hotel. For the purposes of this section, the term "hotel" shall mean a building or 32 portion of it which is regularly used and kept open as such for the 33 34 lodging of guests. The term "hotel" includes an apartment hotel, a motel 35 or a boarding house, whether or not meals are served. The rate of such 36 tax shall not exceed three percent of the per diem rental rate for each room whether such room is rented on a daily or longer basis. 37 38 (2) Such taxes may be collected and administered by the chief fiscal 39 officer of the village of Port Chester by such means and in such manner 40 as other taxes which are now collected and administered by such officer 41 or as otherwise may be provided by such local law. 42 (3) Such local laws may provide that any taxes imposed shall be paid 43 by the person liable therefor to the owner of the room for hire in the 44 tourist home, inn, club, hotel, motel or other similar place of public 45 accommodation occupied or to the person entitled to be paid the rent or charge for the room for hire in the tourist home, inn, club, hotel, 46 47 motel or other similar place of public accommodation occupied for and on 48 account of the village of Port Chester imposing the tax and that such 49 owner or person entitled to be paid the rent or charge shall be liable 50 for the collection and payment of the tax; and that such owner or person 51 entitled to be paid the rent or charge shall have the same right in 52 respect to collecting the tax from the person occupying the room for 53 hire in the tourist home, inn, club, hotel, motel or other similar place of public accommodation, or in respect to nonpayment of the tax by the 54



person occupying the room for hire in the tourist home, inn, club, 1 2 hotel, motel or similar place of public accommodation, as if the taxes 3 were a part of the rent or charge and payable at the same time as the rent or charge; provided, however, that the chief fiscal officer of the 4 village, specified in such local laws, shall be joined as a party in any 5 6 action or proceeding brought to collect the tax by the owner or by the 7 person entitled to be paid the rent or charge. 8 (4) Such local laws may provide for the filing of returns and the 9 payment of the taxes on a monthly basis or on the basis of any longer or 10 shorter period of time. 11 (5) This section shall not authorize the imposition of such tax upon 12 any of the following: 13 a. The state of New York, or any public corporation (including a 14 public corporation created pursuant to agreement or compact with another 15 state or the dominion of Canada), improvement district or other poli-16 tical subdivision of the state; 17 b. The United States of America, insofar as it is immune from taxa-18 tion; or 19 c. Any corporation or association, or trust, or community chest, fund 20 or foundation organized and operated exclusively for religious, charita-21 ble or educational purposes, or for the prevention of cruelty to children or animals, and no part of the net earnings of which inures to the 22 23 benefit of any private shareholder or individual and no substantial part of the activities of which is carrying on propaganda, or otherwise 24 25 attempting to influence legislation; provided, however, that nothing in this paragraph shall include an organization operated for the primary 26 27 purpose of carrying on a trade or business for profit, whether or not 28 all of its profits are payable to one or more organizations described in 29 this paragraph. 30 d. A permanent resident of a hotel or motel. For the purposes of this section, the term "permanent resident" shall mean a natural person occu-31 32 pying any room or rooms in a hotel or motel for at least thirty consec-33 <u>utive days.</u> (6) Any final determination of the amount of any tax payable hereunder 34 35 shall be reviewable for error, illegality or unconstitutionality or any 36 other reason whatsoever by a proceeding under article seventy-eight of 37 the civil practice law and rules if application therefor is made to the 38 supreme court within thirty days after the giving of notice of such 39 final determination, provided, however, that any such proceeding under 40 article seventy-eight of the civil practice law and rules shall not be 41 instituted unless: 42 a. The amount of any tax sought to be reviewed, with such interest and 43 penalties thereon as may be provided for by local laws or regulations 44 shall be first deposited and there shall be filed an undertaking, issued 45 by a surety company authorized to transact business in this state and 46 approved by the superintendent of financial services of this state as to 47 solvency and responsibility, in such amount as a justice of the supreme court shall approve to the effect that if such proceeding be dismissed 48 49 or the tax confirmed the petitioner will pay all costs and charges which 50 may accrue in the prosecution of such proceeding; or 51 b. At the option of the petitioner, such undertaking may be in a sum 52 sufficient to cover the taxes, interest and penalties stated in such 53 determination plus the costs and charges which may accrue against it in 54 the prosecution of the proceeding, in which event the petitioner shall 55 not be required to pay such taxes, interest or penalties as a condition

56 precedent to the application.



1 (7) Where any taxes imposed hereunder shall have been erroneously, 2 illegally or unconstitutionally collected and application for the refund therefor duly made to the proper fiscal officer or officers, and such 3 officer or officers shall have made a determination denying such refund, 4 such determination shall be reviewable by a proceeding under article 5 seventy-eight of the civil practice law and rules, provided, however, 6 7 that such proceeding is instituted within thirty days after the giving 8 of the notice of such denial, that a final determination of tax due was 9 not previously made, and that an undertaking is filed with the proper fiscal officer or officers in such amount and with such sureties as a 10 11 justice of the supreme court shall approve to the effect that if such 12 proceeding be dismissed or the taxes confirmed, the petitioner will pay 13 all costs and charges which may accrue in the prosecution of such 14 proceeding. 15 (8) Except in the case of a willfully false or fraudulent return with 16 intent to evade the tax, no assessment of additional tax shall be made 17 after the expiration of more than three years from the date of the filing of a return, provided, however, that where no return has been 18 19 filed as provided by law the tax may be assessed at any time. 20 (9) All revenues resulting from the imposition of the tax under the 21 local laws shall be paid into the treasury of the village of Port Ches-22 ter and shall be credited to and deposited in the general fund of such 23 village. Such revenues may be used for any lawful purpose. 24 (10) Each enactment of such a local law may provide for the imposition 25 of a hotel or motel tax for a period of time no longer than three years 26 from the date of its enactment. Nothing in this section shall prohibit 27 the adoption and enactment of local laws, pursuant to the provisions of 28 this section, upon the expiration of any other local law adopted pursu-29 ant to this section. (11) If any provision of this section or the application thereof to 30 any person or circumstance shall be held invalid, the remainder of this 31 section and the application of such provision to other persons or 32 33 circumstances shall not be affected thereby. 34 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately and shall expire and be 35 deemed repealed three years after such date. 36 § 2. Severability clause. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section or part of this act shall be adjudged by any court of 37 38 competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment shall not affect, impair, or invalidate the remainder thereof, but shall be confined in 39 40 its operation to the clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section 41 or part thereof directly involved in the controversy in which such judg-42 ment shall have been rendered. It is hereby declared to be the intent of 43 the legislature that this act would have been enacted even if such 44 invalid provisions had not been included herein. 45 § 3. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however, that 46 the applicable effective date of Titles A through G of this subpart 47 shall be as specifically set forth in the last section of such Titles. 48 SUBPART B 49 Section 1. The tax law is amended by adding a new section 1202-zz to 50 read as follows: 51 § 1202-zz. Hotel and motel taxes imposed by towns and villages. (1) Notwithstanding any other provisions of any laws to the contrary, any

52 Notwithstanding any other provisions of any laws to the contrary, any 53 towns or villages shall be authorized and empowered to adopt and amend 54 local laws imposing tax upon persons occupying any room for hire in any



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hotel or motel under this subpart, to the extent such town or village 1 2 has a prior right over the other village or town within its tax juris-3 diction. Provided, however, such town or village shall be only authorized and empowered to impose such tax by enacting a resolution in the 4 5 manner and form set forth in subdivisions two and three of this section 6 and to the extent such tax is authorized under this section. For the purposes of this section, the term "hotel or motel" shall mean and 7 8 include any facility providing lodging on an overnight basis and shall 9 include those facilities designated and commonly known as "bed and breakfast", "inn", "housekeeping cottages with four or more units", and 10 11 <u>"tourist facilities".</u> 12 (2) Such town and village, acting through its local legislative body, 13 is hereby authorized and empowered to impose such tax by enacting a 14 resolution in the form set forth in subdivision three of this section, 15 whereupon such enactment of such resolution shall be deemed to incorpo-16 rate into such town or village's local law, ordinance, or resolution as 17 if it had been duly enacted by the state legislature and approved by the 18 governor. 19 (3) Form of resolution: Be it enacted by the (town or village) of 20 (insert locality's name) as follows: 21 Section one: The (town or village) of (insert locality's name) hereby 22 impose the hotel tax upon person occupying any room for hire in any 23 hotel or motel to the extent such tax is authorized under section twelve 24 hundred two-zz of the tax law. 25 Section two: This resolution shall take effect on or after ninety days 26 from the enacting resolution and shall expire three years from the 27 effective date of such resolution. 28 (4) a. For purposes of this section, "the prior right" shall mean the 29 preferential right to impose the hotel tax authorized under this section and to preempt such tax and to preclude another town or village from 30 31 imposing or continuing the imposition of such tax to the extent such 32 right is exercised. The right of preemption shall only apply within the territorial limits of the taxing jurisdiction having the right of 33 34 preemption. b. If a village, which is located within a town or towns, has enacted 35 36 the hotel tax authorized under this section prior to an enactment of the 37 hotel tax by such town or towns, such town or towns shall be precluded 38 to impose such tax within the territory of such village. If a town has 39 enacted the hotel tax authorized under this section, a village which is, 40 partially or entirely, located within such town shall be precluded to 41 impose the hotel tax to the extent such village is located within such 42 town. 43 (5) The rate of such tax shall not exceed three percent of the per 44 diem rental rate for each room whether such room is rented on a daily 45 basis or for a longer period of time. Provided, however, that such tax 46 shall not be applicable to a permanent resident of such hotel or motel. 47 For the purposes of this section, the term "permanent resident" shall 48 mean a natural person occupying any room or rooms in a hotel or motel 49 for at least thirty consecutive days. 50 (6) Such tax may be collected and administered by the finance adminis-51 trator or other fiscal officer of such county by such means and in such 52 manner as other taxes which are now collected and administered by such 53 officer or as otherwise may be provided by such local law. 54 (7) Such local laws may provide that any taxes imposed shall be paid 55 by the person liable therefor to the owner of the hotel or motel room

56 occupied or to the person entitled to be paid the rent or charge the





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hotel or motel room occupied for and on account of such town or village 1 2 within the county imposing the tax and that such owner or person enti-3 tled to be paid the rent or charge shall be liable for the collection and payment of the tax; and that such owner or person entitled to be 4 5 paid the rent or charge shall have the same right in respect to collect-6 ing the tax from the person occupying the hotel or motel room, or in 7 respect to nonpayment of the tax by the person occupying the hotel or 8 motel room as if the taxes were a part of the rent or charge and payable 9 at the same time as the rent or charge; provided however, that such 10 finance administrator or other fiscal officers of the county, specified 11 in such local laws, shall be joined as a party in any action or proceed-12 ing brought to collect the tax by the owner or by the person entitled to 13 be paid the rent or charge. 14 (8) This section shall not authorize the imposition of such tax upon 15 any of the following: 16 a. The state of New York, or any public corporation (including a 17 public corporation created pursuant to agreement or compact with another state or the dominion of Canada), improvement district or other poli-18 19 tical subdivision of the state; 20 b. The United States of America, insofar as it is immune for taxation; 21 <u>or</u> 22 Any corporation or association, or trust, or community chest, fund c. 23 or foundation organized and operated exclusively for religious, charita-24 ble or education purposes, or for the prevention of cruelty to children 25 or animals, and no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual and no substantial part of 26 27 the activities of which is carrying on propaganda, or otherwise attempt-28 ing to influence legislation; provided, however, that nothing in this 29 paragraph shall include an organization operated for the primary purpose 30 of carrying on a trade or business for profit, whether or not all of its 31 profits are payable to one or more organizations described in this para-32 graph. 33 (9) Any final determination of the amount of any tax payable hereunder 34 shall be reviewable for error, illegality or unconstitutionality or any other reason whatsoever by a proceeding under article seventy-eight of 35 36 the civil practice law and rules if application therefor is made to the 37 supreme court within thirty days after the giving of notice of such 38 final determination, provided, however, that any such proceeding under 39 article seventy-eight of the civil practice law and rules shall not be 40 instituted unless: 41 a. The amount of any tax sought to be reviewed, with such interest and 42 penalties thereon as may be provided for by local laws or regulations 43 shall be first deposited and there shall be filed an undertaking, issued 44 by a surety company authorized to transact business in this state and 45 approved by the superintendent of insurance of this state as to solvency 46 and responsibility, in such amount as a justice of the supreme court 47 shall approve to the effect that if such proceeding be dismissed or the tax confirmed the petitioner will pay all costs and charges which may 48 49 accrue in the prosecution of such proceeding; or 50 b. At the option of the petitioner, such undertaking may be in a sum 51 sufficient to cover the taxes, interests and penalties stated in such 52 determination plus the costs and charges which may accrue against it in 53 the prosecution of the proceeding, in which event the petitioner shall

54 not be required to pay such taxes, interest or penalties as a condition 55 precedent to the application.



1 (10) Where any taxes imposed hereunder shall have been erroneously, 2 illegally or unconstitutionally collected and application for the refund 3 therefor duly made to the proper fiscal officer or officers, and such officer or officers shall have made a determination denying such refund, 4 such determination shall be reviewable by a proceeding under article 5 6 seventy-eight of the civil practice law and rules, provided, however, 7 that such proceeding is instituted within thirty days after the giving 8 of the notice of such denial, that a final determination of tax due was 9 not previously made, and that an undertaking is filed with the proper 10 fiscal officer or officers in such amount and with such sureties as a 11 justice of the supreme court shall approve to the effect that if such 12 proceeding be dismissed or the taxes confirmed, the petitioner will pay 13 all costs and charges which may accrue in the prosecution of such 14 proceeding. 15 (11) Except in the case of a willfully false or fraudulent return with intent to evade the tax, no assessment of additional tax shall be made 16 after the expiration of more than three years from the date of the 17 filing of a return, provided, however, that where no return has been 18 19 filed as provided by law the tax may be assessed at any time. 20 (12) Revenues resulting from the imposition of the tax on hotels or 21 motels located within a town or village shall be credited to and deposited in the general fund of such town or village; and may thereafter be 22 allocated at the discretion of the governing board of such town or 23 24 village. 25 (13) Each enactment of such a local law may provide for the imposition 26 of a hotel or motel tax for a period of time no longer than three years 27 from the date of its enactment. Nothing in this section shall prohibit the adoption and enactment of local laws, pursuant to the provisions of 28 29 this section, upon the expiration of any other local law adopted pursu-30 ant to this section. 31 (14) If any provision of this section or the application thereof to any person or circumstance shall be held invalid, the remainder of this 32 33 section and the application of such provision to other persons or 34 circumstances shall not be affected thereby. (15) Any town or village that enacts a hotel or motel tax pursuant to 35 36 this section shall send a certified copy of such law, ordinance or 37 resolution by registered mail to the state comptroller at its office in 38 Albany on or at least thirty days prior to the effective date of this section. 39 40 (16) At the conclusion of the town or village's fiscal year, the chief 41 fiscal officer shall submit a report to the comptroller at its office in 42 Albany that contains the amount of annual receipts received pursuant to 43 this section. 44 (a) Each town or village having a population, as shown by the latest 45 preceding decennial federal census, of less than nineteen thousand nine hundred ninety-nine, shall file their respective reports with the comp-46 47 troller within ninety days after the close of the fiscal year of such 48 town or village. Upon written request from the chief fiscal officer of such a town or village, the comptroller may extend such ninety day peri-49 50 od for an additional thirty days. 51 (b) Each town or village having a population, as shown by the latest 52 preceding decennial federal census, of twenty thousand or more, and all 53 cities and counties, irrespective of their populations, shall file their 54 respective reports with the comptroller within one hundred twenty days

55 after the close of the fiscal year of such town or village.



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1 (17) By August first of each year, the state comptroller shall issue a 2 report to the governor, the temporary president of the senate, the speaker of the assembly, and the public, identifying the local govern-3 ments that have enacted hotel and motel taxes pursuant to this section. 4 The report shall also contain the rate of such tax and the amount of 5 6 annual revenues collected by each town or village that has been reported 7 within the past year. The report may contain other information deemed 8 relevant to local hotel and motel taxes by the comptroller.

9 § 2. This act shall take effect on the ninetieth day after it shall 10 have become a law.

§ 2. Severability clause. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivi-11 12 sion, section or part of this act shall be adjudged by any court of 13 competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment shall not affect, 14 impair, or invalidate the remainder thereof, but shall be confined in 15 its operation to the clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section 16 or part thereof directly involved in the controversy in which such judgment shall have been rendered. It is hereby declared to be the intent of 17 18 the legislature that this act would have been enacted even if such 19 invalid provisions had not been included herein.

S 3. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however, that the applicable effective date of Subparts A through B of this Part shall be as specifically set forth in the last section of such Subparts.

### 23

#### PART UU

24 Section 1. The opening paragraph of paragraph 1-a of subdivision (a) 25 of section 83 of the state finance law, as added by chapter 453 of the 26 laws of 2015, is amended to read as follows:

27 On or before the first day of February each year, the commissioner of 28 the department of environmental conservation shall provide a written report to the temporary president of the senate, speaker of the assem-29 bly, chair of the senate finance committee, chair of the assembly ways 30 and means committee, chair of the senate committee on [health] environ-31 mental conservation, chair of the assembly [health] environmental 32 conservation committee, the state comptroller and the public. 33 Such report shall include how the monies of the fund received pursuant to 34 35 section six hundred twenty-five of the tax law were utilized during the 36 preceding calendar year, and shall include:

37 § 2. The opening paragraph of subdivision 2-a of section 84 of the 38 state finance law, as added by chapter 453 of the laws of 2015, is 39 amended to read as follows:

40 On or before the first day of February each year, the chairperson of 41 the New York state Olympic regional development authority shall provide 42 a written report to the temporary president of the senate, speaker of the assembly, chair of the senate finance committee, chair of the assem-43 44 bly ways and means committee, chair of the senate committee on [health] 45 cultural affairs, tourism, parks and recreation, chair of the assembly [health] tourism, parks, arts and sports development committee, the 46 state comptroller and the public. Such report shall include how the 47 monies of the fund were utilized during the preceding calendar year, and 48 49 shall include:

50 § 3. The opening paragraph of subdivision 2-a of section 97-mmmm of 51 the state finance law, as added by chapter 453 of the laws of 2015, is 52 amended to read as follows:

53 On or before the first day of February each year, the director of the 54 New York state division of veterans' affairs shall provide a written



1 report to the temporary president of the senate, speaker of the assem-2 chair of the senate finance committee, chair of the assembly ways blv. and means committee, chair of the senate committee on [health] veterans, 3 homeland security and military affairs, chair of the assembly [health] 4 veterans' affairs committee, the state comptroller and the public. Such 5 6 report shall include how the monies of the fund were utilized during the 7 preceding calendar year, and shall include: 8 § 4. The opening paragraph of subdivision 2-a of section 99-v of the state finance law, as added by chapter 453 of the laws of 2015, is 9 10 amended to read as follows: 11 On or before the first day of February each year, the director of the 12 New York state division of veterans' affairs shall provide a written 13 report to the temporary president of the senate, speaker of the assem-14 bly, chair of the senate finance committee, chair of the assembly ways 15 and means committee, chair of the senate committee on [health] veterans, 16 homeland security and military affairs, chair of the assembly [health] 17 veterans' affairs committee, the state comptroller and the public. Such 18 report shall include how the monies of the fund were utilized during the 19 preceding calendar year, and shall include: 20 5. The opening paragraph of subdivision 2-a of section 92-w of the S 21 state finance law, as added by chapter 453 of the laws of 2015, 22 amended to read as follows: 23 On or before the first day of February each year, the director of the 24 division of criminal justice services shall provide a written report to 25 the temporary president of the senate, speaker of the assembly, chair of the senate finance committee, chair of the assembly ways and means 26 27 committee, chair of the senate committee on [health] codes, chair of the 28 assembly [health] codes committee, the state comptroller and the public. 29 Such report shall include how the monies of the fund were utilized during the preceding calendar year, and shall include: 30 31 § 6. The opening paragraph of subdivision 2-a of section 79 of the 32 state finance law, as added by chapter 453 of the laws of 2015, is 33 amended to read as follows: 34 On or before the first day of February each year, the chairman of the board of directors of the World Trade Center memorial foundation shall 35 provide a written report to the temporary president of the senate, 36 37 speaker of the assembly, chair of the senate finance committee, chair of 38 the assembly ways and means committee, [chair of the senate committee on 39 health, chair of the assembly health committee,] the state comptroller 40 and the public. Such report shall include how the monies of the fund 41 were utilized during the preceding calendar year, and shall include: 42 § 7. The opening paragraph of subdivision 2-a of section 99-q of the 43 state finance law, as added by chapter 453 of the laws of 2015, is

43 state finance law, as added by chapter 453 of the laws of 2015, is
44 amended to read as follows:
45 On or before the first day of February each year, the state fire

46 administrator shall provide a written report to the temporary president 47 of the senate, speaker of the assembly, chair of the senate finance 48 committee, chair of the assembly ways and means committee, chair of the 49 senate committee on [health] <u>local government</u>, chair of the assembly 50 [health] <u>local government</u> committee, the state comptroller and the 51 public. Such report shall include how the monies of the fund were 52 utilized during the preceding calendar year, and shall include:

53 § 8. Subdivision 2 of section 71-b of the state finance law, as added 54 by chapter 453 of the laws of 2015, is amended to read as follows:

55 2. The head of the agency or entity administering the expenditure of 56 tax check-off monies shall report annually on the use of such monies to





1 the temporary president of the senate, speaker of the assembly, chair of 2 the senate finance committee, chair of the assembly ways and means committee, chair of the [senate committee on health, chair of the assem-3 bly health committee,] appropriate committee in the senate or assembly, 4 the state comptroller and the public. Such report shall include the 5 amount of money dispersed from the fund and the award process used for 6 such disbursements, recipients of awards from the fund, the amount 7 8 awarded to each, the purposes for which such awards were granted, and a summary financial plan for such monies which shall include estimates of 9 all receipts and all disbursements for the current and succeeding fiscal 10 11 years, along with the actual results from the prior fiscal year. § 9. Section 95-e of the state finance law, as added by chapter 301 of 12 13 the laws of 2004, is amended by adding a new subdivision 2-a to read as 14 follows: 15 2-a. On or before the first day of February each year, the commission-16 er of health shall provide a written report to the temporary president of the senate, speaker of the assembly, chair of the senate finance 17 committee, chair of the assembly ways and means committee, chair of the 18 19 senate committee on health, chair of the assembly health committee, the 20 state comptroller and the public. Such report shall include how the 21 monies of the fund were utilized during the preceding calendar year, and 22 shall include: 23 (i) the amount of money disbursed from the fund and the award process 24 used for such disbursements; 25 (ii) recipients of awards from the fund; 26 (iii) the amount awarded to each; 27 (iv) the purposes for which such awards were granted; and 28 (v) a summary financial plan for such monies which shall include esti-29 mates of all receipts and all disbursements for the current and succeeding fiscal years, along with the actual results from the prior fiscal 30 31 year. § 10. Section 14 of chapter 453 of the laws of 2015 amending the state 32 33 finance law relating to tax check-off funds, is amended to read as 34 follows: 35 § 14. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however, that 36 the provisions of section thirteen of this act shall apply to funds 37 established on and after such date and funds for which a tax check-off 38 is a source of monies in such funds. 39 § 11. This act shall take effect immediately and shall be deemed to 40 have been in full force and effect on the same date and in the same 41 manner as chapter 453 of the laws of 2015, took effect.

42

# PART VV

43 Section 1. Paragraph (e) of subdivision 1, and subdivisions 2 and 9 of 44 section 487 of the real property tax law, paragraph (e) of subdivision 1 45 as amended by chapter 272 of the laws of 2013, subdivision 2 as amended 46 by chapter 515 of the laws of 2002, subdivision 9 as added by chapter 47 608 of the laws of 2002 and paragraph (a) of subdivision 9 as amended by 48 chapter 344 of the laws of 2014, are amended to read as follows:

(e) "Farm waste electric generating equipment" means equipment that generates electric energy from biogas produced by the anaerobic digestion of agricultural waste, such as livestock manure, farming waste and food processing wastes [with a rated capacity of not more than one thousand kilowatts] that is (i) manufactured, installed and operated in accordance with applicable government and industry standards, (ii)



1 connected to the electric system and operated in conjunction with an 2 electric corporation's transmission and distribution facilities, (iii) operated in compliance with the provisions of section sixty-six-j of the 3 public service law, (iv) fueled at a minimum of ninety percent on an 4 annual basis by biogas produced from the anaerobic digestion of agricul-5 6 tural waste such as livestock manure materials, crop residues and food processing wastes, and (v) fueled by biogas generated by anaerobic 7 8 digestion with at least fifty percent by weight of its feedstock being livestock manure materials on an annual basis. 9

(a) Real property which includes a solar or wind energy system or 10 2. 11 farm waste energy system approved in accordance with the provisions of 12 this section shall be exempt from taxation to the extent of any increase 13 in the value thereof by reason of the inclusion of such solar or wind 14 energy system or farm waste energy system for a period of fifteen years. 15 When a solar or wind energy system or components thereof or farm waste 16 energy system also serve as part of the building structure, the increase 17 in value which shall be exempt from taxation shall be equal to the 18 assessed value attributable to such system or components multiplied by 19 the ratio of the incremental cost of such system or components to the 20 total cost of such system or components.

(b) A county, city, town, village or school district, except a school
district under article fifty-two of the education law, that has not
acted to remove the exemption under this section may pass a local law or
resolution providing that upon the expiration of the fifteen year
exemption for farm waste energy systems, such systems shall:

26 (i) remain exempt, provided the eligibility requirements of this 27 section continue to be met; or

28 (ii) be subject to a payment in lieu of a tax agreement pursuant to 29 subdivision nine of this section.

(a) A county, city, town, village or school district, except a 30 9. 31 school district under article fifty-two of the education law, that has not acted to remove the exemption under this section may require the 32 33 owner of a property which includes a solar or wind energy system which meets the requirements of subdivision four of this section, to enter 34 into a contract for payments in lieu of taxes. A county, city, town, 35 36 village or school district, except a school district under article 37 fifty-two of the education law, that has not acted to remove the 38 exemption under this section and has passed a local law or resolution 39 extending the benefit period for farm waste energy systems in accordance 40 with subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (b) of subdivision two of this 41 section, shall require the owner of a property which includes a farm 42 waste energy system which meets the requirements of subdivision four of 43 this section, to enter into a contract for payments in lieu of taxes. 44 Such contract may require annual payments in an amount not to exceed the 45 amounts which would otherwise be payable but for the exemption under 46 section. If the owner or developer of such a system provides writthis 47 ten notification to a taxing jurisdiction of its intent to construct such a system, then in order to require the owner or developer of such 48 49 system to enter into a contract for payments in lieu of taxes, such 50 taxing jurisdiction must notify such owner or developer of its intent to 51 require a contract for payments in lieu of taxes within sixty days of 52 receiving the written notification or, in the case of an owner or devel-53 oper of a farm waste energy system, one year prior to the expiration of the fifteen year exemption provided in paragraph (a) of subdivision two 54 55 of this section.



1 (b) The payment in lieu of a tax agreement for a solar or wind energy 2 system shall not operate for a period of more than fifteen years, commencing in each instance from the date on which the benefits of such 3 exemption first become available and effective. 4 (c) The payment in lieu of a tax agreement for a farm waste energy 5 6 system shall commence and operate upon the expiration of the fifteen 7 year exemption provided in paragraph (a) of subdivision two of this 8 section. § 2. This act shall take effect immediately. 9 PART WW 10 11 Section 1. Section 4 of part U of chapter 55 of the laws of 2014, 12 amending the real property tax law relating to the tax abatement and 13 exemption for rent regulated and rent controlled property occupied by 14 senior citizens, is amended to read as follows: 15 § 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2014, and sections one and two 16 this act shall expire and be deemed repealed [2 years after the of 17 effective date thereof] June 30, 2018; provided that the amendment to 18 section 467-b of the real property tax law made by section one of this 19 act shall not affect the expiration of such section and shall be deemed 20 to expire therewith. 21 § 2. Section 3 of part U of chapter 55 of the laws of 2014, amending 22 the real property tax law relating to the tax abatement and exemption 23 for rent regulated and rent controlled property occupied by senior citi-24 zens, is amended to read as follows: 25 § 3. The state shall reimburse the city of New York for the difference 26 between the amount of real property tax revenue abated for the period 27 beginning July 1, 2014 and ending June 30, [2016] 2018 pursuant to the income threshold established by sections one and two of this act and the 28 amount of real property tax revenue that would have been abated for the 29 period beginning July 1, 2014 and ending June 30, [2016] 2018 pursuant 30 to the income thresholds that were in effect immediately prior to the 31 income threshold increases established by sections one and two of this 32 act. Prior to any payment, the city shall provide attestation to the 33 34 director of the New York state division of the budget and the state 35 comptroller as to the actual amount of real property tax revenue abated 36 pursuant to the income thresholds established by sections one and two of 37 this act for the city fiscal years beginning July 1, 2014 [and], July 1, 38 2015, July 1, 2016 and July 1, 2017 and the actual amount of real prop-39 erty tax revenue that would have been abated pursuant to the income 40 thresholds that were in effect immediately prior to the income threshold 41 increases established by sections one and two of this act for the city 42 fiscal years beginning July 1, 2014 [and], July 1, 2015, July 1, 2016 43 and July 1, 2017. The information contained within such attestation may 44 be subject to the audit and verification by the state comptroller. 45 § 3. Section 4 of chapter 129 of the laws of 2014, amending the real property tax law relating to the tax abatement and exemption for rent 46 47 regulated and rent controlled property occupied by persons with disabil-48 ities, is amended to read as follows: § 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2014 provided, however, that: 49 50 (a) the amendments to paragraph b of subdivision 3 of section 467-b of

50 (a) the amendments to paragraph b of subdivision 3 of section 467-b of 51 the real property tax law made by section one of this act shall be 52 subject to the expiration and reversion of such subdivision pursuant to 53 section 17 of chapter 576 of the laws of 1974, as amended, when upon

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1 such date the provisions of section two of this act shall take effect; 2 and (b) nothing contained in this act shall be construed so as to extend 3 the provisions of this act beyond [July 1, 2016] June 30, 2018, when 4 upon such date this act shall expire and the provisions contained in 5 this act shall be deemed repealed. 6 7 § 4. This act shall take effect immediately. 8 PART XX 9 Section 1. The opening paragraph of subdivision 7 of section 221 of 10 the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, as amended by section 11 1 of part VV of chapter 59 of the laws of 2015, is amended to read as 12 follows: 13 In order to pay the costs of the insurance required by this section 14 and by the workers' compensation law and to carry out its other powers 15 and duties and to pay for any of its liabilities under section fourteen-a of the workers' compensation law, the New York Jockey Injury 16 17 Compensation Fund, Inc. shall ascertain the total funding necessary and 18 establish the sums that are to be paid by all owners and trainers 19 licensed or required to be licensed under section two hundred twenty of 20 this article, to obtain the total funding amount required annually. In 21 order to provide that any sum required to be paid by an owner or trainer 22 is equitable, the fund shall establish payment schedules which reflect 23 such factors as are appropriate, including where applicable, the 24 geographic location of the racing corporation at which the owner or 25 trainer participates, the duration of such participation, the amount of 26 any purse earnings, the number of horses involved, or such other factors 27 as the fund shall determine to be fair, equitable and in the best interests of racing. In no event shall the amount deducted from an owner's 28 share of purses exceed two per centum; provided, however, for two thou-29 sand sixteen the New York Jockey Injury Compensation Fund, Inc. may use 30 up to two million dollars from the account established pursuant to 31 subdivision nine of section two hundred eight of this article to pay the 32 annual costs required by this section and the funds from such account 33 34 shall not count against the two per centum of purses deducted from an owner's share of purses. The amount deducted from an owner's share of 35 36 purses shall not exceed one per centum after April first, two thousand 37 seventeen. In the cases of multiple ownerships and limited racing 38 appearances, the fund shall equitably adjust the sum required. 39 § 2. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 9 of section 208 of the racing, 40 pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, as added by chapter 18 of the 41 laws of 2008, is amended to read as follows: 42 The franchised corporation shall maintain a separate account for (a) 43 all funds held on deposit in trust by the corporation for individual 44 horsemen's accounts. Purse funds shall be paid by the corporation as 45 required to meet its purse payment obligations. Funds held in horsemen's 46 accounts shall only be released or applied as requested and directed by 47 the individual horseman. For two thousand sixteen the New York Jockey 48 Injury Compensation Fund, Inc. may use up to two million dollars from 49 the account established pursuant to this subdivision to pay the annual 50 costs required by section two hundred twenty-one of this article. § 3. This act shall take effect immediately. 51 52 PART YY

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1 Section 1. Section 221-a of the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and 2 breeding law, as added by section 3 of part OO of chapter 59 of the laws 3 of 2014, is amended to read as follows:

4 § 221-a. Health insurance for jockeys. 1. A franchised corporation 5 shall, as a condition of racing, establish a program to administer the 6 purchase of health insurance for eligible jockeys.

7 Such program shall be funded through the deposit of one and one-half 8 percent of the gross purse enhancement amount from video lottery gaming at a thoroughbred track pursuant to paragraph two of subdivision b and 9 paragraph one of subdivision f of section sixteen hundred twelve of the 10 11 tax law. The franchised corporation shall establish a segregated account 12 for the receipt of these monies and these monies shall remain separate 13 from any other funds. Any corporation or association licensed pursuant 14 to this article shall pay into such account any amount due within ten 15 days of the receipt of revenue pursuant to section sixteen hundred 16 twelve of the tax law. Any portion of such funding to the account unused 17 during a calendar year, less an amount sufficient to cover anticipated 18 premium liabilities over the next sixty days, shall be returned on a pro 19 rata basis in accordance with the amounts originally contributed and 20 shall be used for the purpose of enhancing purses at such tracks. 21 Provided, however, if a corporation or association licensed pursuant to 22 this article provides an alternative source of funding for this program, 23 an amount equal to this alternative funding, but not in excess of the 24 amount originally contributed during the year from the gross purse 25 enhancement amount from video lottery gaming attributable to such corporation or association, shall be returned to the corporation or associ-26 27 ation and used for the purpose of enhancing purses at such track. 28 Provided, further, any such alternative source of funding must be 29 approved by the gaming commission.

2. The franchised corporation shall enter into a memorandum of under-30 31 standing with the jockey's organization that represents at least fifty-32 one percent of eligible active jockeys establishing a plan of operation 33 for the program, provided that such memorandum of understanding shall be approved by the gaming commission upon a determination that such memo-34 35 randum of understanding meets the statutory requirements of this section 36 and is in the best interest of racing and shall include, but not be 37 limited to, the following conditions:

38 a. health insurance policies must be purchased on an American health 39 benefit exchange established pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 18031(b) by the 40 insured;

41 b. health insurance policies eligible to be purchased under the 42 program shall be any policy that is silver level of coverage or lower as 43 defined by 42 U.S.C. §18022 (d). Provided, however, the insured may elect 44 to purchase a gold level or platinum level of coverage as defined by 42 45 U.S.C. § 18022(d) if the insured pays the difference in premiums between 46 such policy and the premium for the silver level policy offered by the 47 insurer. Such payments shall be paid into the account established same in subdivision one of this section and shall be governed by the terms of 48 49 the memorandum of understanding required by this section;

50 c. notwithstanding the conditions set forth in paragraphs a and b of 51 this subdivision, a memorandum of understanding with the jockeys organ-52 ization that represents at least fifty-one percent of the eligible 53 active jockeys may be approved by the commission upon a determination 54 that such memorandum of understanding is in the best interest of racing 55 that creates a jockeys health trust to be administered by the franchised 56 corporation for the purpose of obtaining jockey health benefits from a



1	health insurance provider that covers jockeys and their dependents with
2	a health insurance policy that is not purchased on an American health
3	benefit exchange established pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 18031(b) but does
4	provide silver level coverage or lower as defined by 42 U.S.C. §
5	18022 (d);
6	[c.]d. the payment of premiums <u>pursuant to this section</u> shall be made
7	on behalf of eligible jockeys pursuant to paragraph [d] <u>e</u> of this subdi-
8	vision by the franchised corporation from monies in the account estab-
9	lished in subdivision one of this section directly to the health plan
10	selected pursuant to paragraph b <u>or c</u> of this subdivision;
11	[d.] <u>e.</u> to be eligible to receive health insurance through this
12	program, an individual must meet one of the following requirements:
13	(i) have ridden in at least two hundred fifty races conducted by the
14	franchised corporation during the prior calendar year or in at least one
15	hundred fifty races conducted by any other corporation or association
16	licensed pursuant to this article during the prior calendar year;
17	provided, however, if an individual qualified for coverage in any prior
18	year and fails to meet the qualification due to an injury not resulting
19	in a permanent disability, that individual shall be deemed to have met
20	the qualification; or
20 21	(ii) have retired from racing on or after January first, two thousand
22	ten after having ridden in at least seventy-five hundred races conducted
	by any corporation or association licensed pursuant to this article. For
23	
24	the purposes of this section, an individual shall be considered retired
25	from racing if they have ridden in fewer than fifty races at any track
26	in the nation licensed to conduct thoroughbred racing during the calen-
27	dar year; or
28	(iii) have become permanently disabled due to a racing accident while
29	eligible to receive benefits or would become eligible to receive bene-
30	fits in the following year pursuant to subparagraph (i) of this para-
31	graph; provided, however, if an individual fails to meet the qualifica-
32	tion of such subparagraph (i) due to an injury resulting in a permanent
33	disability, that individual shall be deemed to have met the qualifica-
34	tion; and
35	[e.] <u>f.</u> the gaming commission shall have the following powers:
36	(i) to rule on eligibility in the event of a denial of coverage pursu-
37	ant to paragraph [d] $\underline{e}$ of this subdivision. In the event of a denial of
38	coverage, such individual denied eligibility may appeal to the gaming
39	commission;
40	(ii) to make a determination if an individual would have qualified
41	pursuant to subparagraph (i) of paragraph $[d] \underline{e}$ of this subdivision in
42	the event that the individual suffers an injury and contends that he or
43	she would have qualified had they not suffered such injury; and
44	(iii) to audit the books and records of the program.
45	§ 2. This act shall take effect immediately.
46	PART ZZ
40	FART 22
47	Section 1. The tax law is amended by adding a new section 42 to read
48	as follows:
49	§ 42. Empire state music production credit. (a) Allowance of credit.
50	(1) A taxpayer which is a music production entity engaged in qualified
51	music production, or who is a sole proprietor of or a member of a part-
52	nership, which is a music production entity engaged in qualified music
53	production, and is subject to tax under article nine-A or twenty-two of

1	this chapter, shall be allowed a credit against such tax to be computed
2	as provided herein.
3	(2) The amount of the credit shall be the product (or pro rata share
4	of the product, in the case of a member of a partnership or limited
5	liability company) of twenty-five percent and the eligible production
6	costs of one or more qualified music productions.
7	(3) Eligible production costs for a qualified music production
8	incurred and paid in this state but outside such metropolitan commuter
9	transportation district shall be eligible for a credit of ten percent of
10	such eligible production costs in addition to the credit specified in
11	paragraph two of this subdivision.
12	(4) No eligible production costs claimed by a taxpayer as the basis
13	for the credit under this section shall be used by such taxpayer to
14	claim any other credit pursuant to this chapter.
15	(b) Allocation of credit. The aggregate amount of tax credits allowed
16	under this section, subdivision forty-nine of section two hundred ten-B
17	and subsection (ccc) of section six hundred six of this chapter in any
18	taxable year shall be twenty-five million dollars. Such aggregate amount
19	of credits shall be allocated by the empire state development corpo-
20	ration among taxpayers in order of priority based upon the date of
21	filing an application for allocation of music production credit with
22	such office. If the total amount of allocated credits applied for in any
23	particular year exceeds the aggregate amount of tax credits allowed for
24	such year under this section, such excess shall be treated as having
25	been applied for on the first day of the subsequent taxable year.
26	(c) Definitions. As used in this section:
27	(1) "Music production" means the creation of a sound recording and any
28	related music video, either of which is intended for commercial release.
29 30	A "music production" does not include recordings that are primarily spoken word or wildlife or nature sounds, or produced for instructional
31	use or advertising or promotional purposes.
32	(2) "Qualified music production" is a music production in which eligi-
33	ble production costs equal to or are in excess of seven thousand five
34	hundred dollars if incurred and paid in this state in the twelve months
35	preceding the date on which the credit is claimed. Provided, however, if
36	such production costs are incurred and paid outside the metropolitan
37	commuter transportation district in this state, such production costs
38	shall be equal to or in excess of three thousand seven hundred fifty
39	dollars to be a qualified music production for the purposes of this
40	paragraph.
41	(3) "Eligible production costs for a qualified music production" are
42	costs incurred and paid in this state for tangible property and services
43	used in the production of qualified music production, as determined by
44	the department of economic development, including, but not limited to;
45	(i) studio rental fees and related costs, (ii) instrument and equipment
46	rental fees, (iii) production session fees for programmers, engineers,
47	and technicians, (iv) mixing and mastering services, and (v) local
48	transportation expenditures directly related to music production and
49	provided at or to the site of such music production. Eligible production
50	costs shall not include; (i) costs for tangible property or services
51	used or performed outside of this state, (ii) performance fees for
52	artists, (iii) salaries or related compensation for producers or song-
53	writers;, (iv) composer, artist or producer residual royalties or
54	advances, (v) licensing fees for samples, (vi) interpolations or other
55	music clearance costs, (vii) mastering or post-production expenditures
56	for projects that were not principally tracked and recorded in this



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state, or (viii) any costs associated with manufacturing, duplication, 1 2 packaging, distribution, promotion, marketing or touring not specif-3 ically outlined in this subparagraph. With respect to the production of a music video, eligible production costs are those defined in paragraph 4 two of subdivision (b) of section twenty-four of this article. Such 5 6 total production costs incurred and paid in this state shall be equal to 7 or exceed seventy-five percent of total cost of an eligible production 8 incurred and paid within and without this state. 9 (d) Reporting. The department of economic development shall submit an 10 annual report, on or before December first of each year, to the gover-11 nor, the director of the division of the budget, the temporary president 12 of the senate, and the speaker of the assembly, including, but not 13 limited to, the following information regarding the previous calendar 14 year regionally, for activity within and without the metropolitan commu-15 ter transportation district; the total dollar amount of credits allo-16 cated, the name and address of each eligible music production entity allocated credits under this section, and the total amount of credits 17 allocated to each eligible music production entity. The report may also 18 19 include any recommendations for changes in the calculation or administration of the credit, and any other information regarding this credit 20 21 as may be useful and appropriate. 22 (e) Cross-references. For application of the credit provided for in 23 this section, see the following provisions of this chapter: 24 (1) Article nine-A: section two hundred ten-B, subdivision forty-nine. 25 (2) Article twenty-two: section six hundred six, subsection (i), paragraph one, subparagraph (B), clause (xli). 26 27 (3) Article twenty-two: section six hundred six, subsection (ccc). 28 § 2. Section 210-B of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivi-29 sion 49 to read as follows: 30 49. Empire state music production credit. (a) Allowance of credit. A 31 taxpayer who is eligible pursuant to section forty-two of this chapter 32 shall be allowed a credit to be computed as provided in such section 33 forty-two against the tax imposed by this article. (b) Application of credit. The credit allowed under this subdivision 34 for any taxable year shall not reduce the tax due for such year to less 35 36 than the amount prescribed in paragraph (d) of subdivision one of section two hundred ten of this article. Provided, however, that if the 37 38 amount of the credit allowable under this subdivision for any taxable 39 year reduces the tax to such amount, the excess shall be treated as an 40 overpayment of tax to be credited or refunded in accordance with the 41 provisions of section one thousand eighty-six of this chapter, provided, 42 however, no interest shall be paid thereon. 43 § 3. Subparagraph (B) of paragraph 1 of subsection (i) of section 606 44 of the tax law is amended by adding a new clause (xli) to read as 45 follows: 46 (xli) Empire state music Amount of credit 47 production credit under under subdivision 48 subsection (ccc) forty-nine of section two hundred 49 ten-B § 4. Section 606 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subsection 50 51 (ccc) to read as follows: 52 (ccc) Empire state music production credit. (1) Allowance of credit. A 53 taxpayer who is eligible pursuant to section forty-two of this chapter 54 shall be allowed a credit to be computed as provided in such section

55 forty-two against the tax imposed by this article.



1	(2) Application of credit. If the amount of the credit allowable under
2	this subsection for any taxable year exceeds the taxpayer's tax for such
3	year, the excess shall be treated as an overpayment of tax to be credit-
4	ed or refunded as provided in section six hundred eighty-six of this
5	article, provided, however, that no interest shall be paid thereon.
6	§ 5. Subdivision 11 of section 352 of the economic development law is
7	REPEALED.
8	§ 6. Subdivisions 1, 3 and 5 of section 353 of the economic develop-
9	ment law, as amended by section 2 of part K of chapter 59 of the laws of
10	2015, are amended to read as follows:
11	1. To be a participant in the excelsior jobs program, a business enti-
12	ty shall operate in New York state predominantly:
13	(a) as a financial services data center or a financial services back
14	office operation;
15	(b) in manufacturing;
16	(c) in software development and new media;
17	<ul><li>(d) in scientific research and development;</li></ul>
18	(e) in agriculture;
19	(f) in the creation or expansion of back office operations in the
20	state;
21	(g) in a distribution center;
22	(h) in an industry with significant potential for private-sector
23	economic growth and development in this state as established by the
24	commissioner in regulations promulgated pursuant to this article. In
25	promulgating such regulations the commissioner shall include job and
26	investment criteria;
27	(i) as an entertainment company[; or
28 29	<ul><li>(j) in music production].</li><li>3. For the purposes of this article, in order to participate in the</li></ul>
30	excelsior jobs program, a business entity operating predominantly in
31	manufacturing must create at least ten net new jobs; a business entity
32	operating predominately in agriculture must create at least five net new
33	jobs; a business entity operating predominantly as a financial service
34	data center or financial services customer back office operation must
35	create at least fifty net new jobs; a business entity operating predomi-
36	nantly in scientific research and development must create at least five
37	net new jobs; a business entity operating predominantly in software
38	development must create at least five net new jobs; a business entity
39	creating or expanding back office operations must create at least fifty
40	net new jobs; [a business entity operating predominately in music
41	production must create at least five net new jobs;] a business entity
42	operating predominantly as an entertainment company must create or
43	obtain at least one hundred net new jobs; or a business entity operating
44	predominantly as a distribution center in the state must create at least
45	seventy-five net new jobs, notwithstanding subdivision five of this
46	section; or a business entity must be a regionally significant project
47	as defined in this article; or
48	5. A not-for-profit business entity, a business entity whose primary
49 50	function is the provision of services including personal services, busi-
50 51	ness services, or the provision of utilities, and a business entity
51 52	engaged predominantly in the retail or entertainment industry, other
52 53	than a business operating as an entertainment company as defined in this article [and other than a business entity engaged in music production],
53 54	and a company engaged in the generation or distribution of electricity,
54 55	the distribution of natural gas, or the production of steam associated
55	and appendention of matural gab, of the production of steam abboliated



with the generation of electricity are not eligible to receive the tax
 credit described in this article.

§ 7. The state commissioner of economic development, after consulting 3 with the state commissioner of taxation and finance, shall promulgate 4 regulations by October 31, 2016 to establish procedures for the allo-5 cation of tax credits as required by subdivision (a) of section 42 of 6 the tax law. Such rules and regulations shall include provisions 7 describing the application process, the due dates for such applications, 8 the standards which shall be used to evaluate the applications, the 9 10 documentation that will be provided to taxpayers substantiate to the New 11 York state department of taxation and finance the amount of tax credits 12 allocated to such taxpayers, under what conditions all or a portion of 13 this tax credit may be revoked, and such other provisions as deemed 14 necessary and appropriate. Notwithstanding any other provisions to the 15 contrary in the state administrative procedure act, such rules and regu-16 lations may be adopted on an emergency basis if necessary to meet such 17 October 31, 2016 deadline.

18 § 8. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to taxable 19 years beginning on or after January 1, 2016.

# 20

#### PART AAA

21 Section 1. Subdivision (a) of section 1115 of the tax law is amended 22 by adding a new paragraph 44 to read as follows:

23 (44) School buses as such term is defined in section one hundred 24 forty-two of the vehicle and traffic law, and parts, equipment, lubri-25 cants and fuel purchased and used in their operation.

S 2. This act shall take effect on the first day of a quarterly sales tax period, as set forth in subdivision (b) of section 1136 of the tax law, next succeeding April 1, 2016. Provided, however, that the commissioner of taxation and finance may take any action necessary for the timely implementation of this act on or before the date on which it shall have become a law.

32 § 2. Severability clause. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivi-33 sion, section or part of this act shall be adjudged by any court of 34 competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment shall not affect, 35 impair, or invalidate the remainder thereof, but shall be confined in 36 its operation to the clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section 37 or part thereof directly involved in the controversy in which such judg-38 ment shall have been rendered. It is hereby declared to be the intent of 39 the legislature that this act would have been enacted even if such 40 invalid provisions had not been included herein.

41 § 3. This act shall take effect immediately provided, however, that 42 the applicable effective date of Parts A through AAA of this act shall 43 be as specifically set forth in the last section of such Parts.

