

Fair Assessments for Property Taxpayers

Assemblywoman Galef Fall Forum,

Westchester County



Lee Kyriacou, Executive Director 7 October 2009

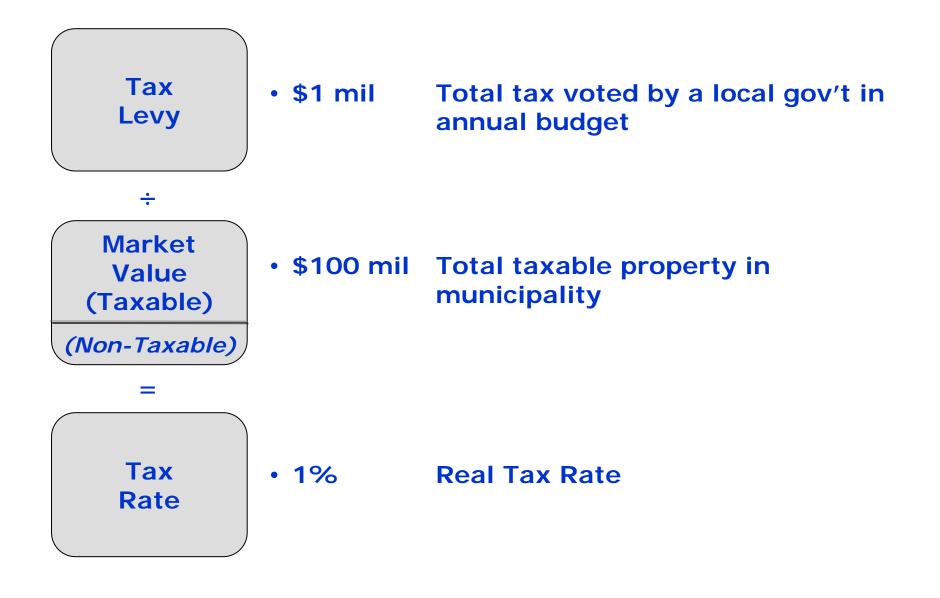


ORPS

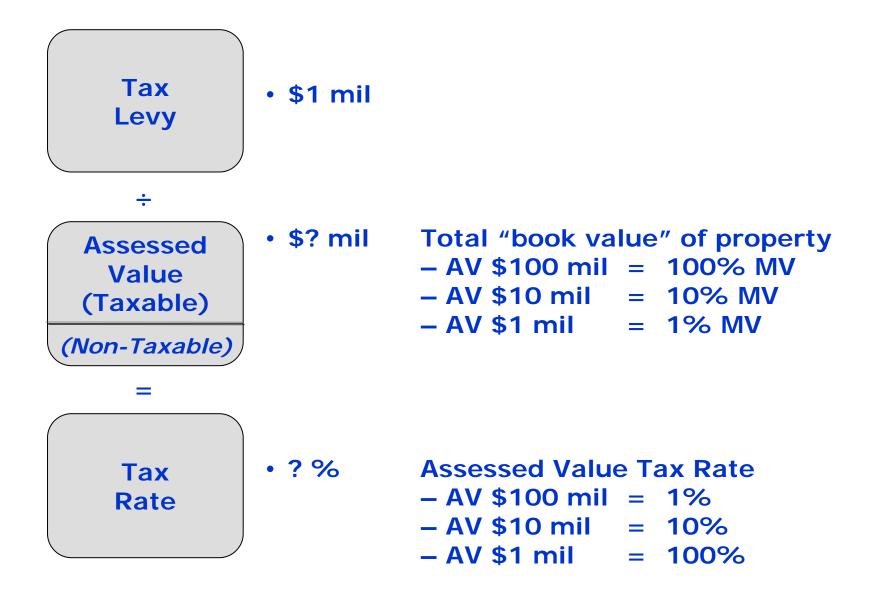
Sum: Regular reassessment ensures that all taxpayers pay only their fair share

- NY assessment system one of most difficult in U.S.
- Despite weak statutory framework, a clear majority of NY communities maintain up-to-date full value assessments
 - Westchester: in general, way behind statewide trend
- Reassessment is critical for all communities and taxpayers
 - Fairness
 - Transparency
 - Reduced litigation
 - Revitalization / commercial base
 - Fair allocation

Property Tax Basics: "Ad valorem" property tax is supposed to be a % of Market Value









Fair distribution of taxes is even more crucial because New York has one of the highest property taxes in U.S.

Median Household Tax by County – 2008

	County	State	Tax / HH (\$)
1.	Westchester	NY	\$8,890
2.	Nassau	NY	\$8,628
3.	Hunterdon	NJ	\$8,492
4.	Bergen	NJ	\$8,446
5.	Rockland	NY	\$8,430
6.	Essex	NJ	\$7,924
7.	Somerset	NJ	\$7,743
8.	Morris	NJ	\$7,577
9.	Passaic	NJ	\$7,370
10.	Putnam	NY	\$7,324

Effective Tax Rate by County				
	County	State	Tax Rate (%)	
1.	Niagara	NY	2.89%	
2.	Monroe	NY	2.85%	
3.	Wayne	NY	2.82%	
4.	Chautauqua	NY	2.60%	
5.	Cayuga	NY	2.54%	
6.	Cattaraugus	NY	2.52%	
7.	Onondaga	NY	2.51%	
8.	Erie	NY	2.48%	
9.	Oswego	NY	2.42%	
10.	Chemung	NY	2.38%	

Suffolk #12; Orange #21; Dutchess #34

16 of the top 20 counties in the nation are in Upstate New York

Source: Tax Foundation, based on data from the U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Surveys (2008), counties >65,000 population 4



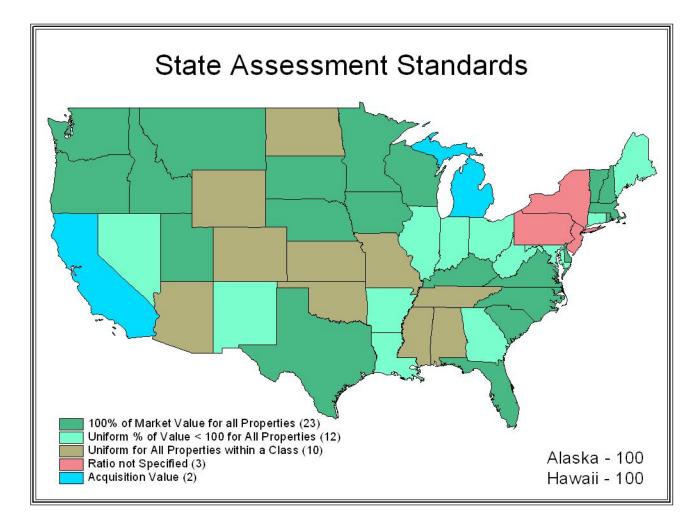
New York statutory framework for fair assessments is very weak compared to rest of country

	Most States	New York
Who assesses	County	Muni
 # assessing units 	<100	>1,000
Redundant assessing	No	Yes (140 villages)
 Statewide valuation standard 	Yes (100% Mkt Val)	No (0.25% – 100%)
 Common assessing practices 	Yes	Νο
 Uniformity within assessing unit 	Yes	Yes (on paper only)
 Ability to enforce uniformity 	Yes	Νο
Periodic reassessment	Yes	No

Sources: IAAO surveys, ORPS interviews with other states



47 states have a clear statewide valuation standard – but not New York



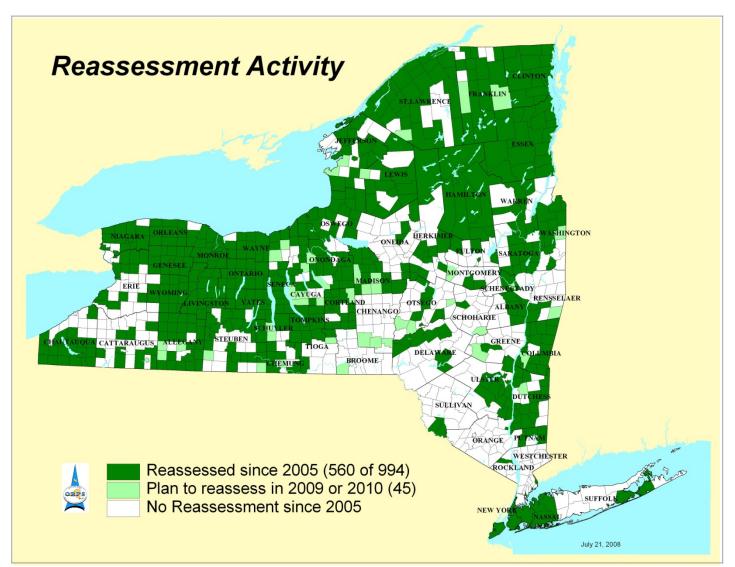


Due to statutory design, New York's Real Property Tax system is weak on most measures

- Guaranteed Unfairness: parcels not treated the same way
 - Some pay too much, others pay too little
- Lack of Transparency: impossible for taxpayer to understand
- **State-Imposed Equalization** poor substitute for fairness
 - For 80% of property tax (school; county)
 - In $\frac{1}{2}$ of states, taxes never cross assessing lines
- Inefficiency: More expensive for fewer benefits



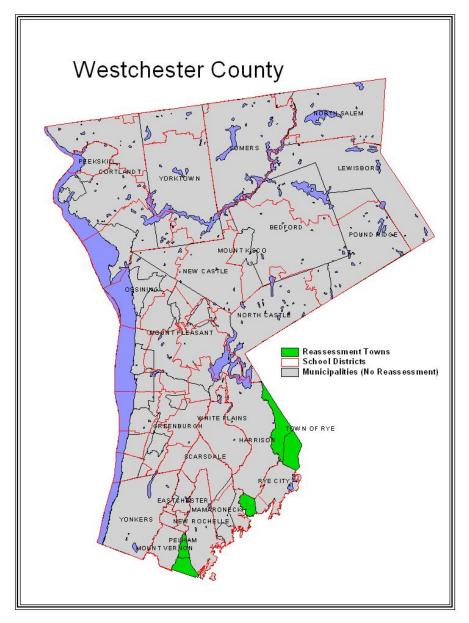
Over 600 (>60%) localities have reassessed since 2005



Source: NYSORPS

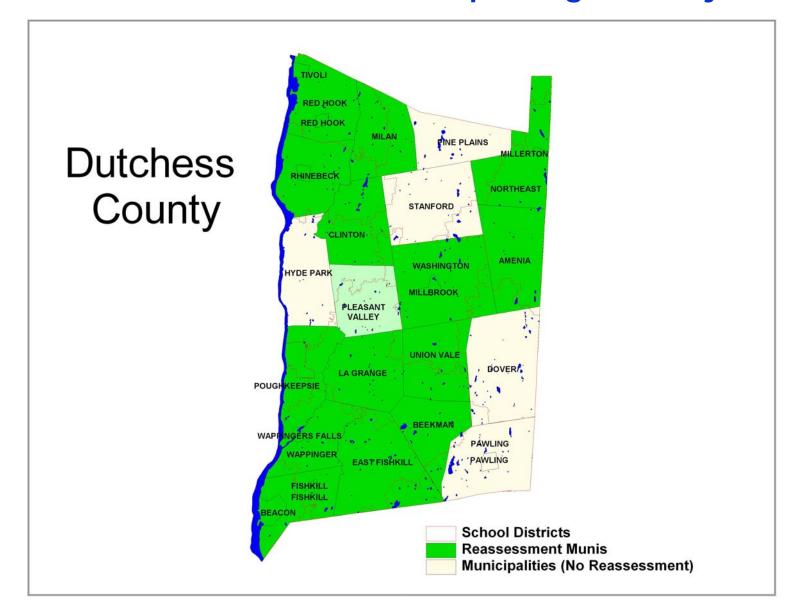


Unlike like rest of state, most of Westchester has not reassessed in decades





In comparison, 17 of 22 Dutchess municipalities have reassessed since 2005 and are updating annually





Most of Westchester has not reassessed in decades

Municipality	Last Reval	08 Eq R	Parcels	COD
1 Rye	2009 A	100	11.0K	
2 Pelham	2009 A	100	3.7	_
3 Mt Kisco	1978	17.4	2.8	43
4 New Castle	1987	17.0	6.7	12
5 Pound Ridge	>35 yrs	13.8	2.6	15
6 Somers	>35 yrs	11.3	9.2	17
7 Bedford	>35 yrs	8.9	6.3	14
8 Lewisboro	>35 yrs	8.5	5.8	14
9 North Salem	>35 yrs	8.1	2.5	14
10 Ossining	>35 yrs	5.1	10.2	21
11 Peekskill	>35 yrs	3.0	6.4	26
12 Greenburgh	>35 yrs	3.0	28.2	23
13 White Plains	>35 yrs	2.8	13.5	29
14 Mt Vernon	Antebellum?	2.6	11.3	25
15 New Rochelle	>35 yrs	2.4	15.8	23
16 Yonkers	>35 yrs	2.3	35.7	23
17 Yorktown	>35 yrs	2.1	14.2	15
18 Rye C	>35 yrs	2.0	4.9	28
19 North Castle	>35 yrs	1.9	4.8	18
20 Scarsdale	>35 yrs	1.6	5.9	10
21 Mamaroneck	>35 yrs	1.6	8.6	21
22 Cortlandt	>35 yrs	1.6	15.2	15
23 Harrison	>35 yrs	1.6	6.9	17
24 Mt Pleasant	>35 yrs	1.4	13.9	15
25 Eastchester	>35 yrs	1.4	9.2	21
Westchester Co			255K	

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Reassessments ensure that property owners pay only their fair share of taxes

- Community reassessed in 1969.
- Smith and Jones properties have same value, pay same tax



 Market Value
 \$100,000

 Assessed Value
 \$100,000

 Tax (@ 1% AV)
 \$1,000

 Real Tax Rate
 1.0%



 Market Value
 \$100,000

 Assessed Value
 \$100,000

 Tax (@ 1% AV)
 \$1,000

 Real Tax Rate
 1.0%



With lack of reassessment, properties that have appreciated most are paying less than their fair share

- 40 years later; no reassessment
- Smith value up x10; Jones value merely up x5
- But tax bills are the same! Jones subsidizing Smith



Market Value \$1,000,000 Assessed Value \$100,000 Tax (@10% AV) \$10,000 Real Tax Rate 1.0%



 Market Value
 \$500,000

 Assessed Value
 \$100,000

 Tax (@10% AV)
 \$10,000

 Real Tax Rate
 2.0%



Two recent Muni #5 sales – similar sale prices, very different assessments / taxes

Prop Class1 Fam ResLocationAlexander AveSale Date4/22/2008Sale Price\$650,000Ass'd Value\$17,550School Dist.#5 SDAV Est. Tax\$10,825Real Tax Rate1.67%

Prop Class	1 Fam Res
Location Bir	chwood Ln
Sale Date	6/23/2008
Sale Price	\$650,000
Ass'd Value	\$24,300
School Dist.	#5 SD
AV Est. Tax	\$14,989
Real Tax Rate	2.31%



Two recent Muni #10 sales – similar sale prices, very different assessments / taxes

Prop Class	1 Fam Res
Location	Benedict Rd
Sale Date	4/18/2008
Sale Price	\$850,000
Ass'd Value	\$105,900
School Dist.	#10-L SD
AV Est. Tax	\$23,729
Real Tax Rat	e 2.79%

Prop Class	1 Fam Res
Location	Bouton Rd
Sale Date	6/5/2008
Sale Price	\$860,000
Ass'd Value	\$74,800
School Dist.	#10-L SD
AV Est. Tax	\$16,760
Real Tax Rate	1.95%



Muni #23 roll has wide variation in assessment when looking at "arms length" sales

Muni #23 "Arms Length" Sales (7/07–6/08)

• # Sales	284
 Avg Assessed Value 	\$18,077
 Avg Sale Price 	\$727,728
Avg AV / SP	2.48%

Sales Near Average

•	#	Sa	les
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- Price Range
- Assessment Range

\$659,000 - \$800,000 -10% to +10% \$8,850 - \$30,000 -51% to +60%

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Reassessment: What is it? What does it do?

A "**reassessment**" is a comprehensive review or all properties in a community, and setting of all assessments back to market value

Reassessment provides multiple benefits:

- Fairness: Every owner pays no more than fair share of tax
- **Transparent:** Taxpayers understand system
- Tax Neutral: Total tax raised is unchanged
- **Reduced Litigation:** Fewer law suits, "tax cert" refunds
- Economic: Helps redevelopment, bond ratings
- Local Control: Eliminates impact of state equalization
- State Aid: \$5 per parcel each year roll at 100%



Reassessment misconceptions boil down to lack of understanding a very technical subject

- Fact: Reassessment does not raise taxes. It redistributes tax away from those unfairly paying too much, toward those unfairly paying too little
- Fact: If everyone's assessment doubles, no one's tax goes up. Your tax goes up only if your assessment goes up more than the community average
- Fact: <u>Reassessing a property does not, by itself,</u> <u>increase its tax</u>. It lowers your tax if you were paying too much, and raises it if you were paying too little
- Fact: <u>Reassessment does not help/hurt any one group</u>. It will help homes/neighborhoods that have not appreciated as fast as the rest of community



The annual cost of tax certiorari refunds in Westchester exceeds the one-time cost or reassessment

\$44 million <u>annually</u> – sum of all tax cert refunds for Westchester governments

\$20-30 million <u>once</u> – up front cost of reassessment



Westchester was one of 51 counties that took advantage of an ORPS assessment study grant

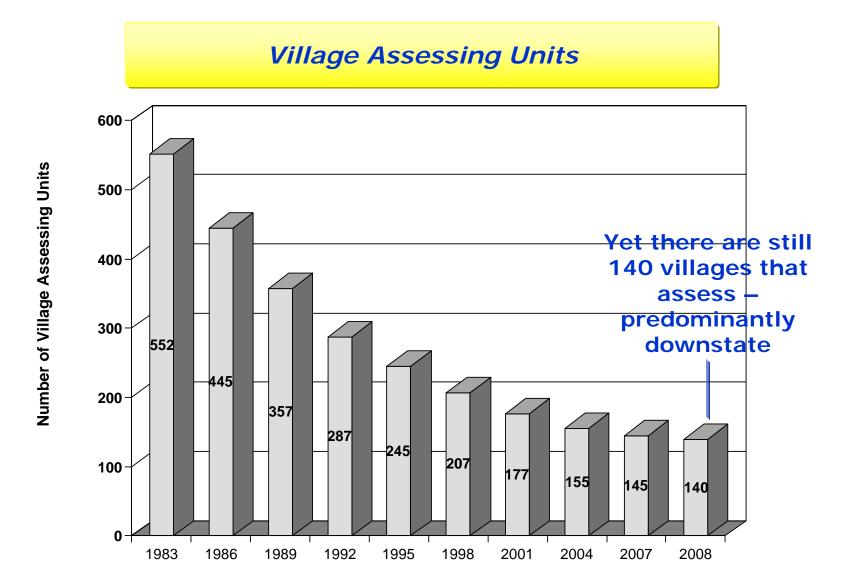
- ORPS Assessment Improvement Study Grant
 - \$50,000 state-funded
 - How to get identical treatment for every parcel in county
 - Left to localities to define own path to reform

• Westchester County:

- Completed study encouraging muni coordination
- Offer to fund 1/3 of cost if most munis work together
- Paying for countywide aerial & ground-level photography
- Establishing commission to determine next steps

75% of NY villages no longer assess, reflecting redundancy of village & town assessing

ORPS



Source: NYSORPS

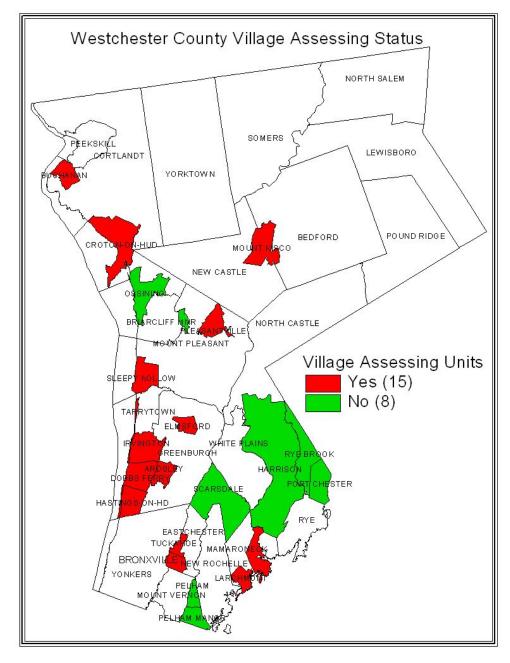


With village assessing, the same property is being assessed twice

- <u>The only instance in the entire country</u> where same property assessed twice
- Unanswerable questions:
 - If assessments are same, why do it twice?
 - If assessments are different, how can that be?
- Taxpayers completely confused
 - Different calendars, individuals, rules, procedures



In Westchester, 8 villages do not assess, 15 still do





In Westchester, 8 villages do not assess, 15 still do

	<u>Village</u>	<u>In Town of</u>	Parcels	Duplicate Assessing
1.	Buchanan	Cortlandt	0.9K	Yes
2.	Croton-on-Hudson	Cortlandt	3.3	Yes
3.	Bronxville	Eastchester	1.7	Yes
4.	Tuckahoe	Eastchester	2.0	Yes
5.	Ardsley	Greenburgh	1.8	Yes
6.	Dobbs Ferry	Greenburgh	2.9	Yes
7.	Elmsford	Greenburgh	1.5	Yes
8.	Hastings-on-Hudson	Greenburgh	2.5	Yes
9.	Irvington	Greenburgh	1.9	Yes
10.	Tarrytown	Greenburgh	3.1	Yes
11.	Harrison	Harrison	6.9	No – Co-Term Vil/Twn – 1 roll
12.	Larchmont	Mamaroneck	1.9	Yes
13.	Mamaroneck	Mamaroneck Rye	5.1 [2.9] [2.2]	Yes
14.	Sleepy Hollow	Mt Pleasant	2.0	Yes
15.	Pleasantville	Mt Pleasant	2.6	Yes
16.	Briarcliff Manor	Ossining Mt Pleasant	2.8 [2.5] [0.3]	No – 2000
17.	Ossining	Ossining	5.5	No – 1989
18.	Pelham	Pelham	1.9	No – 1992
19.	Pelham Manor	Pelham	1.8	No – 1998
20.	Port Chester	Rye	5.4	No – 2004
21.	Rye Brook	Rye	3.4	No – 2004
22.	Mt Kisco	Mt Kisco	2.8	Yes – Co-Term Vil/Twn – 2 rolls!
23.	Scarsdale	Scarsdale	5.9	No – Co-Term Vil/Twn – 1 roll



Current market value assessment is the only way to ensure that <u>all</u> taxpayers pay <u>only</u> their fair share

How can we help?

New York State Office of Real Property Services

www.orps.state.ny.us