STATE OF NEW YORK

S. 2506--A

A. 3006--A

SENATE - ASSEMBLY

January 20, 2021

- IN SENATE -- A BUDGET BILL, submitted by the Governor pursuant to article seven of the Constitution -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Finance -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee
- IN ASSEMBLY -- A BUDGET BILL, submitted by the Governor pursuant to article seven of the Constitution -- read once and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee
- AN ACT to amend the education law, in relation to school contracts for excellence; to amend the education law, in relation to the purchase and use of school textbooks, school library materials, and computers; to amend the education law, in relation to the apportionment of public moneys to school districts employing eight or more teachers; to amend the education law, in relation to special apportionments and grantsin-aid to school districts and to moneys apportioned for board of cooperative educational services aidable expenditures; to amend the education law, in relation to the local district funding adjustment; to amend the education law, in relation to pandemic adjustment payment reduction; to amend the education law, in relation to aidable transportation expense; to amend the education law, in relation to the statewide universal full-day pre-kindergarten program; to amend the education law, in relation to moneys apportioned; to amend the education law, in relation to waivers from certain duties; to amend the education law, in relation to the New York state mentor teacher-internship program; to amend the education law, in relation to the teachers of tomorrow teacher recruitment and retention program; to amend the education law, in relation to the national board for professional teaching standards certification grant; to amend the education law, in relation to charter school aid; to amend chapter 507 of the laws of 1974, relating to providing for the apportionment of state monies to certain nonpublic schools, to reimburse them for their expenses in complying with certain state requirements for the administration of state testing and evaluation programs and for participation in state programs for the reporting of basic educational data, in relation to the calculation of nonpublic schools' eligibility to

EXPLANATION--Matter in <u>italics</u> (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[] is old law to be omitted.

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receive aid; to amend chapter 756 of the laws of 1992, relating to funding a program for work force education conducted by the consortium for worker education in New York city, in relation to reimbursement for the 2021-2022 school year; to amend chapter 756 of the laws of 1992, relating to funding a program for work force education conducted by the consortium for worker education in New York city, in relation to withholding a portion of employment preparation education aid and in relation to the effectiveness thereof; to amend chapter 147 of the laws of 2001, amending the education law relating to conditional appointment of school district, charter school or BOCES employees, in relation to the effectiveness thereof; to amend chapter 425 of the laws of 2002, amending the education law relating to the provision of supplemental educational services, attendance at a safe public school and the suspension of pupils who bring a firearm to or possess a firearm at a school, in relation to the effectiveness thereof; to amend chapter 101 of the laws of 2003, amending the education law relating to implementation of the No Child Left Behind Act of 2001, in relation to the effectiveness thereof; relates to school bus driver training; relates to special apportionment for salary expenses and public pension accruals; relates to authorizing the city school district of the city of Rochester to purchase certain services; relates to suballocations of appropriations; relating to the support of public libraries; to repeal section 3033 of the education law relating to the New York state mentor teacher-internship program; to repeal section 3612 of the education law relating to the teachers of tomorrow teacher recruitment and retention program; and to repeal section 3004-a of the education law relating to the national board for professional teaching standards certification grant (Part A); to amend the business corporation law, the partnership law and the limited liability company law, in relation to certified public accountants (Part B); to amend the education law, in relation to registration of a new curriculum or program of study offered by a not-for-profit college or university (Part C); to amend the education law, in relation to extending state university of New York procurement flexibility and authorizing the state university of New York to purchase services from a consortium; and to amend part D of chapter 58 of the laws of 2011 amending the education law relating to capital facilities in support of the state university and community colleges, procurement and the state university health care facilities, in relation to the effectiveness thereof (Part D); to amend the education law, in relation to predictable tuition allowing annual tuition increase for SUNY and CUNY schools; and to amend chapter 260 of the laws of 2011, amending the education law and the New York state urban development corporation act relating to establishing components of the NY-SUNY 2020 challenge grant program, in relation to the effectiveness thereof (Part E); extending scholarship program eligibility for certain recipients affected by the COVID-19 pandemic (Part F); to amend the education in relation to establishing the amount awarded for the excelsior law, scholarship (Part G); to amend the executive law, in relation to facilities operated and maintained by the office of children and family services and to authorize the closure of certain facilities operated by such office; and to repeal certain provisions of such law relating thereto (Part H); to amend part N of chapter 56 of the laws of 2020 amending the social services law relating to restructuring financing for residential school placements, in relation to making such provisions permanent (Part I); to amend part G of chapter 57 of



the laws of 2013, amending the executive law and the social services law relating to consolidating the youth development and delinquency prevention program and the special delinquency prevention program, in relation to making such provisions permanent (Part J); to amend part K of chapter 57 of the laws of 2012, amending the education law, relating to authorizing the board of cooperative educational services to enter into contracts with the commissioner of children and family services to provide certain services, in relation to the effectiveness thereof (Part K); to amend the social services law and the family court act, in relation to compliance with the Federal Family First Prevention Services Act (Part L); to amend the social services law, in relation to differential response programs for child protection assessments or investigations (Part M); to amend the judiciary law, in relation to authorizing the chief administrator of the courts to establish veterans treatment courts; and to amend the criminal procedure law, in relation to the removal of certain actions to veterans treatment courts (Part N); to utilize reserves in the mortgage insurance fund for various housing purposes (Part O); to amend the social services law, in relation to increasing the standards of monthly need for aged, blind and disabled persons living in the community (Part P); to amend the state finance law, in relation to authorizing a tax check-off for gifts to food banks (Part Q); to amend the executive law, in relation to expanding the scope of the application of subdivision 4 of section 296 of such law to private educational institutions (Part R); to amend the executive law, in relation to prohibiting discrimination based on citizenship or immigration status (Part S); to amend the labor law, in relation to unemployment (Part T); to amend the private housing finance law, in relation to exempting certain projects from sales and compensating use taxes (Part U); to amend the social services law and the abandoned property law, in relation to the transfer of unclaimed support collections and unidentified payments; amend the family court act and the domestic relations law, in to relation to making conforming changes; to repeal certain provisions of social services law relating thereto; and to repeal paragraph (c) of subdivision 1 of section 600 and subdivision 3 of section 602 of the abandoned property law, relating to moneys paid to a support bureau of a family court (Part V); to allow employees to take paid time leave to obtain the COVID-19 vaccination (Part W); to amend the public authorities law, in relation to granting the state of New York mortgage agency authority to purchase mortgage loans from a broader pool of non-depository lenders, to purchase mortgages secured by new construction loans, and modify its mortgages to assist financially distressed homeowners (Part X); in relation to providing for the suspension of fees relating to the late payment of rent; and to permit tenants to use their security deposits as rent payments (Part Y); to amend the social services law, in relation to making child care more affordable for low-income families (Subpart A); and to amend the social services law, in relation to easing administrative burdens on child care programs and providers (Subpart B) (Part Z); relating to prevailing wage requirements (Part AA); to amend the state finance law, in relation to establishing the emergency rental assistance local government allocation fund (Part BB); and to amend the labor law, in relation to prohibiting the inclusion of claims for unemployment insurance arising from the closure of an employer due to COVID-19 from being included in such employer's experience rating charges; and to amend chapter 21 of the laws of 2021, amending the labor law relating to prohibiting the



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inclusion of claims for unemployment insurance arising from the closure of an employer due to COVID-19 from being included in such employer's experience rating charges, in relation to the effectiveness thereof (Part CC)

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. This act enacts into law major components of legislation 1 2 necessary to implement the state education, labor, housing and family 3 assistance budget for the 2021-2022 state fiscal year. Each component is 4 wholly contained within a Part identified as Parts A through CC. The 5 effective date for each particular provision contained within such Part 6 is set forth in the last section of such Part. Any provision in any 7 section contained within a Part, including the effective date of the Part, which makes a reference to a section "of this act", when used in 8 connection with that particular component, shall be deemed to mean and 9 refer to the corresponding section of the Part in which it is found. 10 11 Section three of this act sets forth the general effective date of this 12 act.

PART A

14 Section 1. Paragraph e of subdivision 1 of section 211-d of the educa-15 tion law, as amended by section 1 of part A of chapter 56 of the laws of 16 2020, is amended to read as follows:

17 e. Notwithstanding paragraphs a and b of this subdivision, a school 18 district that submitted a contract for excellence for the two thousand eight -- two thousand nine school year shall submit a contract for excel-19 20 lence for the two thousand nine--two thousand ten school year in conformity with the requirements of subparagraph (vi) of paragraph a of 21 22 subdivision two of this section unless all schools in the district are 23 identified as in good standing and provided further that, a school 24 district that submitted a contract for excellence for the two thousand 25 nine--two thousand ten school year, unless all schools in the district 26 are identified as in good standing, shall submit a contract for excel-27 lence for the two thousand eleven--two thousand twelve school year which 28 shall, notwithstanding the requirements of subparagraph (vi) of para-29 graph a of subdivision two of this section, provide for the expenditure 30 of an amount which shall be not less than the product of the amount 31 approved by the commissioner in the contract for excellence for the two 32 thousand nine--two thousand ten school year, multiplied by the 33 district's gap elimination adjustment percentage and provided further 34 that, a school district that submitted a contract for excellence for the 35 two thousand eleven--two thousand twelve school year, unless all schools 36 in the district are identified as in good standing, shall submit a 37 contract for excellence for the two thousand twelve--two thousand thir-38 teen school year which shall, notwithstanding the requirements of subparagraph (vi) of paragraph a of subdivision two of this section, 39 provide for the expenditure of an amount which shall be not less than 40 41 the amount approved by the commissioner in the contract for excellence for the two thousand eleven--two thousand twelve school year and 42 provided further that, a school district that submitted a contract for 43 44 excellence for the two thousand twelve--two thousand thirteen school year, unless all schools in the district are identified as in good 45



1 standing, shall submit a contract for excellence for the two thousand 2 thirteen--two thousand fourteen school year which shall, notwithstanding the requirements of subparagraph (vi) of paragraph a of subdivision two 3 of this section, provide for the expenditure of an amount which shall be 4 not less than the amount approved by the commissioner in the contract 5 for excellence for the two thousand twelve--two thousand thirteen school 6 7 year and provided further that, a school district that submitted a contract for excellence for the two thousand thirteen--two thousand 8 fourteen school year, unless all schools in the district are identified 9 in good standing, shall submit a contract for excellence for the two 10 as thousand fourteen--two thousand fifteen school year which 11 shall, 12 notwithstanding the requirements of subparagraph (vi) of paragraph a of 13 subdivision two of this section, provide for the expenditure of an 14 amount which shall be not less than the amount approved by the commis-15 sioner in the contract for excellence for the two thousand thirteen--two 16 thousand fourteen school year; and provided further that, a school district that submitted a contract for excellence for the two thousand 17 18 fourteen--two thousand fifteen school year, unless all schools in the 19 district are identified as in good standing, shall submit a contract for 20 excellence for the two thousand fifteen--two thousand sixteen school 21 year which shall, notwithstanding the requirements of subparagraph (vi) 22 of paragraph a of subdivision two of this section, provide for the expenditure of an amount which shall be not less than the amount 23 24 approved by the commissioner in the contract for excellence for the two thousand fourteen--two thousand fifteen school year; and provided 25 26 further that a school district that submitted a contract for excellence 27 for the two thousand fifteen--two thousand sixteen school year, unless 28 all schools in the district are identified as in good standing, shall submit a contract for excellence for the two thousand sixteen--two thou-29 sand seventeen school year which shall, notwithstanding the requirements 30 of subparagraph (vi) of paragraph a of subdivision two of this section, 31 provide for the expenditure of an amount which shall be not less than 32 33 the amount approved by the commissioner in the contract for excellence 34 for the two thousand fifteen--two thousand sixteen school year; and 35 provided further that, a school district that submitted a contract for 36 excellence for the two thousand sixteen -- two thousand seventeen school 37 year, unless all schools in the district are identified as in good 38 standing, shall submit a contract for excellence for the two thousand 39 seventeen -- two thousand eighteen school year which shall, notwithstand-40 ing the requirements of subparagraph (vi) of paragraph a of subdivision 41 two of this section, provide for the expenditure of an amount which 42 shall be not less than the amount approved by the commissioner in the 43 contract for excellence for the two thousand sixteen--two thousand 44 seventeen school year; and provided further that a school district that 45 submitted a contract for excellence for the two thousand seventeen -- two 46 thousand eighteen school year, unless all schools in the district are 47 identified as in good standing, shall submit a contract for excellence for the two thousand eighteen--two thousand nineteen school year which 48 49 shall, notwithstanding the requirements of subparagraph (vi) of paragraph a of subdivision two of this section, provide for the expenditure 50 51 of an amount which shall be not less than the amount approved by the commissioner in the contract for excellence for the two thousand seven-52 teen--two thousand eighteen school year; and provided further that, a 53 school district that submitted a contract for excellence for the two 54 thousand eighteen--two thousand nineteen school year, unless all schools 55 in the district are identified as in good standing, shall submit a 56

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1 contract for excellence for the two thousand nineteen--two thousand twenty school year which shall, notwithstanding the requirements of 2 subparagraph (vi) of paragraph a of subdivision two of this section, 3 provide for the expenditure of an amount which shall be not less than 4 the amount approved by the commissioner in the contract for excellence 5 for the two thousand eighteen--two thousand nineteen school year; and 6 7 provided further that, a school district that submitted a contract for 8 excellence for the two thousand nineteen -- two thousand twenty school year, unless all schools in the district are identified as in good 9 standing, shall submit a contract for excellence for the two thousand 10 11 twenty--two thousand twenty-one school year which shall, notwithstanding 12 the requirements of subparagraph (vi) of paragraph a of subdivision two 13 of this section, provide for the expenditure of an amount which shall be 14 not less than the amount approved by the commissioner in the contract 15 for excellence for the two thousand nineteen -- two thousand twenty school 16 year; and provided further that, a school district that submitted a 17 contract for excellence for the two thousand twenty--two thousand twen-18 ty-one school year, unless all schools in the district are identified as 19 in good standing, shall submit a contract for excellence for the two thousand twenty-one--two thousand twenty-two school year which shall, 20 21 notwithstanding the requirements of subparagraph (vi) of paragraph a of 22 subdivision two of this section, provide for the expenditure of an 23 amount which shall be not less than the amount approved by the commis-24 sioner in the contract for excellence for the two thousand twenty--two 25 thousand twenty-one school year. For purposes of this paragraph, the 26 "gap elimination adjustment percentage" shall be calculated as the sum 27 of one minus the quotient of the sum of the school district's net gap 28 elimination adjustment for two thousand ten--two thousand eleven 29 computed pursuant to chapter fifty-three of the laws of two thousand ten, making appropriations for the support of government, plus the 30 school district's gap elimination adjustment for two thousand eleven--31 thousand twelve as computed pursuant to chapter fifty-three of the 32 two 33 laws of two thousand eleven, making appropriations for the support of the local assistance budget, including support for general support for 34 public schools, divided by the total aid for adjustment computed pursu-35 36 ant to chapter fifty-three of the laws of two thousand eleven, making 37 appropriations for the local assistance budget, including support for 38 general support for public schools. Provided, further, that such amount 39 shall be expended to support and maintain allowable programs and activ-40 ities approved in the two thousand nine--two thousand ten school year or 41 to support new or expanded allowable programs and activities in the 42 current year.

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43 § 2. Section 701 of the education law, as amended by chapter 587 of 44 the laws of 1973, subdivision 2 as amended by section 1 of part A1 of 45 chapter 58 of the laws of 2011, subdivision 3 as amended by chapter 391 46 of the laws of 1989, subdivision 4 as amended by chapter 82 of the laws 47 of 1995, subdivision 6 as amended by section 6 of part B of chapter 57 of the laws of 2007, subdivision 7 as amended by section 2 of part A of 48 49 chapter 436 of the laws of 1997, and subdivision 8 as added by chapter 635 of the laws of 1984, is amended to read as follows: 50

§ 701. Power to designate text-books; purchase and loan of text-books; purchase of supplies. 1. In the several cities and school districts of the state, boards of education, trustees or such body or officer as perform the functions of such boards, shall designate text-books to be used in the schools under their charge.



1 2. A text-book, for the purposes of this section shall mean: (i) any 2 book, or a book substitute, which shall include hard covered or paperback books, work books, or manuals and (ii) for expenses incurred after 3 July first, nineteen hundred ninety-nine, any courseware or other 4 content-based instructional materials in an electronic format, as such 5 terms are defined in the regulations of the commissioner, which a pupil 6 7 is required to use as a text, or a text-substitute, in a particular 8 class or program in the school he or she legally attends. For expenses incurred on or after July first, two thousand eleven, and before July 9 first, two thousand twenty, a text-book shall also mean items of expend-10 11 iture that are eligible for an apportionment pursuant to sections seven 12 hundred eleven, seven hundred fifty-one and/or seven hundred fifty-three 13 of this title, where such items are designated by the school district as 14 eligible for aid pursuant to this section, provided, however, that if 15 aided pursuant to this section, such expenses shall not be aidable 16 pursuant to any other section of law. Expenditures aided pursuant to 17 this section shall not be eligible for aid pursuant to any other section 18 of law. Courseware or other content-based instructional materials in an 19 electronic format included in the definition of textbook pursuant to this subdivision shall be subject to the same limitations on content as 20 21 apply to books or book substitutes aided pursuant to this section.

22 In the several cities and school districts of the state, boards of 3. 23 education, trustees or such body or officers as perform the function of 24 such boards shall have the power and duty to purchase and to loan upon 25 individual request, textbooks, to all children residing in such district who are enrolled in a public school including children attending the 26 27 public schools of the district for whom the district is eligible to 28 receive reimbursement pursuant to [paragraph a of] subdivision eight of 29 section thirty-two hundred two of this chapter, provided, however, that such children shall not be counted by any other school district, and to 30 children residing in such district who are enrolled in a nonpublic 31 all school. Textbooks loaned to children enrolled in said nonpublic schools 32 33 shall be textbooks which are designated for use in any public schools of the state or are approved by any boards of education, trustees or other 34 school authorities. Such textbooks are to be loaned free to such chil-35 36 dren subject to such rules and regulations as are or may be prescribed by the board of regents and such boards of education, trustees or other 37 38 school authorities. Enrollment shall be as defined in subdivision one of 39 section thirty-six hundred two of this chapter.

40 4. No school district shall be required to purchase or otherwise 41 acquire textbooks, the cost of which shall exceed an amount equal to the 42 [apportionment] textbook factor pursuant to subdivision six of this 43 section plus a minimum lottery grant determined pursuant to subdivision 44 four of section ninety-two-c of the state finance law multiplied by the 45 [number of children residing in such district and so enrolled in the 46 base year] sum of the enrollments in grades kindergarten through twelve 47 in the base year calculated pursuant to subparagraphs four, five and six of paragraph n of subdivision one of section thirty-six hundred two of 48 49 this chapter; and no school district shall be required to loan textbooks 50 in excess of the textbooks owned or acquired by such district; provided, 51 however that all textbooks owned or acquired by such district shall be 52 loaned to children residing in the district and so enrolled in public and nonpublic schools on an equitable basis. 53

54 5. In the several cities and school districts of the state, boards of 55 education, trustees or other school authorities may purchase supplies 56 and either rent, sell or loan the same to the pupils attending the



1 public schools in such cities and school districts upon such terms and 2 under such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by such boards of 3 education, trustees or other school authorities.

6. The commissioner, in addition to the annual apportionment of public 4 monies pursuant to other articles of this chapter, in the two thousand 5 6 twenty--two thousand twenty-one school year and prior, shall apportion to each school district an amount equal to the cost of the textbooks 7 8 purchased and loaned by the district pursuant to this section in the base year, but in no case shall the aid apportioned to the district 9 exceed the product of the textbook factor plus a minimum lottery grant, 10 11 determined pursuant to subdivision four of section ninety-two-c of the 12 state finance law, and the sum of the enrollments in grades kindergarten 13 through twelve in the base year calculated pursuant to subparagraphs 14 four, five, and six of paragraph n of subdivision one of section thir-15 ty-six hundred two of this chapter. Aid payable pursuant to this section 16 shall be deemed final and not subject to change after April thirtieth of 17 the school year for which payment was due.

For aid payable in the two thousand seven--two thousand eight school year [and thereafter] through the two thousand twenty--two thousand twenty-one school year, the textbook factor shall equal forty-three dollars and twenty-five cents. For purposes of determining loans pursuant to subdivisions three and four of this section in the two thousand twenty-one--two thousand twenty-two school year and thereafter, the textbook factor shall equal fifty-eight dollars and twenty-five cents.

25 The apportionment provided for in this section shall be paid, at 7. such times as may be determined by the commissioner and approved by the 26 27 director of the budget, during the school year in which the expenditures 28 are reported to the department prior to such apportionment, provided 29 that for the two thousand twenty--two thousand twenty-one school year, such apportionment shall not exceed the amount set forth for each school 30 district as "2020-21 TEXTBOOK AID" in the school aid computer listing 31 produced by the commissioner in support of the executive budget request 32 for the 2021--2022 school year and entitled "BT212-2". Expenditures by a 33 34 school district in excess of the product of the textbook factor plus a 35 minimum lottery grant determined pursuant to subdivision four of section 36 ninety-two-c of the state finance law and the sum of the enrollments in 37 grades kindergarten through twelve in the base year calculated pursuant 38 to subparagraphs four, five, and six of paragraph n of subdivision one 39 of section thirty-six hundred two of this chapter in any school year 40 shall be deemed approved operating expense of the district for the 41 purpose of computation of state aid pursuant to section thirty-six hundred two of this chapter, but expenditures up to such product shall 42 43 not be deemed approved operating expenses for such purpose.

44 8. In its discretion, a board of education may adopt regulations spec-45 ifying the date by which requests for the purchase and loan of textbooks 46 must be received by the district. Notice of such date shall be given to 47 all non-public schools. Such date shall not be earlier than the first 48 day of June of the school year prior to that for which such textbooks are being requested, provided, however, that a parent or guardian of a 49 50 child not attending a particular non-public school prior to June first 51 of the school year may submit a written request for textbooks within thirty days after such child is enrolled in such non-public school. In 52 no event however shall a request made later than the times otherwise 53 54 provided pursuant to this subdivision be denied where a reasonable 55 explanation is given for the delay in making the request.



1 § 3. Subdivision 4 of section 711 of the education law, as amended by 2 section 4 of part C of chapter 58 of the laws of 1998, is amended to 3 read as follows:

4. Commencing July first, nineteen hundred ninety eight through June 4 5 thirtieth, two thousand twenty-one, the commissioner, in addition to the annual apportionment of public monies pursuant to other articles of this 6 7 chapter, shall apportion to each school district an amount equal to the 8 cost of the school library materials purchased by the district pursuant 9 to this section in the base year, but in no case shall the aid apportioned to the district exceed the product of the library materials 10 factor and the sum of public school district enrollment, nonpublic 11 12 school enrollment, and additional public enrollment as defined in 13 subparagraphs two, three, and six of paragraph n of subdivision one of 14 section thirty-six hundred two of this chapter. Aid payable pursuant to 15 this section shall be deemed final and not subject to change after April 16 thirtieth of the school year for which payment was due, provided that 17 for the two thousand twenty--two thousand twenty-one school year, such apportionment shall not exceed the amount set forth for each school 18 19 district as "2020-21 LIBRARY MATERIALS AID" in the school aid computer 20 listing produced by the commissioner in support of the executive budget 21 request for the 2021--2022 school year and entitled "BT212-2".

22 § 4. Subdivision 2 of section 712 of the education law, as added by 23 chapter 53 of the laws of 1985, is amended to read as follows:

24 2. No school district shall be required to loan school library materi-25 in excess of the school library materials owned [or], acquired, or als 26 designated by such district pursuant to section seven hundred eleven of 27 this article, provided that such designated amount shall not exceed the 28 product of the library materials factor and the sum of public school district enrollment, nonpublic school enrollment, and additional public 29 enrollment as defined in subparagraphs two, three and six of paragraph n 30 of subdivision one of section thirty-six hundred two of this chapter for 31 the base year. Such school library materials shall be loaned on an equi-32 33 table basis to children defined in subdivision three of section seven hundred eleven of this article attending in the current year. The 34 payment of tuition under article eighty-nine of this chapter is deemed 35 36 to be an equitable loan to children for whom such tuition is paid.

37 § 5. Subdivision 4 of section 751 of the education law, as amended by 38 section 3 of part H of chapter 83 of the laws of 2002, is amended to 39 read as follows:

40 4. The commissioner, in addition to the annual apportionment of public 41 monies pursuant to other articles of this chapter, in the two thousand 42 twenty--two thousand twenty-one school year and prior, shall apportion 43 each school district an amount equal to the cost of the software to 44 programs purchased by the district pursuant to this section in the base 45 year, but in no case shall the aid apportioned to the district exceed 46 the product of the software factor and the sum of public school district 47 enrollment, nonpublic school enrollment, and additional public enrollment as defined in subparagraphs two, three, and six of paragraph n of 48 subdivision one of section thirty-six hundred two of this chapter_ 49 50 provided that for the two thousand twenty--two thousand twenty-one 51 school year, such apportionment shall not exceed the amount set forth 52 for each school district as "2020-21 SOFTWARE AID" in the school aid 53 computer listing produced by the commissioner in support of the executive budget request for the 2021--2022 school year and entitled 54 55 <u>"BT212-2"</u>.



1 For aid payable in the nineteen hundred ninety-seven--ninety-eight and 2 nineteen hundred ninety-eight--ninety-nine school years, the software factor shall equal four dollars and fifty-eight cents. For aid payable 3 in the nineteen hundred ninety-nine--two thousand school year, the soft-4 ware factor shall equal seven dollars and fifty-five cents. For aid 5 payable in the two thousand--two thousand one school year, the software 6 7 factor shall equal fourteen dollars and ninety-eight cents. For aid 8 payable in the two thousand one--two thousand two school year, the software factor shall equal twenty-three dollars and ninety cents. For aid 9 payable in the two thousand two--two thousand three school year and 10 thereafter, the software factor shall equal fourteen dollars and nine-11 12 ty-eight cents. The apportionment provided for in this section shall be 13 paid at such times as may be determined by the commissioner and approved 14 by the director of the budget. Aid payable pursuant to this section 15 shall be deemed final and not subject to change after April thirtieth of 16 the school year for which payment was due.

17 § 6. Subdivision 2 of section 752 of the education law, as amended by 18 chapter 257 of the laws of 1984, is amended to read as follows:

19 2. No school district shall be required to loan software programs in 20 excess of the software programs owned [or], acquired, or designated by 21 such district pursuant to section seven hundred fifty-one of this arti-22 cle provided that such designated amount shall not exceed the product of 23 the software factor and the sum of public school district enrollment, 24 nonpublic school enrollment, and additional public enrollment as defined 25 in subparagraphs two, three and six of paragraph n of subdivision one of 26 section thirty-six hundred two of this chapter for the base year. Such 27 software programs shall be loaned on an equitable basis to children 28 defined in subdivision three of section seven hundred fifty-one of this 29 article attending in the current year. The payment of tuition under article eighty-nine of this chapter is deemed to be an equitable loan to 30 children for whom such tuition is paid. 31

32 § 7. Section 753 of the education law, as added by section 7-a of part 33 B of chapter 57 of the laws of 2007, subdivision 1 as amended by section 34 4 of part A1 of chapter 58 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as 35 follows:

36 § 753. Instructional computer hardware and technology equipment appor-37 tionment. 1. In addition to any other apportionment under this chapter, 38 a school district shall be eligible for an apportionment under the 39 provisions of this section in the two thousand twenty--two thousand 40 twenty-one school year and prior for approved expenses for (i) the 41 purchase or lease of micro and/or mini computer equipment or terminals 42 for instructional purposes or (ii) technology equipment, as defined in 43 paragraph c of subdivision two of this section, used for instructional 44 purposes, or (iii) for the repair of such equipment and training and 45 staff development for instructional purposes as provided hereinafter, or 46 for expenses incurred on or after July first, two thousand eleven (iv) 47 and before July first, two thousand twenty, any items of expenditure that are eligible for an apportionment pursuant to sections seven 48 49 hundred one, seven hundred eleven and/or seven hundred fifty-one of this 50 title, where such items are designated by the school district as eligi-51 ble for aid pursuant to this section, provided, however, that if aided 52 pursuant to this section, such expenses shall not be aidable pursuant to 53 any other section of law, provided further that for the two thousand twenty--two thousand twenty-one school year, such apportionment shall 54 not exceed the amount set forth for each school district as "2020-21 55 HARDWARE & TECHNOL AID" in the school aid computer listing produced by 56



incurred.

1 the commissioner in support of the executive budget request for the 2021--2022 school year and entitled "BT212-2". Such aid shall be 2 provided pursuant to a plan developed by the district which demonstrates 3 to the satisfaction of the commissioner that the instructional computer 4 hardware needs of the district's public school students have been 5 adequately met and that the school district has provided for the loan of 6 7 instructional computer hardware to students legally attending nonpublic schools pursuant to section seven hundred fifty-four of this article. 8 The apportionment shall equal the lesser of such approved expense in the 9 base year or, the product of (i) the technology factor, (ii) the sum of 10 11 the public school district enrollment and the nonpublic school enroll-12 ment in the base year as defined in subparagraphs two and three of para-13 graph n of subdivision one of section thirty-six hundred two of this 14 chapter, and (iii) the building aid ratio, as defined in subdivision 15 four of section thirty-six hundred two of this chapter. For aid payable 16 in the two thousand seven--two thousand eight school year and thereaft-17 er, the technology factor shall be twenty-four dollars and twenty cents. A school district may use up to twenty percent of the product of (i) the 18 19 technology factor, (ii) the sum of the public school district enrollment 20 and the nonpublic school enrollment in the base year as defined in 21 subparagraphs two and three of paragraph n of subdivision one of section 22 thirty-six hundred two of this chapter, and (iii) the building aid ratio 23 for the repair of instructional computer hardware and technology equip-24 ment and training and staff development for instructional purposes 25 pursuant to a plan submitted to the commissioner. 26 2. As used in this article: 27 a. "Current year" shall have the same meaning as that term is defined 28 in subdivision one of section thirty-six hundred two of this chapter; 29 "Base year" shall have the same meaning as that term is defined in b. 30 subdivision one of section thirty-six hundred two of this article; and 31 c. "Technology equipment", for the purposes of this article, shall 32 mean equipment with a useful life used in conjunction with or in support 33 of educational programs including but not limited to video, solar energy, robotic, satellite, laser and such other equipment as the commis-34 sioner shall approve provided that expenses for the purchase or lease of 35 36 such equipment shall not be eligible for aid under any other provisions 37 of this chapter. 38 3. No school district shall be required to purchase or otherwise 39 acquire instructional computer hardware or technology equipment, the 40 cost of which exceeds, for the two thousand twenty--two thousand twen-41 ty-one school year and prior, the amount of state aid provided pursuant 42 to this section, and for the two thousand twenty-one--two thousand twenty-two school year and thereafter, the product of (i) the technology 43 44 factor, (ii) the sum of the public school district enrollment and the 45 nonpublic school enrollment in the base year as defined in subparagraphs 46 two and three of paragraph n of subdivision one of section thirty-six 47 hundred two of this chapter, and (iii) the building aid ratio. The apportionment provided for in this section shall be paid at 48 4. 49 such times as may be determined by the commissioner and approved by the director of the budget, during the school year in which the expenditures 50 51 are reported to the department prior to such apportionment, but not 52 earlier than the school year after the school year in which expenses are 53

5. Expenses aided pursuant to this section shall not be eligible for 54 55 aid pursuant to any other provision of this chapter.



1 § 8. Paragraphs a, g and h of subdivision 5 of section 1950 of the 2 education law, paragraph a as amended by section 4 and paragraph g as 3 amended by section 5 of part C of chapter 57 of the laws of 2004, and 4 paragraph h as added by section 1 of part L of chapter 57 of the laws of 5 2005, are amended to read as follows:

6 a. Upon application by a board of cooperative educational services, in 7 the two thousand twenty--two thousand twenty-one school year and prior, there shall be apportioned and paid from state funds to each board of 8 cooperative educational services an amount which shall be the product of 9 the approved cost of services actually incurred during the base year 10 11 multiplied by the sharing ratio for cooperative educational services aid 12 which shall equal the greater of: (i) an amount equal to one minus the 13 quotient expressed as a decimal to three places without rounding of 14 eight mills divided by the tax rate of the local district computed upon 15 the actual valuation of taxable property, as determined pursuant to 16 subdivision one of section thirty-six hundred two of this chapter [and 17 notwithstanding section three thousand six hundred three], expressed in 18 mills to the nearest tenth as determined by the commissioner, provided, 19 that where services are provided to a school district which is however, included within a central high school district or to a central high 20 21 school district, such amount shall equal one minus the quotient 22 expressed as a decimal to three places without rounding of three mills 23 divided by the tax rates, expressed in mills to the nearest tenth, of 24 such districts, as determined by the commissioner or (ii) the aid ratio of each school district for the current year, which shall be such compo-25 nent school district's board of cooperative educational services aid 26 27 ratio and which shall be not less than thirty-six percent converted to 28 decimals and shall be not more than ninety percent converted to 29 decimals, provided that for the two thousand twenty--two thousand twenty-one school year, such apportionment shall not exceed the amount set 30 31 forth for each school district as "2020-21 BOCES AID" in the school aid computer listing produced by the commissioner in support of the execu-32 tive budget request for the 2021--2022 school year and entitled 33 34 "BT212-2". For the purposes of this paragraph, the tax rate of the local 35 district computed upon the actual valuation of taxable property shall be 36 the sum of the amount of tax raised by the school district plus any 37 payments in lieu of taxes received by the school district pursuant to 38 section four hundred eighty-five of the real property tax law, divided 39 by the actual valuation of the school district, provided, however that 40 the tax rate for a central high school district shall be the sum of the 41 amount of tax raised by the common and union free school districts 42 included within the central high school district for the support of the 43 central high school district plus any payments in lieu of taxes received 44 for the support of the central high school district pursuant to section 45 four hundred eighty-five of the real property tax law, divided by the 46 actual valuation of the central high school district. The tax rate for 47 each common or union free school district which is included within a 48 central high school district shall be the sum of the amount raised for 49 the support of such common or union free school district plus any payments in lieu of taxes received for the support of the school 50 51 district pursuant to section four hundred eighty-five of the real prop-52 erty tax law, exclusive of the amount raised for the central high school 53 district, divided by the actual valuation of such common or union free 54 school district.

55 g. Any payment required by a board of cooperative educational services 56 to the dormitory authority or any payment required by a board of cooper-



1 ative educational services to acquire or construct a school facility of the board of cooperative educational services, and any payments for 2 rental of facilities by a board of cooperative educational services 3 shall, for the purposes of apportionment of public moneys to the board 4 5 of cooperative educational services by the state of New York, be deemed to be an administrative or capital expense, as designated by the commis-6 sioner, but the entire amount of such payment shall be utilized in 7 making such apportionment and the limitation of ten percent of the total 8 expenses contained in this subdivision shall not be applicable. Any 9 expense designated by the commissioner as a capital expense shall be 10 included in the capital budget of the board of cooperative educational 11 12 services and, except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, shall be 13 aided in the same manner as an administrative expense, provided, howev-14 er, that such aid shall not be provided commencing with the two thousand 15 twenty-one--two thousand twenty-two school year. Any such payment shall 16 not be considered part of the total expenses of the board for purposes 17 of determining the administrative and clerical expenses not to exceed 18 ten percent otherwise eligible for aid under this subdivision, and such 19 payments shall be considered for the purpose of apportionment during the 20 current school year such payment is made. The apportionment for such 21 payments shall be determined by multiplying the amount of such payment 22 allocated to each component school district in the board of cooperative 23 educational services by the aid ratio, and shall be not more than ninety 24 percent converted to decimals, of each such component computed pursuant to subdivision three of section thirty-six hundred two of this chapter 25 26 and used to apportion aid to that district in that current school year; 27 provided, however, the apportionment for the construction, acquisition, 28 reconstruction, rehabilitation, or improvement of board of cooperative 29 educational services facilities, including payments to the dormitory authority and payments under any lease agreement, shall be based upon 30 the cost of the board of cooperative educational services school facili-31 ties but not to exceed the cost allowance set forth in subdivision six 32 33 of section thirty-six hundred two of [the education law] this chapter 34 and payments for rental facilities shall be subject to the approval of the commissioner. 35 36 h. Each board of cooperative educational services receiving a payment

37 pursuant to paragraph a of this subdivision and section thirty-six 38 hundred nine-d of this chapter, in the two thousand twenty--two thousand 39 twenty-one school year and prior, shall be required to set aside from 40 such payment an amount not less than the amount of state aid received 41 pursuant to paragraph a of this subdivision in the base year that was 42 attributable to cooperative services agreements (CO-SERs) for career 43 education, as determined by the commissioner, and shall be required to 44 use such amount to support career education programs in the current 45 year.

46 § 9. Subdivision 1 of section 3602 of the education law is amended by 47 adding a new paragraph kk to read as follows:

48 kk. The "federal COVID-19 supplemental stimulus" shall be equal to the 49 sum of (1) ninety percent of the funds from the elementary and secondary 50 school emergency relief made available to school districts pursuant to 51 the Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act, 52 2021 in the same proportion as such district's share of funds provided 53 under Title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 plus (2) the base federal allocation. For eligible districts, the base 54 federal allocation shall be equal to the product of nine hundred fifty-55 two dollars and fifteen cents (\$952.15) and public school district 56



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1 enrollment in the base year as computed pursuant to paragraph n of this 2 subdivision less ninety percent of the funds from the elementary and 3 secondary school emergency relief made available to school districts pursuant to the Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropri-4 ations Act, 2021 in the same proportion as such district's share of 5 funds provided under Title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education 6 7 Act of 1965, but not less than zero. Districts shall be eligible for 8 the base federal allocation if their combined wealth ratio for the 9 current year computed pursuant to subparagraph one of paragraph c of subdivision three of this section is less than one and five tenths (1.5) 10 and the district is not a central high school district. 11

12 § 10. Paragraph h of subdivision 4 of section 3602 of the education 13 law, as added by section 14-a of part A of chapter 56 of the laws of 14 2020, is amended to read as follows:

15 h. Foundation aid payable in the two thousand twenty--two thousand 16 twenty-one <u>through the two thousand twenty-one--two thousand twenty-two</u> 17 school [year] <u>years</u>. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contra-18 ry, foundation aid payable in the two thousand twenty--two thousand 19 twenty-one <u>through two thousand twenty-one--two thousand twenty-two</u> 20 school [year] <u>years</u> shall equal the apportionment for foundation aid in 21 the base year.

§ 11. Subdivision 10 of section 3602 of the education law, as added by 22 chapter 57 of the laws of 1993 and renumbered by section 16 of part B of 23 chapter 57 of the laws of 2007, the subdivision heading and paragraphs a 24 and c as amended by section 32 of part H of chapter 83 of the laws of 25 2002, paragraph b as amended by section 16 of part B of chapter 57 of 26 27 the laws of 2007, paragraph d as added by section 17 of part B of chap-28 ter 57 of the laws of 2008, and paragraph e as added by chapter 357 of 29 the laws of 2018, is amended to read as follows:

30 10. Special services aid for large city school districts and other 31 school districts which were not components of a board of cooperative educational services in the base year. a. [The] In the two thousand 32 33 twenty--two thousand twenty-one school year and prior, the city school districts of those cities having populations in excess of one hundred 34 twenty-five thousand and any other school district which was not a 35 component of a board of cooperative educational services in the base 36 37 year shall be entitled to an apportionment under the provisions of this 38 section.

39 b. Aid for career education. There shall be apportioned to such city 40 school districts and other school districts which were not components of 41 a board of cooperative educational services in the base year for pupils 42 in grades ten through twelve in attendance in career education programs 43 as such programs are defined by the commissioner, subject for the 44 purposes of this paragraph to the approval of the director of the budg-45 et, an amount for each such pupil to be computed by multiplying the 46 career education aid ratio by three thousand nine hundred dollars, 47 provided that such apportionments for the two thousand twenty--two thousand twenty-one school year shall not exceed the amount set forth for 48 each school district as "2020-21 CAREER EDUCATION AID" under the heading 49 50 "CAREER EDUCATION AID" in the school aid computer listing produced by the commissioner in support of the executive budget request for the 51 2021--2022 school year and entitled "BT212-2". Such aid will be payable 52 for weighted pupils attending career education programs operated by the 53 school district and for weighted pupils for whom such school district 54 55 contracts with boards of cooperative educational services to attend career education programs operated by a board of cooperative educational 56



1 services. Weighted pupils for the purposes of this paragraph shall mean 2 the sum of the attendance of students in grades ten through twelve in 3 career education sequences in trade, industrial, technical, agricultural or health programs plus the product of sixteen hundredths multiplied by 4 5 the attendance of students in grades ten through twelve in career education sequences in business and marketing as defined by the commissioner 6 7 in regulations. The career education aid ratio shall be computed by 8 subtracting from one the product obtained by multiplying fifty-nine percent by the combined wealth ratio. This aid ratio shall be expressed 9 as a decimal carried to three places without rounding, but not less than 10 11 thirty-six percent.

12 Any school district that receives aid pursuant to this paragraph shall 13 be required to use such amount to support career education programs in 14 the current year.

15 A board of education which spends less than its local funds as defined 16 by regulations of the commissioner for career education in the base year 17 during the current year shall have its apportionment under this subdivi-18 sion reduced in an amount equal to such deficiency in the current or a 19 succeeding school year, provided however that the commissioner may waive 20 such reduction upon determination that overall expenditures per pupil in 21 support of career education programs were continued at a level equal to 22 or greater than the level of such overall expenditures per pupil in the 23 preceding school year.

24 c. Computer administration aid for large city school districts and any 25 other school district which was not a component of a board of cooper-26 ative educational services in the base year. The city school districts 27 of those cities having populations in excess of one hundred twenty-five 28 thousand inhabitants and any other school district which was not a 29 component of a board of cooperative educational services in the base shall be eligible for an apportionment in accordance with the 30 year provisions of this subdivision, provided that such apportionments for 31 the two thousand twenty--two thousand twenty-one school year shall not 32 33 exceed the amount set forth for each school district as "2020-21 COMPUT-34 ER ADMIN AID" under the heading "COMPUTER ADMINISTRATION" in the school aid computer listing produced by the commissioner in support of the 35 executive budget request for the 2021--2022 school year and entitled 36 37 "BT212-2". Such districts shall be entitled to an additional apportion-38 ment computed by multiplying the lesser of (1) expenses for approved 39 computer services in the base year or (2) the maximum allowable expense 40 equal to the product of sixty-two dollars and thirty cents and the 41 enrollment of pupils attending the public schools of such district in 42 the base year, by the computer expenses aid ratio. The computer 43 expenses aid ratio shall be computed by subtracting from one the product 44 obtained by multiplying fifty-one per centum by the combined wealth 45 ratio. This aid ratio shall be expressed as a decimal carried to three 46 places without rounding, but shall not be less than thirty per centum. 47 Expenses for approved computer services in the base year up to the maxi-48 mum allowable expense shall not be used to claim aid pursuant to any 49 other provisions of this section.

d. Aid for academic improvement. There shall be apportioned to such city school districts and other school districts which were not components of a board of cooperative educational services in the base year, an amount per pupil for each pupil eligible for aid pursuant to paragraph b of this subdivision to be computed by multiplying the career education aid ratio computed pursuant to such paragraph b of this subdivision by the sum of (1) one hundred dollars plus (2) the quotient of



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1 one thousand dollars divided by the lesser of one or the combined wealth 2 ratio, provided that such apportionments for the two thousand twenty--3 two thousand twenty-one school year shall not exceed the amount set forth for each school district as "2020-21 ACADEMIC IMPRVMT AID" under 4 the heading "ACADEMIC IMPROVEMENT AID" in the school aid computer list-5 6 ing produced by the commissioner in support of the executive budget request for the 2021--2022 school year and entitled "BT212-2". Aid for 7 8 academic improvement shall be unrestricted general aid available to support any academic programs of the school district. 9 [e. Career education data collection. Beginning in the two thousand 10 11 seventeen--two thousand eighteen school year the commissioner shall 12 collect data from school districts receiving aid under this subdivision 13 on the number of students in the base year that are in grade nine and 14 enrolled in career education courses in trade/industrial education, 15 technical education, agricultural education, health occupations educa-16 tion, business and marketing education, family and consumer science 17 education, and technology education programs in a manner prescribed by 18 the commissioner.] 19 § 12. Section 3602 of the education law is amended by adding a new 20 subdivision 21 to read as follows: 21 21. Services Aid. a. For the two thousand twenty-one--two thousand 22 twenty-two school year, each school district shall be entitled to an apportionment for services aid equal to the difference of (1) the 23 amounts set forth for each school district as "2021-22 BOCES AID", 24 "2021-22 TEXTBOOK AID", "2021-22 SOFTWARE AID", "2021-22 LIBRARY MATERI-25 ALS AID", "2021-22 HARDWARE & TECHNOL AID", "2020-21 SUPPLEMENTAL PUB 26 27 EXCESS COST", "2021-22 TRANSPORTATION AID", "2021-22 PAYABLE SUMM TRANS 28 AID", "2021-22 CAREER EDUCATION AID", "2021-22 ACADEMIC IMPRVMT AID", 29 "2021-22 COMPUTER ADMIN AID", "2020-21 ACADEMIC ENHANCEMENT", "2020-21 HIGH TAX AID" and "2021-22 TRANSITIONAL AID" in the school aid computer 30 listing produced by the commissioner in support of the executive budget 31 32 request for the 2021--2022 school year and entitled "BT212-2" less (2) 33 the services aid reduction. 34 b. The services aid reduction shall be equal to the lesser of (1) the 35 positive difference of the federal COVID-19 supplemental stimulus as 36 computed pursuant to paragraph kk of subdivision one of this section 37 less the Local District Funding Adjustment pursuant to subdivision one 38 of section thirty-six hundred nine-i of this part or (2) the product of 39 public school district enrollment in the base year as computed pursuant 40 to paragraph n of subdivision one of this section multiplied by (i) six 41 hundred three dollars and two cents (\$603.02) for a city school district 42 in a city having a population of one million or more, or (ii) for all 43 other districts, the product of one hundred forty-five dollars and 44 eighty cents (\$145.80) and the positive value, if any, computed by 45 subtracting from one and thirty-seven hundredths (1.37) the product 46 obtained by multiplying the combined wealth ratio for the current year 47 computed pursuant to subparagraph one of paragraph c of subdivision three of this section by sixty-four hundredths (0.64) as set forth for 48 49 each school district as "2021-22 SERVICES AID REDUCT" in the school aid 50 computer listing produced by the commissioner in support of the executive budget request for the 2021--2022 school year and entitled 51 52 <u>"BT212-2".</u> 53 c. For the two-thousand twenty-two--two thousand twenty-three school 54 year and thereafter, each school district shall be entitled to an appor-55 tionment for services aid equal to the difference of (1) services aid

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56 for the two-thousand twenty-one--two thousand twenty-two school year



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1 less (2) for each city school district with a population of more than 2 one hundred twenty-five thousand inhabitants but less than one million inhabitants, the positive value of the amount set forth as "LOCAL 3 DISTRICT FUNDING ADJ." in the school aid computer listing produced by 4 the commissioner in support of the executive budget request for the 5 2021--2022 school year and entitled "BT212-2". 6 12-a. Subdivision 8 of section 3641 of the education law, as added 7 §. 8 by section 38 of part B of chapter 57 of the laws of 2007, paragraph b as amended by section 29 of part B of chapter 57 of the laws of 2008, is 9 10 amended to read as follows: 11 8. Supplemental educational improvement grants. a. In addition to 12 apportionments otherwise provided by section thirty-six hundred two of 13 this article, for aid payable in the two thousand seven--two thousand 14 eight school year [and thereafter] through the two thousand twenty--two 15 thousand twenty-one school year, the amounts specified in paragraph b of 16 this subdivision shall be paid for the purpose of providing additional 17 funding for the costs of educational improvement plans required as a 18 result of a court-ordered settlement in a school desegregation case to 19 which the state was a party. Grant funds awarded pursuant to this subdivision shall be used exclusively for services and expenses incurred by 20 21 the school district to implement such educational improvement plans. 22 To the Yonkers city school district there shall be paid seventeen b. 23 million five hundred thousand dollars (\$17,500,000) on an annual basis 24 through the two thousand twenty--two thousand twenty-one school year. 25 Such grant shall be payable from funds appropriated for such purpose and shall be apportioned to the Yonkers city school district in accordance 26 27 with the payment schedules contained in section thirty-six hundred 28 nine-a of this article, notwithstanding any provision of law to the 29 contrary. The opening paragraph of subdivision 41 of section 3602 of the 30 § 13. 31 education law, as amended by section 20 of part B of chapter 57 of the laws of 2008, is amended to read as follows: 32 Transitional aid for charter school payments. 33 In addition to any 34 other apportionment under this section, for the two thousand seven--two thousand eight school year [and thereafter] through the two thousand 35 36 twenty--two thousand twenty-one school year, a school district other 37 than a city school district in a city having a population of one million 38 or more shall be eligible for an apportionment in an amount equal to the 39 sum of the following, provided that such apportionments for the two 40 thousand twenty--two thousand twenty-one school year shall be equal to 41 the amount set forth for each school district as "2021-22 TRANSITIONAL 42 AID" in the school aid computer listing produced by the commissioner in 43 support of the executive budget request for the 2021--2022 school year 44 and entitled "BT212-2". 45 § 14. Subdivision 4 of section 3602 of the education law is amended by 46 adding a new paragraph c-1 to read as follows: 47 c-1. For the purposes of this chapter, "BOCES payment adjustment" shall mean the total amount set forth for such school district as 48 49 "2021-22 BOCES AID" in the data file produced by the commissioner in 50 support of the executive budget request for the two thousand twenty-one-51 -two thousand twenty-two school year and entitled "BT212-2". Notwith-52 standing any provision of law to the contrary, for the two thousand 53 twenty-one--two thousand twenty-two school year and thereafter, of the 54 total apportionment pursuant to this subdivision, an amount equal to the BOCES payment adjustment shall be paid pursuant to section thirty-six 55 hundred nine-d of this part. 56



1 § 15. The opening paragraph of section 3609-d of the education law, as 2 amended by section 20 of part L of chapter 57 of the laws of 2005, is 3 amended to read as follows:

Notwithstanding the provisions of section thirty-six hundred nine-a of 4 5 this [article] part, for school years prior to the two thousand twenty-6 one--two thousand twenty-two school year, apportionments payable pursuant to section nineteen hundred fifty of this chapter shall be paid 7 8 pursuant to this section. For aid payable in the two thousand four--two thousand five school year [and thereafter] through two thousand twenty-9 -two thousand twenty-one school year, "moneys apportioned" shall mean 10 11 the lesser of (i) one hundred percent of the respective amount set forth 12 for each school district as payable pursuant to this section in the 13 school aid computer listing produced by the commissioner in support of 14 the budget including the appropriation for support of boards of cooper-15 ative educational services for payments due prior to April first for the 16 current year, or (ii) the apportionment calculated by the commissioner 17 based on data on file at the time the payment is processed; provided however, that for the purposes of any payment to be made in the month of 18 19 June of two thousand six such calculation shall be based on the school 20 aid computer listing for the current year using updated data at the time 21 of each payment. For districts subject to chapter five hundred sixty-22 three of the laws of nineteen hundred eighty, thirty-six hundred two-b, 23 or two thousand forty of this chapter, for aid payable in the two thou-24 sand four--two thousand five school year and thereafter, "moneys appor-25 tioned" shall mean the apportionment calculated by the commissioner based on data on file at the time the payment is processed. Notwith-26 27 standing the provisions of section thirty-six hundred nine-a of this 28 part, for the two thousand twenty-one--two thousand twenty-two school 29 year and thereafter, apportionments payable pursuant to paragraph c-1 of subdivision four of section thirty-six hundred two of this part shall be 30 paid pursuant to this section. The "school aid computer listing for the 31 current year" shall be as defined in the opening paragraph of section 32 33 thirty-six hundred nine-a of this [article] part. The definitions "base year" and "current year" as set forth in subdivision one of section 34 thirty-six hundred two of this [article] part shall apply to this 35 36 section.

37 § 16. The education law is amended by adding a new section 3609-i to 38 read as follows:

39 § 3609-i. Local district funding adjustment. 1. Notwithstanding any 40 provision of law to the contrary, for the two thousand twenty-one--two 41 thousand twenty-two school year and thereafter, payments computed pursu-42 ant to section thirty-six hundred nine-e of this part shall be reduced 43 by the local district funding adjustment.

44 2. The "local district funding adjustment" shall be equal to the less-45 er of the prescribed payments pursuant to section thirty-six hundred 46 nine-e of this part or the federal COVID-19 supplemental stimulus as 47 computed pursuant to paragraph kk of subdivision one of section thirtysix hundred two of this part, provided that for city school districts 48 49 with a population of more than one hundred twenty-five thousand inhabit-50 ants but less than one million inhabitants, the local district funding 51 adjustment for the two thousand twenty-two--two thousand twenty-three 52 school year and thereafter shall be zero.

53 § 16-a. Paragraph b of subdivision 5-b of section 2576 of education 54 law, as added by section 9 of part B of chapter 57 of the laws of 2007, 55 is amended to read as follows:



1 The city amount shall not be less than the difference of the city b. 2 amount appropriated in the base year less the value of any reduction for 3 the ensuing fiscal year pursuant to section thirty-six hundred and nine-i of this chapter determined at the time of adoption of the budget 4 5 for the ensuing fiscal year, and shall not be less than the difference of the city amount expended in the base year determined as of the end of 6 7 the school year less the value of any reduction for such fiscal year 8 pursuant to section thirty-six hundred and nine-i of this chapter. Provided, however, in the event the total amount of city funds relied 9 upon to balance such budget is lower than the total amount of city funds 10 11 appropriated in the base year, as determined at the time of adoption of 12 such budget, the city amount may be reduced by up to the same percentage 13 as the overall percentage decrease in city funds between the base year 14 and the ensuing fiscal year. 15 § 17. Subdivision 19 of section 3602 of the education law is amended 16 by adding a new paragraph c to read as follows: 17 c. The positive value of the pandemic adjustment payment reduction 18 shall not exceed the sum of moneys apportioned pursuant to sections 19 seven hundred one, seven hundred eleven, seven hundred fifty-one, seven hundred fifty-three, thirty-six hundred nine-a, thirty-six hundred 20 21 nine-b, thirty-six hundred nine-d, thirty-six hundred nine-f, and thir-22 ty-six hundred nine-h for the two thousand twenty--two thousand twenty-23 one school year for any school district. § 18. Paragraph a of subdivision 7 of section 3602 of the education 24 law, as amended by section 17 of part B of chapter 57 of the laws of 25 26 2007, is amended to read as follows: 27 a. In addition to the foregoing apportionment, for the two thousand 28 twenty--two thousand twenty-one and prior school years there shall be 29 apportioned to any school district for pupil transportation, the lesser of ninety per centum or the state share of its approved transportation 30 expense for the base year. The state share shall equal the sum of the 31 32 transportation sparsity adjustment and the transportation aid ratio, but 33 not less than six and one-half percent. The transportation aid ratio shall equal the greater of (i) the product of one and two hundred 34 sixty-three thousandths multiplied by the state sharing ratio, (ii) an 35 36 aid ratio computed by subtracting from one and one hundredth the product 37 computed to three decimals without rounding obtained by multiplying the 38 resident weighted average daily attendance wealth ratio by forty-six 39 percent, where such aid ratio shall be expressed as a decimal carried to 40 three places without rounding or (iii) excluding cities with a popu-41 lation of more than one million, an aid ratio computed by subtracting 42 from one and one hundredth the product computed to three decimal places 43 without rounding obtained by multiplying the number computed to three 44 decimals without rounding obtained when the quotient of actual valuation 45 of a school district, as defined in paragraph c of subdivision one of 46 section, divided by the sum of the resident public school district this 47 enrollment, the resident nonpublic school district enrollment and the additional public school enrollment of the school district for the year 48 49 prior to the base year is divided by the statewide average actual valu-50 ation per the sum of such total resident public school district enroll-51 ment, nonpublic school district enrollment and additional public school 52 enrollment of all school districts eligible for an apportionment pursuant to this section except central high school districts as computed by 53 the commissioner using the latest single year actual valuation computed 54 under paragraph c of subdivision one of this section, by forty-six 55 percent, where such ratio shall be expressed as a decimal carried to 56



1 three decimal places without rounding. The computation of such statewide 2 average shall include the actual valuation of all school districts eligible for an apportionment pursuant to this section except central 3 high school districts. The transportation sparsity adjustment shall 4 equal the quotient of: the positive remainder of twenty-one minus the 5 district's public school enrollment for the year prior to the base year 6 per square mile, divided by three hundred seventeen and eighty-eight 7 8 hundredths. Approved transportation expense shall be the sum of the approved transportation operating expense and the approved transporta-9 tion capital, debt service and lease expense of the district. Approved 10 11 transportation expense shall not be aidable pursuant to section nineteen 12 hundred fifty of this chapter.

13 § 19. The opening paragraph of section 3622-a of the education law, as 14 added by chapter 474 of the laws of 1996, is amended to read as follows: 15 For the computation of transportation aid pursuant to the requirements 16 of subdivision seven of section thirty-six hundred two of this article 17 and this part for the two thousand twenty--two thousand twenty-one and 18 prior school years, aidable regular transportation shall include the 19 following, provided that the school district shall have voted to furnish such transportation, as provided by law, or that the commissioner shall 20 21 have directed that such transportation be furnished; and provided 22 further that transportation aid shall not be paid in a case where the 23 provision made for transportation is inadequate and is disapproved by 24 the commissioner:

25 § 20. Subdivisions 6 and 7 of section 3622-a of the education law, 26 subdivision 6 as amended by section 47 of part A of chapter 58 of the 27 laws of 2011 and subdivision 7 as added by chapter 422 of the laws of 28 2004, are amended and a new subdivision 8 is added to read as follows:

6. Transportation of pupils to and from approved summer school 29 30 programs operated by a school district in the two thousand -- two thousand one school year [and thereafter] through the two thousand nineteen -- two 31 thousand twenty school year, provided, however, that if the total state-32 33 wide apportionment attributable to allowable transportation expenses 34 incurred pursuant to this subdivision exceeds five million dollars 35 (\$5,000,000), individual school district allocations shall be prorated 36 to ensure that the apportionment for such summer transportation does not 37 exceed five million dollars (\$5,000,000), provided that such prorated 38 apportionment computed and payable as of September one of the school 39 year immediately following the school year for which such aid is claimed 40 shall be deemed final and not subject to change; [and]

41 7. Transportation provided pursuant to section thirty-six hundred 42 thirty-five-b of this article; and

43 8. Notwithstanding paragraph a of subdivision five of section thirty-44 six hundred four of this article, transportation provided in the two 45 thousand nineteen--two thousand twenty school year during the state 46 disaster emergency declared pursuant to executive order 202 of 2020, 47 provided that transportation was provided during the time period of 48 school closures ordered pursuant to executive order 202 of 2020. Such 49 aidable transportation shall include transportation of meals, educa-50 tional materials and supplies to students, and transportation to provide 51 students with internet access.

52 § 21. The opening paragraph of section 3623-a of the education law, as added by chapter 474 of the laws of 1996, is amended to read as follows: 54 For the computation of transportation aid <u>for the two thousand twen-</u> 55 <u>ty--two thousand twenty-one and prior school years</u>, pursuant to the 56 requirements of subdivision seven of section thirty-six hundred two of



1 this article and this part, allowable transportation expense shall 2 include expenditures for aidable regular transportation as defined in section thirty-six hundred twenty-two-a of this part, provided that such 3 expense shall be limited to expenditure items listed in subdivision one 4 of this section as transportation operating expense and in subdivision 5 6 two of this section as transportation capital, debt service and lease 7 expense. § 22. Section 3623-a of the education law is amended by adding a new 8 9 subdivision 4 to read as follows: 4. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section or any other 10 11 provision of law to the contrary, for the computation of transportation 12 aid pursuant to the requirements of subdivision seven of section thir-13 ty-six hundred two of this article, allowable transportation expenses 14 shall also include transportation operating expenses described in subdi-15 vision one of this section incurred in the two thousand nineteen--two 16 thousand twenty school year during the state disaster emergency declared 17 pursuant to executive order 202 of 2020. Such expenses shall only be 18 allowable transportation expenses where aidable regular transportation 19 as defined in section thirty-six hundred twenty-two-a of this part was 20 provided. 21 § 23. Subdivision 16 of section 3602-ee of the education law, as amended by section 22 of part A of chapter 56 of the laws of 2020, 22 is 23 amended to read as follows: 24 16. The authority of the department to administer the universal full-25 day pre-kindergarten program shall expire June thirtieth, two thousand 26 [twenty-one] twenty-two; provided that the program shall continue and 27 remain in full effect. 28 § 24. Paragraphs a, b and c of subdivision 5 of section 3604 of the 29 education law, paragraph a as amended by chapter 161 of the laws of 30 2005, paragraph b as amended by section 59 of part A of chapter 436 of the laws of 1997, and paragraph c as added by chapter 82 of the laws of 31 1995, are amended to read as follows: 32 33 a. State aid adjustments. All errors or omissions in the apportionment 34 shall be corrected by the commissioner. Whenever a school district has been apportioned less money than that to which it is entitled, the 35 36 commissioner may allot to such district the balance to which it is enti-37 tled. Whenever a school district has been apportioned more money than 38 that to which it is entitled, the commissioner may, by an order, direct 39 such moneys to be paid back to the state to be credited to the general 40 fund local assistance account for state aid to the schools, or may 41 deduct such amount from the next apportionment to be made to said 42 district, provided, however, that, upon notification of excess payments 43 of aid for which a recovery must be made by the state through deduction 44 future aid payments, a school district may request that such excess of 45 payments be recovered by deducting such excess payments from the 46 payments due to such school district and payable in the month of June in 47 (i) the school year in which such notification was received and (ii) the two succeeding school years, provided further that there shall be no 48 49 interest penalty assessed against such district or collected by the 50 state. Such request shall be made to the commissioner in such form as 51 the commissioner shall prescribe, and shall be based on documentation 52 that the total amount to be recovered is in excess of one percent of the district's total general fund expenditures for the preceding school 53 year. The amount to be deducted in the first year shall be the greater 54 of (i) the sum of the amount of such excess payments that is recognized 55 as a liability due to other governments by the district for the preced-56



1 ing school year and the positive remainder of the district's unreserved 2 fund balance at the close of the preceding school year less the product of the district's total general fund expenditures for the preceding 3 school year multiplied by five percent, or (ii) one-third of such excess 4 5 payments. The amount to be recovered in the second year shall equal the 6 lesser of the remaining amount of such excess payments to be recovered 7 one-third of such excess payments, and the remaining amount of such or 8 excess payments shall be recovered in the third year. Provided further that, notwithstanding any other provisions of this subdivision, any 9 pending payment of moneys due to such district as a prior year adjust-10 11 ment payable pursuant to paragraph [c] <u>b</u> of this subdivision [for]_L 12 other than payments required as a result of a final audit of the state, 13 shall be deemed paid. For aid claims that had been previously paid as 14 current year aid payments in excess of the amount to which the district 15 is entitled and for which recovery of excess payments is to be made 16 pursuant to this paragraph, shall be reduced at the time of actual 17 payment by any remaining unrecovered balance of such excess payments, 18 and the remaining scheduled deductions of such excess payments pursuant 19 this paragraph shall be reduced by the commissioner to reflect the to amount so recovered. [The commissioner shall certify no payment to a 20 21 school district based on a claim submitted later than three years after 22 the close of the school year in which such payment was first to be made. 23 For claims for which payment is first to be made in the nineteen hundred 24 ninety-six--ninety-seven school year, the commissioner shall certify no 25 payment to a school district based on a claim submitted later than two 26 years after the close of such school year.] For claims for which payment 27 is first to be made [in the nineteen hundred ninety-seven--ninety-eight] 28 prior to the two thousand twenty--two thousand twenty-one school year 29 [and thereafter], the commissioner shall certify no payment to a school 30 district based on a claim submitted later than [one year after] the 31 close of such school year. For claims for which payment is first to be made in the two thousand twenty--two thousand twenty-one school year and 32 33 thereafter, the commissioner shall certify no payment to a school 34 district based on a claim submitted later than the first of November of 35 such school year. Provided, however, no payments shall be barred or 36 reduced where such payment is required as a result of a final audit of 37 the state. [It is further provided that, until June thirtieth, nineteen 38 hundred ninety-six, the commissioner may grant a waiver from the 39 provisions of this section for any school district if it is in the best 40 educational interests of the district pursuant to guidelines developed by the commissioner and approved by the director of the budget.] <u>Further</u> 41 42 provided that for any apportionments provided pursuant to sections seven 43 hundred one, seven hundred eleven, seven hundred fifty-one, seven 44 hundred fifty-three, nineteen hundred fifty, thirty-six hundred two, 45 thirty-six hundred two-b, thirty-six hundred two-c, thirty-six hundred 46 two-e and forty-four hundred five of this chapter for the two thousand 47 twenty--two thousand twenty-one and two thousand twenty-one--two thousand twenty-two school years, the commissioner shall certify no payment 48 49 to a school district, other than payments pursuant to subdivisions 50 six-a, eleven, thirteen and fifteen of section thirty-six hundred two of 51 this part, in excess of the payment computed based on an electronic data 52 file used to produce the school aid computer listing produced by the 53 commissioner in support of the executive budget request submitted for 54 the two thousand twenty-one--two thousand twenty-two state fiscal year 55 and entitled "BT212-2", and further provided that for any apportionments provided pursuant to sections seven hundred one, seven hundred eleven, 56



1 seven hundred fifty-one, seven hundred fifty-three, nineteen hundred fifty, thirty-six hundred two, thirty-six hundred two-b, thirty-six 2 hundred two-c, thirty-six hundred two-e and forty-four hundred five of 3 this chapter for the two thousand twenty-two--two thousand twenty-three 4 school year and thereafter, the commissioner shall certify no payment to 5 a school district, other than payments pursuant to subdivisions six-a, 6 7 eleven, thirteen and fifteen of section thirty-six hundred two of this 8 part, in excess of the payment computed based on an electronic data file used to produce the school aid computer listing produced by the commis-9 sioner in support of the executive budget request submitted for the 10 state fiscal year in which the school year commences. 11

12 b. [Claims resulting from court orders or judgments. Any payment which 13 would be due as the result of a court order or judgment shall not be 14 barred, provided that, commencing January first, nineteen hundred nine-15 ty-six, such court order or judgment and any other data required shall 16 be filed with the comptroller within one year from the date of the court 17 order or judgment, and provided further that the commissioner shall 18 certify no payment to a school district for a specific school year that 19 is based on a claim that results from a court order or judgement so filed with the comptroller unless the total value of such claim, 20 as 21 determined by the commissioner, is greater than one percent of the school district's total revenues from state sources as previously 22 recorded in the general fund and reported to the comptroller in the 23 24 annual financial report of the school district for such school year.

c.] Payment of moneys due for prior years. State aid payments due for 25 26 prior years in accordance with the provisions of this subdivision, other 27 than payments required as a result of a final audit of the state, shall 28 be deemed paid [within the limit of the appropriation designated there-29 for provided, however, that each eligible claim shall be payable in the 30 order that it has been approved for payment by the commissioner, but in no case shall a single claim draw down more than forty percent of the 31 appropriation so designated for a single year, and provided further that 32 33 no claim shall be set aside for insufficiency of funds to make a 34 complete payment, but shall be eligible for a partial payment in one 35 year and shall retain its priority date status for appropriations desig-36 nated for such purposes in future years].

37 § 25. Subdivision 6 of section 4408 of the education law, as added by 38 chapter 82 of the laws of 1995, is amended to read as follows:

6. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, no payments shall be made by the commissioner pursuant to this section on or after July first, nineteen hundred ninety-six based on a claim submitted later than [three years] <u>one year</u> after the end of the school year in which services were rendered, provided however that no payment shall be barred or reduced where such payment is required as a result of a court order or judgment or a final audit.

46 § 26. The opening paragraph of section 3609-a of the education law, as 47 amended by section 24 of part A of chapter 56 of the laws of 2020, is 48 amended to read as follows:

49 For aid payable in the two thousand seven--two thousand eight school 50 year through the two thousand twenty--two thousand twenty-one school 51 "moneys apportioned" shall mean the lesser of (i) the sum of one year, 52 hundred percent of the respective amount set forth for each school district as payable pursuant to this section in the school aid computer 53 listing for the current year produced by the commissioner in support of 54 55 the budget which includes the appropriation for the general support for public schools for the prescribed payments and individualized payments 56



1 due prior to April first for the current year plus the apportionment 2 payable during the current school year pursuant to [subdivision] subdivisions six-a and [subdivision] fifteen of section thirty-six hundred 3 two of this part minus any reductions to current year aids pursuant to 4 5 subdivision seven of section thirty-six hundred four of this part or any deduction from apportionment payable pursuant to this chapter for 6 7 collection of a school district basic contribution as defined in subdi-8 vision eight of section forty-four hundred one of this chapter, less any grants provided pursuant to subparagraph two-a of paragraph b of subdi-9 vision four of section ninety-two-c of the state finance law, less any 10 grants provided pursuant to subdivision five of section ninety-seven-11 12 nnnn of the state finance law, less any grants provided pursuant to 13 subdivision twelve of section thirty-six hundred forty-one of this arti-14 cle, or (ii) the apportionment calculated by the commissioner based on 15 data on file at the time the payment is processed; provided however, 16 that for the purposes of any payments made pursuant to this section 17 prior to the first business day of June of the current year, moneys 18 apportioned shall not include any aids payable pursuant to subdivisions 19 six and fourteen, if applicable, of section thirty-six hundred two of 20 this part as current year aid for debt service on bond anticipation 21 notes and/or bonds first issued in the current year or any aids payable 22 for full-day kindergarten for the current year pursuant to subdivision 23 nine of section thirty-six hundred two of this part. The definitions of "base year" and "current year" as set forth in subdivision one of 24 section thirty-six hundred two of this part shall apply to this section. 25 [For aid payable in the two thousand twenty--two thousand twenty-one 26 27 school year, reference to such "school aid computer listing for the current year" shall mean the printouts entitled "SA202-1".] For aid 28 29 payable in the two thousand twenty-one--two thousand twenty-two school year and thereafter, "moneys apportioned" shall mean the lesser of: (i) 30 the sum of one hundred percent of the respective amount set forth for 31 each school district as payable pursuant to this section in the school 32 33 aid computer listing for the current year produced by the commissioner 34 in support of the executive budget request which includes the appropri-35 ation for the general support for public schools for the prescribed payments and individualized payments due prior to April first for the 36 37 current year plus the apportionment payable during the current school 38 year pursuant to subdivisions six-a and fifteen of section thirty-six 39 hundred two of this part minus any reductions to current year aids 40 pursuant to subdivision seven of section thirty-six hundred four of this 41 part or any deduction from apportionment payable pursuant to this chap-42 ter for collection of a school district basic contribution as defined in 43 subdivision eight of section forty-four hundred one of this chapter, 44 less any grants provided pursuant to subparagraph two-a of paragraph b 45 of subdivision four of section ninety-two-c of the state finance law, less any grants provided pursuant to subdivision six of section ninety-46 47 seven-nnnn of the state finance law, less any grants provided pursuant 48 to subdivision twelve of section thirty-six hundred forty-one of this article, or (ii) the apportionment calculated by the commissioner based 49 50 on data on file at the time the payment is processed; provided however, 51 that for the purposes of any payments made pursuant to this section 52 prior to the first business day of June of the current year, moneys 53 apportioned shall not include any aids payable pursuant to subdivisions six and fourteen, if applicable, of section thirty-six hundred two of 54 this part as current year aid for debt service on bond anticipation 55 notes and/or bonds first issued in the current year or any aids payable 56



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for full-day kindergarten for the current year pursuant to subdivision 1 2 nine of section thirty-six hundred two of this part. For aid payable in 3 the two thousand twenty-one--two thousand twenty-two school year, reference to such "school aid computer listing for the current year" shall 4 5 mean the printouts entitled "BT212-2". 6 § 27. The education law is amended by adding a new section 4403-a to read as follows: 7 8 § 4403-a. Waivers from certain duties. 1. A local school district, 9 approved private school or board of cooperative educational services may 10 submit an application for a waiver from any requirement imposed on such 11 district, school or board of cooperative educational services pursuant 12 to section forty-four hundred two or forty-four hundred three of this 13 article, and regulations promulgated thereunder, for a specific school 14 year. Such application must be submitted at least sixty days in advance 15 of the proposed date on which the waiver would be effective and shall be 16 in a form prescribed by the commissioner. 17 2. Before submitting an application for a waiver, the local school 18 district, approved private school or board of cooperative educational 19 services shall provide notice of the proposed waiver to the parents or 20 persons in parental relationship to the students that would be impacted 21 by the waiver if granted. Such notice shall be in a form and manner that 22 will ensure that such parents and persons in parental relationship will 23 be aware of all relevant changes that would occur under the waiver, and 24 shall include information on the form, manner and date by which parents 25 may submit written comments on the proposed waiver. The local school 26 district, approved private school, or board of cooperative educational 27 services shall provide at least sixty days for such parents and persons 28 in parental relationship to submit written comments, and shall include 29 in the waiver application submitted to the commissioner pursuant to 30 subdivision one of this section any written comments received from such 31 parents or persons in parental relationship to such students. 32 3. The commissioner may grant a waiver from any requirement imposed on 33 a local school district, approved private school or board of cooperative 34 educational services pursuant to section forty-four hundred two or 35 forty-four hundred three of this article, upon a finding that such waiv-36 er will enable a local school district, approved private school or board 37 of cooperative educational services to implement an innovative special 38 education program that is consistent with applicable federal require-39 ments, and will enhance student achievement and/or opportunities for 40 placement in regular classes and programs. In making such determination, 41 the commissioner shall consider any comments received by the local 42 school district, approved private school or board of cooperative educa-43 tional services from parents or persons in parental relation to the 44 students that would be directly affected by the waiver if granted. 45 4. Any local school district, approved private school or board of 46 cooperative educational services granted a waiver shall submit an annual 47 report to the commissioner regarding the operation and evaluation of the 48 program no later than thirty days after the end of each school year for 49 which a waiver is granted. § 28. Subdivision 1 of section 3033 of the education law, as amended 50 51 by chapter 886 of the laws of 1986, is amended to read as follows: 52 1. Boards of education and boards of cooperative educational services 53 are hereby authorized to participate in the New York state mentor teach-54 er-internship program in accordance with the provisions of this section 55 through the two thousand twenty--two thousand twenty-one school year. § 29. Section 3033 of the education law is REPEALED. 56

25

1 § 30. Paragraph b of subdivision 2 of section 3612 of education law, 2 as amended by section 22 of part YYY of chapter 59 of the laws of 2019, 3 is amended to read as follows:

b. Such grants shall be awarded to school districts, within the limits 4 of funds appropriated therefor, through a competitive process that takes 5 into consideration the magnitude of any shortage of teachers in the 6 school district, the number of teachers employed in the school district 7 8 who hold temporary licenses to teach in the public schools of the state, the number of provisionally certified teachers, the fiscal capacity and 9 geographic sparsity of the district, the number of new teachers the 10 11 school district intends to hire in the coming school year and the number 12 of summer in the city student internships proposed by an eligible school 13 district, if applicable. Grants provided pursuant to this section shall 14 be used only for the purposes enumerated in this section. Notwithstand-15 ing any other provision of law to the contrary, a city school district 16 in a city having a population of one million or more inhabitants receiv-17 ing a grant pursuant to this section may use no more than eighty percent 18 of such grant funds for any recruitment, retention and certification 19 costs associated with transitional certification of teacher candidates 20 for the school years two thousand one--two thousand two through [two 21 thousand twenty-three--two thousand twenty-four] two thousand twenty--22 two thousand twenty-one.

23 § 31. Section 3612 of the education law is REPEALED.

24 § 32. Section 3004-a of the education law is amended by adding a new 25 subdivision 7 to read as follows:

7. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no grants
 shall be awarded pursuant to this section after the two thousand twen ty--two thousand twenty-one school year grant period.

29 § 33. Section 3004-a of the education law is REPEALED.

30 § 34. Subparagraphs (viii) and (ix) of paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 31 of section 2856 of the education law, as amended by section 26-a of part 32 A of chapter 56 of the laws of 2020, are amended to read as follows:

33 (viii) for the two thousand twenty--two thousand twenty-one and two 34 thousand twenty-one--two thousand twenty-two school years, the charter school basic tuition shall be the lesser of (A) the product of 35 (i) the 36 charter school basic tuition calculated for the base year multiplied by 37 (ii) the average of the quotients for each school year in the period 38 commencing with the year three years prior to the base year and finish-39 ing with the year prior to the base year of the total approved operating 40 expense for such school district calculated pursuant to paragraph t of 41 subdivision one of section thirty-six hundred two of this chapter for 42 each such year divided by the total approved operating expense for such 43 district for the immediately preceding year multiplied by, (iii) for the 44 thousand twenty--two thousand twenty-one school year only, [(iii)] two 45 nine hundred forty-five one-thousandths (0.945), or for the two thousand 46 twenty-one--two thousand twenty-two school year only, one minus the 47 adjustment factor or (B) the quotient of the total general fund expenditures for the school district calculated pursuant to an electronic data 48 49 file created for the purpose of compliance with paragraph b of subdivision twenty-one of section three hundred five of this chapter published 50 51 annually on May fifteenth for the year prior to the base year divided by 52 the total estimated public enrollment for the school district pursuant 53 to paragraph n of subdivision one of section thirty-six hundred two of this chapter for the year prior to the base year. The adjustment factor 54 shall equal the quotient arrived at when dividing (A) the sum of (i) the 55 services aid reduction for the school district pursuant to paragraph b 56



1 of subdivision twenty-one of section thirty-six hundred two of this 2 chapter, (ii) plus the local district funding adjustment for the school 3 district pursuant to subdivision one of section thirty-six hundred nine-i of this chapter by (B) the total general fund expenditures for 4 the school district for the two thousand twenty--two thousand twenty-one 5 6 school year calculated pursuant to an electronic data file created for 7 the purpose of compliance with paragraph b of subdivision twenty-one of 8 section three hundred five of this chapter published on May fifteenth, 9 two thousand twenty-one.

(ix) for the two thousand twenty-two--two thousand twenty-three 10 11 through two thousand twenty-four--two thousand twenty-five school years 12 the charter school basic tuition shall be the lesser of (A) the product 13 of (i) for the two thousand twenty-two--two thousand twenty-three school 14 year, the charter school basic tuition calculated for the base year 15 divided by the difference of one less the adjustment factor and for the 16 two thousand twenty-three--two thousand twenty-four and two thousand twenty-four--two thousand twenty-five school years, the charter school 17 18 basic tuition calculated for the base year multiplied by (ii) the aver-19 age of the quotients for each school year in the period commencing with 20 the year four years prior to the base year and finishing with the year 21 prior to the base year, excluding the two thousand twenty--two thousand 22 twenty-one school year, of the total approved operating expense for such 23 school district calculated pursuant to paragraph t of subdivision one of section thirty-six hundred two of this chapter for each such year 24 divided by the total approved operating expense for such district for 25 the immediately preceding year or (B) the quotient of the total general 26 27 fund expenditures for the school district calculated pursuant to an 28 electronic data file created for the purpose of compliance with para-29 graph b of subdivision twenty-one of section three hundred five of this chapter published annually on May fifteenth for the year prior to the 30 base year divided by the total estimated public enrollment for the 31 school district pursuant to paragraph n of subdivision one of section 32 33 thirty-six hundred two of this chapter for the year prior to the base 34 year.

35 § 35. Subparagraphs (viii) and (ix) of paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 36 of section 2856 of the education law, as amended by section 26-b of part 37 A of chapter 56 of the laws of 2020, are amended to read as follows:

38 (viii) for the two thousand twenty--two thousand twenty-one and two 39 thousand twenty-one--two thousand twenty-two school years, the charter 40 school basic tuition shall be the lesser of (A) the product of (i) the 41 charter school basic tuition calculated for the base year multiplied by 42 (ii) the average of the quotients for each school year in the period 43 commencing with the year three years prior to the base year and finish-44 ing with the year prior to the base year of the total approved operating 45 expense for such school district calculated pursuant to paragraph t of 46 subdivision one of section thirty-six hundred two of this chapter for 47 each such year divided by the total approved operating expense for such 48 district for the immediately preceding year multiplied by, (iii) for the 49 two thousand twenty--two thousand twenty-one school year only, [(iii)] nine hundred forty-five one-thousandths (0.945), or for the two thousand 50 51 twenty-one--two thousand twenty-two school year only, one minus the adjustment factor or (B) the quotient of the total general fund expendi-52 tures for the school district calculated pursuant to an electronic data 53 file created for the purpose of compliance with paragraph b of subdivi-54 55 sion twenty-one of section three hundred five of this chapter published annually on May fifteenth for the year prior to the base year divided by 56



1 the total estimated public enrollment for the school district pursuant to paragraph n of subdivision one of section thirty-six hundred two of 2 this chapter for the year prior to the base year. The adjustment factor 3 shall equal the quotient arrived at when dividing (A) the sum of (i) the 4 services aid reduction for the school district pursuant to paragraph b 5 of subdivision twenty-one of section thirty-six hundred two of this 6 chapter, (ii) plus the local district funding adjustment for the school 7 8 district pursuant to subdivision one of section thirty-six hundred nine-i of this chapter by (B) the total general fund expenditures for 9 the school district for the two thousand twenty--two thousand twenty-one 10 11 school year calculated pursuant to an electronic data file created for 12 the purpose of compliance with paragraph b of subdivision twenty-one of 13 section three hundred five of this chapter published on May fifteenth, 14 two thousand twenty-one.

15 (ix) for the two thousand twenty-two--two thousand twenty-three 16 through two thousand twenty-four--two thousand twenty-five school years 17 the charter school basic tuition shall be the lesser of (A) the product 18 of (i) for the two thousand twenty-two--two thousand twenty-three school 19 year, the charter school basic tuition calculated for the base year divided by the difference of one less the adjustment factor and for the 20 21 two thousand twenty-three--two thousand twenty-four and two thousand 22 twenty-four--two thousand twenty-five school years, the charter school basic tuition calculated for the base year multiplied by (ii) the aver-23 24 age of the quotients for each school year in the period commencing with the year four years prior to the base year and finishing with the year 25 26 prior to the base year, excluding the two thousand twenty--two thousand 27 twenty-one school year, of the total approved operating expense for such 28 school district calculated pursuant to paragraph t of subdivision one of 29 section thirty-six hundred two of this chapter for each such year 30 divided by the total approved operating expense for such district for 31 the immediately preceding year or (B) the quotient of the total general fund expenditures for the school district calculated pursuant to an 32 33 electronic data file created for the purpose of compliance with para-34 graph b of subdivision twenty-one of section three hundred five of this 35 chapter published annually on May fifteenth for the year prior to the 36 base year divided by the total estimated public enrollment for the 37 school district pursuant to paragraph n of subdivision one of section 38 thirty-six hundred two of this chapter for the year prior to the base 39 year.

40 § 36. The closing paragraph of paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 of 41 section 2856 of the education law, as amended by section 4 of part YYY 42 of chapter 59 of the laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:

43 (a-1) For the purposes of this subdivision, the "supplemental basic 44 tuition" shall be (A) for a school district for which the charter school 45 basic tuition computed for the current year is greater than or equal to 46 the charter school basic tuition for the two thousand ten--two thousand 47 eleven school year pursuant to the provisions of subparagraph (i) of 48 this paragraph, (1) for the two thousand fourteen--two thousand fifteen 49 school year two hundred and fifty dollars, and (2) for the two thousand fifteen--two thousand sixteen school year three hundred and fifty 50 51 dollars, and (3) for the two thousand sixteen--two thousand seventeen 52 school year five hundred dollars, and (4) for the two thousand seventeen--two thousand eighteen school year and thereafter, the sum of 53 (i) the supplemental basic tuition calculated for the two thousand sixteen-54 55 -two thousand seventeen school year plus (ii) five hundred dollars, anđ (B) for school years prior to the two thousand seventeen -- two thousand 56



1 eighteen school year, for a school district for which the charter school 2 basic tuition for the two thousand ten--two thousand eleven school year greater than the charter school basic tuition for the current year 3 is pursuant to the provisions of subparagraph (i) of this paragraph, the 4 positive difference of the charter school basic tuition for the two 5 thousand ten--two thousand eleven school year minus the charter school 6 7 basic tuition for the current year pursuant to the provisions of subparagraph (i) of this paragraph and (C) for school years following the two 8 thousand sixteen--two thousand seventeen school years, for a school 9 district for which the charter school basic tuition for the two thousand 10 11 ten--two thousand eleven school year is greater than the charter school 12 basic tuition for the current year pursuant to the provisions of subpar-13 agraph (i) of this paragraph, the sum of (i) the supplemental basic 14 tuition calculated for the two thousand sixteen -- two thousand seventeen 15 school year plus (ii) five hundred dollars. Provided, however, that 16 notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of law, for the two thousand 17 twenty--two thousand twenty-one school year, the supplemental basic 18 tuition shall be reduced by an amount equal to the product of (i) one 19 half multiplied by (ii) the adjustment factor as defined in this section, further multiplied by (iii) the charter school basic tuition 20 21 for the two thousand twenty-one--two thousand twenty-two school year, but shall not be less than zero. 22 § 36-a. The closing paragraph of paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 of 23 section 2856 of the education law, as amended by section 4-a of part YYY 24 25 of chapter 59 of the laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows: 26 (a-1) For the purposes of this subdivision, the "supplemental basic 27 tuition" shall be (A) for a school district for which the charter school 28 basic tuition computed for the current year is greater than or equal to 29 the charter school basic tuition for the two thousand ten--two thousand eleven school year pursuant to the provisions of subparagraph (i) of 30 this paragraph, (1) for the two thousand fourteen -- two thousand fifteen 31 school year two hundred and fifty dollars, and (2) for the two thousand 32 33 fifteen--two thousand sixteen school year three hundred and fifty 34 dollars, and (3) for the two thousand sixteen--two thousand seventeen 35 school year five hundred dollars, and (4) for the two thousand seven-36 teen--two thousand eighteen school year and thereafter, the sum of (i) 37 the supplemental basic tuition calculated for the two thousand sixteen-38 -two thousand seventeen school year plus (ii) five hundred dollars, and 39 for school years prior to the two thousand seventeen -- two thousand (B) 40 eighteen school year, for a school district for which the charter school 41 basic tuition for the two thousand ten--two thousand eleven school year 42 is greater than the charter school basic tuition for the current year 43 pursuant to the provisions of subparagraph (i) of this paragraph, the 44 positive difference of the charter school basic tuition for the two 45 thousand ten--two thousand eleven school year minus the charter school 46 basic tuition for the current year pursuant to the provisions of subpar-47 agraph (i) of this paragraph and (C) for school years following the two thousand sixteen -- two thousand seventeen school years, for a school 48 49 district for which the charter school basic tuition for the two thousand ten--two thousand eleven school year is greater than the charter school 50 basic tuition for the current year pursuant to the provisions of subpar-51 52 agraph (i) of this paragraph, the sum of (i) the supplemental basic tuition calculated for the two thousand sixteen -- two thousand seventeen 53 school year plus (ii) five hundred dollars. Provided, however, that 54 notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of law, for the two thousand 55 twenty--two thousand twenty-one school year, the supplemental basic 56



1 tuition shall be reduced by an amount equal to the product of (i) one 2 half multiplied by (ii) the adjustment factor as defined in this 3 section, further multiplied by (iii) the charter school basic tuition 4 for the two thousand twenty-one--two thousand twenty-two school year, 5 but shall not be less than zero.

6 § 36-b. Subdivision 9 of section 2852 of the education law, as amended 7 by section 2 of subpart A of part B of chapter 20 of the laws of 2015, 8 is amended to read as follows:

9. The total number of charters issued pursuant to this article state-9 wide shall not exceed four hundred sixty. (a) All charters issued on or 10 11 after July first, two thousand fifteen and counted toward the numerical 12 limits established by this subdivision shall be issued by the board of 13 regents upon application directly to the board of regents or on the 14 recommendation of the board of trustees of the state university of New 15 York pursuant to a competitive process in accordance with subdivision 16 nine-a of this section. Fifty of such charters issued on or after July 17 first, two thousand fifteen, and no more, shall be granted to a charter for a school to be located in a city having a population of one million 18 19 or more. The failure of any body to issue the regulations authorized pursuant to this article shall not affect the authority of a charter 20 21 entity to propose a charter to the board of regents or the board of 22 regents' authority to grant such charter. A conversion of an existing 23 public school to a charter school, or the renewal or extension of a charter approved by any charter entity, or the reissuance of a surren-24 25 dered, revoked or terminated charter pursuant to paragraph (b) or (b-1) 26 of this subdivision shall not be counted toward the numerical limits 27 established by this subdivision.

28 (b) A charter that has been surrendered, revoked or terminated on or 29 before July first, two thousand fifteen, including a charter that has 30 not been renewed by action of its charter entity, may be reissued pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subdivision by the board of regents either 31 upon application directly to the board of regents or on the recommenda-32 33 tion of the board of trustees of the state university of New York pursuant to a competitive process in accordance with subdivision nine-a of 34 this section. Provided that such reissuance shall not be counted toward 35 36 the statewide numerical limit established by this subdivision, and 37 provided further that no more than twenty-two charters may be reissued 38 pursuant to this paragraph.

39 (b-1) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, a charter 40 that has been surrendered, revoked or terminated after July first, two 41 thousand fifteen, including a charter that has not been renewed by 42 action of its charter entity, may be reissued pursuant to paragraph (a) 43 of this subdivision by the board of regents either upon application 44 directly to the board of regents or on the recommendation of the board 45 of trustees of the state university of New York pursuant to a compet-46 itive process in accordance with subdivision nine-a of this section. 47 Provided that such reissuance shall not be counted toward the numerical 48 limits established by this subdivision.

49 (c) For purposes of determining the total number of charters issued 50 within the numerical limits established by this subdivision, the 51 approval date of the charter entity shall be the determining factor.

52 (d) Notwithstanding any provision of this article to the contrary, any 53 charter authorized to be issued by chapter fifty-seven of the laws of 54 two thousand seven effective July first, two thousand seven, and that 55 remains unissued as of July first, two thousand fifteen, may be issued 56 pursuant to the provisions of law applicable to a charter authorized to



1 be issued by such chapter in effect as of June fifteenth, two thousand 2 fifteen; provided however that nothing in this paragraph shall be 3 construed to increase the numerical limit applicable to a city having a 4 population of one million or more as provided in paragraph (a) of this 5 subdivision, as amended by [a] <u>subpart A of part B of</u> chapter <u>twenty</u> of 6 the laws of two thousand fifteen [which added this paragraph].

7 § 37. Paragraph a of subdivision 6-g of section 3602 of the education 8 law, as amended by section 11-a of part A of chapter 54 of the laws of 9 2016, is amended to read as follows:

a. The city school district of the city of New York, upon documenting 10 11 that it has incurred total aggregate expenses of forty million dollars 12 or more pursuant to subparagraph five of paragraph (e) of subdivision 13 three of section twenty-eight hundred fifty-three of this chapter, shall 14 be eligible for an apportionment through the two thousand nineteen -- two 15 thousand twenty school year, pursuant to this subdivision for its annual 16 approved expenditures incurred through the two thousand eighteen -- two thousand nineteen school year, for the lease of space for charter 17 18 schools incurred in the base year in accordance with paragraph (e) of 19 subdivision three of section twenty-eight hundred fifty-three of this 20 chapter.

§ 38. Section 3 of chapter 507 of the laws of 1974, relating to 21 providing for the apportionment of state monies to certain nonpublic 22 in 23 schools, to reimburse them for their expenses complying with 24 certain state requirements for the administration of state testing and evaluation programs and for participation in state programs for the 25 26 reporting of basic educational data, as amended by chapter 347 of the 27 laws of 2018, is amended to read as follows:

28 § 3. Apportionment. a. The commissioner shall annually apportion to 29 each qualifying school, for school years beginning on and after July 30 first, nineteen hundred seventy-four, an amount equal to the actual cost 31 incurred by each such school during the preceding school year for providing services required by law to be rendered to the state in 32 33 compliance with the requirements of the state's pupil evaluation 34 program, the basic educational data system, regents examinations, the 35 statewide evaluation plan, the uniform procedure for pupil attendance 36 reporting, the state's immunization program and other similar state 37 prepared examinations and reporting procedures. Provided that each 38 nonpublic school that seeks aid payable in the two thousand twenty--two 39 thousand twenty-one school year to reimburse two thousand nineteen--two 40 thousand twenty school year expenses shall submit a claim for such aid 41 to the state education department no later than May fifteenth, two thou-42 sand twenty-one and such claims shall be paid by the state education 43 department no later than June thirtieth, two thousand twenty-one. 44 Provided further that each nonpublic school that seeks aid payable in 45 the two thousand twenty-one--two thousand twenty-two school year and 46 thereafter shall submit a claim for such aid to the state education 47 department no later than April first of the school year in which aid is 48 payable and such claims shall be paid by the state education department no later than May thirty-first of such school year. Provided, however, 49 50 that the state's liability under this section shall be limited to the 51 annual amount appropriated for such purpose. In the event that total 52 claims submitted exceed the appropriation available for such aid, each claimant shall only be reimbursed an amount equal to the percentage that 53 54 each such claimant represents to the total of all claims submitted. 55 b. Such nonpublic schools shall be eligible to receive aid based on

56 the number of days or portion of days attendance is taken and either a



1 5.0/5.5 hour standard instructional day, or another work day as certi-2 fied by the nonpublic school officials, in accordance with the methodol-3 ogy for computing salary and benefits applied by the department in 4 paying aid for the two thousand twelve--two thousand thirteen and prior 5 school years.

6 c. The commissioner shall annually apportion to each qualifying school 7 in the cities of New York, Buffalo and Rochester, for school years 8 beginning on or after July first two thousand sixteen, an amount equal 9 to the actual cost incurred by each such school during the preceding 10 school year in meeting the recording and reporting requirements of the 11 state school immunization program, provided that the state's liability 12 shall be limited to the amount appropriated for this purpose.

13 § 39. Subdivision b of section 2 of chapter 756 of the laws of 1992, 14 relating to funding a program for work force education conducted by the 15 consortium for worker education in New York city, as amended by section 16 30 of part A of chapter 56 of the laws of 2020, is amended to read as 17 follows:

18 Reimbursement for programs approved in accordance with subdivision b. 19 a of this section for the reimbursement for the 2018--2019 school year shall not exceed 59.4 percent of the lesser of such approvable costs per 20 21 contact hour or fourteen dollars and ninety-five cents per contact hour, 22 reimbursement for the 2019--2020 school year shall not exceed 57.7 percent of the lesser of such approvable costs per contact hour or 23 fifteen dollars sixty cents per contact hour, [and] reimbursement for 24 25 the 2020--2021 school year shall not exceed 56.9 percent of the lesser of such approvable costs per contact hour or sixteen dollars and twen-26 27 ty-five cents per contact hour, and reimbursement for the 2021--2022 28 school year shall not exceed 56.0 percent of the lesser of such approva-29 ble costs per contact hour or sixteen dollars and thirty-five cents per contact hour, and where a contact hour represents sixty minutes of 30 instruction services provided to an eligible adult. Notwithstanding any 31 other provision of law to the contrary, for the 2018--2019 school year 32 33 such contact hours shall not exceed one million four hundred sixty-three thousand nine hundred sixty-three (1,463,963); for the 2019--2020 school 34 35 year such contact hours shall not exceed one million four hundred 36 forty-four thousand four hundred forty-four (1,444,444); [and] for the 37 2020--2021 school year such contact hours shall not exceed one million 38 four hundred six thousand nine hundred twenty-six (1,406,926); and for 39 the 2021--2022 school year such contact hours shall not exceed one 40 million two hundred fifty-six thousand eight hundred thirty (1,256,830). 41 Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the appor-42 tionment calculated for the city school district of the city of New York 43 pursuant to subdivision 11 of section 3602 of the education law shall be 44 computed as if such contact hours provided by the consortium for worker 45 education, not to exceed the contact hours set forth herein, were eligi-46 ble for aid in accordance with the provisions of such subdivision 11 of 47 section 3602 of the education law.

48 § 40. Section 4 of chapter 756 of the laws of 1992, relating to fund-49 ing a program for work force education conducted by the consortium for 50 worker education in New York city, is amended by adding a new subdivi-51 sion z to read as follows:

52 z. The provisions of this subdivision shall not apply after the 53 completion of payments for the 2021--2022 school year. Notwithstanding 54 any inconsistent provisions of law, the commissioner of education shall 55 withhold a portion of employment preparation education aid due to the 56 city school district of the city of New York to support a portion of the



costs of the work force education program. Such moneys shall be credited 1 2 to the elementary and secondary education fund-local assistance account and shall not exceed eleven million five hundred thousand dollars 3 4 (\$11,500,000). § 41. Section 6 of chapter 756 of the laws of 1992, relating to fund-5 6 ing a program for work force education conducted by the consortium for worker education in New York city, as amended by section 32 of part A of 7 chapter 56 of the laws of 2020, is amended to read as follows: 8 § 6. This act shall take effect July 1, 1992, and shall be deemed 9 repealed on June 30, [2021] 2022. 10 11 § 42. Section 12 of chapter 147 of the laws of 2001, amending the 12 education law relating to conditional appointment of school district, 13 charter school or BOCES employees, as amended by section 34 of part A of 14 chapter 56 of the laws of 2020, is amended to read as follows: 15 § 12. This act shall take effect on the same date as chapter 180 of 16 the laws of 2000 takes effect, and shall expire July 1, [2021] 2022 when 17 upon such date the provisions of this act shall be deemed repealed. 18 § 43. Section 4 of chapter 425 of the laws of 2002, amending the 19 education law relating to the provision of supplemental educational 20 services, attendance at a safe public school and the suspension of 21 pupils who bring a firearm to or possess a firearm at a school, as 22 amended by section 35 of part A of chapter 56 of the laws of 2020, is 23 amended to read as follows: § 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2002 and section one of this 24 25 act shall expire and be deemed repealed June 30, 2019, and sections two and three of this act shall expire and be deemed repealed on June 30, 26 27 [2021] 2022. 28 § 44. Section 5 of chapter 101 of the laws of 2003, amending the 29 education law relating to the implementation of the No Child Left Behind Act of 2001, as amended by section 36 of part A of chapter 56 of the 30 laws of 2020, is amended to read as follows: 31 32 § 5. This act shall take effect immediately; provided that sections 33 one, two and three of this act shall expire and be deemed repealed on 34 June 30, [2021] 2022. 35 § 45. School bus driver training. In addition to apportionments otherwise provided by section 3602 of the education law, for aid payable in 36 37 the 2021--2022 school year, the commissioner of education shall allocate 38 school bus driver training grants to school districts and boards of 39 cooperative educational services pursuant to sections 3650-a, 3650-b and 40 3650-c of the education law, or for contracts directly with not-for-pro-41 fit educational organizations for the purposes of this section. Such 42 payments shall not exceed four hundred thousand dollars (\$400,000) per 43 school year. 44 Special apportionment for salary expenses. a. Notwithstanding S 46. 45 any other provision of law, upon application to the commissioner of 46 education, not sooner than the first day of the second full business 47 week of June 2022 and not later than the last day of the third full business week of June 2022, a school district eligible for an apportion-48 ment pursuant to section 3602 of the education law shall be eligible to 49 50 receive an apportionment pursuant to this section, for the school year 51 ending June 30, 2022, for salary expenses incurred between April 1 and 52 June 30, 2021 and such apportionment shall not exceed the sum of (i) the deficit reduction assessment of 1990--1991 as determined by the commis-53 sioner of education, pursuant to paragraph f of subdivision 1 of section 54 55 3602 of the education law, as in effect through June 30, 1993, plus (ii) 186 percent of such amount for a city school district in a city with a 56



1 population in excess of 1,000,000 inhabitants, plus (iii) 209 percent of such amount for a city school district in a city with a population of 2 more than 195,000 inhabitants and less than 219,000 inhabitants accord-3 ing to the latest federal census, plus (iv) the net gap elimination 4 adjustment for 2010--2011, as determined by the commissioner of educa-5 tion pursuant to chapter 53 of the laws of 2010, plus (v) the gap elimi-6 nation adjustment for 2011--2012 as determined by the commissioner of 7 education pursuant to subdivision 17 of section 3602 of the education 8 and provided further that such apportionment shall not exceed such 9 law, salary expenses. Such application shall be made by a school district, 10 11 after the board of education or trustees have adopted a resolution to do 12 so and in the case of a city school district in a city with a population 13 in excess of 125,000 inhabitants, with the approval of the mayor of such 14 city.

15 b. The claim for an apportionment to be paid to a school district 16 pursuant to subdivision a of this section shall be submitted to the 17 commissioner of education on a form prescribed for such purpose, and 18 shall be payable upon determination by such commissioner that the form 19 has been submitted as prescribed. Such approved amounts shall be payable on the same day in September of the school year following the year in 20 21 which application was made as funds provided pursuant to subparagraph 22 (4) of paragraph b of subdivision 4 of section 92-c of the state finance on the audit and warrant of the state comptroller on vouchers 23 law, certified or approved by the commissioner of education in the manner 24 25 prescribed by law from moneys in the state lottery fund and from the 26 general fund to the extent that the amount paid to a school district 27 pursuant to this section exceeds the amount, if any, due such school 28 district pursuant to subparagraph (2) of paragraph a of subdivision 1 of 29 section 3609-a of the education law in the school year following the 30 year in which application was made.

31 Notwithstanding the provisions of section 3609-a of the education c. 32 law, an amount equal to the amount paid to a school district pursuant to 33 subdivisions a and b of this section shall first be deducted from the 34 following payments due the school district during the school year 35 following the year in which application was made pursuant to subpara-36 graphs (1), (2), (3), (4) and (5) of paragraph a of subdivision 1 of 37 section 3609-a of the education law in the following order: the lottery 38 apportionment payable pursuant to subparagraph (2) of such paragraph 39 followed by the fixed fall payments payable pursuant to subparagraph (4) 40 of such paragraph and then followed by the district's payments to the 41 teachers' retirement system pursuant to subparagraph (1) of such para-42 graph, and any remainder to be deducted from the individualized payments 43 due the district pursuant to paragraph b of such subdivision shall be 44 deducted on a chronological basis starting with the earliest payment due 45 the district.

46 47. Special apportionment for public pension accruals. a. Notwith-§ 47 standing any other provision of law, upon application to the commissioner of education, not later than June 30, 2022, a school district eligi-48 49 ble for an apportionment pursuant to section 3602 of the education law shall be eligible to receive an apportionment pursuant to this section, 50 51 for the school year ending June 30, 2022 and such apportionment shall 52 not exceed the additional accruals required to be made by school districts in the 2004--2005 and 2005--2006 school years associated with 53 changes for such public pension liabilities. The amount of such addi-54 tional accrual shall be certified to the commissioner of education by 55 the president of the board of education or the trustees or, in the case 56



1 of a city school district in a city with a population in excess of 2 125,000 inhabitants, the mayor of such city. Such application shall be 3 made by a school district, after the board of education or trustees have 4 adopted a resolution to do so and in the case of a city school district 5 in a city with a population in excess of 125,000 inhabitants, with the 6 approval of the mayor of such city.

The claim for an apportionment to be paid to a school district 7 b. pursuant to subdivision a of this section shall be submitted to the 8 commissioner of education on a form prescribed for such purpose, and 9 shall be payable upon determination by such commissioner that the form 10 11 has been submitted as prescribed. Such approved amounts shall be payable 12 on the same day in September of the school year following the year in 13 which application was made as funds provided pursuant to subparagraph 14 (4) of paragraph b of subdivision 4 of section 92-c of the state finance 15 law, on the audit and warrant of the state comptroller on vouchers 16 certified or approved by the commissioner of education in the manner 17 prescribed by law from moneys in the state lottery fund and from the 18 general fund to the extent that the amount paid to a school district 19 pursuant to this section exceeds the amount, if any, due such school 20 district pursuant to subparagraph (2) of paragraph a of subdivision 1 of 21 section 3609-a of the education law in the school year following the 22 year in which application was made.

23 Notwithstanding the provisions of section 3609-a of the education c. 24 law, an amount equal to the amount paid to a school district pursuant to subdivisions a and b of this section shall first be deducted from the 25 following payments due the school district during the school year 26 27 following the year in which application was made pursuant to subpara-28 graphs (1), (2), (3), (4) and (5) of paragraph a of subdivision 1 of 29 section 3609-a of the education law in the following order: the lottery apportionment payable pursuant to subparagraph (2) of such paragraph 30 followed by the fixed fall payments payable pursuant to subparagraph (4) 31 32 of such paragraph and then followed by the district's payments to the 33 teachers' retirement system pursuant to subparagraph (1) of such para-34 graph, and any remainder to be deducted from the individualized payments 35 due the district pursuant to paragraph b of such subdivision shall be 36 deducted on a chronological basis starting with the earliest payment due 37 the district.

38 § 48. Notwithstanding the provision of any law, rule, or regulation to 39 the contrary, the city school district of the city of Rochester, upon 40 the consent of the board of cooperative educational services of the 41 supervisory district serving its geographic region may purchase from 42 such board for the 2021--2022 school year, as a non-component school 43 district, services required by article 19 of the education law.

44 § 49. The amounts specified in this section shall be a set-aside from 45 the state funds which each such district is receiving from the total 46 foundation aid:

47 for the development, maintenance or expansion of magnet schools or a. 48 magnet school programs for the 2021--2022 school year. For the city 49 school district of the city of New York there shall be a setaside of foundation aid equal to forty-eight million one hundred seventy-five 50 thousand dollars (\$48,175,000) including five hundred thousand dollars 51 (\$500,000) for the Andrew Jackson High School; for the Buffalo city 52 53 twenty-one million twenty-five thousand dollars school district, (\$21,025,000); for the Rochester city school district, fifteen million 54 55 dollars (\$15,000,000); for the Syracuse city school district, thirteen million dollars (\$13,000,000); for the Yonkers city school district, 56



1 forty-nine million five hundred thousand dollars (\$49,500,000); for the Newburgh city school district, four million six hundred forty-five thou-2 sand dollars (\$4,645,000); for the Poughkeepsie city school district, 3 two million four hundred seventy-five thousand dollars (\$2,475,000); for 4 the Mount Vernon city school district, two million dollars (\$2,000,000); 5 the New Rochelle city school district, one million four hundred ten 6 for thousand dollars (\$1,410,000); for the Schenectady city school district, 7 8 one million eight hundred thousand dollars (\$1,800,000); for the Port Chester city school district, one million one hundred fifty thousand 9 dollars (\$1,150,000); for the White Plains city school district, nine 10 hundred thousand dollars (\$900,000); for the Niagara Falls city school 11 12 district, six hundred thousand dollars (\$600,000); for the Albany city 13 school district, three million five hundred fifty thousand dollars 14 (\$3,550,000); for the Utica city school district, two million dollars 15 (\$2,000,000); for the Beacon city school district, five hundred sixty-16 six thousand dollars (\$566,000); for the Middletown city school district, four hundred thousand dollars (\$400,000); for the Freeport 17 18 union free school district, four hundred thousand dollars (\$400,000); 19 for the Greenburgh central school district, three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000); for the Amsterdam city school district, eight 20 21 hundred thousand dollars (\$800,000); for the Peekskill city school district, two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000); and for the Hudson 22 23 city school district, four hundred thousand dollars (\$400,000).

Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of law to the contrary, 24 b. a school district setting aside such foundation aid pursuant to this 25 26 section may use such setaside funds for: (i) any instructional or 27 instructional support costs associated with the operation of a magnet school; or (ii) any instructional or instructional support costs associ-28 29 ated with implementation of an alternative approach to promote diversity and/or enhancement of the instructional program and raising of standards 30 in elementary and secondary schools of school districts having substan-31 tial concentrations of minority students. 32

33 c. The commissioner of education shall not be authorized to withhold 34 foundation aid from a school district that used such funds in accordance 35 with this paragraph, notwithstanding any inconsistency with a request 36 for proposals issued by such commissioner for the purpose of attendance 37 improvement and dropout prevention for the 2021--2022 school year, and 38 for any city school district in a city having a population of more than 39 one million, the setaside for attendance improvement and dropout 40 prevention shall equal the amount set aside in the base year. For the 41 2021--2022 school year, it is further provided that any city school 42 district in a city having a population of more than one million shall 43 allocate at least one-third of any increase from base year levels in 44 funds set aside pursuant to the requirements of this section to communi-45 ty-based organizations. Any increase required pursuant to this section 46 to community-based organizations must be in addition to allocations provided to community-based organizations in the base year. 47

48 d. For the purpose of teacher support for the 2021--2022 school year: 49 for the city school district of the city of New York, sixty-two million seven hundred seven thousand dollars (\$62,707,000); for the Buffalo city 50 school district, one million seven hundred forty-one thousand dollars 51 (\$1,741,000); for the Rochester city school district, one million seven-52 53 ty-six thousand dollars (\$1,076,000); for the Yonkers city school district, one million one hundred forty-seven 54 thousand dollars (\$1,147,000); and for the Syracuse city school district, eight hundred 55 nine thousand dollars (\$809,000). All funds made available to a school 56



1 district pursuant to this section shall be distributed among teachers 2 including prekindergarten teachers and teachers of adult vocational and academic subjects in accordance with this section and shall be in addi-3 tion to salaries heretofore or hereafter negotiated or made available; 4 provided, however, that all funds distributed pursuant to this section 5 for the current year shall be deemed to incorporate all funds distrib-6 uted pursuant to former subdivision 27 of section 3602 of the education 7 law for prior years. In school districts where the teachers are repres-8 ented by certified or recognized employee organizations, all salary 9 increases funded pursuant to this section shall be determined by sepa-10 11 rate collective negotiations conducted pursuant to the provisions and procedures of article 14 of the civil service law, notwithstanding the 12 13 existence of a negotiated agreement between a school district and a 14 certified or recognized employee organization.

15 § 50. Support of public libraries. The moneys appropriated for the 16 support of public libraries by a chapter of the laws of 2021 enacting 17 the aid to localities budget shall be apportioned for the 2021--2022 18 state fiscal year in accordance with the provisions of sections 271, 19 273, 282, 284 and 285 of the education law as amended by the 272, provisions of this chapter and the provisions of this section, provided 20 21 that library construction aid pursuant to section 273-a of the education 22 law shall not be payable from the appropriations for the support of 23 public libraries and provided further that no library, library system or 24 program, as defined by the commissioner of education, shall receive less total system or program aid than it received for the year 2001--2002 25 26 except as a result of a reduction adjustment necessary to conform to the 27 appropriations for support of public libraries.

28 Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary the moneys 29 appropriated for the support of public libraries for the year 2021--2022 by a chapter of the laws of 2021 enacting the education, labor and fami-30 ly assistance budget shall fulfill the state's obligation to provide 31 such aid and, pursuant to a plan developed by the commissioner of educa-32 33 tion and approved by the director of the budget, the aid payable to libraries and library systems pursuant to such appropriations shall be 34 35 reduced proportionately to assure that the total amount of aid payable does not exceed the total appropriations for such purpose. 36

37 § 51. Severability. The provisions of this act shall be severable, and 38 if the application of any clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, 39 section or part of this act to any person or circumstance shall be 40 adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such 41 judgment shall not necessarily affect, impair or invalidate the applica-42 tion of any such clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section, part 43 of this act or remainder thereof, as the case may be, to any other 44 person or circumstance, but shall be confined in its operation to the 45 clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section or part thereof 46 directly involved in the controversy in which such judgment shall have 47 been rendered.

48 § 52. This act shall take effect immediately, and shall be deemed to 49 have been in full force and effect on and after April 1, 2021, provided, 50 however, that:

Sections one, twenty-three, twenty-six, forty-one, forty-three,
 forty-four, forty-five, forty-eight and forty-nine of this act shall
 take effect July 1, 2021;

54 2. Sections twenty-nine and thirty-one of this act shall take effect 55 July 1, 2022;



1 3. Section thirty-three of this act shall take effect September 1, 2 2024; 3 4. The amendments to paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 of section 2856 of law made by section thirty-four of this act shall be 4 the education 5 subject to the expiration and reversion of such subdivision pursuant to subdivision d of section 27 of chapter 378 of the laws of 2007, as 6 amended, when upon such date the provisions of section thirty-five of 7 8 this act shall take effect; and 5. The amendments to paragraph (a-1) of subdivision 1 of section 2856 9 of the education law made by section thirty-six of this act shall be 10 11 subject to the expiration and reversion of such subdivision pursuant to 12 subdivision d of section 27 of chapter 378 of the laws of 2007, as

14 this act shall take effect.
15 6. The amendments to chapter 756 of the laws of 1992, relating to
16 funding a program for work force education conducted by a consortium for
17 worker education in New York City made by sections thirty-nine and forty
18 of this act shall not affect the repeal of such chapter and shall be
19 deemed repealed therewith.

20

13

PART B

amended, when upon such date the provisions of section thirty-six-a of

21 Section 1. Section 1503 of the business corporation law is amended by 22 adding a new paragraph (h) to read as follows:

23 (h) Any firm established for the business purpose of incorporating as 24 a professional service corporation formed to lawfully engage in the 25 practice of public accountancy, as such practice is respectively defined 26 under article one hundred forty-nine of the education law shall be 27 required to show (1) that a simple majority of the ownership of the firm, in terms of financial interests, and voting rights held by the 28 firm's owners, belongs to individuals licensed to practice public 29 30 accountancy in some state, and (2) that all shareholders of a professional service corporation whose principal place of business is in this 31 32 state, and who are engaged in the practice of public accountancy in this state, hold a valid license issued under section seventy-four hundred 33 34 four of the education law. For purposes of this paragraph, "financial 35 interest" means capital stock, capital accounts, capital contributions, 36 capital interest, or interest in undistributed earnings of a business entity. Although firms may include non-licensee owners, the firm and 37 38 its owners must comply with rules promulgated by the state board of 39 regents. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a firm incorporated under this 40 section may not have non-licensee owners if the firm's name includes the words "certified public accountant," or "certified public accountants," 41 42 or the abbreviations "CPA" or "CPAs". Each non-licensee owner of a firm that is incorporated under this section shall be a natural person who 43 44 actively participates in the business of the firm or its affiliated 45 entities. For purposes of this paragraph, "actively participate" means to provide services to clients or to otherwise individually take part in 46 47 the day-to-day business or management of the firm. Such a firm shall 48 have attached to its certificate of incorporation a certificate or 49 certificates demonstrating the firm's compliance with this paragraph, in 50 lieu of the certificate or certificates required by subparagraph (ii) of 51 paragraph (b) of this section.

52 § 2. Section 1507 of the business corporation law is amended by adding 53 a new paragraph (c) to read as follows:



1 (c) Any firm established for the business purpose of incorporating as 2 a professional service corporation pursuant to paragraph (h) of section 3 fifteen hundred three of this article may issue shares to individuals who are authorized by law to practice in this state the profession which 4 such corporation is authorized to practice and who are or have been 5 6 engaged in the practice of such profession in such corporation or a 7 predecessor entity, or who will engage in the practice of such profes-8 sion in such corporation within thirty days of the date such shares are 9 issued and may also issue shares to employees of the corporation not 10 licensed as certified public accountants, provided that: 11 (i) at least fifty-one percent of the outstanding shares of stock of 12 the corporation are owned by certified public accountants, 13 (ii) at least fifty-one percent of the directors are certified public 14 accountants, 15 (iii) at least fifty-one percent of the officers are certified public 16 accountants, 17 (iv) the president, the chairperson of the board of directors and the chief executive officer or officers are certified public accountants. 18 19 No shareholder of a firm established for the business purpose of incor-20 porating as a professional service corporation pursuant to paragraph (h) 21 of section fifteen hundred three of this article shall enter into a 22 voting trust agreement, proxy or any other type of agreement vesting in 23 another person, other than another shareholder of the same corporation, 24 the authority to exercise voting power of any or all of his or her 25 shares. All shares issued, agreements made or proxies granted in 26 violation of this section shall be void. 27 § 3. Section 1508 of the business corporation law is amended by adding 28 a new paragraph (c) to read as follows: (c) The directors and officers of any firm established for the busi-29 ness purpose of incorporating as a professional service corporation 30 pursuant to paragraph (h) of section fifteen hundred three of this arti-31 cle may include individuals who are not licensed to practice public 32 accountancy, provided however that at least fifty-one percent of the 33 34 directors, at least fifty-one percent of the officers and the president, 35 the chairperson of the board of directors and the chief executive offi-36 cer or officers are authorized by law to practice in any state the 37 profession which such corporation is authorized to practice, and are 38 either shareholders of such corporation or engaged in the practice of 39 their professions in such corporation. 40 § 4. Section 1509 of the business corporation law, as amended by chap-41 ter 550 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows: 42 § 1509. Disqualification of shareholders, directors, officers and 43 employees. 44 If any shareholder, director, officer or employee of a professional 45 service corporation, including a design professional service corpo-46 ration, who has been rendering professional service to the public 47 becomes legally disqualified to practice his or her profession within this state, he or she shall sever all employment with, and financial 48 49 interests (other than interests as a creditor) in, such corporation forthwith or as otherwise provided in section 1510 of this article. All 50 51 provisions of law regulating the rendering of professional services by a 52 person elected or appointed to a public office shall be applicable to a shareholder, director, officer and employee of such corporation in the 53 same manner and to the same extent as if fully set forth herein. Such 54 55 legal disqualification to practice his or her profession within this state shall be deemed to constitute an irrevocable offer by the disqual-56



1 ified shareholder to sell his or her shares to the corporation, pursuant to the provisions of section 1510 of this article or of the certificate 2 of incorporation, by-laws or agreement among the corporation and all 3 shareholders, whichever is applicable. Compliance with the terms of such 4 offer shall be specifically enforceable in the courts of this state. A 5 6 professional service corporation's failure to enforce compliance with 7 this provision shall constitute a ground for forfeiture of its certif-8 icate of incorporation and its dissolution.

9 § 5. Paragraph (a) of section 1511 of the business corporation law, as 10 amended by chapter 550 of the laws of 2011, is amended and a new para-11 graph (c) is added to read as follows:

12 (a) No shareholder of a professional service corporation [or], includ-13 ing a design professional service corporation, may sell or transfer his 14 or her shares in such corporation except to another individual who is 15 eligible to have shares issued to him or her by such corporation or 16 except in trust to another individual who would be eligible to receive 17 shares if he or she were employed by the corporation. Nothing herein contained shall be construed to prohibit the transfer of shares by oper-18 19 ation of law or by court decree. No transferee of shares by operation law or court decree may vote the shares for any purpose whatsoever 20 of 21 except with respect to corporate action under sections 909 and 1001 of 22 this chapter. The restriction in the preceding sentence shall not apply, 23 however, where such transferee would be eligible to have shares issued 24 to him or her if he or she were an employee of the corporation and, if there are other shareholders, a majority of such other shareholders 25 shall fail to redeem the shares so transferred, pursuant to section 1510 26 27 of this article, within sixty days of receiving written notice of such 28 transfer. Any sale or transfer, except by operation of law or court 29 decree or except for a corporation having only one shareholder, may be 30 made only after the same shall have been approved by the board of directors, or at a shareholders' meeting specially called for such purpose by 31 such proportion, not less than a majority, of the outstanding shares as 32 33 may be provided in the certificate of incorporation or in the by-laws of such professional service corporation. At such shareholders' meeting the 34 shares held by the shareholder proposing to sell or transfer his or her 35 36 shares may not be voted or counted for any purpose, unless all share-37 holders consent that such shares be voted or counted. The certificate of 38 incorporation or the by-laws of the professional service corporation, or 39 the professional service corporation and the shareholders by private 40 agreement, may provide, in lieu of or in addition to the foregoing 41 provisions, for the alienation of shares and may require the redemption 42 or purchase of such shares by such corporation at prices and in a manner 43 specifically set forth therein. The existence of the restrictions on the 44 sale or transfer of shares, as contained in this article and, if appli-45 cable, in the certificate of incorporation, by-laws, stock purchase or 46 stock redemption agreement, shall be noted conspicuously on the face or 47 back of every certificate for shares issued by a professional service corporation. Any sale or transfer in violation of such restrictions 48 49 shall be void. (c) A firm established for the business purpose of incorporating as a 50

50 (c) A firm established for the business purpose of incorporating as a 51 professional service corporation pursuant to paragraph (h) of section 52 fifteen hundred three of this article, shall purchase or redeem the 53 shares of a non-licensed professional shareholder in the case of his or 54 her termination of employment within thirty days after such termination. 55 A firm established for the business purpose of incorporating as a 56 professional service corporation pursuant to paragraph (h) of section



1	fifteen hundred three of this article, shall not be required to purchase
2	or redeem the shares of a terminated non-licensed professional share-
3	holder if such shares, within thirty days after such termination, are
4	sold or transferred to another employee of the corporation pursuant to
5	this article.
6	§ 6. Section 1514 of the business corporation law is amended by adding
7	a new paragraph (c) to read as follows:
8	(c) Each firm established for the business purpose of incorporating as
9	a professional service corporation pursuant to paragraph (h) of section
10	fifteen hundred three of this article shall, at least once every three
11	years on or before the date prescribed by the licensing authority,
12	furnish a statement to the licensing authority listing the names and
13	residence addresses of each shareholder, director and officer of such
14	corporation and certify as the date of certification and at all times
15	over the entire three year period that:
16	(i) at least fifty-one percent of the outstanding shares of stock of
17	the corporation are and were owned by certified public accountants,
18	(ii) at least fifty-one percent of the directors are and were certi-
19	fied public accountants,
20	(iii) at least fifty-one percent of the officers are and were certi-
21	fied public accountants,
22	(iv) the president, the chairperson of the board of directors and the
23	chief executive officer or officers are and were certified public
24	accountants.
25	The statement shall be signed by the president or any certified public
26	accountant vice-president and attested to by the secretary or any
27	assistant secretary of the corporation.
28	§ 7. Paragraph (d) of section 1525 of the business corporation law, as
29	added by chapter 505 of the laws of 1983, is amended to read as follows:
30	(d) "Foreign professional service corporation" means a professional
31	service corporation, whether or not denominated as such, organized under
32	the laws of a jurisdiction other than this state, all of the sharehold-
33	ers, directors and officers of which are authorized and licensed to
34	practice the profession for which such corporation is licensed to do
35	business; except that all shareholders, directors and officers of a
36	foreign professional service corporation which provides health services
37	in this state shall be licensed in this state. A foreign professional
38	service corporation formed to lawfully engage in the practice of public
39	accountancy, as such practice is defined under article one hundred
40	forty-nine of the education law, or equivalent state law, shall be
41	required to show (1) that a simple majority of the ownership of the
42	firm, in terms of financial interests, and voting rights held by the
43	firm's owners, belongs to individuals licensed to practice public
44	accountancy in some state, and (2) that all shareholders of a foreign
45	professional service corporation whose principal place of business is in
46	this state, and who are engaged in the practice of public accountancy in
47	this state, hold a valid license issued under section seventy-four
48	hundred four of the education law. For purposes of this paragraph,
49	"financial interest" means capital stock, capital accounts, capital
50	contributions, capital interest, or interest in undistributed earnings
51	of a business entity. Although firms may include non-licensee owners,
52	the firm and its owners must comply with rules promulgated by the state
53	board of regents. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a firm registered
54	under this section may not have non-licensee owners if the firm's name
55	includes the words "certified public accountant," or "certified public
56	accountants," or the abbreviations "CPA" or "CPAs" Each non-licensee



1 owner of a firm that is operating under this section shall be a natural 2 person who actively participates in the business of the firm or its 3 affiliated entities, provided each beneficial owner of an equity interest in such entity is a natural person who actively participates in the 4 business conducted by the firm or its affiliated entities. For purposes 5 6 of this paragraph, "actively participate" means to provide services to 7 clients or to otherwise individually take part in the day-to-day busi-8 ness or management of the firm. Subdivision (q) of section 121-1500 of the partnership law, as 9 S 8. amended by chapter 475 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as 10 11 follows: 12 (q) Each partner of a registered limited liability partnership formed 13 to provide medical services in this state must be licensed pursuant to 14 article 131 of the education law to practice medicine in this state and 15 each partner of a registered limited liability partnership formed to 16 provide dental services in this state must be licensed pursuant to arti-17 cle 133 of the education law to practice dentistry in this state. Each partner of a registered limited liability partnership formed to provide 18 19 veterinary services in this state must be licensed pursuant to article 20 135 of the education law to practice veterinary medicine in this state. 21 Each partner of a registered limited liability partnership formed to 22 provide public accountancy services, whose principal place of business 23 is in this state and who provides public accountancy services, must be licensed pursuant to article 149 of the education law to practice public 24 25 accountancy in this state. Each partner of a registered limited liability partnership formed to provide professional engineering, land survey-26 27 ing, geological services, architectural and/or landscape architectural 28 services in this state must be licensed pursuant to article 145, article 29 147 and/or article 148 of the education law to practice one or more of such professions in this state. Each partner of a registered limited 30 liability partnership formed to provide licensed clinical social work 31 services in this state must be licensed pursuant to article 154 of the 32 33 education law to practice clinical social work in this state. Each partner of a registered limited liability partnership formed to provide 34 creative arts therapy services in this state must be licensed pursuant 35 36 to article 163 of the education law to practice creative arts therapy in 37 this state. Each partner of a registered limited liability partnership 38 formed to provide marriage and family therapy services in this state 39 must be licensed pursuant to article 163 of the education law to prac-40 tice marriage and family therapy in this state. Each partner of a regis-41 tered limited liability partnership formed to provide mental health 42 counseling services in this state must be licensed pursuant to article 43 163 of the education law to practice mental health counseling in this 44 state. Each partner of a registered limited liability partnership formed 45 to provide psychoanalysis services in this state must be licensed pursu-46 ant to article 163 of the education law to practice psychoanalysis in state. Each partner of a registered limited liability partnership 47 this formed to provide applied behavior analysis service in this state must 48 49 be licensed or certified pursuant to article 167 of the education law to 50 practice applied behavior analysis in this state. A limited liability 51 partnership formed to lawfully engage in the practice of public accoun-52 tancy, as such practice is respectively defined under article 149 of the 53 education law, shall be required to show (1) that a simple majority of the ownership of the firm, in terms of financial interests, and voting 54 rights held by the firm's owners, belongs to individuals licensed to 55 practice public accountancy in some state, and (2) that all partners of 56



1 a limited liability partnership whose principal place of business is in 2 this state, and who are engaged in the practice of public accountancy in this state, hold a valid license issued under section seventy-four 3 hundred four of the education law. For purposes of this subdivision, 4 "financial interest" means capital stock, capital accounts, capital 5 6 contributions, capital interest, or interest in undistributed earnings 7 of a business entity. Although firms may include non-licensee owners, 8 the firm and its owners must comply with rules promulgated by the state 9 board of regents. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a firm registered under this section may not have non-licensee owners if the firm's name 10 includes the words "certified public accountant," or "certified public 11 accounts, " or the abbreviations "CPA" or "CPAs". Each non-licensee owner 12 13 of a firm that is formed under this section shall be (1) a natural 14 person who actively participates in the business of the firm or its 15 affiliated entities, or (2) an entity, including, but not limited to, a 16 partnership or professional corporation, provided each beneficial owner 17 of an equity interest in such entity is a natural person who actively 18 participates in the business conducted by the firm or its affiliated 19 entities. For purposes of this subdivision, "actively participate" means 20 to provide services to clients or to otherwise individually take part in 21 the day-to-day business or management of the firm. 22 § 9. Subdivision (q) of section 121-1502 of the partnership law, as amended by chapter 475 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as 23 24 follows: (q) Each partner of a foreign limited liability partnership which 25 26 provides medical services in this state must be licensed pursuant to 27 article 131 of the education law to practice medicine in the state and 28 each partner of a foreign limited liability partnership which provides 29 dental services in the state must be licensed pursuant to article 133 of the education law to practice dentistry in this state. Each partner of a 30 foreign limited liability partnership which provides veterinary service 31 in the state shall be licensed pursuant to article 135 of the education 32 33 law to practice veterinary medicine in this state. Each partner of a 34 foreign limited liability partnership which provides professional engi-35 neering, land surveying, geological services, architectural and/or landscape architectural services in this state must be licensed pursuant to 36 37 article 145, article 147 and/or article 148 of the education law to 38 practice one or more of such professions. Each partner of a foreign 39 registered limited liability partnership formed to provide public 40 accountancy services, whose principal place of business is in this state 41 and who provides public accountancy services, must be licensed pursuant 42 to article 149 of the education law to practice public accountancy in this state. Each partner of a foreign limited liability partnership 43 44 which provides licensed clinical social work services in this state must 45 be licensed pursuant to article 154 of the education law to practice 46 licensed clinical social work in this state. Each partner of a foreign 47 limited liability partnership which provides creative arts therapy 48 services in this state must be licensed pursuant to article 163 of the 49 education law to practice creative arts therapy in this state. Each partner of a foreign limited liability partnership which provides 50 marriage and family therapy services in this state must be licensed 51 52 pursuant to article 163 of the education law to practice marriage and family therapy in this state. Each partner of a foreign limited liabil-53 ity partnership which provides mental health counseling services in this 54 55 state must be licensed pursuant to article 163 of the education law to practice mental health counseling in this state. Each partner of a 56



1 foreign limited liability partnership which provides psychoanalysis services in this state must be licensed pursuant to article 163 of the 2 3 education law to practice psychoanalysis in this state. Each partner of a foreign limited liability partnership which provides applied behavior 4 5 analysis services in this state must be licensed or certified pursuant 6 to article 167 of the education law to practice applied behavior analysis in this state. A foreign limited liability partnership formed to 7 8 lawfully engage in the practice of public accountancy, as such practice 9 is respectively defined under article 149 of the education law, shall be required to show (1) that a simple majority of the ownership of the 10 firm, in terms of financial interests, and voting rights held by the 11 12 firm's owners, belongs to individuals licensed to practice public 13 accountancy in some state, and (2) that all partners of a foreign limit-14 ed liability partnership whose principal place of business is in this 15 state, and who are engaged in the practice of public accountancy in this 16 state, hold a valid license issued under section seventy-four hundred 17 four of the education law. For purposes of this subdivision, "financial 18 interest" means capital stock, capital accounts, capital contributions, capital interest, or interest in undistributed earnings of a business 19 20 entity. Although firms may include non-licensee owners, the firm and 21 its owners must comply with rules promulgated by the state board of 22 regents. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a firm registered under this section may not have non-licensee owners if the firm's name includes the 23 24 words "certified public accountant," or "certified public accountants," 25 or the abbreviations "CPA" or "CPAs". Each non-licensee owner of a firm 26 that is formed under this section shall be (1) a natural person who 27 actively participates in the business of the firm or its affiliated 28 entities, or (2) an entity, including, but not limited to, a partnership 29 or professional corporation, provided each beneficial owner of an equity 30 interest in such entity is a natural person who actively participates in the business conducted by the firm or its affiliated entities. For 31 purposes of this subdivision, "actively participate" means to provide 32 33 services to clients or to otherwise individually take part in the day-34 to-day business or management of the firm. 35 § 10. Subdivision (h) of section 121-101 of the partnership law, as added by chapter 950 of the laws of 1990, is amended to read as follows: 36 37 (h) "Limited partnership" and "domestic limited partnership" mean, 38 unless the context otherwise requires, a partnership (i) formed by two

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39 or more persons pursuant to this article or which complies with subdivi-40 sion (a) of section 121-1202 of this article and (ii) having one or more 41 general partners and one or more limited partners. Notwithstanding any 42 other provisions of law a limited partnership or domestic limited part-43 nership formed to lawfully engage in the practice of public accountancy, 44 as such practice is respectively defined under article 149 of the educa-45 tion law shall be required to show (1) that a simple majority of the 46 ownership of the firm, in terms of financial interests, including owner-47 ship-based compensation, and voting rights held by the firm's owners, 48 belongs to individuals licensed to practice public accountancy in some 49 state, and (2) that all partners of a limited partnership or domestic 50 limited partnership, whose principal place of business is in this state, 51 and who are engaged in the practice of public accountancy in this state, 52 hold a valid license issued under section seventy-four hundred four of 53 the education law or are public accountants licensed under section seventy-four hundred five of the education law. Although firms may 54 include non-licensee owners, the firm and its owners must comply with 55 56 rules promulgated by the state board of regents. Notwithstanding the



1 foregoing, a firm registered under this section may not have non-licensee owners if the firm's name includes the words "certified public 2 accountant," or "certified public accountants," or the abbreviations 3 "CPA" or "CPAs". Each non-licensee owner of a firm that is registered 4 under this section shall be (1) a natural person who actively partic-5 6 ipates in the business of the firm or its affiliated entities, or (2) an 7 entity, including, but not limited to, a partnership or professional 8 corporation, provided each beneficial owner of an equity interest in 9 such entity is a natural person who actively participates in the business conducted by the firm or its affiliated entities. For purposes of 10 this subdivision, "actively participate" means to provide services to 11 clients or to otherwise individually take part in the day-to-day busi-12 13 ness or management of the firm. 14 § 11. Subdivision (b) of section 1207 of the limited liability company 15 law, as amended by chapter 475 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read 16 as follows: 17 (b) With respect to a professional service limited liability company 18 formed to provide medical services as such services are defined in arti-19 cle 131 of the education law, each member of such limited liability 20 company must be licensed pursuant to article 131 of the education law to 21 practice medicine in this state. With respect to a professional service limited liability company formed to provide dental services as 22 such services are defined in article 133 of the education law, each member of 23 24 such limited liability company must be licensed pursuant to article 133 25 of the education law to practice dentistry in this state. With respect to a professional service limited liability company formed to provide 26 27 veterinary services as such services are defined in article 135 of the 28 education law, each member of such limited liability company must be 29 licensed pursuant to article 135 of the education law to practice veterinary medicine in this state. With respect to a professional service 30 limited liability company formed to provide professional engineering, 31 land surveying, architectural, landscape architectural and/or geological 32 33 services as such services are defined in article 145, article 147 and 34 article 148 of the education law, each member of such limited liability 35 company must be licensed pursuant to article 145, article 147 and/or article 148 of the education law to practice one or more of such 36 professions in this state. 37 With respect to a professional service 38 limited liability company formed to provide public accountancy services 39 as such services are defined in article 149 of the education law each 40 member of such limited liability company whose principal place of busi-41 ness is in this state and who provides public accountancy services, must 42 be licensed pursuant to article 149 of the education law to practice 43 public accountancy in this state. With respect to a professional service 44 limited liability company formed to provide licensed clinical social 45 work services as such services are defined in article 154 of the educa-46 law, each member of such limited liability company shall be tion licensed pursuant to article 154 of the education law to practice 47 licensed clinical social work in this state. With respect to a profes-48 49 sional service limited liability company formed to provide creative arts therapy services as such services are defined in article 163 of the 50 51 education law, each member of such limited liability company must be 52 licensed pursuant to article 163 of the education law to practice creative arts therapy in this state. With respect to a professional service 53 limited liability company formed to provide marriage and family therapy 54 55 services as such services are defined in article 163 of the education law, each member of such limited liability company must be licensed 56



1 pursuant to article 163 of the education law to practice marriage and 2 family therapy in this state. With respect to a professional service limited liability company formed to provide mental health counseling 3 services as such services are defined in article 163 of the education 4 law, each member of such limited liability company must be licensed 5 pursuant to article 163 of the education law to practice mental health 6 7 counseling in this state. With respect to a professional service limited 8 liability company formed to provide psychoanalysis services as such services are defined in article 163 of the education law, each member of 9 such limited liability company must be licensed pursuant to article 163 10 11 of the education law to practice psychoanalysis in this state. With 12 respect to a professional service limited liability company formed to 13 provide applied behavior analysis services as such services are defined 14 in article 167 of the education law, each member of such limited liabil-15 ity company must be licensed or certified pursuant to article 167 of the 16 education law to practice applied behavior analysis in this state. A 17 professional service limited liability company formed to lawfully engage 18 in the practice of public accountancy, as such practice is respectively 19 defined under article 149 of the education law shall be required to show (1) that a simple majority of the ownership of the firm, in terms of 20 21 financial interests, and voting rights held by the firm's owners, 22 belongs to individuals licensed to practice public accountancy in some 23 state, and (2) that all members of a limited professional service limited liability company, whose principal place of business is in this 24 25 state, and who are engaged in the practice of public accountancy in this 26 state, hold a valid license issued under section seventy-four hundred 27 four of the education law. For purposes of this subdivision, "financial 28 interest" means capital stock, capital accounts, capital contributions, 29 capital interest, or interest in undistributed earnings of a business entity. Although firms may include non-licensee owners, the firm and 30 its owners must comply with rules promulgated by the state board of 31 regents. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a firm registered under this 32 33 section may not have non-licensee owners if the firm's name includes the 34 words "certified public accountant," or "certified public accountants," 35 or the abbreviations "CPA" or "CPAs". Each non-licensee owner of a firm 36 that is registered under this section shall be (1) a natural person who 37 actively participates in the business of the firm or its affiliated 38 entities, or (2) an entity, including, but not limited to, a partnership 39 or professional corporation, provided each beneficial owner of an equity 40 interest in such entity is a natural person who actively participates in 41 the business conducted by the firm or its affiliated entities. For 42 purposes of this subdivision, "actively participate" means to provide 43 services to clients or to otherwise individually take part in the day-44 to-day business or management of the firm.

45 § 12. Subdivision (a) of section 1301 of the limited liability company 46 law, as amended by chapter 475 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read 47 as follows:

48 (a) "Foreign professional service limited liability company" means a 49 professional service limited liability company, whether or not denominated as such, organized under the laws of a jurisdiction other than 50 this state, (i) each of whose members and managers, if any, is a profes-51 52 sional authorized by law to render a professional service within this state and who is or has been engaged in the practice of such profession 53 in such professional service limited liability company or a predecessor 54 55 entity, or will engage in the practice of such profession in the professional service limited liability company within thirty days of the date 56



1 such professional becomes a member, or each of whose members and manag-2 ers, if any, is a professional at least one of such members is authorized by law to render a professional service within this state and who 3 is or has been engaged in the practice of such profession in such 4 5 professional service limited liability company or a predecessor entity, or will engage in the practice of such profession in the professional 6 7 service limited liability company within thirty days of the date such professional becomes a member, or (ii) authorized by, or holding a 8 license, certificate, registration or permit issued by the licensing 9 authority pursuant to, the education law to render a professional 10 service within this state; except that all members and managers, if any, 11 12 of a foreign professional service limited liability company that 13 provides health services in this state shall be licensed in this state. 14 With respect to a foreign professional service limited liability company 15 which provides veterinary services as such services are defined in arti-16 cle 135 of the education law, each member of such foreign professional 17 service limited liability company shall be licensed pursuant to article 18 135 of the education law to practice veterinary medicine. With respect 19 to a foreign professional service limited liability company which provides medical services as such services are defined in article 131 of 20 21 the education law, each member of such foreign professional service 22 limited liability company must be licensed pursuant to article 131 of 23 the education law to practice medicine in this state. With respect to a 24 foreign professional service limited liability company which provides dental services as such services are defined in article 133 of the 25 26 education law, each member of such foreign professional service limited 27 liability company must be licensed pursuant to article 133 of the educa-28 tion law to practice dentistry in this state. With respect to a foreign 29 professional service limited liability company which provides profes-30 sional engineering, land surveying, geologic, architectural and/or landscape architectural services as such services are defined in article 31 145, article 147 and article 148 of the education law, each member of 32 33 such foreign professional service limited liability company must be 34 licensed pursuant to article 145, article 147 and/or article 148 of the 35 education law to practice one or more of such professions in this state. 36 With respect to a foreign professional service limited liability company 37 which provides public accountancy services as such services are defined 38 in article 149 of the education law, each member of such foreign profes-39 sional service limited liability company whose principal place of busi-40 ness is in this state and who provides public accountancy services, 41 shall be licensed pursuant to article 149 of the education law to prac-42 tice public accountancy in this state. With respect to a foreign profes-43 sional service limited liability company which provides licensed clin-44 ical social work services as such services are defined in article 154 of 45 the education law, each member of such foreign professional service 46 limited liability company shall be licensed pursuant to article 154 of 47 the education law to practice clinical social work in this state. With 48 respect to a foreign professional service limited liability company which provides creative arts therapy services as such services are 49 defined in article 163 of the education law, each member of such foreign 50 51 professional service limited liability company must be licensed pursuant 52 to article 163 of the education law to practice creative arts therapy in 53 this state. With respect to a foreign professional service limited liability company which provides marriage and family therapy services as 54 such services are defined in article 163 of the education law, each 55 member of such foreign professional service limited liability company 56



1 must be licensed pursuant to article 163 of the education law to prac-2 tice marriage and family therapy in this state. With respect to a foreign professional service limited liability company which provides 3 mental health counseling services as such services are defined in arti-4 5 cle 163 of the education law, each member of such foreign professional service limited liability company must be licensed pursuant to article 6 7 163 of the education law to practice mental health counseling in this state. With respect to a foreign professional service limited liability 8 company which provides psychoanalysis services as such services are 9 defined in article 163 of the education law, each member of such foreign 10 11 professional service limited liability company must be licensed pursuant article 163 of the education law to practice psychoanalysis in this 12 to 13 state. With respect to a foreign professional service limited liability 14 company which provides applied behavior analysis services as such 15 services are defined in article 167 of the education law, each member of 16 such foreign professional service limited liability company must be 17 licensed or certified pursuant to article 167 of the education law to 18 practice applied behavior analysis in this state. A foreign professional 19 service limited liability company formed to lawfully engage in the prac-20 tice of public accountancy, as such practice is respectively defined 21 under article 149 of the education law shall be required to show (1) 22 that a simple majority of the ownership of the firm, in terms of finan-23 cial interests, and voting rights held by the firm's owners, belongs to individuals licensed to practice public accountancy in some state, and 24 25 (2) that all members of a foreign limited professional service limited 26 liability company, whose principal place of business is in this state, 27 and who are engaged in the practice of public accountancy in this state, 28 hold a valid license issued under section seventy-four hundred four of 29 the education law. For purposes of this subdivision, "financial inter-30 est" means capital stock, capital accounts, capital contributions, capi-31 tal interest, or interest in undistributed earnings of a business entity. Although firms may include non-licensee owners, the firm and its 32 33 owners must comply with rules promulgated by the state board of regents. 34 Notwithstanding the foregoing, a firm registered under this section may 35 not have non-licensee owners if the firm's name includes the words "certified public accountant," or "certified public accountants," or the abbreviations "CPA" or "CPAs". Each non-licensee owner of a firm that is 36 37 38 registered under this section shall be (1) a natural person who actively 39 participates in the business of the firm or its affiliated entities, or 40 (2) an entity, including, but not limited to, a partnership or profes-41 sional corporation, provided each beneficial owner of an equity interest 42 in such entity is a natural person who actively participates in the 43 business conducted by the firm or its affiliated entities. For purposes 44 of this subdivision, "actively participate" means to provide services to 45 clients or to otherwise individually take part in the day-to-day busi-46 ness or management of the firm. 47 § 13. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary,

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47 § 13. Notwithstanding any other provision of faw to the contrary, 48 there is hereby established a fee for each non-licensee owner of a firm 49 that is incorporating as a professional service corporation formed to 50 lawfully engage in the practice of public accountancy. Such non-licensee 51 owner shall pay a fee of three hundred dollars to the department of 52 education on an annual basis.

53 § 14. This act shall take effect immediately.

PART C

1 Section 1. The education law is amended by adding a new section 210-d 2 to read as follows: 3 <u>§ 210-d. Registration of curricula. Notwithstanding any law, rule or</u> regulation to the contrary, any new curriculum or program of study 4 offered by any not-for-profit college or university chartered by the 5 6 regents or incorporated by special act of the legislature that does not 7 require a master plan amendment pursuant to section two hundred thirty-8 seven of this part, or charter amendment pursuant to section two hundred 9 sixteen of this part, or lead to professional licensure; and that is 10 approved by the state university board of trustees, the city university 11 board of trustees, or the trustees or governing body of any other not-12 for-profit college or university chartered by the regents which (1) has 13 maintained a physical presence in New York state for the immediately 14 preceding ten years and has been operated continuously by the same governing body during the same immediately preceding ten year period and 15 16 (2) is accredited and has continued in accreditation by the Middle States Commission on Higher Education ("MSCHE") or the department for 17 18 the immediately preceding ten years, shall be deemed registered with the 19 department thirty days after notification of approval by such college or 20 university's governing body. If the college or university is placed on 21 probation or has its accreditation terminated by MSCHE, such college or 22 university shall notify the regents in writing no later than thirty days 23 after receiving notice of its probationary status or loss of accredi-24 tation by the MSCHE. Any college or university which has its accredi-25 tation placed on probation or terminated by the MSCHE or the education 26 department shall be subject to the commissioner's program approval until 27 it has been removed from probation or regained accreditation by MSCHE or 28 the education department, and shall further remain subject to such 29 commissioner's program approval until it has continued without probation for a period of not less than six years. If a college or university 30 subject to this section intends to offer or institute an additional 31 degree or program which constitutes a "substantive change," as defined 32 33 and determined by MSCHE, then the college or university shall provide the commissioner with copies of any reports or other documents filed 34 with MSCHE as part of MSCHE's substantive change review process and 35 shall inform the commissioner when the substantive change is approved. 36 37 Any such college or university that does not satisfy all of the 38 provisions of this paragraph shall comply with the procedures and crite-39 ria established by the regents and commissioner for academic program 40 approval. Nothing in this section shall be deemed to limit the depart-41 ment's existing authority to investigate a complaint concerning the 42 institution, or any program offered, including the authority to deregis-43 ter the program.

44 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately and shall be deemed to 45 have been in full force and effect on and after April 1, 2021.

46

PART D

47 Section 1. Section 4 of subpart A of part D of chapter 58 of the laws 48 of 2011 amending the education law relating to capital facilities in 49 support of the state university and community colleges, as amended by 50 section 1 of part Q of chapter 54 of the laws of 2016, is amended to 51 read as follows:

52 § 4. This act shall take effect immediately and shall expire and be 53 deemed repealed June 30, [2021] <u>2026</u>.



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§ 2. Section 4 of subpart B of part D of chapter 58 of the laws of 2011 amending the education law relating to procurement in support of the state and city universities, as amended by section 2 of part Q of chapter 54 of the laws of 2016, is amended to read as follows:

5 § 4. This act shall take effect immediately and shall expire and be 6 deemed repealed June 30, [2021] <u>2026</u>.

7 § 3. Section 3 of subpart C of part D of chapter 58 of the laws of 8 2011 amending the education law relating to state university health care 9 facilities, as amended by section 3 of part Q of chapter 54 of the laws 10 of 2016, is amended to read as follows:

11 § 3. This act shall take effect immediately, and shall expire and be 12 deemed repealed June 30, [2021] <u>2026</u>.

13 § 4. Subdivision 5 of section 355 of the education law is amended by 14 adding a new paragraph f to read as follows:

15 f. notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, authorize 16 contracts for the purchase of services or technology from a consortium 17 as defined in section one hundred sixty-three of the state finance law, 18 except that such definition as applied to the board shall include the 19 purchase of services and technology.

S 5. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however, that the amendments to subdivision 5 of section 355 of the education law made by section four of this act shall not affect the expiration of such subdivision and shall expire therewith.

PART E

25 Section 1. Subparagraph 4 of paragraph h of subdivision 2 of section 26 355 of the education law, as amended by section 1 of part JJJ of chapter 27 59 of the laws of 2017, is amended to read as follows:

28 (4) The trustees shall not impose a differential tuition charge based 29 upon need or income. Except as hereinafter provided, all students 30 enrolled in programs leading to like degrees at state-operated insti-31 tutions of the state university shall be charged a uniform rate of tuition except for differential tuition rates based on state residency_ 32 33 and flexible tuition rate categories to increase research capacity for the four university centers (Albany, Binghamton, Buffalo (university), 34 35 and Stony Brook) and the five other doctoral degree granting insti-36 tutions (downstate medical center, upstate medical center, the college 37 of optometry, the college of environmental science and forestry, and the 38 college of technology at Utica/Rome/state university polytechnic insti-39 tute); provided, however, that a portion of revenue generated by such 40 flexible tuition rate categories shall be used to ensure that no student 41 is unable to attend an institution of choice based on income. Any flex-42 ible tuition rate categories must be recommended by the chancellor of the state university of New York and approved by the trustees; provided, 43 44 however, that such flexible tuition rates based on sector shall not vary 45 by more than 1.5 times from the minimum rate within each type of tuition rate. Provided, however, that the trustees may authorize the presidents 46 47 of the colleges of technology and the colleges of agriculture and tech-48 nology to set differing rates of tuition for each of the colleges for 49 students enrolled in degree-granting programs leading to an associate 50 degree and non-degree granting programs so long as such tuition rate 51 does not exceed the tuition rate charged to students who are enrolled in 52 like degree programs or degree-granting undergraduate programs leading 53 to a baccalaureate degree at other state-operated institutions of the state university of New York. Notwithstanding any other provision of 54



1 this subparagraph, the trustees may authorize the setting of [a] sepa-2 rate [category] categories of tuition [rate] rates as follows; "distance 3 learning rate", that shall be greater than the tuition rate for resident students and less than the tuition rate for non-resident students, only 4 5 for students enrolled in distance learning courses who are not residents 6 of the state, and "high demand certificate program rate", that shall be 7 set at a level deemed appropriate upon recommendation of the chancellor 8 of the state university of New York and approved by the board of trus-9 tees which rate shall be lower than standard rates of tuition, for identified certification programs to be recommended by the chancellor of the 10 11 <u>state university of New York.</u> Except as otherwise authorized in this 12 subparagraph, the trustees shall not adopt changes affecting tuition 13 charges prior to the enactment of the annual budget, provided however 14 that:

15 (i) Commencing with the two thousand eleven--two thousand twelve 16 academic year and ending in the two thousand fifteen--two thousand 17 sixteen academic year the state university of New York board of trustees 18 shall be empowered to increase the resident undergraduate rate of 19 tuition by not more than three hundred dollars over the resident undergraduate rate of tuition adopted by the board of trustees in the prior 20 21 academic year, provided however that commencing with the two thousand 22 eleven -- two thousand twelve academic year and ending in the two thousand 23 sixteen--two thousand seventeen academic year if the annual resident 24 undergraduate rate of tuition would exceed five thousand dollars, then a 25 tuition credit for each eligible student, as determined and calculated by the New York state higher education services corporation pursuant to 26 27 section six hundred eighty-nine-a of this title, shall be applied toward 28 the tuition charged for each semester, quarter or term of study. Tuition 29 for each semester, quarter or term of study shall not be due for any 30 student eligible to receive such tuition credit until the tuition credit is calculated and applied against the tuition charged for the corre-31 32 sponding semester, quarter or term.

33 (ii) Commencing with the two thousand seventeen--two thousand eighteen 34 academic year and ending in the two thousand twenty--two thousand twenty-one academic year the state university of New York board of trustees 35 36 shall be empowered to increase the resident undergraduate rate of 37 tuition by not more than two hundred dollars over the resident under-38 graduate rate of tuition adopted by the board of trustees in the prior 39 academic year, provided, however that if the annual resident undergradu-40 ate rate of tuition would exceed five thousand dollars, then a tuition 41 credit for each eligible student, as determined and calculated by the 42 New York state higher education services corporation pursuant to section 43 six hundred eighty-nine-a of this title, shall be applied toward the 44 tuition charged for each semester, quarter or term of study. Tuition for 45 each semester, quarter or term of study shall not be due for any student 46 eligible to receive such tuition credit until the tuition credit is 47 calculated and applied against the tuition charged for the corresponding semester, quarter or term. Provided, further that the revenue resulting 48 49 from an increase in the rate of tuition shall be allocated to each campus pursuant to a plan approved by the board of trustees to support 50 51 investments in new classroom faculty, instruction, initiatives to 52 improve student success and on-time completion and a tuition credit for 53 each eligible student.

(iii) <u>Commencing with the two thousand twenty-one--two thousand twen-</u>
 <u>ty-two academic year and ending in the two thousand twenty-four--two</u>
 <u>thousand twenty-five academic year, upon recommendation of the chancel-</u>



1 lor of the state university of New York, the state university of New 2 York board of trustees shall be empowered to approve an increase of the 3 resident undergraduate rate of tuition by no more than two hundred dollars over the resident undergraduate rate of tuition adopted by the 4 board of trustees in the prior academic year, provided, however that if 5 6 the annual resident undergraduate rate of tuition would exceed five thousand dollars, then a tuition credit for each eligible student, as 7 8 determined and calculated by the New York state higher education 9 services corporation pursuant to section six hundred eighty-nine-a of this title, shall be applied toward the tuition charged for each semes-10 ter, quarter or term of study. Tuition for each semester, quarter or 11 term of study shall not be due for any student eligible to receive such 12 13 tuition credit until the tuition credit is calculated and applied 14 against the tuition charged for the corresponding semester, quarter or 15 term. Provided further that the revenue resulting from an increase in 16 the rate of tuition shall be allocated to each campus pursuant to a plan 17 approved by the board of trustees to support investments in new class-18 room faculty, instruction, initiatives to improve student success and 19 on-time completion and a tuition credit for each eligible student.

20 (iv) On or before November thirtieth, two thousand [seventeen] twen-21 ty-one, the trustees shall approve and submit to the chairs of the 22 assembly ways and means committee and the senate finance committee and 23 to the director of the budget a master tuition plan setting forth the 24 tuition rates that the trustees propose for resident undergraduate students for the four year period commencing with the two thousand 25 26 [seventeen] <u>twenty-one</u>--two thousand [eighteen] <u>twenty-two</u> academic year 27 and ending in the two thousand [twenty] twenty-four--two thousand [twenty-one] twenty-five academic year, and shall submit any proposed amend-28 29 ments to such plan by November thirtieth of each subsequent year thereafter through November thirtieth, two thousand [twenty] twenty-four, and 30 provided further, that with the approval of the board of trustees, each 31 university center may increase non-resident undergraduate tuition rates 32 33 each year by not more than ten percent over the tuition rates of the 34 prior academic year for a six year period commencing with the two thou-35 sand eleven--two thousand twelve academic year and ending in the two 36 thousand sixteen--two thousand seventeen academic year.

37 [(iv)] (v) Beginning in state fiscal year two thousand twelve-two 38 thousand thirteen and ending in state fiscal year two thousand fifteen-39 -two thousand sixteen, the state shall appropriate and make available 40 general fund operating support, including fringe benefits, for the state 41 university in an amount not less than the amount appropriated and made 42 available in the prior state fiscal year; provided, however, that if the 43 governor declares a fiscal emergency, and communicates such emergency to 44 the temporary president of the senate and speaker of the assembly, state 45 support for operating expenses at the state university and city univer-46 sity may be reduced in a manner proportionate to one another, and the 47 aforementioned provisions shall not apply.

48 [(v)] (vi) Beginning in state fiscal year two thousand seventeen--two 49 thousand eighteen and ending in state fiscal year two thousand twenty--50 two thousand twenty-one, the state shall appropriate and make available 51 general fund operating support, including fringe benefits, for the state 52 university in an amount not less than the amount appropriated and made available in the prior state fiscal year; provided, however, that if the 53 governor declares a fiscal emergency, and communicates such emergency to 54 the temporary president of the senate and speaker of the assembly, state 55 support for operating expenses at the state university and city univer-56



1 sity may be reduced in a manner proportionate to one another, and the 2 aforementioned provisions shall not apply; provided further, the state 3 shall appropriate and make available general fund support to fully fund 4 the tuition credit pursuant to subdivision two of section six hundred 5 sixty-nine-h of this title.

6 (vii) Beginning in state fiscal year two thousand twenty-one--two 7 thousand twenty-two and ending in state fiscal year two thousand twen-8 ty-four--two thousand twenty-five, the state shall appropriate and make 9 available general fund operating support, including fringe benefits, for 10 the state university in an amount not less than the amount appropriated and made available in the prior state fiscal year; provided, however, 11 12 that if the governor declares a fiscal emergency, and communicates such 13 emergency to the temporary president of the senate and speaker of the 14 assembly, state support for operating expenses at the state university 15 and city university may be reduced in a manner proportionate to one 16 another, and the aforementioned provisions shall not apply; provided 17 further, the state shall appropriate and make available general fund 18 support to fully fund the tuition credit pursuant to subdivision two of 19 section six hundred sixty-nine-h of this title.

20 [(vi)] (viii) For the state university fiscal years commencing two 21 thousand eleven--two thousand twelve and ending two thousand fifteen--22 two thousand sixteen, each university center may set aside a portion of 23 its tuition revenues derived from tuition increases to provide increased 24 financial aid for New York state resident undergraduate students whose 25 net taxable income is eighty thousand dollars or more subject to the approval of a NY-SUNY 2020 proposal by the governor and the chancellor 26 27 of the state university of New York. Nothing in this paragraph shall be 28 construed as to authorize that students whose net taxable income is 29 eighty thousand dollars or more are eligible for tuition assistance program awards pursuant to section six hundred sixty-seven of this 30 [chapter] title. 31

32 § 2. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 7 of section 6206 of the education 33 law, as amended by section 2 of part JJJ of chapter 59 of the laws of 34 2017, is amended to read as follows:

35 (a) The board of trustees shall establish positions, departments, 36 divisions and faculties; appoint and in accordance with the provisions 37 of law fix salaries of instructional and non-instructional employees 38 therein; establish and conduct courses and curricula; prescribe condi-39 tions of student admission, attendance and discharge; and shall have the 40 power to determine in its discretion whether tuition shall be charged 41 and to regulate tuition charges, and other instructional and non-in-42 structional fees and other fees and charges at the educational units of 43 the city university. The trustees shall review any proposed community 44 college tuition increase and the justification for such increase. The 45 justification provided by the community college for such increase shall 46 include a detailed analysis of ongoing operating costs, capital, debt 47 service expenditures, and all revenues. The trustees shall not impose a differential tuition charge based upon need or income. All students 48 49 enrolled in programs leading to like degrees at the senior colleges shall be charged a uniform rate of tuition, except for differential 50 51 tuition rates based on state residency, and a flexible tuition rate 52 category to increase research capacity for doctoral degree granting 53 authorized institutions; provided, however, that a portion of revenue 54 generated by such flexible tuition rate category shall be used to ensure that no student is unable to attend an institution of choice based on 55 income. Such flexible tuition rate category must be recommended by the 56



1 chancellor of the city university of New York and approved by the trus-2 tees; provided, however, that such flexible tuition rate shall not vary 3 by more than 1.5 times from the minimum rate within each type of tuition Notwithstanding any other provision of this paragraph, the trus-4 rate. tees may authorize the setting of [a] separate [category] categories of 5 tuition [rate] rates as follows; "distance learning rate", that shall be 6 greater than the tuition rate for resident students and less than the 7 8 tuition rate for non-resident students, only for students enrolled in distance learning courses who are not residents of the state, and "high 9 demand certificate program rate", that shall be set at a level deemed 10 appropriate upon recommendation of the chancellor of the city university 11 12 of New York and approved by the board of trustees which rate shall be 13 lower than standard rates of tuition, for identified certification 14 programs to be recommended by the chancellor of the city university of 15 New York; provided, however, that:

16 (i) Commencing with the two thousand eleven--two thousand twelve 17 academic year and ending in the two thousand fifteen--two thousand 18 sixteen academic year, the city university of New York board of trustees 19 shall be empowered to increase the resident undergraduate rate of tuition by not more than three hundred dollars over the resident under-20 21 graduate rate of tuition adopted by the board of trustees in the prior 22 academic year, provided however that commencing with the two thousand 23 eleven--two thousand twelve academic year and ending with the two thou-24 sand sixteen -- two thousand seventeen academic year if the annual resident undergraduate rate of tuition would exceed five thousand dollars, 25 then a tuition credit for each eligible student, as determined and 26 27 calculated by the New York state higher education services corporation pursuant to section six hundred eighty-nine-a of this chapter, shall be 28 29 applied toward the tuition charged for each semester, quarter or term of study. Tuition for each semester, quarter or term of study shall not be 30 due for any student eligible to receive such tuition credit until the 31 tuition credit is calculated and applied against the tuition charged for 32 33 the corresponding semester, quarter or term.

34 (ii) Commencing with the two thousand seventeen -- two thousand eighteen 35 academic year and ending in the two thousand twenty -- two thousand twen-36 ty-one academic year the city university of New York board of trustees 37 shall be empowered to increase the resident undergraduate rate of 38 tuition by not more than two hundred dollars over the resident under-39 graduate rate of tuition adopted by the board of trustees in the prior 40 academic year, provided however that if the annual resident undergradu-41 ate rate of tuition would exceed five thousand dollars, then a tuition 42 credit for each eligible student, as determined and calculated by the 43 New York state higher education services corporation pursuant to section 44 six hundred eighty-nine-a of this [title] chapter, shall be applied 45 toward the tuition charged for each semester, quarter or term of study. 46 Tuition for each semester, quarter or term of study shall not be due for 47 any student eligible to receive such tuition credit until the tuition credit is calculated and applied against the tuition charged for the 48 49 corresponding semester, quarter or term. Provided, further that the revenue resulting from an increase in the rate of tuition shall be allo-50 cated to each campus pursuant to a plan approved by the board of trus-51 52 tees to support investments in new classroom faculty, instruction, initiatives to improve student success and on-time completion and a 53 54 tuition credit for each eligible student.

55 (iii) <u>Commencing with the two thousand twenty-one--two thousand twen-</u> 56 <u>ty-two academic year and ending in the two thousand twenty-four--two</u>



1 thousand twenty-five academic year, upon recommendation of the chancel-2 lor of the city university of New York, the city university of New York board of trustees shall be empowered to approve an increase of the resi-3 dent undergraduate rate of tuition by not more than two hundred dollars 4 over the resident undergraduate rate of tuition adopted by the board of 5 6 trustees in the prior academic year; provided, however, that if the 7 annual resident undergraduate rate of tuition would exceed five thousand 8 dollars, then a tuition credit for each eligible student, as determined 9 and calculated by the New York state higher education services corporation pursuant to section six hundred eighty-nine-a of this chapter, 10 11 shall be applied toward the tuition charged for each semester, quarter 12 or term of study. Tuition for each semester, quarter or term of study 13 shall not be due for any student eligible to receive such tuition credit 14 until the tuition credit is calculated and applied against the tuition 15 charged for the corresponding semester, quarter or term. Provided, 16 further that the revenue resulting from an increase in the rate of 17 tuition shall be allocated to each campus pursuant to a plan approved by 18 the board of trustees to support investments in new classroom faculty, 19 instruction, initiatives to improve student success and on-time 20 completion and a tuition credit for each eligible student.

21 (iv) On or before November thirtieth, two thousand [seventeen] twen-22 ty-one, the trustees shall approve and submit to the chairs of the 23 assembly ways and means committee and the senate finance committee and 24 to the director of the budget a master tuition plan setting forth the 25 tuition rates that the trustees propose for resident undergraduate students for the four year period commencing with the two thousand 26 27 [seventeen] twenty-one--two thousand [eighteen] twenty-two academic year 28 and ending in the two thousand [twenty] twenty-four--two thousand [twen-29 ty-one] twenty-five academic year, and shall submit any proposed amendments to such plan by November thirtieth of each subsequent year there-30 31 after through November thirtieth, two thousand [twenty] twenty-four.

32 [(iv)] (v) Beginning in state fiscal year two thousand twelve--two 33 thousand thirteen and ending in state fiscal year two thousand fifteen-34 -two thousand sixteen, the state shall appropriate and make available 35 state support for operating expenses, including fringe benefits, for the 36 city university in an amount not less than the amount appropriated and 37 made available in the prior state fiscal year; provided, however, that 38 if the governor declares a fiscal emergency, and communicates such emer-39 gency to the temporary president of the senate and speaker of the assem-40 bly, state support for operating expenses of the state university and 41 city university may be reduced in a manner proportionate to one another, 42 and the aforementioned provisions shall not apply.

43 [(v)] (vi) Beginning in state fiscal year two thousand seventeen--two 44 thousand eighteen and ending in state fiscal year two thousand twenty--45 two thousand twenty-one, the state shall appropriate and make available 46 general fund operating support, including fringe benefits, for the city 47 university in an amount not less than the amount appropriated and made available in the prior state fiscal year; provided, however, that if the 48 49 governor declares a fiscal emergency, and communicates such emergency to the temporary president of the senate and speaker of the assembly, state 50 51 support for operating expenses at the state university and city univer-52 sity may be reduced in a manner proportionate to one another, and the aforementioned provisions shall not apply; provided further, the state 53 shall appropriate and make available general fund support to fully fund 54 55 the tuition credit pursuant to subdivision two of section six hundred sixty-nine-h of this chapter. 56



1 (vii) Beginning in state fiscal year two thousand twenty-one--two 2 thousand twenty-two and ending in state fiscal year two thousand twen-3 ty-four--two thousand twenty-five, the state shall appropriate and make available general fund operating support, including fringe benefits, for 4 the city university in an amount not less than the amount appropriated 5 and made available in the prior state fiscal year; provided, however, 6 that if the governor declares a fiscal emergency, and communicates such 7 8 emergency to the temporary president of the senate and speaker of the 9 assembly, state support for operating expenses at the state university and city university may be reduced in a manner proportionate to one 10 another, and the aforementioned provisions shall not apply; provided 11 12 further, the state shall appropriate and make available general fund 13 support to fully fund the tuition credit pursuant to subdivision two of 14 section six hundred sixty-nine-h of this chapter.

15 § 3. Section 16 of chapter 260 of the laws of 2011, amending the 16 education law and the New York state urban development corporation act 17 relating to establishing components of the NY-SUNY 2020 challenge grant 18 program, as amended by section 5 of part JJJ of chapter 59 of the laws 19 of 2017, is amended to read as follows:

\$ 16. This act shall take effect July 1, 2011; provided that sections one, two, three, four, five, six, eight, nine, ten, eleven, twelve and thirteen of this act shall expire [10] <u>14</u> years after such effective date when upon such date the provisions of this act shall be deemed repealed; and provided further that sections fourteen and fifteen of this act shall expire 5 years after such effective date when upon such date the provisions of this act shall be deemed repealed.

§ 4. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however, that the amendments to subparagraph 4 of paragraph h of subdivision 2 of section 355 of the education law made by section one of this act and the amendments to paragraph (a) of subdivision 7 of section 6206 of the education law made by section two of this act shall not affect the expiration of such paragraph and subparagraph and shall be deemed to expire therewith.

34

PART F

35 Section 1. Notwithstanding any provision of law or regulation to the 36 contrary, for purposes of an award made pursuant to subparts 2 through 4 37 of part 2 of article 14 of the education law in the 2019--2020 or 2020-38 -2021 academic years, any semester, quarter or term that a recipient of 39 such an award is unable to complete as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic 40 state disaster emergency declared March 7, 2020, as certified by a 41 college or university and approved by the New York state higher educa-42 tion services corporation, shall not be considered for purposes of 43 determining the maximum duration of such award for that recipient, and 44 provided further that no such recipient shall suffer a reduction in the 45 original award amount granted pursuant to such subparts in such academic years solely due to inability to complete any semester, quarter or term 46 47 as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic state disaster emergency declared March 7, 2020, as certified by a college or university and approved by 48 49 the New York state higher education services corporation.

50 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

51

PART G



Section 1. Subdivision 2 of section 669-h of the education law, as amended by section 1 of part T of chapter 56 of the laws of 2018, is amended to read as follows:

2. Amount. Within amounts appropriated therefor and based on avail-4 5 ability of funds, awards shall be granted beginning with the two thousand seventeen -- two thousand eighteen academic year and thereafter to 6 7 applicants that the corporation has determined are eligible to receive 8 such awards. The corporation shall grant such awards in an amount up to five thousand five hundred dollars or actual tuition, whichever is less; 9 10 provided, however, (a) a student who receives educational grants and/or 11 scholarships that cover the student's full cost of attendance shall not 12 be eligible for an award under this program; and (b) an award under this 13 program shall be applied to tuition after the application of payments 14 received under the tuition assistance program pursuant to section six 15 hundred sixty-seven of this subpart, tuition credits pursuant to section 16 six hundred eighty-nine-a of this article, federal Pell grant pursuant 17 to section one thousand seventy of title twenty of the United States code, et seq., and any other program that covers the cost of attendance 18 19 unless exclusively for non-tuition expenses, and the award under this 20 program shall be reduced in the amount equal to such payments, provided 21 that the combined benefits do not exceed five thousand five hundred dollars. Upon notification of an award under this program, the institu-22 tion shall defer the amount of tuition. Notwithstanding paragraph h of 23 24 subdivision two of section three hundred fifty-five and paragraph (a) of 25 subdivision seven of section six thousand two hundred six of this chap-26 ter. and any other law, rule or regulation to the contrary, the under-27 graduate tuition charged by the institution to recipients of an award 28 shall not exceed the tuition rate established by the institution for the 29 two thousand sixteen--two thousand seventeen academic year provided, however, that in the two thousand [twenty-one] twenty-three--two thou-30 sand [twenty-two] twenty-four academic year and every [four years] year 31 thereafter, the undergraduate tuition charged by the institution to 32 33 recipients of an award shall be reset to equal the tuition rate established by the institution for the forthcoming academic year, provided 34 further that the tuition credit calculated pursuant to section six 35 36 hundred eighty-nine-a of this article shall be applied toward the 37 tuition rate charged for recipients of an award under this program. 38 Provided further that the state university of New York and the city university of New York shall provide an additional tuition credit to 39 40 students receiving an award to cover the remaining cost of tuition. 41 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

42

PART H

43 Section 1. Subdivision 1 of section 504 of the executive law, as added 44 by chapter 465 of the laws of 1992, is amended to read as follows: 45 1. The [division] office of children and family services shall operate 46 and maintain secure, and limited secure [and non-secure facilities] and 47 may in its sole discretion operate a non-secure facility, for the care, 48 custody, treatment, housing, education, rehabilitation and guidance of youth placed with or committed to the [division] office of children and 49 50 family services.

51 § 2. Subdivision 5 of section 507-a of the executive law is REPEALED.
52 § 3. (a) Notwithstanding the time period required for notice pursuant
53 to subdivision 15 of section 501 of the executive law, the office of
54 children and family services is authorized to close the Brentwood Resi-



dential Center, Red Hook Residential Center, Columbia Girls Secure 1 Center and Goshen Secure Center. At least six months prior to taking any 2 such action, the commissioner of such office shall provide notice of 3 such action to the speaker of the assembly and the temporary president 4 5 of the senate and shall post such notice upon its public website. (b) The commissioner of the office of children and family services 6 7 shall be authorized to conduct any and all preparatory actions which may 8 be required to effectuate such closures.

9 § 4. This act shall take effect immediately.

PART I

11 Section 1. Section 3 of part N of chapter 56 of the laws of 2020 12 amending the social services law relating to restructuring financing for 13 residential school placements, is amended to read as follows:

§ 3. This act shall take effect immediately [and shall expire and be deemed repealed April 1, 2021]; provided however that the amendments to subdivision 10 of section 153 of the social services law made by section one of this act, shall not affect the expiration of such subdivision and shall be deemed to expire therewith.

19 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately and shall be deemed to 20 have been in full force and effect on and after April 1, 2021.

21

10

PART J

Section 1. Section 9 of part G of chapter 57 of the laws of 2013, amending the executive law and the social services law relating to consolidating the youth development and delinquency prevention program and the special delinquency prevention program, as amended by section 1 of part I of chapter 56 of the laws of 2018, is amended to read as follows:

28 § 9. This act shall take effect January 1, 2014 [and shall expire and 29 be deemed repealed on December 31, 2021].

30 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

31

PART K

32 Section 1. Section 4 of part K of chapter 57 of the laws of 2012, 33 amending the education law, relating to authorizing the board of cooper-34 ative educational services to enter into contracts with the commissioner 35 of children and family services to provide certain services, as amended 36 by section 1 of part J of chapter 56 of the laws of 2018, is amended to 37 read as follows:

38 § 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2012 [and shall expire June 39 30, 2021 when upon such date the provisions of this act shall be deemed 40 repealed].

41 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

42

PART L

43 Section 1. The opening paragraph of paragraph (g) of subdivision 3 of 44 section 358-a of the social services law is designated subparagraph (i) 45 and new subparagraph (ii) is added to read as follows:

46 (ii) When a child whose legal custody was transferred to the commis 47 sioner of a local social services district in accordance with this
 48 section resides in a qualified residential treatment program, as defined



in section four hundred nine-h of this chapter, and where such child's 1 2 initial placement or change in placement in such program commenced on or 3 after September twenty-ninth, two thousand twenty-one, upon receipt of notice required pursuant to subparagraph (i) of this paragraph and 4 motion of the local social services district, the court shall schedule a 5 hearing in accordance with section three hundred ninety-three of this 6 7 chapter. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, 8 such hearing shall occur no later than sixty days from the date the 9 placement of the child in the qualified residential treatment program 10 commenced. § 1-a. Section 371 of the social services law is amended by adding a 11 12 new subdivision 22 to read as follows: 13 22. "Supervised setting" shall mean a residential placement in the 14 community approved and supervised by an authorized agency or the local 15 social services district in accordance with the regulations of the 16 office of children and family services to provide a transitional experi-17 ence for older youth in which such youth may live independently. A supervised setting includes, but is not limited to, placement in a 18 19 supervised independent living program, as defined in subdivision twen-20 ty-one of this section. § 1-b. Paragraph (c) of subdivision 2 of section 383-a of the social 21 22 services law, as added by section 5 of part M of chapter 54 of the laws 23 of 2016, is amended to read as follows: 24 (c) "Child care facility" shall mean an institution, group residence, 25 group home, agency operated boarding home, or supervised setting, 26 including a supervised independent living program. 27 § 2. The social services law is amended by adding a new section 393 to 28 read as follows: 29 § 393. Court approval of placement in a qualified residential treatment program. 1. The provisions of this section shall apply when a child 30 31 is placed on or after September twenty-ninth, two thousand twenty-one 32 and resides in a qualified residential treatment program, as defined in 33 section four hundred nine-h of this article, and whose care and custody 34 were transferred to the commissioner of a local social services district 35 in accordance with section three hundred fifty-eight-a of this chapter, 36 or whose custody and guardianship were transferred to the commissioner 37 of a local social services district in accordance with section three 38 hundred eighty-three-c, or three hundred eighty-four-b of this title. 39 2. (a) Within sixty days of the start of a placement of a child refer-40 enced in subdivision one of this section in a qualified residential 41 treatment program, the court shall: 42 (i) Consider the assessment, determination, and documentation made by 43 the qualified individual pursuant to section four hundred nine-h of this 44 article; 45 (ii) Determine whether the needs of the child can be met through 46 placement in a foster family home and, if not, whether placement of the 47 child in a qualified residential treatment program provides the most effective and appropriate level of care for the child in the least 48 restrictive environment and whether that placement is consistent with 49 50 the short-term and long-term goals for the child, as specified in the 51 child's permanency plan; and 52 (iii) Approve or disapprove the placement of the child in a qualified 53 residential treatment program. Provided that, notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, where the qualified individual deter-54 mines that the placement of the child in a qualified residential treat-55 56 ment program is not appropriate under the standards set in accordance



with section four hundred nine-h of this article, the court may only 1 2 approve the placement of the child in the qualified residential treat-3 ment program if: (A) the court finds, and states in the written order that: 4 (1) extenuating circumstances exist that necessitate the continued 5 6 placement of the child in the qualified residential treatment program 7 despite the finding of the qualified individual; 8 (2) there is not an alternative setting available that can meet the 9 child's needs in a less restrictive environment; and 10 (3) that continued placement in the qualified residential program is 11 the child's best interest despite the finding by the qualified indi-12 vidual that the child's placement in such setting is not appropriate; 13 and 14 (B) the court's written order states the specific reasons why the 15 court has made the findings required pursuant to clause (A) of this 16 subparagraph. 17 (iv) If the court approves the placement of the child in a qualified residential treatment program where the qualified individual determines 18 19 that such placement is not appropriate under the standards set in accordance with section four hundred nine-h of this article, the court 20 21 shall hold a hearing to review whether the placement in a qualified 22 residential treatment program continues to be in the child's best inter-23 est within thirty days of such approval. 24 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, if the 25 existing governing placement order of the court regarding the child 26 would not permit the local social services district to move the child 27 from the qualified residential treatment program as required by section 28 four hundred nine-h of this article, the court shall issue a new order which shall not preclude such child from being placed in a different 29 setting. If the court issues a new placement order, there is a presump-30 tion that such order will be for the child to be placed in an available 31 foster family home; however, if in the child's best interest, the court 32 33 may also issue an order permitting the placement of the child in: (i) an 34 available supervised setting, as such term is defined in section three hundred seventy-one of this title; (ii) if the child has been found to 35 36 be, or is at risk of becoming, a sexually exploited child as defined in 37 subdivision one of section four hundred forty-seven-a of this article, a 38 setting providing residential care and supportive services for sexually 39 exploited children; (iii) a setting specializing in providing prenatal, 40 post-partum, or parenting supports for youth; or (iv) an available 41 program licensed or certified by the office of children and family 42 services other than a qualified residential treatment program setting 43 deemed not appropriate for the child. 44 3. Documentation of the court's determination pursuant to this section 45 shall be recorded in the child's case record. 46 4. To the extent federally allowable, nothing in this section shall 47 prohibit the court's approval of a placement in a qualified residential treatment program from occurring at the same time as another hearing 48 scheduled for such child, including but not limited to the child's 49 50 dispositional or permanency hearing, provided such approval is completed within sixty days of the start of such placement. 51 52 § 2-a. Subparagraph 1 of paragraph (g) of subdivision 6 and subdivision 10 of section 398 of the social services law, subparagraph 1 of 53 paragraph (g) of subdivision 6 as amended by chapter 3 of the laws of 54 55 2012 and subdivision 10 as amended by chapter 563 of the laws of 1986, are amended to read as follows: 56



1 (1) Place children in its care and custody or its custody and guardi-2 anship, in suitable instances, in <u>supervised settings</u>, family homes, agency boarding homes, group homes or institutions under the proper 3 safeguards. Such placements can be made either directly, or through an 4 authorized agency, except that, direct placements in agency boarding 5 homes or group homes may be made by the social services district only if 6 7 the office of children and family services has authorized the district to operate such homes in accordance with the provisions of section three 8 hundred seventy-four-b of this [chapter] article and only if suitable 9 care is not otherwise available through an authorized agency under the 10 control of persons of the same religious faith as the child. Where such 11 district places a child in [an] a supervised setting, agency boarding 12 13 home, group home or institution, either directly, or through an author-14 ized agency, the district shall certify in writing to the office of 15 children and family services, that such placement was made because it 16 offers the most appropriate and least restrictive level of care for the 17 child, and, is more appropriate than a family foster home placement, or, 18 that such placement is necessary because there are no qualified foster 19 families available within the district who can care for the child. If 20 placements in agency boarding homes, group homes or institutions are the 21 result of a lack of foster parents within a particular district, the 22 office of children and family services shall assist such district to 23 recruit and train foster parents. Placements shall be made only in 24 institutions visited, inspected and supervised in accordance with title 25 three of article seven of this chapter and conducted in conformity with the applicable regulations of the supervising state agency in accordance 26 27 with title three of article seven of this chapter. With the approval of 28 the office of children and family services, a social services district 29 may place a child in its care and custody or its custody and guardianship in a federally funded job corps program and may receive reimburse-30 ment for the approved costs of appropriate program administration and 31 supervision pursuant to a plan developed by the department and approved 32 33 by the director of the budget. 34 10. Any provision of this chapter or any other law notwithstanding, 35 where a foster child for whom a social services official has been making 36 foster care payments is in a supervised setting, including a foster 37 child in attendance at a college or university away from his or her 38 foster family boarding home, group home, agency boarding home or insti-

39 tution, a social services official may make foster payments, [not to 40 exceed the amount which would have been paid to a foster parent on 41 behalf of said child had the child been cared for in a foster family 42 boarding home] at a rate to be developed by the office of children and 43 family services, to such college or university, provider of room and 44 board, or youth, as appropriate, in lieu of payment to the foster 45 parents or authorized agency, for the purpose of room and board, if not 46 otherwise provided.

47 § 3. The social services law is amended by adding a new section 409-h 48 to read as follows:

49 § 409-h. Assessment of appropriateness of placement in a qualified 50 residential treatment program. 1. Legislative intent. It is the intent 51 of the legislature to promote policies to prevent foster care placements 52 and keep children safely at home with their families and, when that is 53 not possible, to utilize the most effective and appropriate level of care in the least restrictive environment to support the child, as 54 determined through a comprehensive assessment of the child's particular 55 strengths and needs. It is also the intent of the legislature to prior-56



itize home-based foster care settings whenever possible through iden-1 2 tification and engagement of kinship resources and increased recruitment and retention of foster homes for children who do not have appropriate 3 4 kinship resources. 2. (a) No later than thirty days of the start of a placement in a 5 6 qualified residential treatment program of a child in the care and 7 custody or the custody and guardianship of the commissioner of a local 8 social services district or the office of children and family services 9 that occurs on or after September twenty-ninth, two thousand twenty-one, 10 a qualified individual shall assess the appropriateness of such place-11 ment utilizing an age-appropriate, evidence-based, validated, functional 12 assessment tool approved by the federal government for such purpose. 13 Such assessment shall be in accordance with 42 United States Code 14 sections 672 and 675a and the state's approved title IV-E state plan and 15 shall include, but not be limited to: (i) an assessment of the strengths 16 and needs of the child; and (ii) a determination of the most effective 17 and appropriate level of care for the child in the least restrictive setting, including whether the needs of the child can be met with family 18 19 members or through placement in a foster family home, or in a setting 20 specified in paragraph (c) of this subdivision, consistent with the 21 short-term and long-term goals for the child as specified in the child's 22 permanency plan. Such assessment shall be completed in conjunction with 23 the family and permanency team established pursuant to paragraph (b) of 24 this subdivision. To the extent federally allowable, the assessment may 25 occur prior to the placement in the qualified residential treatment 26 program. 27 (b) The family and permanency team shall consist of all appropriate 28 biological family members, relatives, and fictive kin of the child, as 29 well as, as appropriate, professionals who are a resource to the family of the child, including but not limited to, teachers, medical or mental 30 31 health providers who have treated the child, or clergy. In the case of 32 a child who has attained the age of fourteen, the family and permanency 33 team shall include the members of the permanency planning team for the 34 child in accordance with 42 United States Code section 675 and the state's approved title IV-E state plan. 35 36 (c) Where the qualified individual determines that the child may not be placed in a foster family home, the qualified individual must specify 37 38 in writing the reasons why the needs of the child cannot be met by the child's family or in a foster family home and why such a placement is 39 40 not the most effective and appropriate level of care for such child. 41 Such determination shall include whether the needs of the child can be 42 met through placement in: 43 (i) An available supervised setting, as such term is defined in 44 section three hundred seventy-one of this article; 45 (ii) If the child has been found to be, or is at risk of becoming, a 46 sexually exploited child as defined in subdivision one of section four 47 hundred forty-seven-a of this article, a setting providing residential 48 care and supportive services for sexually exploited children; (iii) A setting specializing in providing prenatal, post-partum or 49 50 parenting supports for youth; or 51 (iv) A qualified residential treatment program. 52 3. Where the qualified individual determines that the placement of the 53 child in a qualified residential treatment program is not appropriate under the standards set pursuant to subdivision two of this section, the 54 local social services district or the office of children and family 55 services with legal custody of the child, to the extent practicable, 56



1 shall remove such child from a qualified residential treatment program 2 within thirty days, and if placement of the child is to continue, place 3 said child with family members or in an available foster family home; however, if in the child's best interest, the office of children and 4 family services or social services district may also place the child in 5 6 a setting specified in paragraph (c) of subdivision two of this section 7 other than a qualified residential treatment program setting deemed not 8 appropriate for the child. 4. As used in the section, "qualified residential treatment program" 9 10 means a program that is a non-foster family residential program in accordance with 42 United State Code section 672 and the state's 11 12 approved title IV-E state plan. 13 5. As used in this section, "qualified individual" shall mean a 14 trained professional or licensed clinician acting within their scope of 15 practice who shall have current or previous relevant experience in the 16 child welfare field and who does not have a direct role in case manage-17 ment or case planning decision making authority for the child for whom such assessment is being conducted, in accordance with 42 United States 18 19 Code section 672 and the state's approved title IV-E state plan. 20 § 4. The family court act is amended by adding a new section 353.7 to read as follows: 21 22 § 353.7. Placement in qualified residential treatment programs. 1. The 23 provisions of this section shall apply when a respondent is placed on or 24 after September twenty-ninth, two thousand twenty-one and resides in a 25 qualified residential treatment program, as defined in section four hundred nine-h of the social services law, and whose care and custody 26 27 were transferred to a local social services district or the office of 28 children and family services in accordance with this article. 2. (a) When a respondent is in the care and custody of a local social 29 services district or the office of children and family services pursuant 30 to this article, such social services district or office shall report 31 32 any anticipated placement of the respondent into a qualified residential 33 treatment program as defined in section four hundred nine-h of the social services law to the court and the attorneys for the parties, 34 including the attorney for the respondent, forthwith, but not later than 35 36 one business day following either the decision to place the respondent 37 in the qualified residential treatment program or the actual date the 38 placement change occurred, whichever is sooner. Such notice shall indi-39 cate the date that the initial placement or change in placement is 40 anticipated to occur or the date the placement change occurred, as 41 applicable. Provided, however, if such notice lists an anticipated date 42 for the placement change, the local social services district or office 43 shall subsequently notify the court and the attorneys for the parties, 44 including the attorney for the respondent, of the date the placement 45 change occurred, such notice shall occur no later than one business day 46 following the placement change. 47 (b) When a respondent whose legal custody was transferred to a local 48 social services district or the office of children and family services 49 in accordance with this article resides in a qualified residential 50 treatment program as defined in section four hundred nine-h of the social services law, and where such respondent's initial placement or 51 52 change in placement in such qualified residential treatment program 53 commenced on or after September twenty-ninth, two thousand twenty-one, 54 upon receipt of notice required pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subdivision and motion of the local social services district or the office of 55 children and family services with legal custody of the respondent, the 56



1	court shall schedule a hearing in accordance with subdivision three of
2	this section. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contra-
3	ry, such hearing shall occur no later than sixty days from the date the
4	placement of the respondent in the qualified residential treatment
5	program commenced.
6	3. (a) Within sixty days of the start of a placement of a respondent
7	referenced in subdivision one of this section in a qualified residential
8	treatment program, the court shall:
9	(i) Consider the assessment, determination, and documentation made by
10	the qualified individual pursuant to section four hundred nine-h of the
11	social services law;
12	(ii) Determine whether the needs of the respondent can be met through
13	placement in a foster family home and, if not, whether placement of the
14	respondent in a qualified residential treatment program provides the
15	most effective and appropriate level of care for the respondent in the
16	least restrictive environment and whether that placement is consistent
17	with the short-term and long-term goals for the respondent as specified
18	in the respondent's permanency plan; and
19	(iii) Approve or disapprove the placement of the respondent in a qual-
20	ified residential treatment program. Provided that, notwithstanding any
21	other provision of law to the contrary, where a qualified individual
22	determines that the placement of the respondent in a qualified residen-
23	tial treatment program is not appropriate under the standards set in
24	accordance with section four hundred nine-h of the social services law,
25	the court may only approve the placement of the respondent in the quali-
26	fied residential treatment program if:
27	(A) the court finds, and states in the written order that:
28	(1) extenuating circumstances exist that necessitate the continued
29	placement of the respondent in the qualified residential treatment
30	program despite the finding of the qualified individual;
31	(2) there is not an alternative setting available that can meet the
32	respondent's needs in a less restrictive environment; and
33	(3) that continued placement in the qualified residential treatment
34	program serves the respondent's needs and best interests or the need for
35	protection of the community despite the finding by the qualified indi-
36	vidual that the respondent's placement in such setting is not appropri-
37	ate; and
38	(B) the court's written order states the specific reasons why the
39	court has made the findings required pursuant to clause (A) of this
40	subparagraph.
41	(iv) If the court approves the placement of the respondent in a quali-
42	fied residential treatment program where the qualified individual deter-
43	mines that such placement is not appropriate under the standards set in
44	accordance with section four hundred nine-h of the social services law,
45	the court shall hold a hearing to review whether the placement in a
46	qualified residential treatment program continues to be in the respond-
47	ent's best interest within thirty days of such approval.
48	(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, if the
49	existing governing placement order of the court regarding the respondent
50	would not permit the local social services district or the office to
51	
	move the respondent from the qualified residential treatment program as
52	move the respondent from the qualified residential treatment program as required by section four hundred nine-h of the social services law, the
52 53	required by section four hundred nine-h of the social services law, the
53	required by section four hundred nine-h of the social services law, the court shall issue a new order which shall not preclude such respondent
	required by section four hundred nine-h of the social services law, the



in the respondent's best interest, the court may also issue an order 1 2 permitting the placement of the respondent in: 3 (i) An available supervised setting, as such term is defined in section three hundred seventy-one of the social services law; 4 5 (ii) If the respondent has been found to be, or is at risk of becom-6 ing, a sexually exploited child as defined in subdivision one of section 7 four hundred forty-seven-a of the social services law, a setting provid-8 ing residential care and supportive services for sexually exploited 9 children; 10 (iii) A setting specializing in providing prenatal, post-partum, or 11 parenting supports for youth; or 12 (iv) An available program licensed or certified by the office of chil-13 dren and family services other than a qualified residential treatment 14 program setting deemed not appropriate for the respondent. 15 4. Documentation of the court's determination pursuant to this section 16 shall be recorded in the respondent's case record. 17 5. To the extent federally allowable, nothing in this section shall 18 prohibit the court's approval of a placement in a qualified residential 19 treatment program from occurring at the same time as another hearing 20 scheduled for such respondent, including but not limited to the respond-21 ent's dispositional or permanency hearing, provided such approval is 22 completed within sixty days of the start of such placement. § 5. Section 355.5 of the family court act is amended by adding a new 23 24 subdivision 10 to read as follows: 25 10. Where the respondent remains placed in a qualified residential 26 treatment program, as defined in section four hundred nine-h of the 27 social services law, the commissioner of the local social services 28 district or the office of children and family services with legal custo-29 dy of the respondent shall submit evidence at the permanency hearing 30 with respect to the respondent: 31 (a) demonstrating that ongoing assessment of the strengths and needs 32 of the respondent cannot be met through placement in a foster family 33 home, that the placement in a qualified residential treatment program 34 provides the most effective and appropriate level of care for the respondent in the least restrictive environment, and that the placement 35 36 is consistent with the short-term and long-term goals for the respond-37 ent, as specified in the respondent's permanency plan; 38 (b) documenting the specific treatment and service needs that will be time the 39 met for the respondent in the placement and the length of 40 respondent is expected to need the treatment or services; and 41 (c) documenting the efforts made by the local social services district 42 or the office of children and family services with legal custody of the 43 respondent to prepare the respondent to return home, or to be placed 44 with a fit and willing relative, legal guardian or adoptive parent, or 45 in a foster family home. 46 § 6. Section 756-a of the family court act is amended by adding a new 47 subdivision (h) to read as follows: 48 (h) Where the respondent remains placed in a qualified residential 49 treatment program, as defined in section four hundred nine-h of the 50 social services law, the commissioner of the local social services 51 district with legal custody of the respondent shall submit evidence at 52 the permanency hearing with respect to the respondent: 53 (i) demonstrating that ongoing assessment of the strengths and needs 54 of the respondent continues to support the determination that the needs of the respondent cannot be met through placement in a foster family 55 56 home, that the placement in a qualified residential treatment program



1 provides the most effective and appropriate level of care for the 2 respondent in the least restrictive environment, and that the placement 3 is consistent with the short-term and long-term goals of the respondent, as specified in the respondent's permanency plan; 4 (ii) documenting the specific treatment or service needs that will be 5 6 met for the respondent in the placement and the length of time the 7 respondent is expected to need the treatment or services; and 8 (iii) documenting the efforts made by the local social services 9 district with legal custody of the respondent to prepare the respondent 10 to return home, or to be placed with a fit and willing relative, legal 11 guardian or adoptive parent, or in a foster family home. 12 § 7. The family court act is amended by adding a new section 756-b to 13 read as follows: 14 § 756-b. Court approval of placement in a qualified residential treat-15 ment program. 1. The provisions of this section shall apply when a 16 respondent is placed on or after September twenty-ninth, two thousand 17 twenty-one and resides in a qualified residential treatment program, as defined in section four hundred nine-h of the social services law, and 18 19 whose care and custody were transferred to a local social services 20 district in accordance with this part. 21 2. (a) When a respondent is in the care and custody of a local social 22 services district pursuant to this part, such social services district 23 shall report any anticipated placement of the respondent into a qualified residential treatment program, as defined in section four hundred 24 25 nine-h of the social services law, to the court and the attorneys for 26 the parties, including the attorney for the respondent, forthwith, but 27 not later than one business day following either the decision to place 28 the respondent in the qualified residential treatment program or the 29 actual date the placement change occurred, whichever is sooner. Such notice shall indicate the date that the initial placement or change in 30 placement is anticipated to occur or the date the placement change 31 32 occurred, as applicable. Provided, however, if such notice lists an 33 anticipated date for the placement change, the local social services district shall subsequently notify the court and the attorneys for the 34 parties, including the attorney for the respondent, of the date the 35 placement change occurred; such notice shall occur no later than one 36 37 business day following the placement change. 38 (b) When a respondent whose legal custody was transferred to a local 39 social services district in accordance with this part resides in a qual-40 ified residential treatment program, as defined in section four hundred 41 nine-h of the social services law, and where such respondent's initial 42 placement or change in placement in such qualified residential treatment 43 program commenced on or after September twenty-ninth, two thousand twen-44 ty-one, upon receipt of notice required pursuant to paragraph (a) of 45 this subdivision and motion of the local social services district, the 46 court shall schedule a hearing in accordance with subdivision three of 47 this section. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contra-48 ry, such hearing shall occur no later than sixty days from the date the 49 placement of the respondent in the qualified residential treatment 50 program commenced. 51 3. (a) Within sixty days of the start of a placement of a respondent 52 referenced in subdivision one of this section in a qualified residential 53 treatment program, the court shall: 54 (i) Consider the assessment, determination and documentation made by 55 the qualified individual pursuant to section four hundred nine-h of the

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56 <u>social services law;</u>



1 (ii) Determine whether the needs of the respondent can be met through 2 placement in a foster family home and, if not, whether placement of the 3 respondent in a qualified residential treatment program provides the most effective and appropriate level of care for the respondent in the 4 least restrictive environment and whether that placement is consistent 5 6 with the short-term and long-term goals for the respondent as specified 7 in the respondent's permanency plan; and 8 (iii) Approve or disapprove the placement of the respondent in a qual-9 ified residential treatment program. Provided that, notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, where the qualified individual 10 11 determines that the placement of the respondent in a qualified residen-12 tial treatment program is not appropriate under the standards set in 13 accordance with section four hundred nine-h of the social services law, 14 the court may only approve the placement of the respondent in the quali-15 fied residential treatment program if: 16 (A) the court finds, and states in the written order that: 17 (1) extenuating circumstances exist that necessitate the continued placement of the respondent in the qualified residential treatment 18 19 program despite the finding of the qualified individual; 20 (2) there is not an alternative setting available that can meet the 21 respondent's needs in a less restrictive environment; and 22 (3) that it would be contrary to the welfare of the respondent to be 23 placed in a less restrictive setting and that continued placement in the qualified residential program is in the respondent's best interest 24 25 despite the finding by the qualified individual that the respondent's 26 placement in such setting is not appropriate; and 27 (B) the court's written order states the specific reasons why the 28 court has made the findings required pursuant to clause (A) of this 29 subparagraph. 30 (iv) If the court approves the placement of the respondent in a qualified residential treatment program where the qualified individual deter-31 mines that such placement is not appropriate under the standards set in 32 accordance with section four hundred nine-h of the social services law, 33 34 the court shall hold a hearing to review whether the placement in a qualified residential treatment program continues to be in the respond-35 36 ent's best interest within thirty days of such approval. 37 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, if the 38 existing governing placement order of the court regarding the respondent 39 would not permit the local social services district to move the respond-40 ent from the qualified residential treatment program as required by 41 section four hundred nine-h of the social services law, the court shall 42 issue a new order which shall not preclude such respondent from being placed in a different setting. If the court issues a new placement 43 44 order, there is a presumption that such order will be for the respondent 45 to be placed in an available foster family home; however, if in the 46 respondent's best interest, the court may also issue an order permitting 47 the placement of the respondent in: 48 (i) An available supervised setting, as such term is defined in 49 section three hundred seventy-one of the social services law; 50 (ii) If the respondent has been found to be, or is at risk of becom-51 ing, a sexually exploited child as defined in subdivision one of section 52 four hundred forty-seven-a of the social services law, a setting providing residential care and supportive services for sexually exploited 53 children; 54 55 (iii) A setting specializing in providing prenatal, post-partum, or

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56 parenting supports for youth; or



1	(iv) An available program licensed or certified by the office of chil-
2	dren and family services other than a qualified residential treatment
3	program setting deemed not appropriate for the respondent.
4	4. Documentation of the court's determination pursuant to this section
5	shall be recorded in the respondent's case record.
6	5. To the extent federally allowable, nothing in this section shall
7	prohibit the court's approval of a placement in a qualified residential
8	treatment program from occurring at the same time as another hearing
9	scheduled for such respondent, including but not limited to the respond-
10	ent's dispositional or permanency hearing, provided such approval is
11	completed within sixty days of the start of such placement.
12	§ 8. The opening paragraph of subdivision 5 of section 1017 of the
13	family court act is designated paragraph (a) and a new paragraph (b) is
14	added to read as follows:
15	(b) When a child whose legal custody was transferred to the commis-
16	sioner of a local social services district in accordance with this
17 18	section resides in a qualified residential treatment program, as defined in section four hundred nine-h of the social services law, and where
19	such child's initial placement or change in placement in such program
20	commenced on or after September twenty-ninth, two thousand twenty-one,
21	upon receipt of notice required pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subdi-
22	vision and motion of the local social services district, the court shall
23	schedule a hearing in accordance with section one thousand fifty-five-c
24	of this article. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the
25	contrary, such hearing shall occur no later than sixty days from the
26	date the placement of the child in the qualified residential treatment
27	program commenced.
28	§ 9. The opening paragraph of subdivision (j) of section 1055 of the
29	family court act is designated paragraph (i) and a new paragraph (ii) is
30	added to read as follows:
31	(ii) When a child whose legal custody was transferred to the commis-
32 33	sioner of a local social services district in accordance with this
33 34	section resides in a qualified residential treatment program, as defined in section four hundred nine-h of the social services law, and where
34	such child's initial placement or change in placement in such program
36	commenced on or after September twenty-ninth, two thousand twenty-one,
37	upon receipt of notice required pursuant to paragraph (i) of this subdi-
38	vision and motion of the local social services district, the court shall
39	schedule a hearing in accordance with section one thousand fifty-five-c
40	of this part. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contra-
41	ry, such hearing shall occur no later than sixty days from the date the
42	placement of the child in the qualified residential treatment program
43	commenced.
44	§ 10. The family court act is amended by adding a new section 1055-c
45	to read as follows:
46	§ 1055-c. Court approval of placement in a qualified residential
47	treatment program. 1. The provisions of this section shall apply when a
48	child is placed on or after September twenty-ninth, two thousand twen-
49 50	ty-one and resides in a qualified residential treatment program, as defined in section four hundred nine-h of the social services law, and
50 51	whose care and custody were transferred to the commissioner of a local
52	social services district in accordance with this article.
53	2. Within sixty days of the start of a placement of a child referenced
54	in subdivision one of this section in a qualified residential treatment
55	program, the court shall:



1 (a) Consider the assessment, determination, and documentation made by 2 the qualified individual pursuant to section four hundred nine-h of the 3 social services law; (b) Determine whether the needs of the child can be met through place-4 5 ment in a foster family home and, if not, whether placement of the child 6 in a qualified residential treatment program provides the most effective 7 and appropriate level of care for the child in the least restrictive 8 environment and whether that placement is consistent with the short-term 9 and long-term goals for the child, as specified in the child's permanen-10 cy plan; and 11 (c) Approve or disapprove the placement of the child in a qualified 12 residential treatment program. Provided that, notwithstanding any other 13 provision of law to the contrary, where the qualified individual deter-14 mines that the placement of the child in a qualified residential treat-15 ment program is not appropriate under the standards set in accordance with section four hundred nine-h of the social service law, the court 16 may only approve the placement of the child in the qualified residential 17 18 treatment program if: 19 (i) the court finds, and states in the written order that: 20 (A) extenuating circumstances exist that necessitate the continued placement of the child in the qualified residential treatment program 21 despite the finding of the qualified individual; 22 23 (B) there is not an alternative setting available that can meet the 24 child's needs in a less restrictive environment; and 25 (C) that continued placement in the qualified residential treatment 26 program is in the child's best interest despite the finding by the qual-27 ified individual that the child's placement in such setting is not 28 appropriate; and 29 (ii) the court's written order states the specific reasons why the 30 court has made the findings required pursuant to subparagraph (i) of 31 this paragraph. 32 (d) If the court approves the placement of the child in a qualified 33 residential treatment program where the qualified individual determines 34 that such placement is not appropriate under the standards set in 35 accordance with section four hundred nine-h of the social services law, 36 the court shall hold a hearing to review whether the placement in a 37 qualified residential treatment program continues to be in the child's 38 best interest within thirty days of such approval. 39 3. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, if the 40 existing governing placement order of the court regarding the child 41 would not permit the local social services district to move the child 42 from the qualified residential treatment program as required by section 43 four hundred nine-h of the social services law, the court shall issue a 44 new order which shall not preclude such child from being placed in a 45 different setting. If the court issues a new placement order, there is 46 a presumption that such order will be for the child to be placed in an 47 available foster family home; however, if in the child's best interest, 48 the court may also issue an order permitting the placement of the child 49 in: 50 (i) An available supervised setting, as such term is defined in 51 section three hundred seventy-one of the social services law; 52 (ii) If the child has been found to be, or is at risk of becoming, a 53 sexually exploited child as defined in subdivision one of section four 54 hundred forty-seven-a of the social services law, a setting providing residential care and supportive services for sexually exploited chil-55

56 <u>dren;</u>



1 (iii) A setting specializing in providing prenatal, post-partum, or 2 parenting supports for youth; or 3 (iv) An available program licensed or certified by the office of children and family services other than a qualified residential treatment 4 5 program setting deemed not appropriate for the child. 4. Documentation of the court's determination pursuant to this section 6 7 shall be recorded in the child's case record. 8 5. To the extent federally allowable, nothing in this section shall 9 prohibit the court's approval of a placement in a qualified residential treatment program from occurring at the same time as another hearing 10 scheduled for such child, including but not limited to the child's 11 12 dispositional or permanency hearing, provided such approval is completed 13 within sixty days of the start of such placement. 14 § 11. Clause (C) of subparagraph (ix) of paragraph 5 of subdivision 15 (c) of section 1089 of the family court act, as added by section 27 of 16 part A of chapter 3 of the laws of 2005, is amended, and a new paragraph 17 6 is added to read as follows: 18 (C) if the child is over age fourteen and has voluntarily withheld his 19 or her consent to an adoption, the facts and circumstances regarding the 20 child's decision to withhold consent and the reasons therefor[.]; and 21 (6) Where the child remains placed in a qualified residential treat-22 ment program, as defined in section four hundred nine-h of the social services law, the commissioner of the social services district with 23 24 legal custody of the child shall submit evidence at the permanency hear-25 ing with respect to the child: 26 (i) demonstrating that ongoing assessment of the strengths and needs 27 of the child continues to support the determination that the needs of 28 the child cannot be met through placement in a foster family home, that 29 the placement in a qualified residential treatment program provides the 30 most effective and appropriate level of care for the child in the least 31 restrictive environment, and that the placement is consistent with the 32 short-term and long-term goals for the child, as specified in the 33 child's permanency plan; 34 (ii) documenting the specific treatment or service needs that will be 35 met for the child in the placement and the length of time the child is 36 expected to need the treatment or services; and 37 (iii) documenting the efforts made by the local social services 38 district to prepare the child to return home, or to be placed with a fit 39 and willing relative, legal guardian or adoptive parent, or in a foster 40 family home. 41 § 12. The opening paragraph of clause (H) of subparagraph (vii) of 42 paragraph 2 of subdivision (d) of section 1089 of the family court act 43 is designated item (I) and a new item (II) is added to read as follows: 44 (II) When a child whose legal custody was transferred to the commis-45 sioner of a local social services district in accordance with this 46 section resides in a qualified residential treatment program as defined 47 in section four hundred nine-h of the social services law and where such child's initial placement or change in placement in such program 48 49 commenced on or after September twenty-ninth, two thousand twenty-one, 50 upon receipt of notice required pursuant to item (I) of this clause and 51 motion of the local social services district, the court shall schedule a 52 hearing in accordance with section three hundred ninety-three of the 53 social services law or section one thousand fifty-five-c, one thousand 54 ninety-one-a or one thousand ninety-seven of this chapter. Notwithstand-55 ing any other provision of law to the contrary, such hearing shall occur



no later than sixty days from the date the placement of the child in the 1 2 gualified residential treatment program commenced. 3 § 13. The family court act is amended by adding a new section 1091-a 4 to read as follows: § 1091-a. Court approval of placement in a qualified residential 5 6 treatment program. 1. The provisions of this section shall apply when a 7 former foster care youth is placed on or after September twenty-ninth, 8 two thousand twenty-one, and resides in a qualified residential treat-9 ment program, as defined in section four hundred nine-h of the social services law, and whose care and custody were transferred to a local 10 social services district or the office of children and family services 11 12 in accordance with this article. 13 2. (a) When a former foster care youth is in the care and custody of a 14 local social services district or the office of children and family 15 services pursuant to this article, such social services district or 16 office shall report any anticipated placement of the former foster care 17 youth into a qualified residential treatment program, as defined in 18 section four hundred nine-h of the social services law, to the court and 19 the attorneys for the parties, including the attorney for the former foster care youth, forthwith, but not later than one business day 20 21 following either the decision to place the former foster care youth in 22 the qualified residential treatment program or the actual date the 23 placement change occurred, whichever is sooner. Such notice shall indi-24 cate the date that the initial placement or change in placement is 25 anticipated to occur or the date the placement change occurred, as 26 applicable. Provided, however, if such notice lists an anticipated date 27 for the placement change, the local social services district or office 28 shall subsequently notify the court and attorneys for the parties, 29 including the attorney for the former foster care youth, of the date the placement change occurred; such notice shall occur no later than one 30 31 business day following the placement change. 32 (b) When a former foster care youth whose legal custody was trans-33 ferred to a local social services district or the office of children and 34 family services in accordance with this article resides in a qualified 35 residential treatment program, as defined in section four hundred nine-h 36 of the social services law, and where such former foster care youth's 37 initial placement or change in placement in such qualified residential 38 treatment program commenced on or after September twenty-ninth, two 39 thousand twenty-one, upon receipt of notice required pursuant to para-40 graph (a) of this subdivision and motion of the local social services 41 district, the court shall schedule a hearing in accordance with subdivi-42 sion three of this section. Notwithstanding any other provision of law 43 to the contrary, such hearing shall occur no later than sixty days from 44 the date the placement of the former foster care youth in the qualified 45 residential treatment program commenced. 46 3. Within sixty days of the start of a placement of a former foster 47 care youth referenced in subdivision one of this section in a qualified 48 residential treatment program, the court shall: 49 (a) Consider the assessment, determination, and documentation made by 50 the qualified individual pursuant to section four hundred nine-h of the 51 social services law; 52 (b) Determine whether the needs of the former foster care youth can be 53 met through placement in a foster family home and, if not, whether placement of the former foster care youth in a qualified residential 54

55 treatment program provides the most effective and appropriate level of

56 care for the former foster care youth in the least restrictive environ-



ment and whether that placement is consistent with the short-term and 1 2 long-term goals for the former foster care youth, as specified in the 3 former foster care youth's permanency plan; and (c) Approve or disapprove the placement of the former foster care 4 youth in gualified residential treatment program. Provided that, 5 6 notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, where the 7 gualified individual determines that the placement of the former foster 8 care youth in a qualified residential treatment program is not appropri-9 ate under the standards set in accordance with section four hundred 10 nine-h of the social services law, the court may only approve the placement of the former foster care youth in the qualified residential treat-11 12 ment program if: 13 (i) the court finds, and states in the written order that: 14 (A) extenuating circumstances exist that necessitate the continued 15 placement of the former foster care youth in the qualified residential 16 treatment program despite the finding of the qualified individual; 17 (B) there is not an alternative setting available that can meet the 18 former foster care youth's needs in a less restrictive environment; and 19 (C) that continued placement in the qualified residential treatment program is in the former foster care youth's best interest despite the 20 21 finding by the qualified individual that the former foster care youth's 22 placement in such setting is not appropriate; and 23 (ii) the court's written order states the specific reasons why the 24 court has made the findings required pursuant to subparagraph (i) of 25 this paragraph. 26 (d) If the court approves the placement of the former foster care 27 youth in a qualified residential treatment program where the qualified 28 individual determines that such placement is not appropriate under the 29 standards set in accordance with section four hundred nine-h of the social services law, the court shall hold a hearing to review whether 30 31 the placement in a qualified residential treatment program continues to 32 be in the former foster care youth's best interest within thirty days of 33 such approval. 4. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, if the 34 existing governing placement order of the court regarding the former 35 36 foster care youth would not permit the local social services district or 37 the office to move the former foster care youth from the qualified resi-38 dential treatment program as required by section four hundred nine-h of 39 the social services law, the court shall issue a new order which shall 40 not preclude such former foster care youth from being placed in a 41 different setting. If the court issues a new placement order, there is 42 a presumption that such order will be for the former foster care youth 43 to be placed in an available foster family home; however, if in the 44 former foster care youth's best interest, the court may also issue an 45 order permitting the placement of the former foster care youth in: (a) An available supervised setting, as such term is defined in 46 47 section three hundred seventy-one of the social services law; (b) If the former foster care youth has been found to be, or is at 48 49 risk of becoming, a sexually exploited child as defined in subdivision 50 one of section four hundred forty-seven-a of the social services law, a 51 setting providing residential care and supportive services for sexually 52 exploited children; 53 (c) A setting specializing in providing prenatal, post-partum, or

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54 parenting supports for youth; or



1 (d) An available program licensed or certified by the office of chil-2 dren and family services other than a qualified residential treatment 3 program setting deemed not appropriate for the former foster care youth. 5. Documentation of the court's determination pursuant to this section 4 shall be recorded in the former foster care youth's case record. 5 6 To the extent federally allowable, nothing in this section shall 6. 7 prohibit the court's approval of a placement in a qualified residential 8 treatment program from occurring at the same time as another hearing 9 scheduled for such former foster care youth, including but not limited 10 to the former foster care youth's dispositional or permanency hearing, 11 provided such approval is completed within sixty days of the start of 12 such placement. 13 § 14. The family court act is amended by adding a new section 1097 to 14 read as follows: 15 § 1097. Court approval of placement in a qualified residential treat-16 ment program. 1. The provisions of this section shall apply when a child 17 is placed on or after September twenty-ninth, two thousand twenty-one, 18 and resides in a qualified residential treatment program, as defined in 19 section four hundred nine-h of the social services law, and whose care 20 and custody were transferred to a local social services district in 21 accordance with this article. 22 2. (a) When a child is in the care and custody of a local social services district pursuant to this article, such social services 23 24 district shall report any anticipated placement of the child into a 25 qualified residential treatment program, as defined in section four hundred nine-h of the social services law, to the court and the attor-26 27 neys for the parties, including the attorney for the child, forthwith, 28 but not later than one business day following either the decision to 29 place the child in the qualified residential treatment program or the actual date the placement change occurred, whichever is sooner. Such 30 notice shall indicate the date that the initial placement or change in 31 placement is anticipated to occur or the date the placement change 32 occurred, as applicable. Provided, however, if such notice lists an 33 34 anticipated date for the placement change, the local social services district shall subsequently notify the court and attorneys for the 35 36 parties, including the attorney for the child, of the date the placement change occurred, such notice shall occur no later than one business day 37 38 following the placement change. (b) When a child whose legal custody was transferred to a local social 39 40 services district in accordance with this article resides in a qualified 41 residential treatment program, as defined in section four hundred nine-h 42 of the social services law, and where such child's initial placement or 43 change in placement in such qualified residential treatment program 44 commenced on or after September twenty-ninth, two thousand twenty-one, 45 upon receipt of notice required pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subdi-46 vision and motion of the local social services district, the court shall 47 schedule a hearing in accordance with subdivision three of this section. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, such hearing 48 49 shall occur no later than sixty days from the date the placement of the 50 child in the qualified residential treatment program commenced. 51 3. Within sixty days of the start of a placement of a child referenced 52 in subdivision one of this section in a qualified residential treatment 53 program, the court shall: 54 (a) Consider the assessment, determination, and documentation made by 55 the qualified individual pursuant to section four hundred nine-h of the

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56 <u>social services law;</u>



1 (b) Determine whether the needs of the child can be met through place-2 ment in a foster family home and, if not, whether placement of the child 3 in a qualified residential treatment program provides the most effective and appropriate level of care for the child in the least restrictive 4 environment and whether that placement is consistent with the short-term 5 6 and long-term goals for the child, as specified in the child's permanen-7 cy plan; and 8 (c) Approve or disapprove the placement of the child in the qualified 9 residential treatment program. Provided that, notwithstanding any other 10 provision of law to the contrary, where the qualified individual deter-11 mines that the placement of the child in a qualified residential treat-12 ment program is not appropriate under the standards set in accordance 13 with section four hundred nine-h of the social services law, the court 14 may only approve the placement of the child in the qualified residential 15 treatment program if: 16 (i) the court finds, and states in the written order that: 17 (A) extenuating circumstances exist that necessitate the continued placement of the child in the qualified residential treatment program 18 19 despite the finding of the qualified individual; 20 (B) there is not an alternative setting available that can meet the 21 child's needs in a less restrictive environment; and 22 (C) that continued placement in the qualified residential treatment program is in the child's best interest despite the finding by the qual-23 24 ified individual that the child's placement in such setting is not 25 appropriate; and (ii) the court's written order states the specific reasons why the 26 27 court has made the findings required pursuant to subparagraph (i) of 28 this paragraph. 29 (d) If the court approves the placement of the child in a qualified residential treatment program where the qualified individual determines 30 31 that such placement is not appropriate under the standards set in 32 accordance with section four hundred nine-h of the social services law, 33 the court shall hold a hearing to review whether the placement in a 34 qualified residential treatment program continues to be in the child's 35 best interest within thirty days of such approval. 36 4. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, if the 37 existing governing placement order of the court regarding the child 38 would not permit the local social services district to move the child 39 from the qualified residential treatment program as required by section 40 four hundred nine-h of the social services law, the court shall issue a 41 new order which shall not preclude such child from being placed in a 42 different setting. If the court issues a new placement order, there is 43 a presumption that such order will be for the child to be placed in an 44 available foster family home; however, if in the child's best interest, 45 the court may also issue an order permitting the placement of the child 46 in: 47 (a) An available supervised setting, as such term is defined in section three hundred seventy-one of the social services law; 48 49 (b) If the child has been found to be, or is at risk of becoming, a 50 sexually exploited child as defined in subdivision one of section four 51 hundred forty-seven-a of the social services law, a setting providing 52 residential care and supportive services for sexually exploited chil-53 dren; 54 (c) A setting specializing in providing prenatal, post-partum, or

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55 parenting supports for youth; or



1 (d) An available program licensed or certified by the office of chil-2 dren and family services other than a qualified residential treatment 3 program setting deemed not appropriate for the child. 5. Documentation of the court's determination pursuant to this section 4 shall be recorded in the child's case record. 5 6 6. To the extent federally allowable, nothing in this section shall 7 prohibit the court's approval of a placement in a qualified residential 8 treatment program from occurring at the same time as another hearing 9 scheduled for such child, including but not limited to the child's dispositional or permanency hearing, provided such approval is completed 10 11 within sixty days of the start of such placement. 12 § 15. The office of court administration and the office of children 13 and family services shall work collaboratively to analyze data regarding 14 the placement of children pursuant to proceedings held under section 393 15 of the social services law or sections 353.7, 756-b, 1055-c, 1091-a, and 16 1097 of the family court act in order to identify trends and address any 17 disparities between placement orders issued by the courts and the legis-18 lative intent outlined in subdivision one of section 409-h of the social 19 services law. Such analysis shall include, but not be limited to, a 20 review of the number of times a judge approves the continuation of 21 placement in a qualified residential treatment program where the quali-22 fied individual determines that the placement of the child in such qual-23 ified residential treatment program is not appropriate in accordance 24 with section 409-h of the social services law and the specified reasons 25 for the determinations as required by: clause (B) of subparagraph (iii) of paragraph (a) of subdivision 2 of section 393 of the social services 26 27 law; or the following provisions of the family court act: clause (B) of 28 subparagraph (iii) of paragraph (a) of subdivision 3 of section 353.7; 29 clause (B) of subparagraph (iii) of paragraph (a) of subdivision 3 of section 756-b; subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (c) of subdivision two of 30 section 1055-c; subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (c) of subdivision 3 of 31 section 1091-a; and subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (c) of subdivision 3 32 33 of section 1097. 34 § 16. Severability. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, section or part of this act shall be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdic-35 36 tion to be invalid and after exhaustion of all further judicial review, 37 the judgment shall not affect, impair or invalidate the remainder there-38 of, but shall be confined in its operation to the clause, sentence, 39 paragraph, section or part of this act directly involved in the contro-40 versy in which the judgment shall have been rendered. 41 § 17. This act shall take effect September 29, 2021; provided, howev-42 er, that: 43 (a) (i) notwithstanding any other provision of law, provisions in this 44 act shall not take effect unless and until the state title IV-E agency 45 submits to the United States Department of Health and Human Services, 46 Administration for Children, Youth and Families, an amendment to the 47 title IV-E state plan and the United States Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children, Youth and Families approves 48 49 said title IV-E state plan amendment regarding when a child is placed in 50 a qualified residential treatment program in relation to the following components: (1) the qualified individual and the establishment of the 51 52 assessment by the qualified individual to be completed prior to or within 30-days of the child's placement as established by section three of 53 this act; (2) the 60 day court reviews, including the ability to conduct 54 55 at the same time as another hearing scheduled for the child, as estab-56 lished by sections one, two, four, seven, eight, nine, ten, twelve,



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1 thirteen and fourteen of this act; and (3) permanency hearing require-2 ments as established by sections five, six and eleven of this act;

3 (ii) provided however, that if the United States Department of Health 4 and Human Services, Administration for Children, Youth and Families 5 fails to approve or disapproves any of the components listed in para-6 graph (i) of this subdivision, such action shall not impact the effec-7 tive date for the remaining components listed therein;

8 (b) the office of children and family services shall inform the legis-9 lative bill drafting commission upon the occurrence of the submission 10 set forth in subdivision (a) of this section and any approval related 11 thereto in order that the commission may maintain an effective and time-12 ly database of the official texts of the state of laws of New York in 13 furtherance of effectuating the provisions of section 44 of the legisla-14 tive law and section 70-b of the public officers law;

(c) for the purposes of this act, the term "placement" shall refer only to placements made on or after the effective date of the Title IV-E state plan to establish the 30-day assessment, 60-day court review and permanency hearing requirements set forth in this act that occur on or after its effective date; and

(d) the office of children and family services and the office of court administration are hereby authorized to promulgate such rules and regulations on an emergency basis as may be necessary to implement the provisions of this act on or before such effective date.

PART M

25 Section 1. Subdivision 1 of section 427-a of the social services law, 26 as amended by chapter 45 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as 27 follows:

28 [Any] Each social services district [may] shall, upon the authori-1. 29 zation of the office of children and family services, establish a program that implements differential responses to reports of child abuse 30 and maltreatment. Such programs shall create a family assessment and 31 services track as an alternative means of addressing certain matters 32 otherwise investigated as allegations of child abuse or maltreatment 33 34 pursuant to this title. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to 35 the contrary, the provisions of this section shall apply only to those 36 cases involving allegations of [abuse or] maltreatment in family 37 settings expressly included in the family assessment and services track 38 of the authorized differential response program[, and only in those 39 social services districts authorized by the office of children and fami-40 ly services to implement a differential response program]. Such cases 41 shall not be subject to the requirements otherwise applicable to cases 42 reported to the statewide central register of child abuse and maltreat-43 ment pursuant to this title, except as set forth in this section.

44 § 2. The opening paragraph and paragraph (a) of subdivision 2 of 45 section 427-a of the social services law, as added by chapter 452 of the 46 laws of 2007, are amended to read as follows:

47 Each social services district [interested in implementing a [Any] 48 differential response program] shall [apply] submit a plan to the office 49 of children and family services on or before January first, two thousand 50 twenty-three for [permission to participate] authorization to operate a program pursuant to subdivision one of this section prior to January 51 first, two thousand twenty-four. The criteria for [a social services 52 53 district to participate] authorization will be determined by the office of children and family services after consultation with the office for 54



1 the prevention of domestic violence[,]; however the social services 2 district's [application must include a] plan [setting] <u>shall set</u> forth 3 the following:

in conjunction with any additional requirements imposed by the 4 (a) 5 office of children and family services and the provisions of this subdivision, the factors to be considered by the social services district in 6 7 determining which cases will be addressed through the family assessment 8 and services track and the size of the population to be the subject of 9 the differential response program and the protocols that will be in place to remove implicit bias from the decision-making process in deter-10 11 mining which cases will be subject to the differential response;

12 § 3. The opening paragraph of subdivision 3 of section 427-a of the 13 social services law, as added by chapter 452 of the laws of 2007, is 14 amended to read as follows:

15 The criteria for determining which cases may be placed in the assess-16 ment track shall be determined by the local department of social 17 services, in conjunction with and in accordance with requirements set forth by the office of children and family services and after consulta-18 19 tion with the office for the prevention of domestic violence. Provided, 20 however, that such criteria shall include protocols to remove implicit 21 bias in the decision-making process. Provided further, however, that 22 reports including any of the following allegations shall not be included in the assessment track of a differential response program: 23

§ 4. Subdivision 7 of section 427-a of the social services law, as
added by chapter 452 of the laws of 2007, is amended to read as follows:
7. The office of children and family services shall post [the] each
plan [contained in any application approved] for implementation of a
differential response program on the office of children and family
services website within sixty days of such approval.

30 § 5. This act shall take effect on the one hundred eightieth day 31 after it shall have become a law. Effective immediately, the office of 32 children and family services is authorized to adopt regulations neces-33 sary for the implementation of this act on or before its effective date.

34

PART N

35 Section 1. Subdivision 2 of section 212 of the judiciary law is 36 amended by adding a new paragraph (bb) to read as follows:

37 (bb) To the extent practicable, establish such number of veterans 38 treatment courts as may be necessary to fulfill the purposes of subdivi-39 sion four of section 170.15 and subdivision three of section 180.20 of 40 the criminal procedure law.

41 § 2. Subdivision 5 of section 170.15 of the criminal procedure law, as 42 added by chapter 191 of the laws of 2018, is amended to read as follows: 43 5. (a) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, 44 in any county outside a city having a population of one million or more, 45 upon or after arraignment of a defendant on an information, a simplified 46 information, a prosecutor's information or a misdemeanor complaint pend-47 ing in a local criminal court, such court may, upon <u>defendant's</u> motion [of the defendant and after giving the district attorney an opportunity 48 49 to be heard, order that the action be removed from the court in which 50 the matter is pending to another local criminal court in the same coun-51 ty, or with consent of the district attorney to another court in an 52 adjoining county, that has been designated as a human trafficking court 53 by the chief administrator of the courts, and such human trafficking court] to remove the action to a court in an adjoining county that has 54



been designated as a human trafficking court or veterans treatment court 1 2 by the chief administrator of the courts, and after giving the district 3 attorney an opportunity to be heard and with the consent of the district attorney of the adjoining county, order that the action be removed from 4 the court in which the matter is pending to such human trafficking court 5 6 or veterans treatment court, whereupon such court may then conduct such 7 action to [judgement] judgment or other final deposition; provided, 8 however, that matters where the accused and the person alleged to be the 9 victim of an offense charged are members of the same family or household as defined in subdivision one of section 530.11 of this chapter shall 10 11 not be removed to a veterans treatment court; and provided further that 12 an order of removal issued under this subdivision shall not take effect 13 until five days after the date the order is issued unless, prior to such 14 effective date, the human trafficking court or veterans treatment court 15 notifies the court that issued the order that: 16 i. it will not accept the action, in which event the order shall not 17 take effect; or 18 ii. it will accept the action on a date prior to such effective date, 19 in which event the order shall take effect upon such prior date. 20 (b) Upon providing notification pursuant to subparagraph i or ii of 21 paragraph (a) of this subdivision, the human trafficking court or veter-22 ans treatment court shall promptly give notice to the defendant, his or 23 her counsel, and the district attorney. 24 § 3. Subdivision 4 of section 180.20 of the criminal procedure law, as added by chapter 191 of the laws of 2018, is amended to read as follows: 25 4. (a) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, 26 27 in any county outside a city having a population of one million or more, 28 upon or after arraignment of a defendant on a felony complaint pending 29 in a local criminal court having preliminary jurisdiction thereof, such 30 court may, upon motion of the defendant and after giving the district 31 attorney an opportunity to be heard, order that the action be removed 32 from the court in which the matter is pending to another local criminal 33 court in the same county, or with consent of the district attorney [to 34 another court in] of an adjoining county, to a court in such adjoining 35 county that has been designated as a human trafficking court or veterans 36 treatment court by the chief administrator of the courts, and such human 37 trafficking court or veterans treatment court may then conduct such 38 action to judgment or other final disposition; provided, however, that 39 matters where the accused and the person alleged to be the victim of an 40 offense charged are members of the same family or household as defined 41 in subdivision one of section 530.11 of this chapter shall not be 42 removed to a veterans treatment court; and provided further an order of 43 removal issued under this subdivision shall not take effect until five 44 days after the date the order is issued unless, prior to such effective 45 date, the human trafficking court or veterans treatment court notifies 46 the court that issued the order that: 47 it will not accept the action, in which event the order shall not i. 48 take effect; or 49 ii. it will accept the action on a date prior to such effective date, in which event the order shall take effect upon such prior date. 50 51 (b) Upon providing notification pursuant to subparagraph i or ii of 52 paragraph (a) of this subdivision, the human trafficking court or veter-53 ans treatment court shall promptly give notice to the defendant, his or 54 her counsel and the district attorney. 55 S 4. The criminal procedure law is amended by adding a new section 230.21 to read as follows: 56



1 § 230.21 Removal of action to an adjoining county.

2 1. In any county outside a city having a population of one million or more, the court may, upon motion of the defendant and after giving the 3 district attorney an opportunity to be heard, and with consent of the 4 district attorney of an adjoining county that has a superior court 5 6 designated a human trafficking court or veterans treatment court by the 7 chief administrator of the courts, order that the indictment and action 8 be removed from the court in which the matter is pending to such human 9 trafficking court or veterans treatment court, whereupon such court may then conduct such action to judgment or other final disposition; 10 provided, however, that matters where the accused and the person alleged 11 12 to be the victim of an offense charged are members of the same family or 13 household as defined in subdivision one of section 530.11 of this chap-14 ter shall not be removed to a veterans treatment court; and provided 15 further that an order of removal issued under this subdivision shall not 16 take effect until five days after the date the order is issued unless, 17 prior to such effective date, the human trafficking court or veterans 18 treatment court notifies the court that issued the order that: 19 (a) it will not accept the action, in which event the order shall not 20 take effect, or

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21 (b) it will accept the action on a date prior to such effective date, 22 in which event the order shall take effect upon such prior date.

23 2. Upon providing notification pursuant to paragraph (a) or (b) of 24 subdivision one of this section, the human trafficking court or veterans 25 treatment court shall promptly give notice to the defendant, his or her 26 counsel and the district attorney of both counties.

27 § 5. This act shall take effect immediately.

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PART O

29 Section 1. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the housing 30 trust fund corporation may provide, for purposes of the neighborhood 31 preservation program, a sum not to exceed \$12,830,000 for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2022. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, 32 33 and subject to the approval of the New York state director of the budget, the board of directors of the state of New York mortgage agency 34 35 shall authorize the transfer to the housing trust fund corporation, for 36 the purposes of reimbursing any costs associated with neighborhood pres-37 ervation program contracts authorized by this section, a total sum not 38 to exceed \$12,830,000, such transfer to be made from (i) the special 39 account of the mortgage insurance fund created pursuant to section 40 2429-b of the public authorities law, in an amount not to exceed the 41 actual excess balance in the special account of the mortgage insurance 42 fund, as determined and certified by the state of New York mortgage agency for the fiscal year 2020-2021 in accordance with section 2429-b 43 44 the public authorities law, if any, and/or (ii) provided that the of reserves in the project pool insurance account of the mortgage insurance 45 fund created pursuant to section 2429-b of the public authorities law 46 47 are sufficient to attain and maintain the credit rating (as determined by the state of New York mortgage agency) required to accomplish the 48 49 purposes of such account, the project pool insurance account of the 50 mortgage insurance fund, such transfer to be made as soon as practicable but no later than June 30, 2021. 51

52 § 2. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the housing trust 53 fund corporation may provide, for purposes of the rural preservation 54 program, a sum not to exceed \$5,360,000 for the fiscal year ending March



1 31, 2022. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, and subject to 2 the approval of the New York state director of the budget, the board of directors of the state of New York mortgage agency shall authorize the 3 transfer to the housing trust fund corporation, for the purposes of 4 reimbursing any costs associated with rural preservation program 5 contracts authorized by this section, a total sum not to exceed 6 \$5,360,000, such transfer to be made from (i) the special account of the 7 8 mortgage insurance fund created pursuant to section 2429-b of the public authorities law, in an amount not to exceed the actual excess balance in 9 the special account of the mortgage insurance fund, as determined and 10 certified by the state of New York mortgage agency for the fiscal year 11 12 2020-2021 in accordance with section 2429-b of the public authorities 13 law, if any, and/or (ii) provided that the reserves in the project pool 14 insurance account of the mortgage insurance fund created pursuant to 15 section 2429-b of the public authorities law are sufficient to attain 16 and maintain the credit rating (as determined by the state of New York 17 mortgage agency) required to accomplish the purposes of such account, 18 the project pool insurance account of the mortgage insurance fund, such 19 transfer to be made as soon as practicable but no later than June 30, 20 2021.

§ 3. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the homeless housing 21 22 and assistance corporation may provide, for services and expenses 23 related to homeless housing and preventative services programs including 24 but not limited to the New York state supportive housing program, the solutions to end homelessness program or the operational support for 25 AIDS housing program, or to qualified grantees under such programs, 26 in 27 accordance with the requirements of such programs, a sum not to exceed 28 \$45,181,000 for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2022. The homeless 29 housing and assistance corporation may enter into an agreement with the 30 office of temporary and disability assistance to administer such sum in accordance with the requirements of such programs. Notwithstanding any 31 other provision of law, and subject to the approval of the New York 32 33 state director of the budget, the board of directors of the state of New York mortgage agency shall authorize the transfer to the homeless hous-34 ing and assistance corporation, a total sum not to exceed \$45,181,000, 35 36 such transfer to be made from (i) the special account of the mortgage 37 insurance fund created pursuant to section 2429-b of the public authori-38 ties law, in an amount not to exceed the actual excess balance in the 39 special account of the mortgage insurance fund, as determined and certi-40 fied by the state of New York mortgage agency for the fiscal year 2020-41 2021 in accordance with section 2429-b of the public authorities law, if 42 any, and/or (ii) provided that the reserves in the project pool insur-43 ance account of the mortgage insurance fund created pursuant to section 44 2429-b of the public authorities law are sufficient to attain and main-45 tain the credit rating as determined by the state of New York mortgage 46 agency, required to accomplish the purposes of such account, the project 47 pool insurance account of the mortgage insurance fund, such transfer shall be made as soon as practicable but no later than March 31, 2022. 48 49 § 4. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the homeless housing and assistance corporation may provide, for purposes of reimbursing New 50 51 York city expenditures for adult shelters, a sum not to exceed

52 \$65,568,000 for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2022. Notwithstanding 53 any other inconsistent provision of law, such funds shall be available 54 for eligible costs incurred on or after January 1, 2021, and before 55 January 1, 2022, that are otherwise reimbursable by the state on or 56 after April 1, 2021, and that are claimed by March 31, 2022. Such



1 reimbursement shall constitute total state reimbursement for activities funded herein in state fiscal year 2021-2022, and shall include 2 reimbursement for costs associated with a court mandated plan to improve 3 shelter conditions for medically frail persons and additional costs 4 incurred as part of a plan to reduce over-crowding in congregate shel-5 6 ters. The homeless housing and assistance corporation may enter into an agreement with the office of temporary and disability assistance to 7 administer such sum in accordance with the laws, rules or regulations 8 relating to public assistance and care or the administration thereof. 9 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, and subject to the approval 10 11 of the New York state director of the budget, and the authorization by 12 the members of the state of New York housing finance agency, the state 13 of New York housing finance agency shall transfer to the homeless hous-14 ing and assistance corporation, a total sum not to exceed \$65,568,000, 15 such transfer to be made from excess funds of the housing finance agen-16 cy, not pledged to the payment of the agency's outstanding bonds. Such 17 transfer shall be made as soon as practicable but no later than March 18 31, 2022.

19 § 5. This act shall take effect immediately.

20

PART P

21 Section 1. Paragraphs (a), (b), (c), and (d) of subdivision 1 of 22 section 131-o of the social services law, as amended by section 1 of 23 part K of chapter 56 of the laws of 2020, are amended to read as 24 follows:

(a) in the case of each individual receiving family care, an amount
equal to at least [\$150.00] <u>\$152.00</u> for each month beginning on or after
January first, two thousand [twenty] <u>twenty-one</u>.

(b) in the case of each individual receiving residential care, an amount equal to at least [\$174.00] <u>\$176.00</u> for each month beginning on or after January first, two thousand [twenty] <u>twenty-one</u>.

31 (c) in the case of each individual receiving enhanced residential 32 care, an amount equal to at least [\$207.00] <u>\$210.00</u> for each month 33 beginning on or after January first, two thousand [twenty] <u>twenty-one</u>.

(d) for the period commencing January first, two thousand [twenty-one] twenty-two, the monthly personal needs allowance shall be an amount equal to the sum of the amounts set forth in subparagraphs one and two of this paragraph:

38 (1) the amounts specified in paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of this 39 subdivision; and

40 (2) the amount in subparagraph one of this paragraph, multiplied by 41 the percentage of any federal supplemental security income cost of 42 living adjustment which becomes effective on or after January first, two 43 thousand [twenty-one] <u>twenty-two</u>, but prior to June thirtieth, two thou-44 sand [twenty-one] <u>twenty-two</u>, rounded to the nearest whole dollar.

45 § 2. Paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), and (f) of subdivision 2 of 46 section 209 of the social services law, as amended by section 2 of part 47 K of chapter 56 of the laws of 2020, are amended to read as follows:

(a) On and after January first, two thousand [twenty] <u>twenty-one</u>, for 49 an eligible individual living alone, [\$870.00] <u>\$881.00</u>; and for an 50 eligible couple living alone, [\$1,279.00] <u>\$1,295.00</u>.

51 (b) On and after January first, two thousand [twenty] <u>twenty-one</u>, for 52 an eligible individual living with others with or without in-kind 53 income, [\$806.00] <u>\$817.00</u>; and for an eligible couple living with others 54 with or without in-kind income, [\$1,221.00] <u>\$1,237.00</u>.



1 (c) On and after January first, two thousand [twenty] twenty-one, (i) 2 for an eligible individual receiving family care, [\$1,049.48] \$1,060.48 if he or she is receiving such care in the city of New York or the coun-3 ty of Nassau, Suffolk, Westchester or Rockland; and (ii) for an eligible 4 5 couple receiving family care in the city of New York or the county of 6 Nassau, Suffolk, Westchester or Rockland, two times the amount set forth in subparagraph (i) of this paragraph; or (iii) for an eligible individ-7 8 ual receiving such care in any other county in the state, [\$1,011.48]9 \$1,022.48; and (iv) for an eligible couple receiving such care in any other county in the state, two times the amount set forth in subpara-10 11 graph (iii) of this paragraph.

12 (d) On and after January first, two thousand [twenty] twenty-one, (i) 13 for an eligible individual receiving residential care, [\$1,218.00] 14 \$1,229.00 if he or she is receiving such care in the city of New York or 15 the county of Nassau, Suffolk, Westchester or Rockland; and (ii) for an 16 eligible couple receiving residential care in the city of New York or 17 the county of Nassau, Suffolk, Westchester or Rockland, two times the amount set forth in subparagraph (i) of this paragraph; or (iii) for an 18 19 eligible individual receiving such care in any other county in the state, [\$1,188.00] <u>\$1,199.00;</u> and (iv) for an eligible couple receiving 20 21 such care in any other county in the state, two times the amount set 22 forth in subparagraph (iii) of this paragraph.

(e) On and after January first, two thousand [twenty] twenty-one, (i) for an eligible individual receiving enhanced residential care, [\$1,477.00] <u>\$1,488.00</u>; and (ii) for an eligible couple receiving enhanced residential care, two times the amount set forth in subparagraph (i) of this paragraph.

(f) The amounts set forth in paragraphs (a) through (e) of this subdivision shall be increased to reflect any increases in federal supplemental security income benefits for individuals or couples which become effective on or after January first, two thousand [twenty-one] <u>twenty-</u> <u>two</u> but prior to June thirtieth, two thousand [twenty-one] <u>twenty-two</u>. 32 <u>§</u> 3. This act shall take effect December 31, 2021.

34

PART Q

35 Section 1. Section 82 of the state finance law, as added by chapter 36 375 of the laws of 2018, is amended to read as follows:

§ 82. Gifts to food banks fund. 1. There is hereby established in the sole custody of the commissioner of taxation and finance a special fund to be known as the "gifts to food banks fund". Monies in the fund shall be kept separate from and not commingled with other funds held in the sole custody of the commissioner of taxation and finance.

42 2. Such fund shall consist of all revenues received by the department 43 of taxation and finance pursuant to the provisions of section six 44 hundred twenty-five-a of the tax law and all other money appropriated, 45 credited, or transferred thereto from any other fund or source pursuant 46 to law. Nothing in this section shall prevent the state from receiving 47 grants, gifts or bequests for the purposes of the fund as defined in 48 this section and depositing them into the fund according to law.

3. Monies of the fund shall, after appropriation by the legislature, be made available to the [office of temporary and disability assistance] <u>department of health</u> for grants to regional food banks, organized to serve specific regions of the state, that generally collect and redistribute food donations to organizations serving persons in need. Monies shall be payable from the fund by the commissioner of taxation and



finance on vouchers approved by the commissioner of [temporary and disa-1 bility assistance] <u>health</u>. The commissioner of [temporary and disability 2 3 assistance] health shall promulgate rules and regulations necessary for the distribution of such grants. 4 To the extent practicable, the commissioner of [the office of 5 4. temporary and disability assistance] health shall ensure that all monies 6 7 received during a fiscal year are expended prior to the end of that 8 fiscal year. 5. On or before the first day of February each year, the comptroller 9 10 shall certify to the governor, temporary president of the senate, speak-11 er of the assembly, chair of the senate finance committee and chair of 12 the assembly ways and means committee, the amount of money deposited in 13 the gifts to food banks fund during the preceding calendar year as the 14 result of revenue derived pursuant to section six hundred twenty-five-a 15 of the tax law. 16 6. On or before the first day of February each year, the commissioner 17 [the office of temporary and disability assistance] <u>health</u> shall of provide a written report to the temporary president of the senate, 18 speaker of the assembly, chair of the senate finance committee, chair of 19 20 the assembly ways and means committee, chair of the senate committee on 21 social services, chair of the assembly social services committee, and 22 the public. Such report shall include how the monies of the fund were 23 utilized during the preceding calendar year and shall include: 24 (a) the amount of money [dispersed] disbursed from the fund; 25 (b) the recipients of awards from the fund; (c) the amount awarded to each recipient; 26 27 (d) the purposes for which such awards were granted; and 28 (e) a summary financial plan for such monies which shall include esti-29 mates of all receipts and all disbursements for the current and succeed-30 ing fiscal years, along with the actual results from the prior fiscal 31 year. 32 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately. 33 PART R 34 Section 1. Subdivision 37 of section 292 of the executive law, as 35 amended by chapter 118 of the laws of 2019, is renumbered subdivision 39 36 and amended to read as follows: 39. The term "educational institution" shall mean: 37 38 (a) any education corporation or association which holds itself out to 39 the public to be non-sectarian and exempt from taxation pursuant to the 40 provisions of article four of the real property tax law; or 41 (b) any education corporation or association which holds itself out to 42 the public to be non-sectarian and which is under the supervision of the 43 regents of the state of New York and which is not exempt from taxation 44 pursuant to the provisions of article four of the real property tax law; 45 <u>or</u> (c) any public school, including any school district, board of cooper-46 47 ative educational services, public college or public university. 48 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately. 49 PART S

50 Section 1. Subdivisions 37 and 38 of section 292 of the executive law, 51 subdivision 37 as amended by chapter 118, subdivision 37 as added by



1 chapter 160 of the laws of 2019, are renumbered subdivisions 38, 39 and 2 40 and a new subdivision 41 is added to read as follows: 3 41. The term "citizenship or immigration status" means the citizenship of any person or the immigration status of any person who is not a citi-4 zen of the United States. Nothing in this article shall preclude verifi-5 6 cation of citizenship or immigration status where required by law, nor 7 shall an adverse action based on verification of citizenship or immi-8 gration status be prohibited where such adverse action is required by 9 law. § 2. Subdivision 1 of section 296 of the executive law, as amended by 10 chapter 365 of the laws of 2015, paragraph (a) as separately amended by 11 12 chapters 8 and 176 of the laws of 2019, paragraphs (b), (c) and (d) as 13 amended by chapter 8 of the laws of 2019 and paragraph (h) as amended by 14 chapter 161 of the laws of 2019, is amended to read as follows: 15 1. It shall be an unlawful discriminatory practice: 16 (a) For an employer or licensing agency, because of an individual's 17 age, race, creed, color, national origin, citizenship or immigration status, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, military 18 19 status, sex, disability, predisposing genetic characteristics, familial 20 status, marital status, or status as a victim of domestic violence, to 21 refuse to hire or employ or to bar or to discharge from employment such 22 individual or to discriminate against such individual in compensation or 23 in terms, conditions or privileges of employment. 24 (b) For an employment agency to discriminate against any individual 25 because of age, race, creed, color, national origin, citizenship or immigration status, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, 26 27 military status, sex, disability, predisposing genetic characteristics, 28 familial status, or marital status, in receiving, classifying, disposing 29 or otherwise acting upon applications for its services or in referring 30 an applicant or applicants to an employer or employers. 31 (c) For a labor organization, because of the age, race, creed, color, 32 national origin, citizenship or immigration status, sexual orientation, 33 gender identity or expression, military status, sex, disability, predisposing genetic characteristics, familial status, or marital status of 34 any individual, to exclude or to expel from its membership such individ-35 36 ual or to discriminate in any way against any of its members or against 37 any employer or any individual employed by an employer. 38 (d) For any employer or employment agency to print or circulate or 39 cause to be printed or circulated any statement, advertisement or publi-40 cation, or to use any form of application for employment or to make any 41 inquiry in connection with prospective employment, which expresses 42 directly or indirectly, any limitation, specification or discrimination 43 as to age, race, creed, color, national origin, citizenship or immi-44 gration status, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, mili-45 tary status, sex, disability, predisposing genetic characteristics, 46 familial status, or marital status, or any intent to make any such limi-47 tation, specification or discrimination, unless based upon a bona fide occupational qualification; provided, however, that neither this para-48 49 graph nor any provision of this chapter or other law shall be construed to prohibit the department of civil service or the department of person-50 51 nel of any city containing more than one county from requesting informa-52 tion from applicants for civil service examinations concerning any of the aforementioned characteristics, other than sexual orientation, for 53 the purpose of conducting studies to identify and resolve possible prob-54 55 lems in recruitment and testing of members of minority groups to insure the fairest possible and equal opportunities for employment in the civil 56

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service for all persons, regardless of age, race, creed, color, national
 origin, <u>citizenship or immigration status</u>, sexual orientation or gender
 identity or expression, military status, sex, disability, predisposing
 genetic characteristics, familial status, or marital status.

5 (e) For any employer, labor organization or employment agency to 6 discharge, expel or otherwise discriminate against any person because he 7 or she has opposed any practices forbidden under this article or because 8 he or she has filed a complaint, testified or assisted in any proceeding 9 under this article.

10 (f) Nothing in this subdivision shall affect any restrictions upon the 11 activities of persons licensed by the state liquor authority with 12 respect to persons under twenty-one years of age.

(g) For an employer to compel an employee who is pregnant to take a leave of absence, unless the employee is prevented by such pregnancy from performing the activities involved in the job or occupation in a reasonable manner.

17 (h) For an employer, licensing agency, employment agency or labor 18 organization to subject any individual to harassment because of an indi-19 vidual's age, race, creed, color, national origin, citizenship or immi-20 gration status, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, mili-21 tary status, sex, disability, predisposing genetic characteristics, 22 familial status, marital status, domestic violence victim status, or because the individual has opposed any practices forbidden under this 23 24 article or because the individual has filed a complaint, testified or 25 assisted in any proceeding under this article, regardless of whether such harassment would be considered severe or pervasive under precedent 26 27 applied to harassment claims. Such harassment is an unlawful discrimina-28 tory practice when it subjects an individual to inferior terms, condi-29 tions or privileges of employment because of the individual's membership in one or more of these protected categories. The fact that such indi-30 vidual did not make a complaint about the harassment to such employer, 31 employment agency or labor organization shall not be 32 licensing agency, 33 determinative of whether such employer, licensing agency, employment agency or labor organization shall be liable. Nothing in this section 34 35 shall imply that an employee must demonstrate the existence of an indi-36 vidual to whom the employee's treatment must be compared. It shall be an 37 affirmative defense to liability under this subdivision that the harass-38 ing conduct does not rise above the level of what a reasonable victim of 39 discrimination with the same protected characteristic or characteristics 40 would consider petty slights or trivial inconveniences.

41 § 3. Subdivision 1-a of section 296 of the executive law, as amended 42 by chapter 365 of the laws of 2015 and paragraphs (b), (c) and (d) as 43 amended by chapter 8 of the laws of 2019, is amended to read as follows: 44 1-a. It shall be an unlawful discriminatory practice for an employer, 45 labor organization, employment agency or any joint labor-management 46 committee controlling apprentice training programs:

47 (a) To select persons for an apprentice training program registered
48 with the state of New York on any basis other than their qualifications,
49 as determined by objective criteria which permit review;

50 (b) To deny to or withhold from any person because of race, creed, 51 color, national origin, <u>citizenship or immigration status</u>, sexual orien-52 tation, gender identity or expression, military status, sex, age, disa-53 bility, familial status, or marital status, the right to be admitted to 54 or participate in a guidance program, an apprenticeship training 55 program, on-the-job training program, executive training program, or 56 other occupational training or retraining program;



1 (c) To discriminate against any person in his or her pursuit of such 2 programs or to discriminate against such a person in the terms, condi-3 tions or privileges of such programs because of race, creed, color, 4 national origin, <u>citizenship or immigration status</u>, sexual orientation, 5 gender identity or expression, military status, sex, age, disability, 6 familial status or marital status;

7 (d) To print or circulate or cause to be printed or circulated any 8 statement, advertisement or publication, or to use any form of application for such programs or to make any inquiry in connection with such 9 program which expresses, directly or indirectly, any limitation, spec-10 11 ification or discrimination as to race, creed, color, national origin, 12 citizenship or immigration status, sexual orientation, gender identity 13 or expression, military status, sex, age, disability, familial status or 14 marital status, or any intention to make any such limitation, specifica-15 tion or discrimination, unless based on a bona fide occupational quali-16 fication.

17 § 4. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 2 of section 296 of the executive 18 law, as amended by chapter 8 of the laws of 2019, is amended to read as 19 follows:

20 It shall be an unlawful discriminatory practice for any person, (a) 21 being the owner, lessee, proprietor, manager, superintendent, agent or 22 employee of any place of public accommodation, resort or amusement, 23 because of the race, creed, color, national origin, citizenship or immi-24 gration status, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, mili-25 tary status, sex, disability or marital status of any person, directly or indirectly, to refuse, withhold from or deny to such person any of 26 27 the accommodations, advantages, facilities or privileges thereof, 28 including the extension of credit, or, directly or indirectly, to publish, circulate, issue, display, post or mail any written or printed 29 communication, notice or advertisement, to the effect that any of the 30 accommodations, advantages, facilities and privileges of any such place 31 shall be refused, withheld from or denied to any person on account of 32 race, creed, color, national origin, citizenship or immigration status, 33 sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, military status, sex, 34 35 disability or marital status, or that the patronage or custom thereat of 36 any person of or purporting to be of any particular race, creed, color, 37 national origin, citizenship or immigration status, sexual orientation, 38 gender identity or expression, military status, sex or marital status, 39 or having a disability is unwelcome, objectionable or not acceptable, 40 desired or solicited.

41 § 5. Paragraphs (a), (b), (c) and (c-1) of subdivision 2-a of section 42 296 of the executive law, as amended by section 3 of part T of chapter 43 56 of the laws of 2019, are amended to read as follows:

44 To refuse to sell, rent or lease or otherwise to deny to or with-(a) 45 hold from any person or group of persons such housing accommodations 46 because of the race, creed, color, disability, national origin, citizen-47 ship or immigration status, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, military status, age, sex, marital status, lawful source of 48 income or familial status of such person or persons, or to represent 49 50 that any housing accommodation or land is not available for inspection, 51 sale, rental or lease when in fact it is so available.

52 (b) To discriminate against any person because of his or her race, 53 creed, color, disability, national origin, <u>citizenship or immigration</u> 54 <u>status</u>, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, military 55 status, age, sex, marital status, lawful source of income or familial 56 status in the terms, conditions or privileges of any publicly-assisted



1 housing accommodations or in the furnishing of facilities or services in 2 connection therewith.

3 (c) To cause to be made any written or oral inquiry or record concerning the race, creed, color, disability, national origin, citizenship or 4 immigration status, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, 5 membership in the reserve armed forces of the United States or in the 6 7 organized militia of the state, age, sex, marital status, lawful source 8 of income or familial status of a person seeking to rent or lease any publicly-assisted housing accommodation; provided, however, that nothing 9 in this subdivision shall prohibit a member of the reserve armed forces 10 11 of the United States or in the organized militia of the state from 12 voluntarily disclosing such membership.

13 (c-1) To print or circulate or cause to be printed or circulated any 14 statement, advertisement or publication, or to use any form of applica-15 tion for the purchase, rental or lease of such housing accommodation or 16 to make any record or inquiry in connection with the prospective purchase, rental or lease of such a housing accommodation which 17 18 expresses, directly or indirectly, any limitation, specification or 19 discrimination as to race, creed, color, national origin, citizenship or 20 immigration status, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, 21 military status, sex, age, disability, marital status, lawful source of 22 income or familial status, or any intent to make any such limitation, 23 specification or discrimination.

24 § 6. Paragraph (c) of subdivision 3 of section 296 of the executive 25 law, as added by chapter 369 of the laws of 2015, is relettered para-26 graph (d).

§ 7. Subdivisions 3-b and 4 of section 296 of the executive law, as
amended by chapter 8 and subdivision 4 as separately amended by chapter
116 of the laws of 2019, are amended to read as follows:

It shall be an unlawful discriminatory practice for any real 30 3-b. estate broker, real estate salesperson or employee or agent thereof or 31 any other individual, corporation, partnership or organization for the 32 purpose of inducing a real estate transaction from which any such person 33 or any of its stockholders or members may benefit financially, to repre-34 sent that a change has occurred or will or may occur in the composition 35 36 with respect to race, creed, color, national origin, citizenship or 37 immigration status, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, 38 military status, sex, disability, marital status, or familial status of 39 the owners or occupants in the block, neighborhood or area in which the 40 real property is located, and to represent, directly or indirectly, that 41 this change will or may result in undesirable consequences in the block, 42 neighborhood or area in which the real property is located, including 43 but not limited to the lowering of property values, an increase in crim-44 inal or anti-social behavior, or a decline in the quality of schools or 45 other facilities.

46 It shall be an unlawful discriminatory practice for an educational 4. 47 institution to deny the use of its facilities to any person otherwise qualified, or to permit the harassment of any student or applicant, by 48 49 reason of his race, color, religion, disability, national origin, citi-50 zenship or immigration status, sexual orientation, gender identity or 51 expression, military status, sex, age or marital status, except that any 52 such institution which establishes or maintains a policy of educating persons of one sex exclusively may admit students of only one sex. 53

§ 8. Subdivision 5 of section 296 of the executive law, as amended by 55 chapter 8 of the laws of 2019, subparagraphs 1, 2 and 3 of paragraph (a) 56 as amended by section 4, subparagraphs 1 and 2 of paragraph (c) as



1 amended by section 5, and paragraph (d) as amended by section 6 of part 2 T of chapter 56 of the laws of 2019, is amended to read as follows:

5. (a) It shall be an unlawful discriminatory practice for the owner,
4 lessee, sub-lessee, assignee, or managing agent of, or other person
5 having the right to sell, rent or lease a housing accommodation,
6 constructed or to be constructed, or any agent or employee thereof:

7 (1) To refuse to sell, rent, lease or otherwise to deny to or withhold 8 from any person or group of persons such a housing accommodation because 9 of the race, creed, color, national origin, citizenship or immigration status, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, military 10 status, sex, age, disability, marital status, lawful source of income or 11 12 familial status of such person or persons, or to represent that any 13 housing accommodation or land is not available for inspection, sale, 14 rental or lease when in fact it is so available.

(2) To discriminate against any person because of race, creed, color, national origin, <u>citizenship or immigration status</u>, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, military status, sex, age, disability, marital status, lawful source of income or familial status in the terms, conditions or privileges of the sale, rental or lease of any such housing accommodation or in the furnishing of facilities or services in connection therewith.

22 To print or circulate or cause to be printed or circulated any (3) 23 statement, advertisement or publication, or to use any form of applica-24 tion for the purchase, rental or lease of such housing accommodation or 25 to make any record or inquiry in connection with the prospective purchase, rental or lease of such a housing accommodation which 26 27 expresses, directly or indirectly, any limitation, specification or 28 discrimination as to race, creed, color, national origin, citizenship or 29 immigration status, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, military status, sex, age, disability, marital status, lawful source of 30 income or familial status, or any intent to make any such limitation, 31 specification or discrimination. 32

33 The provisions of this paragraph (a) shall not apply (1) to the rental 34 of a housing accommodation in a building which contains housing accommodations for not more than two families living independently of each 35 36 other, if the owner resides in one of such housing accommodations, (2) 37 to the restriction of the rental of all rooms in a housing accommodation 38 to individuals of the same sex or (3) to the rental of a room or rooms 39 in a housing accommodation, if such rental is by the occupant of the 40 housing accommodation or by the owner of the housing accommodation and 41 the owner resides in such housing accommodation or (4) solely with 42 respect to age and familial status to the restriction of the sale, 43 rental or lease of housing accommodations exclusively to persons sixty-44 two years of age or older and the spouse of any such person, or for 45 housing intended and operated for occupancy by at least one person 46 fifty-five years of age or older per unit. In determining whether hous-47 ing is intended and operated for occupancy by persons fifty-five years of age or older, Sec. 807(b) (2) (c) (42 U.S.C. 3607 (b) (2) (c)) of the 48 49 federal Fair Housing Act of 1988, as amended, shall apply.

50 (b) It shall be an unlawful discriminatory practice for the owner, 51 lessee, sub-lessee, or managing agent of, or other person having the 52 right of ownership or possession of or the right to sell, rent or lease, 53 land or commercial space:

54 (1) To refuse to sell, rent, lease or otherwise deny to or withhold 55 from any person or group of persons land or commercial space because of 56 the race, creed, color, national origin, <u>citizenship or immigration</u>



1 <u>status</u>, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, military 2 status, sex, age, disability, marital status, or familial status of such 3 person or persons, or to represent that any housing accommodation or 4 land is not available for inspection, sale, rental or lease when in fact 5 it is so available;

6 (2) To discriminate against any person because of race, creed, color, 7 national origin, <u>citizenship or immigration status</u>, sexual orientation, 8 gender identity or expression, military status, sex, age, disability, 9 marital status, or familial status in the terms, conditions or privi-10 leges of the sale, rental or lease of any such land or commercial space; 11 or in the furnishing of facilities or services in connection therewith; 12 (3) To print or circulate or cause to be printed or circulated any

12 13 statement, advertisement or publication, or to use any form of applica-14 tion for the purchase, rental or lease of such land or commercial space 15 or to make any record or inquiry in connection with the prospective 16 purchase, rental or lease of such land or commercial space which expresses, directly or indirectly, any limitation, specification or 17 18 discrimination as to race, creed, color, national origin, citizenship or immigration status, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, 19 20 military status, sex, age, disability, marital status, or familial 21 status; or any intent to make any such limitation, specification or 22 discrimination.

23 (4) With respect to age and familial status, the provisions of this 24 paragraph shall not apply to the restriction of the sale, rental or lease of land or commercial space exclusively to persons fifty-five 25 years of age or older and the spouse of any such person, or to the 26 27 restriction of the sale, rental or lease of land to be used for the 28 construction, or location of housing accommodations exclusively for 29 persons sixty-two years of age or older, or intended and operated for occupancy by at least one person fifty-five years of age or older per 30 unit. In determining whether housing is intended and operated for occu-31 pancy by persons fifty-five years of age or older, Sec. 807(b) (2) (c) 32 33 (42 U.S.C. 3607(b) (2) (c)) of the federal Fair Housing Act of 1988, as 34 amended, shall apply.

35 (c) It shall be an unlawful discriminatory practice for any real 36 estate broker, real estate salesperson or employee or agent thereof:

37 (1) To refuse to sell, rent or lease any housing accommodation, land 38 or commercial space to any person or group of persons or to refuse to 39 negotiate for the sale, rental or lease, of any housing accommodation, 40 land or commercial space to any person or group of persons because of 41 the race, creed, color, national origin, citizenship or immigration 42 status, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, military 43 status, sex, age, disability, marital status, lawful source of income or 44 familial status of such person or persons, or to represent that any 45 housing accommodation, land or commercial space is not available for 46 inspection, sale, rental or lease when in fact it is so available, or 47 otherwise to deny or withhold any housing accommodation, land or commercial space or any facilities of any housing accommodation, land or 48 49 commercial space from any person or group of persons because of the 50 race, creed, color, national origin, citizenship or immigration status, 51 sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, military status, sex, 52 age, disability, marital status, lawful source of income or familial status of such person or persons. 53

54 (2) To print or circulate or cause to be printed or circulated any 55 statement, advertisement or publication, or to use any form of applica-56 tion for the purchase, rental or lease of any housing accommodation,



1 land or commercial space or to make any record or inquiry in connection with the prospective purchase, rental or lease of any housing accommo-2 dation, land or commercial space which expresses, directly or indirect-3 ly, any limitation, specification, or discrimination as to race, creed, 4 5 color, national origin, citizenship or immigration status, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, military status, sex, age, disa-6 7 bility, marital status, lawful source of income or familial status; or 8 any intent to make any such limitation, specification or discrimination. (3) With respect to age and familial status, the provisions of this 9 paragraph shall not apply to the restriction of the sale, rental or 10 11 lease of any housing accommodation, land or commercial space exclusively 12 to persons fifty-five years of age or older and the spouse of any such 13 person, or to the restriction of the sale, rental or lease of any hous-

14 ing accommodation or land to be used for the construction or location of 15 housing accommodations for persons sixty-two years of age or older, or 16 intended and operated for occupancy by at least one person fifty-five 17 years of age or older per unit. In determining whether housing is 18 intended and operated for occupancy by persons fifty-five years of age 19 or older, Sec. 807 (b) (2) (c) (42 U.S.C. 3607 (b) (2) (c)) of the 20 federal Fair Housing Act of 1988, as amended, shall apply.

21 It shall be an unlawful discriminatory practice for any real (đ) 22 estate board, because of the race, creed, color, national origin, citizenship or immigration status, sexual orientation, gender identity or 23 24 expression, military status, age, sex, disability, marital status, lawful source of income or familial status of any individual who is 25 otherwise qualified for membership, to exclude or expel such individual 26 27 from membership, or to discriminate against such individual in the 28 terms, conditions and privileges of membership in such board.

29 (e) It shall be an unlawful discriminatory practice for the owner, 30 proprietor or managing agent of, or other person having the right to provide care and services in, a private proprietary nursing home, conva-31 lescent home, or home for adults, or an intermediate care facility, 32 as 33 section two of the social services law, heretofore defined in constructed, or to be constructed, or any agent or employee thereof, 34 to refuse to provide services and care in such home or facility to any 35 individual or to discriminate against any individual in the terms, 36 37 conditions, and privileges of such services and care solely because such 38 individual is a blind person. For purposes of this paragraph, a "blind 39 person" shall mean a person who is registered as a blind person with the 40 commission for the visually handicapped and who meets the definition of 41 а "blind person" pursuant to section three of chapter four hundred 42 fifteen of the laws of nineteen hundred thirteen entitled "An act to 43 establish a state commission for improving the condition of the blind of 44 the state of New York, and making an appropriation therefor".

45 (f) The provisions of this subdivision, as they relate to age, shall 46 not apply to persons under the age of eighteen years.

47 (g) It shall be an unlawful discriminatory practice for any person offering or providing housing accommodations, land or commercial space 48 49 as described in paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of this subdivision to make 50 or cause to be made any written or oral inquiry or record concerning membership of any person in the state organized militia in relation to 51 52 the purchase, rental or lease of such housing accommodation, land, or 53 commercial space, provided, however, that nothing in this subdivision shall prohibit a member of the state organized militia from voluntarily 54 55 disclosing such membership.



56

1 § 9. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 9 of section 296 of the executive 2 law, as amended by chapter 8 of the laws of 2019, is amended to read as 3 follows: (a) It shall be an unlawful discriminatory practice for any fire 4 department or fire company therein, through any member or members there-5 of, officers, board of fire commissioners or other body or office having 6 power of appointment of volunteer firefighters, directly or indirectly, 7 8 by ritualistic practice, constitutional or by-law prescription, by tacit agreement among its members, or otherwise, to deny to any individual 9 membership in any volunteer fire department or fire company therein, or 10 11 to expel or discriminate against any volunteer member of a fire depart-12 ment or fire company therein, because of the race, creed, color, 13 national origin, citizenship or immigrations status, sexual orientation, 14 gender identity or expression, military status, sex, marital status, or 15 familial status, of such individual. 16 § 10. Subdivision 13 of section 296 of the executive law, as amended 17 by chapter 8 of the laws of 2019, is amended to read as follows: 18 13. It shall be an unlawful discriminatory practice (i) for any person 19 to boycott or blacklist, or to refuse to buy from, sell to or trade 20 with, or otherwise discriminate against any person, because of the race, 21 creed, color, national origin, citizenship or immigration status, sexual 22 orientation, gender identity or expression, military status, sex, disability, or familial status, of such person, or of such person's part-23 24 ners, members, stockholders, directors, officers, managers, superinten-25 dents, agents, employees, business associates, suppliers or customers, 26 or (ii) for any person wilfully to do any act or refrain from doing any 27 act which enables any such person to take such action. This subdivision 28 shall not apply to: 29 (a) Boycotts connected with labor disputes; or 30 (b) Boycotts to protest unlawful discriminatory practices. 31 § 11. Subdivisions 1, 2 and 3 of section 296-a of the executive law, as amended by chapter 8 of the laws of 2019, are amended to read as 32 33 follows: 1. It shall be an unlawful discriminatory practice for any creditor or 34 any officer, agent or employee thereof: 35 36 a. In the case of applications for credit with respect to the 37 purchase, acquisition, construction, rehabilitation, repair or mainte-38 nance of any housing accommodation, land or commercial space to discriminate against any such applicant because of the race, creed, color, 39 40 national origin, citizenship or immigration status, sexual orientation, 41 gender identity or expression, military status, age, sex, marital 42 status, disability, or familial status of such applicant or applicants 43 or any member, stockholder, director, officer or employee of such appli-44 cant or applicants, or of the prospective occupants or tenants of such 45 housing accommodation, land or commercial space, in the granting, with-46 holding, extending or renewing, or in the fixing of the rates, terms or 47 conditions of, any such credit; b. To discriminate in the granting, withholding, extending or renew-48 49 ing, or in the fixing of the rates, terms or conditions of, any form of credit, on the basis of race, creed, color, national origin, citizenship 50 51 or immigration status, sexual orientation, gender identity or 52 expression, military status, age, sex, marital status, disability, 53 familial status; 54 c. To use any form of application for credit or use or make any record 55 or inquiry which expresses, directly or indirectly, any limitation,



specification, or discrimination as to race, creed, color, national

1 origin, <u>citizenship or immigration status</u>, sexual orientation, gender 2 identity or expression, military status, age, sex, marital status, disa-3 bility, or familial status;

4 d. To make any inquiry of an applicant concerning his or her capacity 5 to reproduce, or his or her use or advocacy of any form of birth control 6 or family planning;

e. To refuse to consider sources of an applicant's income or to
subject an applicant's income to discounting, in whole or in part,
because of an applicant's race, creed, color, national origin, <u>citizen-</u>
<u>ship or immigration status</u>, sexual orientation, gender identity or
expression, military status, age, sex, marital status, childbearing
potential, disability, or familial status;

13 f. To discriminate against a married person because such person 14 neither uses nor is known by the surname of his or her spouse.

15 This paragraph shall not apply to any situation where the use of a 16 surname would constitute or result in a criminal act.

17 2. Without limiting the generality of subdivision one of this section, 18 it shall be considered discriminatory if, because of an applicant's or 19 class of applicants' race, creed, color, national origin, citizenship or 20 immigration status, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, 21 military status, age, sex, marital status or disability, or familial 22 status, (i) an applicant or class of applicants is denied credit in 23 circumstances where other applicants of like overall credit worthiness 24 are granted credit, or (ii) special requirements or conditions, such as 25 requiring co-obligors or reapplication upon marriage, are imposed upon an applicant or class of applicants in circumstances where similar 26 27 requirements or conditions are not imposed upon other applicants of like 28 overall credit worthiness.

3. It shall not be considered discriminatory if credit differen-29 tiations or decisions are based upon factually supportable, objective 30 differences in applicants' overall credit worthiness, which may include 31 reference to such factors as current income, assets and prior credit 32 33 history of such applicants, as well as reference to any other relevant factually supportable data; provided, however, that no creditor shall 34 consider, in evaluating the credit worthiness of an applicant, aggregate 35 statistics or assumptions relating to race, creed, color, national 36 origin, citizenship or immigration status, sexual orientation, gender 37 38 identity or expression, military status, sex, marital status or disabil-39 ity, or to the likelihood of any group of persons bearing or rearing 40 children, or for that reason receiving diminished or interrupted income 41 in the future.

42 § 12. Subdivision 2 of section 296-c of the executive law, as added by 43 chapter 97 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows:

2. It shall be an unlawful discriminatory practice for an employer to: a. refuse to hire or employ or to bar or to discharge from internship an intern or to discriminate against such intern in terms, conditions or privileges of employment as an intern because of the intern's age, race, creed, color, national origin, <u>citizenship or immigration status</u>, sexual orientation, military status, sex, disability, predisposing genetic characteristics, marital status, or domestic violence victim status;

b. discriminate against an intern in receiving, classifying, disposing or otherwise acting upon applications for internships because of the intern's age, race, creed, color, national origin, <u>citizenship or immi-</u> <u>gration status</u>, sexual orientation, military status, sex, disability, predisposing genetic characteristics, marital status, or domestic violence victim status;



1 c. print or circulate or cause to be printed or circulated any state-2 ment, advertisement or publication, or to use any form of application for employment as an intern or to make any inquiry in connection with 3 prospective employment, which expresses directly or indirectly, any 4 limitation, specification or discrimination as to age, race, creed, 5 6 color, national origin, citizenship or immigration status, sexual orien-7 tation, military status, sex, disability, predisposing genetic charac-8 teristics, marital status or domestic violence victim status, or any intent to make any such limitation, specification or discrimination, 9 unless based upon a bona fide occupational qualification; provided, 10 11 however, that neither this paragraph nor any provision of this chapter or other law shall be construed to prohibit the department of civil 12 13 service or the department of personnel of any city containing more than 14 one county from requesting information from applicants for civil service 15 internships or examinations concerning any of the aforementioned charac-16 teristics, other than sexual orientation, for the purpose of conducting 17 studies to identify and resolve possible problems in recruitment and testing of members of minority groups to insure the fairest possible and 18 19 equal opportunities for employment in the civil service for all persons, 20 regardless of age, race, creed, color, national origin, citizenship or 21 immigration status, sexual orientation, military status, sex, disabili-22 ty, predisposing genetic characteristics, marital status or domestic 23 violence victim status;

d. to discharge, expel or otherwise discriminate against any person
because he or she has opposed any practices forbidden under this article
or because he or she has filed a complaint, testified or assisted in any
proceeding under this article; or

e. to compel an intern who is pregnant to take a leave of absence,
unless the intern is prevented by such pregnancy from performing the
activities involved in the job or occupation in a reasonable manner.

§ 13. Paragraph (b) of subdivision 3 of section 296-c of the executive law, as added by chapter 97 of the laws of 2014, is amended to read as follows:

b. subject an intern to unwelcome harassment based on age, sex, race, creed, color, sexual orientation, military status, disability, predisposing genetic characteristics, marital status, domestic violence victim status, [or] national origin, <u>or citizenship or immigration status</u>, where such harassment has the purpose or effect of unreasonably interfering with the intern's work performance by creating an intimidating, hostile, or offensive working environment.

41 § 14. This act shall take effect immediately.

42

PART T

43 Section 1. Section 522 of the labor law, as amended by chapter 720 of 44 the laws of 1953, is amended to read as follows:

45 § 522. Total unemployment. "Total unemployment" or "totally unem-46 <u>ployed"</u> means the total lack of any employment on any day. The term 47 "employment" as used in this section means any employment including that 48 not defined in this title.

49 § 2. Section 523 of the labor law, as amended by chapter 675 of the 50 laws of 1977, is amended to read as follows:

51 § 523. [Effective day] <u>Partial unemployment</u>. ["Effective day" means a 52 full day of total unemployment provided such day falls within a week in 53 which a claimant had four or more days of total unemployment and 54 provided further that only those days of total unemployment in excess of



1 three days within such week are deemed "effective days". No effective 2 day is deemed to occur in a week in which the claimant has days of employment for which he is paid compensation exceeding the highest bene-3 fit rate which is applicable to any claimant in such week. A claimant 4 5 who is employed on a shift continuing through midnight is deemed to have 6 been employed on the day beginning before midnight with respect to such 7 shift, except where night shift employees are regularly scheduled to 8 start their work week at seven post meridiem or thereafter on Sunday 9 night, their regularly scheduled starting time on Sunday shall be considered as starting on Monday.] "Partial unemployment" or "partially 10 11 unemployed" means any week in which the claimant works less than full-12 time if the wages payable to such individual for such week do not equal 13 or exceed the individual's weekly benefit amount plus one hundred 14 dollars or forty percent of the claimant's weekly benefit amount, which-15 ever is greater. For purposes of this section, remuneration shall also 16 include any holiday or vacation pay payable with respect to any such 17 week, whether or not any service was performed during such week or was in any other way required for receipt of such holiday or vacation pay. 18 19 § 3. The labor law is amended by adding a new section 523-a to read as 20 follows: 21 § 523-a. Week of unemployment. For purposes of this article, "week of 22 unemployment" shall mean a week in which a claimant is totally unemployed or partially unemployed. A claimant who is employed on a shift 23 24 continuing through midnight is deemed to have been employed on the day 25 beginning before midnight with respect to such shift, except where night shift employees are regularly scheduled to start their work week at 26 27 seven post meridiem or thereafter on Sunday night, their regularly sche-28 duled starting time on Sunday shall be considered as starting on Monday. 29 § 4. Section 524 of the labor law, as added by chapter 5 of the laws 30 of 2000, is amended to read as follows: 31 § 524. Week of employment. For purposes of this article, "week of employment" shall mean a Monday through Sunday period during which a 32 33 claimant was paid remuneration for employment for an employer or employliable for contributions or for payments in lieu of contributions 34 ers 35 under this article. A claimant who is employed on a shift continuing 36 through midnight is deemed to have been employed on the day beginning 37 before midnight with respect to such shift, except where night shift 38 employees are regularly scheduled to start their work week at seven post 39 meridiem or thereafter on Sunday night, their regularly scheduled start-40 ing time on Sunday shall be considered as starting on Monday. 41 § 5. Subdivision 4 of section 527 of the labor law, as amended by 42 chapter 832 of the laws of 1968 and as renumbered by chapter 381 of the 43 laws of 1984, is amended to read as follows: 44 General condition. A valid original claim may be filed only in a 4. 45 week [in which the claimant has at least one effective day of unemploy-46 ment] of unemployment, as defined in this article. 47 6. Clauses (i), (ii), (iii) and (iv) of subparagraph 2 of paragraph S (e) of subdivision 1 of section 581 of the labor law, as amended by 48 49 chapter 282 of the laws of 2002, are amended to read as follows: 50 In those instances where the claimant may not utilize wages paid (i) 51 to establish entitlement based upon subdivision ten of section five 52 hundred ninety of this article and an educational institution is the claimant's last employer prior to the filing of the claim for benefits, 53 54 or the claimant performed services in such educational institution in 55 such capacity while employed by an educational service agency which is the claimant's last employer prior to the filing of the claim for bene-56



1 fits, such employer shall not be liable for benefit charges [for the 2 first twenty-eight effective days of benefits paid] in an amount equal 3 to the benefits paid for seven weeks of total unemployment as otherwise provided by this section. Under such circumstances, benefits paid shall 4 be charged to the general account. In addition, wages paid during the 5 base period by such educational institutions, or for services in such 6 7 educational institutions for claimants employed by an educational 8 service agency shall not be considered base period wages during periods that such wages may not be used to gain entitlement to benefits pursuant 9 to subdivision ten of section five hundred ninety of this article. 10

11 (ii) In those instances where the claimant may not utilize wages paid 12 to establish entitlement based upon subdivision eleven of section five 13 hundred ninety of this article and an educational institution is the 14 claimant's last employer prior to the filing of the claim for benefits, 15 or the claimant performed services in such educational institution in 16 such capacity while employed by an educational service agency which is 17 the claimant's last employer prior to the filing of the claim for bene-18 fits, such employer shall not be liable for benefit charges [for the 19 first twenty-eight effective days of benefits paid] in an amount equal 20 to the benefits paid for seven weeks of total unemployment as otherwise 21 provided by this section. Under such circumstances, benefits paid will 22 be charged to the general account. In addition, wages paid during the 23 base period by such educational institutions, or for services in such educational institutions for claimants employed by an educational 24 25 service agency shall not be considered base period wages during periods 26 that such wages may not be used to gain entitlement to benefits pursuant 27 to subdivision eleven of section five hundred ninety of this article. 28 However, in those instances where a claimant was not afforded an oppor-29 tunity to perform services for the educational institution for the next academic year or term after reasonable assurance was provided, such employer shall be liable for benefit charges as provided for in this 30 31 paragraph for any retroactive payments made to the claimant. 32

33 (iii) In those instances where the federal government is the claim-34 ant's last employer prior to the filing of the claim for benefits and such employer is not a base-period employer, payments [equaling the 35 first twenty-eight effective days of benefits] in an amount equal to the 36 37 benefits paid for seven weeks of total unemployment as otherwise 38 prescribed by this section shall be charged to the general account. Τn 39 those instances where the federal government is the claimant's last 40 employer prior to the filing of the claim for benefits and a base-period 41 employer, such employer shall be liable for charges for all benefits 42 paid on such claim in the same proportion that the remuneration paid by 43 such employer during the base period bears to the remuneration paid by 44 all employers during the base period. In addition, benefit payment 45 charges [for the first twenty-eight effective days of benefits] in an 46 amount equal to the benefits paid for seven weeks of total unemployment 47 other than those chargeable to the federal government as prescribed above shall be made to the general account. 48

49 In those instances where a combined wage claim is filed pursuant (iv) 50 to interstate reciprocal agreements and the claimant's last employer 51 prior to the filing of the claim is an out-of-state employer and such 52 employer is not a base-period employer, benefit payments [equaling the first twenty-eight effective days of benefits] in an amount equal to the 53 benefits paid for seven weeks of total unemployment as otherwise 54 prescribed by this section shall be charged to the general account. In 55 those instances where the out-of-state employer is the last employer 56



1 prior to the filing of the claim for benefits and a base-period employer 2 such employer shall be liable for charges for all benefits paid on such 3 claim in the same proportion that the remuneration paid by such employer during the base period bears to the remuneration paid by all employers 4 5 during the base period. In addition, benefit payment charges [for the 6 twenty-eight effective days of benefits] in an amount equal to the bene-7 fits paid for seven weeks of total unemployment other than those charge-8 able to the out-of-state employer as prescribed above shall be made to 9 the general account.

§ 7. Subdivisions 1, 3, 4, paragraph (a) of subdivision 5 and subdivi-10 sions 6 and 7 of section 590 of the labor law, subdivisions 1 and 3 11 as 12 amended by chapter 645 of the laws of 1951, subdivision 4 as amended by 13 chapter 457 of the laws of 1987, paragraph (a) of subdivision 5 as 14 amended by section 8 of part 0 of chapter 57 of the laws of 2013, subdi-15 vision 6 as added by chapter 720 of the laws of 1953 and as renumbered 16 by chapter 675 of the laws of 1977, and subdivision 7 as amended by 17 chapter 415 of the laws of 1983, are amended and a new paragraph (c) is 18 added to subdivision 5 to read as follows:

19 Entitlement to benefits. A claimant shall be entitled to [accumu-1. late effective days for the purpose of benefit rights] the payment of 20 21 benefits only if [he] said claimant has complied with the provisions of 22 this article regarding the filing of [his] a claim, including the filing 23 of a valid original claim, registered as totally <u>unemployed or partially</u> 24 unemployed, reported [his] subsequent employment and unemployment, and 25 reported for work or otherwise given notice of the continuance of [his] 26 unemployment.

3. Compensable periods. Benefits shall be paid for each [accumulation of effective days within a] week <u>of unemployment</u>.

4. Duration. Benefits shall not be paid for more than [one hundred and four effective days] an amount exceeding twenty-six times the claimant's weekly benefit rate in any benefit year, except as provided in section six hundred one and subdivision two of section five hundred ninety-nine of this [chapter] title.

34 A claimant's weekly benefit amount shall be one twenty-sixth of (a) 35 the remuneration paid during the highest calendar quarter of the base 36 period by employers, liable for contributions or payments in lieu of 37 contributions under this article, provided the claimant has remuneration 38 paid in all four calendar quarters during his or her base period or 39 alternate base period. However, for any claimant who has remuneration 40 paid in all four calendar quarters during his or her base period or 41 alternate base period and whose high calendar quarter remuneration 42 during the base period is three thousand five hundred seventy-five 43 dollars or less, the benefit amount shall be one twenty-fifth of the 44 remuneration paid during the highest calendar quarter of the base period 45 by employers liable for contributions or payments in lieu of contrib-46 utions under this article. A claimant's weekly benefit shall be one 47 twenty-sixth of the average remuneration paid in the two highest quarters paid during the base period or alternate base period by employers 48 49 liable for contributions or payments in lieu of contributions under this 50 article when the claimant has remuneration paid in two or three calendar 51 quarters provided however, that a claimant whose high calendar quarter 52 is four thousand dollars or less but greater than three thousand five 53 hundred seventy-five dollars shall have a weekly benefit amount of one twenty-sixth of such high calendar quarter. However, for any claimant 54 55 who has remuneration paid in two or three calendar quarters during his or her base period or alternate base period and whose high calendar 56



1 quarter remuneration during the base period is three thousand five 2 hundred seventy-five dollars or less, the benefit amount shall be one twenty-fifth of the remuneration paid during the highest calendar quar-3 ter of the base period by employers liable for contributions or payments 4 in lieu of contributions under this article. Any claimant whose high 5 6 calendar quarter remuneration during the base period is more than three 7 thousand five hundred seventy-five dollars shall not have a weekly bene-8 fit amount less than one hundred forty-three dollars. The weekly benefit so computed, that is not a multiple of one dollar shall be 9 amount, lowered to the next multiple of one dollar. On the first Monday of 10 September, nineteen hundred ninety-eight the weekly benefit amount shall 11 12 not exceed three hundred sixty-five dollars nor be less than forty 13 dollars, until the first Monday of September, two thousand, at which 14 time the maximum benefit payable pursuant to this subdivision shall 15 equal one-half of the state average weekly wage for covered employment 16 as calculated by the department no sooner than July first, two thousand 17 and no later than August first, two thousand, rounded down to the lowest dollar. On and after the first Monday of October, two thousand fourteen, 18 19 the weekly benefit shall not be less than one hundred dollars, nor shall it exceed four hundred twenty dollars until the first Monday of October, 20 21 two thousand fifteen when the maximum benefit amount shall be four 22 hundred twenty-five dollars, until the first Monday of October, two 23 thousand sixteen when the maximum benefit amount shall be four hundred 24 thirty dollars, until the first Monday of October, two thousand seventeen when the maximum benefit amount shall be four hundred thirty-five 25 until the first Monday of October, two thousand eighteen when 26 dollars, 27 the maximum benefit amount shall be four hundred fifty dollars, until 28 the first Monday of October, two thousand nineteen when the maximum benefit amount shall be thirty-six percent of the average weekly wage 29 until the first Monday of October, two thousand twenty when the maximum 30 benefit amount shall be thirty-eight percent of the average weekly wage, 31 until the first Monday of October two thousand twenty-one when the maxi-32 33 mum benefit amount shall be forty percent of the average weekly wage, the first Monday of October, two thousand twenty-two when the 34 until 35 maximum benefit amount shall be forty-two percent of the average weekly 36 wage, until the first Monday of October, two thousand twenty-three when 37 the maximum benefit amount shall be forty-four percent of the average 38 weekly wage, until the first Monday of October, two thousand twenty-four 39 when the maximum benefit amount shall be forty-six percent of the aver-40 age weekly wage, until the first Monday of October, two thousand twen-41 ty-five when the maximum benefit amount shall be forty-eight percent of 42 the average weekly wage, until the first Monday of October, two thousand 43 twenty-six and each year thereafter on the first Monday of October when 44 the maximum benefit amount shall be fifty percent of the average weekly 45 wage provided, however, that in no event shall the maximum benefit 46 amount be reduced from the previous year. A claimant shall receive his 47 or her full benefit rate for each week of total unemployment. 48 (c) For a week of partial unemployment, a claimant shall be eligible 49 for an amount equal to the difference between the claimant's weekly 50 benefit amount, as calculated pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subdivi-51 sion, and any wages for such week in excess of one hundred dollars or 52 forty percent of the weekly benefit amount, whichever is greater. If 53

53 <u>such partial benefit amount is not a multiple of one dollar, such amount</u> 54 <u>shall be reduced to the nearest lower full dollar amount.</u>

55 6. Notification requirement. [No effective day shall be counted for 56 any purposes except effective days as to] <u>Benefits shall be payable only</u>



1 for a week of unemployment for which notification has been given in a
2 manner prescribed by the commissioner.

3 7. Waiting period. A claimant shall not be entitled to [accumulate 4 effective days for the purpose of] <u>receive</u> benefit payments until [he] 5 <u>the claimant</u> has [accumulated] <u>completed</u> a waiting period of [four 6 effective days either wholly within the] <u>one</u> week [in which he estab-7 lished his valid original claim or partly within such week and partly 8 within his benefit year initiated by such claim] of unemployment.

9 § 8. Subdivisions 1 and 2, paragraph (a) of subdivision 3 and para-10 graph (a) of subdivision 6 of section 591 of the labor law, subdivisions 11 1 and 2 as amended by chapter 413 of the laws of 2003, paragraph (a) of 12 subdivision 3 as amended by chapter 794 of the laws of 1963 and para-13 graph (a) of subdivision 6 as added by section 13 of part 0 of chapter 14 57 of laws of 2013, are amended to read as follows:

15 1. Unemployment. Benefits, except as provided in section five hundred 16 ninety-one-a of this title, shall be paid only to a claimant who is 17 totally <u>unemployed or partially</u> unemployed [and who is unable to engage 18 in his usual employment or in any other for which he is reasonably 19 fitted by training and experience]. A claimant who is receiving benefits under this article shall not be denied such benefits pursuant to this 20 21 subdivision or to subdivision two of this section because of such claim-22 ant's service on a grand or petit jury of any state or of the United 23 States.

24 2. Availability and capability. Except as provided in section five 25 hundred ninety-one-a of this title, no benefits shall be payable to any claimant who is not capable of work or who is not ready, willing and 26 27 able to work in his or her usual employment or in any other for which he 28 or she is reasonably fitted by training and experience. The commission-29 er shall promulgate regulations defining a claimant's eligibility for benefits when such claimant is not capable of work or not ready, willing 30 and able to work in his or her usual employment or in any other which he 31 or she is reasonably fitted by training and experience. 32

(a) [No benefits shall be] <u>Benefits</u> payable to a claimant for any day
during a paid vacation period, or for a paid holiday, [nor shall any
such day be considered a day of total unemployment under section five
hundred twenty-two] <u>shall be calculated as provided in section five</u>
<u>hundred twenty-three and subdivision five of section five hundred ninety</u>
of this article.

(a) No benefits shall be payable to a claimant for any week during a dismissal period for which a claimant receives dismissal pay[, nor shall any day within such week be considered a day of total unemployment under section five hundred twenty-two of this article,] if such weekly dismissal pay exceeds the maximum weekly benefit rate <u>plus</u> one <u>hundred</u> <u>dollars</u> or fifty percent of the claimant's weekly benefit amount, whichever is greater.

46 § 9. Subdivisions 1 and 2 of section 591 of the labor law, subdivision 47 1 as amended by chapter 446 of the laws of 1981 and subdivision 2 as 48 amended by chapter 252 of the laws of 2020, are amended to read as 49 follows:

50 1. Unemployment. Benefits shall be paid only to a claimant who is 51 totally <u>unemployed or partially</u> unemployed [and who is unable to engage 52 in his usual employment or in any other for which he is reasonably 53 fitted by training and experience]. A claimant who is receiving benefits 54 under this article shall not be denied such benefits pursuant to this 55 subdivision or to subdivision two of this section because of such claim-



1 ant's service on a grand or petit jury of any state or of the United 2 States. 3 2. Availability, capability, and work search. No benefits shall be payable to any claimant who is not capable of work or who is not ready, 4 5 willing and able to work in his or her usual employment or in any other for which he or she is reasonably fitted by training and experience and 6 7 who is not actively seeking work. In order to be actively seeking work a 8 claimant must be engaged in systematic and sustained efforts to find work. The commissioner shall promulgate regulations defining systematic 9 and sustained efforts to find work and setting standards for the proof 10 11 of work search efforts. Such regulations shall take into account the 12 need for claimants to provide child care for their child or children, 13 and the regulations shall ensure that such claimants are able to satisfy 14 the standards for proof of work search efforts. The commissioner shall 15 promulgate regulations defining a claimant's eligibility for benefits 16 when such claimant is not capable of work or not ready, willing and able 17 to work in his or her usual employment or in any other which he or she 18 is reasonably fitted by training and experience. 19 § 10. Subdivision 2 of section 592 of the labor law, as amended by 20 chapter 415 of the laws of 1983, is amended to read as follows: 21 2. Concurrent payments prohibited. No [days of total unemployment 22 shall be deemed to occur] benefits shall be payable in any week [with respect to which] or [a] part [of] thereof, in which a claimant has 23 received or is seeking unemployment benefits under an unemployment 24 compensation law of any other state or of the United States, provided 25 that this provision shall not apply if the appropriate agency of such 26 27 other state or of the United States finally determines that [he] the 28 claimant is not entitled to such unemployment benefits. 29 § 11. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 1, the opening paragraph of subdivision 2 and subdivisions 3 and 4 of section 593 of the labor law, para-30 graph (a) of subdivision 1, the opening paragraph of subdivision 2 and 31 subdivision 3 as amended by section 15 of part 0 of chapter 57 of the 32 33 laws of 2013 and subdivision 4 as amended by chapter 589 of the laws of 34 1998, are amended to read as follows: 35 (a) No [days of total unemployment shall be deemed to occur] benefits 36 shall be payable for any week of unemployment that occurs after a claim-37 ant's voluntary separation without good cause from employment until he 38 or she has subsequently worked in employment and earned remuneration at 39 least equal to ten times his or her weekly benefit rate. In addition to 40 other circumstances that may be found to constitute good cause, includ-41 ing a compelling family reason as set forth in paragraph (b) of this 42 subdivision, voluntary separation from employment shall not in itself 43 disqualify a claimant if circumstances have developed in the course of 44 such employment that would have justified the claimant in refusing such 45 employment in the first instance under the terms of subdivision two of 46 this section or if the claimant, pursuant to an option provided under a 47 collective bargaining agreement or written employer plan which permits waiver of his or her right to retain the employment when there is a 48 temporary layoff because of lack of work, has elected to be separated 49 for a temporary period and the employer has consented thereto. 50 51 No [days of total unemployment shall be deemed to occur] benefits 52 shall be payable for any week of unemployment beginning with the day on which a claimant, without good cause, refuses to accept an offer of 53 employment for which he or she is reasonably fitted by training and 54 55 experience, including employment not subject to this article, until he or she has subsequently worked in employment and earned remuneration at 56



1 least equal to ten times his or her weekly benefit rate. Except that claimants who are not subject to a recall date or who do not obtain 2 employment through a union hiring hall and who are still unemployed 3 after receiving ten weeks of benefits shall be required to accept any 4 employment proffered that such claimants are capable of performing, 5 provided that such employment would result in a wage not less than 6 eighty percent of such claimant's high calendar quarter wages received 7 8 in the base period and not substantially less than the prevailing wage for similar work in the locality as provided for in paragraph (d) of 9 this subdivision. No refusal to accept employment shall be deemed with-10 11 out good cause nor shall it disqualify any claimant otherwise eligible 12 to receive benefits if:

3. Misconduct. No [days of total unemployment shall be deemed to occur] <u>benefits shall be payable for any week of unemployment that</u> <u>occurs</u> after a claimant lost employment through misconduct in connection with his or her employment until he or she has subsequently worked in employment and earned remuneration at least equal to ten times his or her weekly benefit rate.

19 4. Criminal acts. No [days of total unemployment shall be deemed to 20 occur during] benefits shall be payable for any week of unemployment for 21 a period of twelve months after a claimant loses employment as a result 22 of an act constituting a felony in connection with such employment, provided the claimant is duly convicted thereof or has signed a state-23 24 ment admitting that he or she has committed such an act. Determinations 25 regarding a benefit claim may be reviewed at any time. Any benefits 26 paid to a claimant prior to a determination that the claimant has lost 27 employment as a result of such act shall not be considered to have been 28 accepted by the claimant in good faith. In addition, remuneration paid 29 to the claimant by the affected employer prior to the claimant's loss of employment due to such criminal act may not be utilized for the purpose 30 31 of establishing entitlement to a subsequent, valid original claim. The 32 provisions of this subdivision shall apply even if the employment lost 33 as a result of such act is not the claimant's last employment prior to 34 the filing of his or her claim.

35 § 12. Subdivisions 1 and 2 of section 594 of the labor law, as amended 36 by section 16 of part 0 of chapter 57 of the laws of 2013, are amended 37 to read as follows:

(1) A claimant who has wilfully made a false statement or representation to obtain any benefit under the provisions of this article shall forfeit benefits for at least the first [four] week of unemployment but not more than the first [eighty effective days] twenty weeks of unemployment following discovery of such offense for which he or she otherwise would have been entitled to receive benefits. Such penalty shall apply only once with respect to each such offense.

45 (2) For the purpose of subdivision four of section five hundred ninety
46 of this article, the claimant shall be deemed to have received benefits
47 for such forfeited [effective days] weeks of unemployment.

48 § 13. Subdivisions 1 and 4 of section 596 of the labor law, subdivi-49 sion 1 as amended by chapter 204 of the laws of 1982 and subdivision 4 50 as added by chapter 705 of the laws of 1944 and as renumbered by section 51 148-a of part B of chapter 436 of the laws of 1997, are amended to read 52 as follows:

53 1. Claim filing and certification to unemployment. A claimant shall 54 file a claim for benefits [at] <u>with</u> the [local state employment office 55 serving the area in which he was last employed or in which he resides] 56 <u>department</u> within such time and in such manner as the commissioner shall



1 prescribe. [He] The claimant shall disclose whether he or she owes child 2 support obligations, as hereafter defined. If a claimant making such disclosure is eligible for benefits, the commissioner shall notify the 3 state or local child support enforcement agency, as hereafter defined, 4 5 that the claimant is eligible. 6 A claimant shall correctly report any [days of] employment and any 7 compensation [he] received for such employment, including [employments] 8 employment not subject to this article, and the days on which he or she was totally <u>unemployed</u> or <u>partially</u> unemployed and shall make such 9 reports in accordance with such regulations as the commissioner shall 10 11 prescribe. 4. Registration and reporting for work. A claimant shall register as 12 13 totally <u>unemployed or partially</u> unemployed [at a local state employment 14 office serving the area in which he was last employed or in which he 15 resides] with the department in accordance with such regulations as the 16 commissioner shall prescribe. After so registering, such claimant shall 17 [report for work at the same local state employment office or otherwise] 18 give notice of [the continuance of his] continued total or partial unem-19 ployment as often and in such manner as the commissioner shall 20 prescribe. 21 § 14. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 2 of section 599 of the labor law, 22 as amended by chapter 593 of the laws of 1991, is amended to read as 23 follows: 24 (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, a claimant 25 attending an approved training course or program under this section may receive additional benefits of up to [one hundred four effective days] 26 27 twenty-six times his or her weekly benefit amount following exhaustion 28 of regular and, if in effect, any other extended benefits, provided that 29 entitlement to a new benefit claim cannot be established. Certification 30 of continued satisfactory participation and progress in such training course or program must be submitted to the commissioner prior to the 31 payment of any such benefits. The [duration] amount of such additional 32 benefits shall in no case exceed twice the [number of effective days] 33 amount of regular benefits to which the claimant is entitled at the time 34 the claimant is accepted in, or demonstrates application for appropriate 35 36 training. 37 § 15. The opening paragraph and paragraph (e) of subdivision 2 of 38 section 601 of the labor law, as amended by chapter 35 of the laws of 39 2009, are amended to read as follows: 40 Extended benefits shall be payable to a claimant for [effective days 41 occurring in] any week of total unemployment or partial unemployment 42 within an eligibility period, provided the claimant 43 (e) is not claiming benefits pursuant to an interstate claim filed 44 under the interstate benefit payment plan in a state where an extended 45 benefit period is not in effect, except that this condition shall not 46 apply with respect to the first [eight effective days] two weeks of 47 total unemployment or partial unemployment for which extended benefits shall otherwise be payable pursuant to an interstate claim filed under 48 49 the interstate benefit payment plan; and § 16. Subdivisions 3, 4 and paragraphs (b) and (e) of subdivision 5 of 50 51 section 601 of the labor law, as amended by chapter 35 of the laws of 52 2009, are amended to read as follows: 3. Extended benefit amounts; rate and duration. Extended benefits 53 54 shall be paid to a claimant (a) at a rate equal to his or her rate for regular benefits during his 55 56 or her applicable benefit year but



1 (b) for not more than [fifty-two effective days with respect to his or 2 her applicable benefit year, with a total maximum amount equal to] fifty 3 percentum of the total maximum amount of regular benefits payable in 4 such benefit year, and

5 (c) if a claimant's benefit year ends within an extended benefit peri-6 od, the remaining balance of extended benefits to which he or she would 7 be entitled, if any, shall be reduced by the [number of effective days] 8 <u>amount of benefits</u> for which he or she was entitled to receive trade 9 readjustment allowances under the federal trade act of nineteen hundred 10 seventy-four during such benefit year, and

(d) for periods of high unemployment for not more than [eighty effective days with respect to the applicable benefit year with a total maximum amount equal to] eighty percent of the total maximum amount of regular benefits payable in such benefit year.

15 4. Charging of extended benefits. The provisions of paragraph (e) of 16 subdivision one of section five hundred eighty-one of this article shall 17 apply to benefits paid pursuant to the provisions of this section, and if they were paid for [effective days] weeks of unemployment occurring 18 19 in weeks following the end of a benefit year, they shall be deemed paid 20 with respect to that benefit year. However, except for governmental 21 entities as defined in section five hundred sixty-five and Indian tribes 22 defined in section five hundred sixty-six of this article, only oneas half of the amount of such benefits shall be debited to the employers' 23 24 account; the remainder thereof shall be debited to the general account, 25 and such account shall be credited with the amount of payments received in the fund pursuant to the provisions of the federal-state extended 26 27 unemployment compensation act. Notwithstanding the foregoing, where the 28 state has entered an extended benefit period triggered pursuant to 29 subparagraph one of paragraph (a) of subdivision one of this section for 30 which federal law provides for one hundred percent federal sharing of the costs of benefits, all charges shall be debited to the general 31 account and such account shall be credited with the amount of payments 32 received in the fund pursuant to the provisions of the federal-state 33 extended unemployment compensation act or other federal law providing 34 for one hundred percent federal sharing for the cost of such benefits. 35

36 (b) No [days of total unemployment shall be deemed to occur in] bene-37 fits shall be payable for any week within an eligibility period during 38 which a claimant fails to accept any offer of suitable work or fails to 39 apply for suitable work to which he or she was referred by the commis-40 sioner, who shall make such referral if such work is available, or 41 during which he or she fails to engage actively in seeking work by 42 making a systematic and sustained effort to obtain work and providing 43 tangible evidence of such effort, and until he or she has worked in 44 employment during at least four subsequent weeks and earned remuneration 45 of at least four times his or her benefit rate.

(e) No [days of total unemployment] <u>benefits</u> shall be [deemed to occur in] <u>payable for</u> any week within an eligibility period under section five hundred ninety-three of this [article] <u>title</u>, until he or she has subsequently worked in employment in accordance with the requirements set forth in section five hundred ninety-three of this [article] <u>title</u>.

51 § 17. Section 603 of the labor law, as amended by section 21 of part 0 52 of chapter 57 of the laws of 2013, is amended to read as follows:

53 § 603. Definitions. For purposes of this title: "Total unemployment" 54 <u>and "partial unemployment"</u> shall [mean the total lack of any employment 55 on any day,] <u>have the same meanings as defined in this article</u>, other 56 than with an employer applying for a shared work program. "Work force"



1 shall mean the total work force, a clearly identifiable unit or units 2 thereof, or a particular shift or shifts. The work force subject to 3 reduction shall consist of no less than two employees.

§ 18. Severability. If any amendment contained in a clause, sentence, paragraph, section or part of this act shall be adjudged by the United States Department of Labor to violate requirements for maintaining benefit standards required of the state in order to be eligible for any financial benefit offered through federal law or regulation, such amendments shall be severed from this act and shall not affect, impair or invalidate the remainder thereof.

\$ 19. This act shall take effect one year after the date on which it shall have become a law; provided that the amendments to subdivisions 1 and 2 of section 591 of the labor law made by section eight of this act shall be subject to the expiration and reversion of such subdivisions pursuant to section 10 of chapter 413 of the laws of 2003, as amended, when upon such date the provisions of section nine of this act shall take effect.

PART U

19 Section 1. Section 577 of the private housing finance law is amended 20 by adding a new subdivision 2-a to read as follows:

21 2-a. Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of law to the contra-22 ry, a project of a housing development fund company managed or operated 23 by a company incorporated pursuant to the not-for-profit corporation law 24 and this article, that has entered into a regulatory agreement with the 25 commissioner or supervisory agency pursuant to section five hundred 26 seventy-six of this article shall be exempt from the sales and compen-27 sating use taxes imposed pursuant to article twenty-eight or twenty-nine 28 of the tax law, and such tax exemption shall continue only so long as 29 such agreement is in force and effect.

30 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to 31 projects that entered into regulatory agreements pursuant to section 576 32 of the private housing finance law on or after January 1, 2020.

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PART V

34 Section 1. Subdivisions 5, 6, 7, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, and 17 of section 35 111-h of the social services law are REPEALED, subdivisions 18, 19, and 36 20 are renumbered subdivisions 12, 13, and 14 and three new subdivisions 37 5, 6, and 7 are added to read as follows:

38 5. Except as provided in subdivision six of this section, any funds 39 paid to a support collection unit established by a social services 40 district which have not been disbursed after two years of diligent 41 efforts to locate the person entitled to such funds shall be paid to the 42 state comptroller in accordance with subdivision seven of this section 43 unless information has been received that is likely to lead to the 44 location of the person who is entitled to such funds; provided, however, 45 where the support collection unit determines that the person entitled to 46 the funds is deceased and cannot locate an estate for the person enti-47 tled to the funds, or the estate does not claim the funds, such funds 48 may be paid to the state comptroller in accordance with subdivision 49 seven of this section without two years of diligent efforts.

50 <u>6. Any funds paid to a support collection unit established by a social</u> 51 <u>services district for which the remitter of such funds has not provided</u>

52 sufficient identifying information to associate the funds with an exist-



ing or previously existing child support account, and such information 1 2 cannot be determined after diligent efforts, shall be paid to the state 3 comptroller in accordance with subdivision seven of this section. 7. In the month of April, on or before the tenth day thereof, such 4 5 payment shall be delivered to the state comptroller pursuant to section 6 thirteen hundred eighteen of the abandoned property law, and shall be accompanied by a written report, affirmed as true and accurate under the 7 8 penalty of perjury, classified as the state comptroller shall prescribe, 9 setting forth: 10 (a) the names and last known addresses, if any, of the persons enti-11 tled to receive such abandoned property; 12 (b) the title of any proceeding relating to such abandoned property; 13 and 14 (c) such other identifying information as the state comptroller may 15 require. 16 § 2. Paragraph (c) of subdivision 1 of section 600 of the abandoned 17 property law is REPEALED. 18 § 3. Subdivision 3 of section 602 of the abandoned property law is 19 REPEALED. 20 4. The abandoned property law is amended by adding a new section S 21 1318 to read as follows: § 1318. Unclaimed spousal and child support. Any amount representing 22 23 child support or child and spousal support paid to a support collection 24 unit established by a social services district which has been delivered 25 to the state comptroller pursuant to subdivision seven of section one hundred eleven-h of the social services law shall be deemed abandoned 26 27 property. On or before the tenth day of April in each year, such aban-28 doned property shall be paid to the state comptroller. Such payment shall be accompanied by a verified written report in such form as the 29 state comptroller may prescribe. 30 31 § 5. Subparagraph (b) of paragraph 1 of subdivision 4 of section 240 the domestic relations law, as added by chapter 398 of the laws of 32 of 33 1997, is amended to read as follows: (b) The party filing the specific written objections shall bear the 34 burden of going forward and the burden of proof; provided, however, that 35 36 if the support collection unit has failed to provide the documentation 37 and information required by former subdivision fourteen of section one 38 hundred eleven-h of the social services law, the court shall first require the support collection unit to furnish such documents and infor-39 40 mation to the parties and the court. 41 § 6. Subparagraph 2 of paragraph b of subdivision 3 of section 413 of 42 the family court act, as added by chapter 398 of the laws of 1997, is 43 amended to read as follows: 44 (2) The party filing the specific written objections shall bear the 45 burden of going forward and the burden of proof; provided, however, that 46 the support collection unit has failed to provide the documentation if 47 and information required by former subdivision fourteen of section one hundred eleven-h of the social services law, the court shall first 48 require the support collection unit to furnish such documents and infor-49 50 mation to the parties and the court. 51 § 7. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 13, subdivisions 16 and 17 of 52 section 111-b of the social services law, paragraph (a) of subdivision 13 as added by chapter 59 of the laws of 1993, subdivision 16 as added 53 by chapter 706 of the laws of 1996, paragraph (a) of subdivision 16 as 54 amended by chapter 139 of the laws of 1999 and subdivision 17 as added 55 by chapter 398 of the laws of 1997, are amended to read as follows: 56



1 (a) The commissioner shall enter into the agreement provided for in 2 section one hundred seventy-one-g of the tax law and is authorized to 3 furnish to the commissioner of taxation and finance any information, and 4 to take such other actions, as may be necessary to carry out the agree-5 ment provided for in such section, for the purpose of reviewing support 6 orders pursuant to <u>former</u> subdivision twelve of section one hundred 7 eleven-h of this title.

16. Bureaus of special hearings; child support unit. (a) The depart-8 ment is authorized to establish a bureau of special hearings; child 9 support unit solely for the purposes of providing administrative law 10 11 judges to decide objections to the determination of a support collection 12 unit to refer an obligor's arrears to the department of taxation and 13 finance for collection pursuant to subdivision [nineteen] thirteen of 14 section one hundred eleven h of this title. The administrative law judg-15 es employed by the unit shall serve exclusively within the unit and 16 shall not be utilized for any purpose other than those described in this 17 subdivision and shall be salaried employees of the department and shall 18 not be removed from such unit except for cause.

19 (b) The unit shall review a support collection unit's denial of a 20 challenge made by a support obligor pursuant to paragraph two of subdi-21 vision [nineteen] thirteen of section one hundred eleven-h of this title 22 if objections thereto are filed by a support obligor who has received 23 notice that the department intends to notify the department of taxation 24 and finance to collect such support obligor's support arrears. Specific 25 written objections to a support collection unit's denial must be submitted by the support obligor to the unit within thirty days of the date of 26 27 the notice of the support collection unit's denial. A support obligor 28 who files such objections shall serve a copy of the objections upon the 29 support collection unit, which shall have ten days from such service to file a written rebuttal to such objections and a copy of the record upon 30 which the support collection unit's denial was made, including all 31 documentation submitted by the support obligor. Proof of service shall 32 33 be filed with the unit at the time of filing of objections and any The unit's review shall be based solely upon the record and 34 rebuttal. submissions of the support obligor and the support collection unit upon 35 36 which the support collection unit's denial was made. Within fifteen days 37 after the rebuttal, if any, is filed, an administrative law judge of the 38 unit shall (i) deny the objections and remand to the support collection 39 unit or (ii) affirm the objections if the administrative law judge finds 40 the determination of the support collection unit is based upon an erro-41 neous determination of fact by the support collection unit. Such deci-42 sion shall pertain solely to the mistaken identity of the obligor, a 43 prejudicial error in the calculation of the obligor's arrears, the 44 obligor's financial exemption from collection of support arrears by the 45 department of taxation and finance or the absence of an underlying court 46 order establishing arrears to support eligibility for such enforcement. 47 Upon an affirmation of the objections the administrative law judge shall direct the support collection unit not to notify the department of taxa-48 49 tion and finance of their authority to collect the support obligor's arrears. Provisions set forth in this subdivision relating to procedures 50 51 for hearing objections by the unit shall apply solely to such cases and 52 not affect or modify any other procedure for review or appeal of administrative enforcement of child support requirements. The decision of the 53 54 administrative law judge pursuant to this section shall be final and not 55 reviewable by the commissioner, and shall be reviewable only pursuant to article seventy-eight of the civil practice law and rules. 56



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1 17. Special services for review and adjustment. The department shall develop procedures for and require local social services districts to 2 dedicate special staff to the review and adjustment of child support 3 orders entered prior to September fifteenth, nineteen hundred eighty-4 nine on behalf of children in receipt of public assistance or child 5 support services pursuant to section one hundred eleven-g of this title. 6 7 Such review and adjustment shall be performed pursuant to former subdi-8 visions twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen and sixteen of section one hundred eleven-h of this title. All such cases shall be reviewed and if 9 necessary adjusted no later than December thirty-first, two thousand. 10

\$ 8. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however, that any funds which were deposited with the county treasurer or the commissioner of finance of the city of New York in accordance with section 14 111-h of the social services law prior to the effective date of this act shall be delivered to the state comptroller on or before April 1, 2022 in accordance with subdivision 7 of section 111-h of the social services law, as added by section one of this act.

PART W

19 Section 1. 1. Upon the oral or written request of an employee, each 20 employer shall provide each employee up to four hours of leave to be 21 used for each of up to two COVID-19 vaccine injections, provided however 22 that an employer that provides or arranges to provide a COVID-19 vacci-23 nation at the employee's workplace shall provide sufficient time to the 24 employee for such vaccine injections.

25 2. For purposes of this act, the term "employer" has the same meaning 26 as the term "employer" in section 190 of the labor law except that it 27 also includes government agencies.

3. Except where prohibited by law, an employer may request documentation from an employee confirming the employee's eligibility to take leave under this act before authorizing such leave.

31 4. Each employee shall be compensated at his or her regular rate of 32 pay for those regular work hours during which the employee is absent 33 from work due to leave provided by this act.

5. The leave provided by this act shall be provided without loss or reduction of an employee's accrued leave under section 196-b of the labor law or earned benefits or wage supplements subject to section 198-c of the labor law.

6. No employer or any other person, shall discharge, threaten, penalize, or in any other manner discriminate or retaliate against any employee because such employee has exercised his or her rights afforded under this act, consistent with and subject to the provisions of section 215 of the labor law.

7. The commissioner of labor shall have authority to adopt regulations, including emergency regulations, and issue guidance to effectuate any of the provisions of this act. Employers shall comply with regulations promulgated by the commissioner of labor for this purpose which may include, but is not limited to, standards for the use, payment, and employee eligibility of leave pursuant to this act.

8. The provisions of this act and any regulations adopted thereunder may be enforced by the commissioner of labor through the remedies and protections provided in, and applied to, article 6 of the labor law.

52 9. Nothing in this act shall be deemed to impede, infringe, diminish 53 or impair the rights of an employee or employer under any law, rule, 54 regulation or collectively negotiated agreement, or the rights and bene-



1 fits which accrue to employees through collective bargaining agreements, 2 or otherwise diminish the integrity of the existing collective bargaining relationship, or to prohibit any personnel action which otherwise 3 would have been taken regardless of any request to use, or utilization 4 5 of, any leave provided by this act. 6 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately. 7 PART X 8 Section 1. Section 2401 of the public authorities law is amended by 9 adding a new undesignated paragraph to read as follows: 10 It is further found and determined that there is a shortage of 11 adequate funds to assist in the new construction of housing, including 12 modular and manufactured housing. 13 § 2. Subdivisions 2, 5, and 12 of section 2402 of the public authori-14 ties law, subdivision 2 as amended by chapter 806 of the laws of 1990, 15 subdivision 5 as amended by chapter 151 of the laws of 2013, and subdi-16 vision 12 as added by chapter 915 of the laws of 1982, are amended to 17 read as follows: "Bank". Any bank or trust company, savings bank, savings and loan 18 (2) 19 association, industrial bank, credit union, national banking association, federal savings and loan association, federal savings bank or 20 federal credit union which is located in the state. The term "bank" 21 shall also include a New York state licensed mortgage banker, or a 22 domestic not-for-profit corporation whose public purposes include 23 24 combatting community deterioration and which is an exempt organization 25 as defined in paragraph (e) of subdivision one of section five hundred 26 ninety of the banking law, or an entity exempt from licensing provisions 27 in accordance with paragraph (a) of subdivision two of such section 28 [five hundred ninety of such law], which in any such case is approved as 29 a mortgage lender by the Federal National Mortgage Association or by the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, or domestic not-for-profit 30 31 corporations that are certified by the United States department of treasury as community development financial institutions or licensed by the 32 New York state department of financial services. 33 34 (5) "Mortgage". A loan owed to a bank secured by a first lien on a fee 35 simple or leasehold estate in real property located in the state and 36 improved by a residential structure or on which a residential structure shall be constructed using the proceeds of such loan, whether or not 37 38 insured or guaranteed by the United States of America or any agency 39 thereof. The term "mortgage" shall also include a loan owed to a bank 40 secured by a second lien on a fee simple or leasehold estate in real 41 property located in the state and improved by a residential structure or 42 on which a residential structure shall be constructed using the proceeds 43 of the related loan described in paragraph (a) or (b) of this subdivi-44 sion, whether or not insured or guaranteed by the United States of Amer-45 ica or any agency thereof, provided, however, that such second lien: (a) secures a loan purchased by the agency, and (b) is made at the same time 46 47 as a first lien securing a loan purchased by the agency pursuant to its 48 programs or by a government sponsored enterprise or is made at the same 49 time as a new housing loan purchased by the agency pursuant to section 50 twenty-four hundred five-c of this part. The term "mortgage" shall also include loans made by the agency and secured by a second lien on a fee 51 simple or leasehold estate in real property located in the state and 52 improved by a residential structure or on which a residential structure 53 shall be constructed using the proceeds of such loan, whether or not 54



1 insured or guaranteed by the United States of America or any agency 2 thereof, provided however, that the loan made by the agency and secured by such second lien is made at the same time as a first lien securing a 3 mortgage loan purchased by the agency pursuant to its programs or by a 4 5 government sponsored enterprise. In the case of any second lien purchased or made hereunder, the mortgagor shall be obligated to 6 contribute from his or her own verifiable funds an amount not less than 7 8 such percentage as the agency shall determine, of the lower of the purchase price or appraised value of the property subject to the first 9 "Real property" as used in this subdivision shall include air 10 lien. 11 rights.

12 For the purposes of this title and of [section one hundred ninety and 13 subsection (a) of section one thousand four hundred fifty-six] subdivi-14 sion ten of section two hundred ten-B of the tax law, "mortgage" shall 15 include housing loans as defined below. Except for the purposes of 16 subdivision seven of section [two thousand four] twenty-four hundred 17 five and subdivision eight of section two thousand four hundred five-b 18 of this part, "mortgage" shall also include a loan owed to a bank by an 19 individual borrower incurred for the purpose of financing the purchase of certificates of stock or other evidence of ownership of an interest 20 21 and a proprietary lease from, a cooperative housing corporation in, formed for the purpose of the cooperative ownership of residential real 22 23 estate in the state, secured by an assignment or transfer of the bene-24 fits of such cooperative ownership, and containing such terms and condi-25 tions as the agency may approve.

(12) "Forward commitment mortgage". A mortgage, which includes new construction loans, for which a commitment to advance funds is made not earlier than the date the agency issues an invitation to purchase mortgages or such later date as specified in the invitation. A mortgage made in satisfaction of the obligation of a bank under section twenty-four hundred five of this [title] part is not a forward commitment mortgage.

32 § 3. Subdivisions 7 and 14 of section 2404 of the public authorities 33 law, subdivision 7 as amended by chapter 782 of the laws of 1992, and 34 subdivision 14 as added by chapter 612 of the laws of 1970, are amended 35 to read as follows:

36 (7) To (a) acquire, and contract to acquire, existing mortgages owned 37 by banks and to enter into advance commitments to banks for the purchase 38 of said mortgages, all subject to the provisions of section [two thou-39 sand four] twenty-four hundred five of this [title] part, (b) acquire, 40 and contract to acquire, forward commitment mortgages made by banks and 41 to enter into advance commitments to banks for the purchase of said 42 mortgages, all subject to the provisions of section [two thousand four] 43 twenty-four hundred five-b of this [title] part, (c) acquire, and 44 contract to acquire, new housing loans made by banks and to enter into 45 advance commitments to banks for the purchase of said housing loans, all 46 subject to the provisions of section [two thousand four] twenty-four 47 hundred five-c of this [title] part, [and] (d) to acquire and contract to acquire mortgages pursuant to section twenty-four hundred five-d of 48 this title, and (e) acquire, and contract to acquire, new construction 49 50 mortgage loans owned by banks and to enter into advance commitments to 51 banks for the purchase of such mortgages, all subject to the provisions 52 of section twenty-four hundred five-b of this part;

(14) To renegotiate, refinance or foreclose, or contract for the foreclosure of, any mortgage in default; to waive any default or consent to the modification of the terms of any mortgage; to commence any action to protect or enforce any right conferred upon it by any law, mortgage,



1 contract or other agreement, and to bid for and purchase such property 2 at any foreclosure or at any other sale, or acquire or take possession 3 of any such property; to operate, manage, lease, dispose of, and otherwise deal with such property, in such manner as [may be necessary to 4 protect the interests of the agency and the holders of its bonds and 5 6 notes] would further the purposes of the agency, subject to any agree-7 ment with its bondholders or noteholders; 8 § 4. Subdivisions 3 and 5 and paragraphs (a), (f), and (h) of subdivision 8 of section 2405-b of the public authorities law, subdivisions 9 3 and 5 and paragraphs (a) and (h) of subdivision 8 as added by chapter 10 915 of the laws of 1982, paragraph (h) of subdivision 8 as further 11 12 amended by section 104 of part A of chapter 62 of the laws of 2011 and 13 paragraph (f) of subdivision 8 as amended by chapter 432 of the laws of 14 2009, are amended to read as follows: 15 (3) In conducting its program of purchasing forward commitment mort-16 gages, the agency shall be governed by the provisions of paragraph (b) 17 of subdivision three of section twenty-four hundred five of this [title] part; however, with respect to new construction loans, the agency shall 18 19 be governed by the provisions of only subparagraph (iii) of paragraph (b) of subdivision three of section twenty-four hundred five of this 20 21 part. 22 (5) Notwithstanding the maximum interest rate, if any, fixed by 23 section 5-501 of the general obligations law or any other law not 24 specifically amending or applicable to this section, the agency may set 25 the interest rate to be borne by forward commitment mortgages purchased by the agency from banks at a rate or rates which the agency from time 26 27 to time shall determine [to], provided however, that if such mortgages 28 are financed through the issuance of the agency's bonds or notes, the 29 interest rate shall be at least sufficient, together with any other available monies, to provide for the payment of its bonds and notes, and 30 forward commitment mortgages bearing such interest rate shall not be 31 deemed to violate any such law or to be unenforceable if originated by a 32 33 bank in good faith pursuant to an undertaking with the agency with respect to the sale thereof notwithstanding any subsequent failure of 34 35 the agency to purchase the mortgage or any subsequent sale or disposi-36 tion of the mortgage by the agency to such bank or any other person. 37 (a) other than with respect to new construction loans, the mortgage 38 was not made in satisfaction of an obligation of the bank under section 39 twenty-four hundred five of this [title] part; 40 (f) the mortgage constitutes a valid first lien, or second lien with 41 respect to mortgages other than new construction loans, on the real 42 property described to the agency in accordance with subdivision five of 43 section twenty-four hundred two of this part subject only to real prop-44 erty taxes not yet due, installments of assessments not yet due, and 45 easements and restrictions of record which do not adversely affect, to a 46 material degree, the use or value of the real property or improvements 47 thereon; (h) the improvements to, or new construction of, the mortgaged real 48 49 property are covered by a valid and subsisting policy of insurance 50 issued by a company authorized by the superintendent of financial 51 services to issue such policies in the state of New York and providing 52 fire and extended coverage to an amount not less than eighty percent of the insurable value of the improvements to, or new construction of, the 53 54 mortgaged real property.

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55 § 5. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however, that:



1 a. the amendments to subdivisions 2, 5 and 12 of section 2402 of the 2 public authorities law made by section two of this act shall not affect the expiration of such subdivisions and shall be deemed to expire there-3 4 with; the amendments to subdivision 7 of section 2404 of the public 5 b. authorities law made by section three of this act shall not affect the 6 expiration of such subdivision and shall be deemed to expire therewith; 7 8 and c. the amendments to section 2405-b of the public authorities law made 9 by section four of this act shall not affect the repeal of such section 10 11 and shall be deemed repealed therewith. 12 PART Y 13 Section 1. Prohibited fees or charges. Notwithstanding any other 14 provision of law, no landlord, lessor, sub-lessor or grantor of a resi-15 dential dwelling shall demand or be entitled to any payment, fee or charge for late payment of rent from the period of March 20, 2020 until 16 17 May 1, 2021. Security deposits. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, 18 2. S 19 landlords and tenants or licensees of residential properties may, upon 20 the consent of the tenant or licensee, enter into a written agreement by which the security deposit and any interest which accrued or should have 21 22 accrued thereof, shall be used to pay rent that is in arrears or will 23 become due. 24 a. If the amount of the deposit represents less than a full month rent 25 payment, then such agreement shall not constitute a waiver of the 26 remaining rent due and owing for that month. 27 b. Execution in counterpart by email will constitute sufficient 28 execution for consent. 29 c. Landlords shall provide such relief to tenants or licensees who so request it on or before May 1, 2021, provided that such tenants or 30 licensees complete a "Hardship Declaration" as defined by Part A of 31 chapter 381 of the laws of 2020 also known as the "COVID-19 Emergency 32 Eviction and Foreclosure Prevention Act of 2020." Landlords shall 33 provide the hardship declaration, in English and the tenant's primary 34 35 language if such translation is made available by the Office of Court 36 Administration, to tenants and licensees who request relief pursuant to 37 this act. 38 d. Utilization of such security deposit shall be at the tenant or 39 licensee's sole option and landlords shall not harass, threaten or 40 engage in any harmful act to compel such agreement. 41 e. Any security deposit used as a payment of rent shall be replenished 42 by the tenant or licensee, to be paid at the rate of 1/12 the amount used as rent per month. The payments to replenish the security deposit 43 44 shall commence no earlier than June 1, 2021, but which may be extended 45 upon agreement by the parties. No landlord shall require interest 46 payments to be made as part of or in addition to the repayment schedule 47 as set forth in this paragraph. f. The tenant or licensee may, at their sole option, retain insurance 48 that provides relief for the landlord in lieu of the monthly security 49 50 deposit replenishment. The landlord, must, if offered, accept such 51 insurance as replenishment. 52 § 3. This act shall take effect immediately, and shall be deemed to 53 have been in full force and effect on and after May 7, 2020.



PART Z

Section 1. This part enacts into law major components of legislation 2 which are related to making child care more affordable for low-income 3 families and easing administrative burdens for the child care workforce. 4 Each component is wholly contained within a Subpart identified as 5 Subparts A and B. The effective date for each particular provision 6 contained within such Subpart is set forth in the last section of such 7 Subpart. Any provision in any section contained within a Subpart, 8 including the effective date of the Subpart, which makes reference to a 9 section of "this act", when used in connection with that particular 10 11 component, shall be deemed to mean and refer to the corresponding 12 section of the Subpart in which it is found. Section two contains a 13 severability clause for all provisions contained in each subpart of this 14 Part. Section three of this act sets forth the general effective date of 15 this Part.

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SUBPART A

17 Section 1. Subdivision 8 of section 410-w of the social services law, 18 as added by chapter 144 of the laws of 2015, is amended to read as 19 follows:

8. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, rule or regulations to 20 21 the contrary, a social services district that implements a plan amendment to the child care portion of its child and family services plan, 22 either as part of an annual plan update, or through a separate plan 23 24 amendment process, where such amendment reduces eligibility for, or 25 increases the family share percentage of, families receiving child care 26 services, or that implements the process for closing child care cases as 27 set forth in the district's approved child and family services plan, due 28 to the district determining that it cannot maintain its current caseload because all of the available funds are projected to be needed for open 29 cases, shall provide all families whose eligibility for child care 30 31 assistance or family share percentage will be impacted by such action 32 with at least thirty days prior written notice of the action. Provided, 33 however, that a family receiving assistance pursuant to this title shall 34 not be required to contribute more than twenty percent of their income 35 exceeding the state income standard.

36 § 2. Subdivision 6 of section 410-x of the social services law, as 37 added by section 52 of part B of chapter 436 of the laws of 1997, is 38 amended to read as follows:

6. Pursuant to department regulations, child care assistance shall be provided on a sliding fee basis based upon the family's ability to pay; provided, however, that a family receiving assistance pursuant to this title shall not be required to contribute more than twenty percent of their income exceeding the state income standard.

44 § 3. This act shall take effect immediately.

SUBPART B

46 Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 2 of section 390-a of the 47 social services law, as amended by chapter 416 of the laws of 2000, is 48 amended to read as follows:

(a) review and evaluate the backgrounds of and information supplied by 50 any person applying to be a child day care center or school-age child 51 care program employee or volunteer or group family day care assistant, a



1 provider of family day care or group family day care, or a director of a 2 child day care center, head start day care center or school-age child care program. Such procedures shall include but not be limited to the 3 following requirements: that the applicant set forth his or her employ-4 5 ment history[, provide personal and employment references]; submit such information as is required for screening with the statewide central 6 7 register of child abuse and maltreatment in accordance with the 8 provisions of section four hundred twenty-four-a of this article; [sign a sworn statement indicating whether, to the best of his or her know-9 ledge, he or she has ever been convicted of a crime in this state or any 10 11 other jurisdiction;] and provide his or her fingerprints for submission 12 to the division of criminal justice services in accordance with the 13 provisions of section three hundred ninety-b of this title; 14 § 2. The opening paragraph of paragraph (b) of subdivision 2 of 15 section 390-b of the social services law, as added by section 9 of part 16 H of chapter 56 of the laws of 2019, is amended to read as follows: 17 notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, [prior to 18 October first, two thousand twenty,] all clearances listed in subdivi-19 sion one of this section that have not previously been conducted pursu-20 ant to paragraph (a) of this subdivision and for which on-going criminal 21 history results are not already provided, shall be conducted in accord-22 ance with a schedule developed by the office of children and family 23 services, for all: 24 § 3. Subparagraphs (i) and (iv) of paragraph (d) of subdivision 3-a of 25 section 390-b of the social services law, as added by section 9 of part H of chapter 56 of the laws of 2019, are amended to read as follows: 26 27 (i) Where a clearance conducted pursuant to this section reveals that 28 an applicant to be the operator or director of a child day care program, 29 or applicant to be a caregiver, or anyone who is not related in any way 30 to all children for whom child care services will be provided, resides in the home over the age of eighteen where child day care is proposed to 31 32 be provided to children in a home-based setting has been charged with a 33 crime, the office of children and family services shall hold the application in abeyance until the charge is finally resolved; provided, 34 however, that the office of children and family services may approve the 35 36 application prior to resolution of the charge if a conviction on the 37 charge would not result in the individual, program, or provider being 38 deemed ineligible pursuant to subdivision three of this section. 39 (iv) Where a clearance conducted pursuant to this section reveals that 40 an applicant to be an employee or volunteer with the potential for unsu-41 pervised contact with children of a child day care program or enrolled 42 legally-exempt provider has been charged with a crime, the office shall 43 hold the application in abeyance until the charge is finally resolved; 44 provided, however, that the office of children and family services may 45 approve the application prior to resolution of the charge if a 46 conviction on the charge would not result in the employee or volunteer 47 being deemed ineligible pursuant to subdivision three of this section. 48 § 4. Subparagraphs (ii) and (iii) of paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 49 of section 424-a of the social services law, as amended by section 14 of part H of chapter 56 of the laws of 2019, are amended to read as 50 follows: 51

52 (ii) A licensing agency shall inquire of the office whether an appli-53 cant for a certificate, license or permit to operate a child care 54 program including a family day care home, group family day care home, 55 child care center, school age child care program, or enrolled legally 56 exempt provider or an employee, volunteer or applicant to be an employee



1 or volunteer in such program who has potential for regular and substan-2 tial contact with children in the program, is the confirmed subject of 3 an indicated child abuse report maintained by the statewide central register of child abuse and maltreatment; provided, however, that a 4 5 licensing agency may, but is not required to, submit an inquiry pursuant 6 to this subparagraph if such individual has been the subject of an 7 inquiry pursuant to this subparagraph within the last five years and has 8 maintained a role in one or more child care programs during such fiveyear period without a break in time where such individual ceased to play 9 a role in any child care program of not more than one hundred eighty 10 11 consecutive days. The office shall promulgate regulations related to the process by which providers and applicants will be informed whether the 12 13 applicant is authorized or unauthorized to care for children based on 14 the outcome of such inquiry.

15 (iii) A licensing agency shall inquire of the office whether any 16 person age eighteen or older who is not related in any way to all chil-17 dren for whom care is provided that resides on the premises of where 18 child care is provided in a setting that is not the child's own home by 19 an enrolled legally-exempt provider as such term is defined in subdivi-20 sion one-a of section three hundred ninety-b of this [chapter] <u>article</u> 21 is the confirmed subject of an indicated child abuse report maintained 22 by the statewide central register of child abuse and maltreatment; 23 provided, however, that a licensing agency may, but is not required to 24 submit an inquiry pursuant to this subparagraph if such individual has 25 been the subject of an inquiry pursuant to this subparagraph within the 26 last five years and has maintained a role in one or more child care 27 programs during such five-year period without a break in time where such 28 individual ceased to play a role in any child care program of not more 29 than one hundred eighty consecutive days. The office shall promulgate regulations related to the process by which providers and applicants 30 will be informed whether the applicant is authorized or unauthorized to 31 care for children based on the outcome of such inquiry. 32

33 § 5. This act shall take effect on the ninetieth day after it shall 34 have become a law. Effective immediately, the office of children and 35 family services is hereby authorized to promulgate such rules and regu-36 lations as may be necessary to implement the provisions of this act on 37 or before such effective date.

38 § 2. Severability. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, 39 section or part contained in any subpart of this act shall be adjudged 40 by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment 41 shall not affect, impair, or invalidate the remainder thereof, but shall 42 by confined in its operation to the clause, sentence, paragraph, subdi-43 vision, section or part contained in any subpart thereof directly 44 involved in the controversy in which such judgment shall have been 45 rendered. It is hereby declared to be the intent of the legislature that 46 this act would have been enacted even if such invalid provisions had not 47 been included herein.

48 § 3. This act shall take effect immediately, provided, however, that 49 the applicable effective date of Subparts A and B of this act shall be 50 as specifically set forth in the last section of such Subparts.

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PART AA

52 Section 1. Legislative findings and intent. The legislature finds that 53 the transition to the green economy and creating good paying jobs are 54 not mutually exclusive priorities for New York State. In order to make



1 this transition and achieve the ambitious goals set forth in the Climate 2 Leadership and Community Protection Act, a clear focus on prioritizing 3 renewable energy sources is necessary. However, the workers who will build the infrastructure of the green economy must not be left behind. 4 5 Setting clear standards for job quality will ensure the creation of good jobs, protect workers in the ongoing transition of our energy sector, 6 7 and result in positive economic impacts. Due to such findings, the 8 legislature hereby declares that the mandate of prevailing wage or project labor agreements for construction work and engineering and 9 consulting services performed in connection with the installation of 10 11 renewable energy systems provided in this bill will ensure that workers 12 are central to New York State's transition to the green economy.

13 § 2. 1. (a) For purposes of this act, a "covered renewable energy 14 project" means construction work and engineering and consulting services 15 performed under contract which is paid for in whole or in part out of 16 public funds as such term is defined in this section where the amount of 17 all such public funds, when aggregated, is at least thirty percent of 18 the total construction project costs, in connection with either:

(i) the installation of a renewable energy system, as such term is defined in section 66-p of the public service law, with a capacity over twenty-five megawatts alternating current and with a total project cost of over ten million dollars; or

(ii) the installation of a solar energy system with a capacity over five megawatts alternating current and with a total project cost of over five million dollars.

26 (b) For purposes of this act, a covered renewable energy project shall 27 exclude construction work performed under a pre-hire collective bargain-28 ing agreement between an owner or contractor and a bona fide building 29 and construction trade labor organization which has established itself as the collective bargaining representative for all persons who will 30 perform work on such a project, and which provides that only contractors 31 and subcontractors who sign a pre-negotiated agreement with the labor 32 33 organization can perform work on such a project, or construction work performed under a labor peace agreement, project labor agreement, or any 34 other construction work performed under an enforceable agreement between 35 36 an owner or contractor and a bona fide building and construction trade 37 labor organization.

38 (c) For purposes of this act, "paid for in whole or in part out of 39 public funds" shall mean (i) the payment of money, by a public entity, 40 or a third party acting on behalf of and for the benefit of a public 41 entity, directly to or on behalf of the contractor, subcontractor, 42 developer or owner that is not subject to repayment, including, without 43 limitation, grants, incentives, the procurement of renewable energy 44 credits, or loans to be repaid only on a contingent basis; or (ii) 45 savings achieved from fees, rents, interest rates, or other loan costs, 46 or insurance costs that are lower than market rate costs by virtue of 47 the involvement of a public entity.

2. Notwithstanding part FFF of chapter 58 of the laws of 2020 that 48 49 established prevailing wage for construction work done under contract which is paid for in whole or in part out of public funds, a covered 50 renewable energy project shall be subject to prevailing wage require-51 52 ments in accordance with sections 220 and 220-b of the labor law. Nothing herein shall be construed to require the payment of prevailing wage 53 or require a project labor agreement for a renewable energy project 54 55 which is paid for with solely private funds, by private entities.



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1 3. For purposes of this act, the "fiscal officer" shall be deemed to 2 be the commissioner of labor. 4. The enforcement of any covered renewable energy project pursuant to 3 this act shall be subject only to the requirement of sections 220, 4 220-b, and 224-b of the labor law and within the jurisdiction of the 5 fiscal officer; provided, however, nothing contained in this act shall 6 be deemed to construe any covered renewable energy project as otherwise 7 8 being considered public work pursuant to article 8 of the labor law. The fiscal officer may issue rules and regulations governing the 9 5. provisions of this act. Violations of this act shall be grounds for 10 11 determinations and orders pursuant to section 220-b of the labor law. 12 § 3. Severability clause. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivi-13 sion, or section of this act shall be adjudged by any court of competent 14 jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment shall not affect, impair, or 15 invalidate the remainder thereof, but shall be confined in its operation 16 to the clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, or section thereof 17 directly involved in the controversy in which such judgment shall have been rendered. It is hereby declared to be the intent of the legislature 18 19 that this act would have been enacted even if such invalid provisions had not been included herein. 20 21 § 4. This act shall take effect on January 1, 2022 and shall apply to 22 covered renewable energy projects that begin on or after that date. 23 PART BB 24 Section 1. The state finance law is amended by adding a new section 25 99-ii to read as follows: 26 § 99-ii. Emergency rental assistance local government allocation fund. 27 There is hereby established in the joint custody of the state comp-1. 28 troller and the commissioner of taxation and finance a trust and agency fund known as the "emergency rental assistance local government allo-29 30 cation fund". 31 2. Such fund shall consist of monies received in trust from units of local government from the allocations that such units of local govern-32 ment received from the United States treasury for emergency rental 33 34 assistance funding enacted in public law 116-260 and any amendments 35 thereto. 36 3. The monies of the fund shall be paid, without appropriation, to 37 provide rental assistance for residents of the respective local govern-38 ment unit from which the monies were received in accordance with public 39 law 116-260 and any amendments thereto and pursuant to a plan approved 40 by the director of the budget. 41 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately and shall be deemed to 42 have been in full force and effect on and after April 1, 2021. 43 PART CC 44 Section 1. Subdivisions 3 and 4 of section 581-a of the labor law, as 45 amended by chapter 21 of the laws of 2021, are amended to read as 46 follows: 47 3. Notwithstanding the provisions of section five hundred eighty-one 48 of this title to the contrary, and for the purpose of responding to the COVID-19 pandemic, any employer whose employees receive payments under 49 50 this article [and whose claims for unemployment insurance arise due to the closure of the employer or a reduction in the workforce of the 51 employer for reasons related to the COVID-19 pandemic, or due to a 52



1 mandatory order of a government entity duly authorized to issue such order to close such employer due to the COVID-19 pandemic,] for unem-2 ployment claims made on or after March [twelfth] ninth, two thousand 3 twenty and through the duration of the state disaster emergency declared 4 by executive order number two hundred two of two thousand twenty and any 5 further amendments or modifications thereto, shall not have included in 6 their experience rating charges the amounts so paid to the employees 7 8 from the fund. Such charges, if not reimbursed, in whole or in part by the federal government, shall be made to the general account for the 9 fund created by section five hundred fifty of this article. 10

11 4. The provisions of this section shall apply to an employer liable 12 for contributions or payments in lieu of contributions, but if the 13 secretary of labor of the United States finds that their application to 14 such employer does not meet the requirements of the Federal Unemployment 15 Tax Act, such provisions shall be inoperative with respect to such 16 employer, unless and until such finding has been set aside pursuant to a 17 in accordance with such judicial review final decision issued 18 proceedings as may be instituted and completed under the provisions of 19 section thirty-three hundred ten of the Federal Unemployment Tax Act.

20 § 2. Section 2 of chapter 21 of the laws of 2021, amending the labor 21 law relating to prohibiting the inclusion of claims for unemployment 22 insurance arising from the closure of an employer due to COVID-19 from 23 being included in such employer's experience rating charges, is amended 24 to read as follows:

25 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately [and shall expire December 26 31, 2021, when upon such date the provisions of this act shall be deemed 27 repealed].

28 § 3. This act shall take effect immediately.

29 § 2. Severability clause. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section or part of this act shall be adjudged by any court of 30 competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment shall not affect, 31 impair, or invalidate the remainder thereof, but shall be confined in 32 33 its operation to the clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section or part thereof directly involved in the controversy in which such judg-34 ment shall have been rendered. It is hereby declared to be the intent of 35 the legislature that this act would have been enacted even if such 36 37 invalid provisions had not been included herein.

38 § 3. This act shall take effect immediately provided, however, that 39 the applicable effective date of Parts A through CC of this act shall be 40 as specifically set forth in the last section of such Parts.

